

FIG. 1A

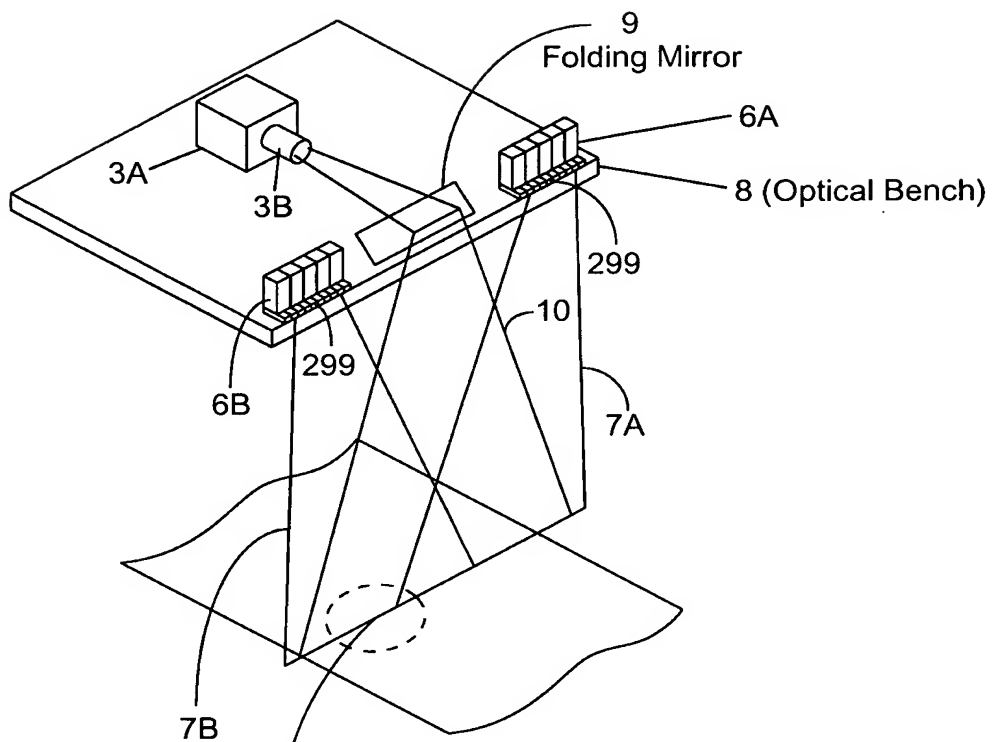
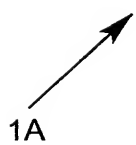


FIG. 1B1



Magnified Field of View of CCD
sensor element on object

Width of projected Planar
Laser Illumination Beam
on object

FIG. 1B3

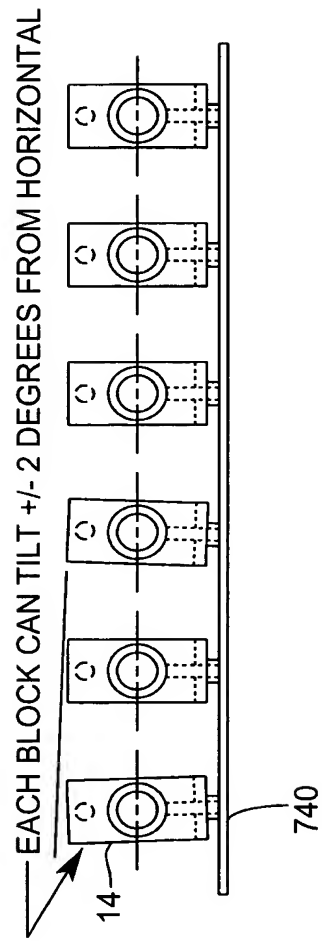


FIG. 1B4

VLD BLOCK CAN PITCH FORWARD FOR ALIGNMENT WITH OTHER VLD BEAMS

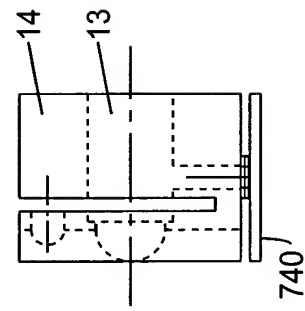


FIG. 1B5

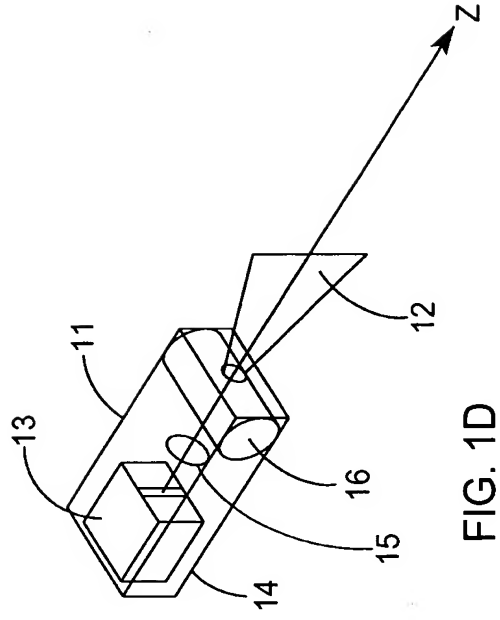
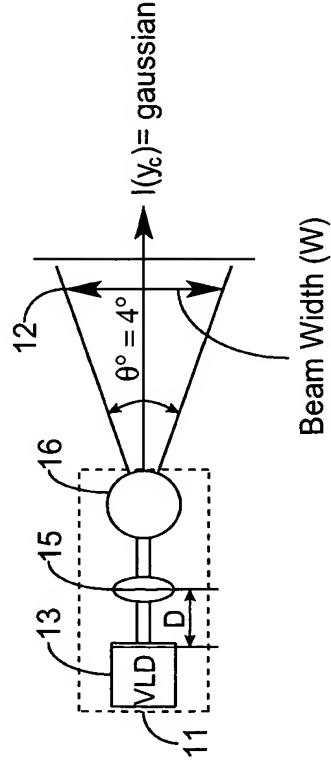
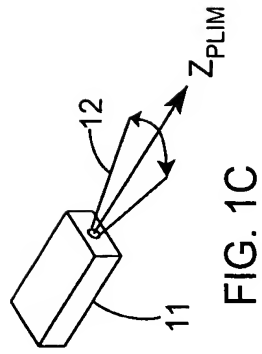


FIG. 1E1

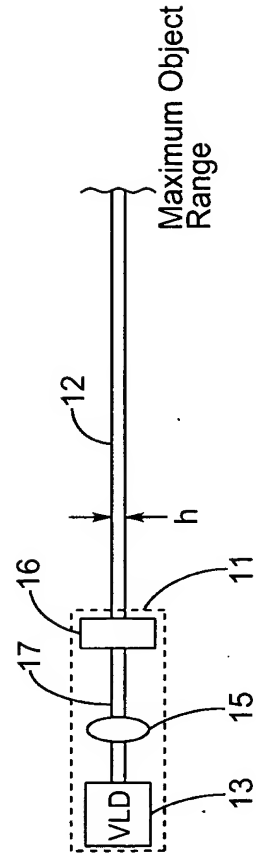


FIG. 1E2

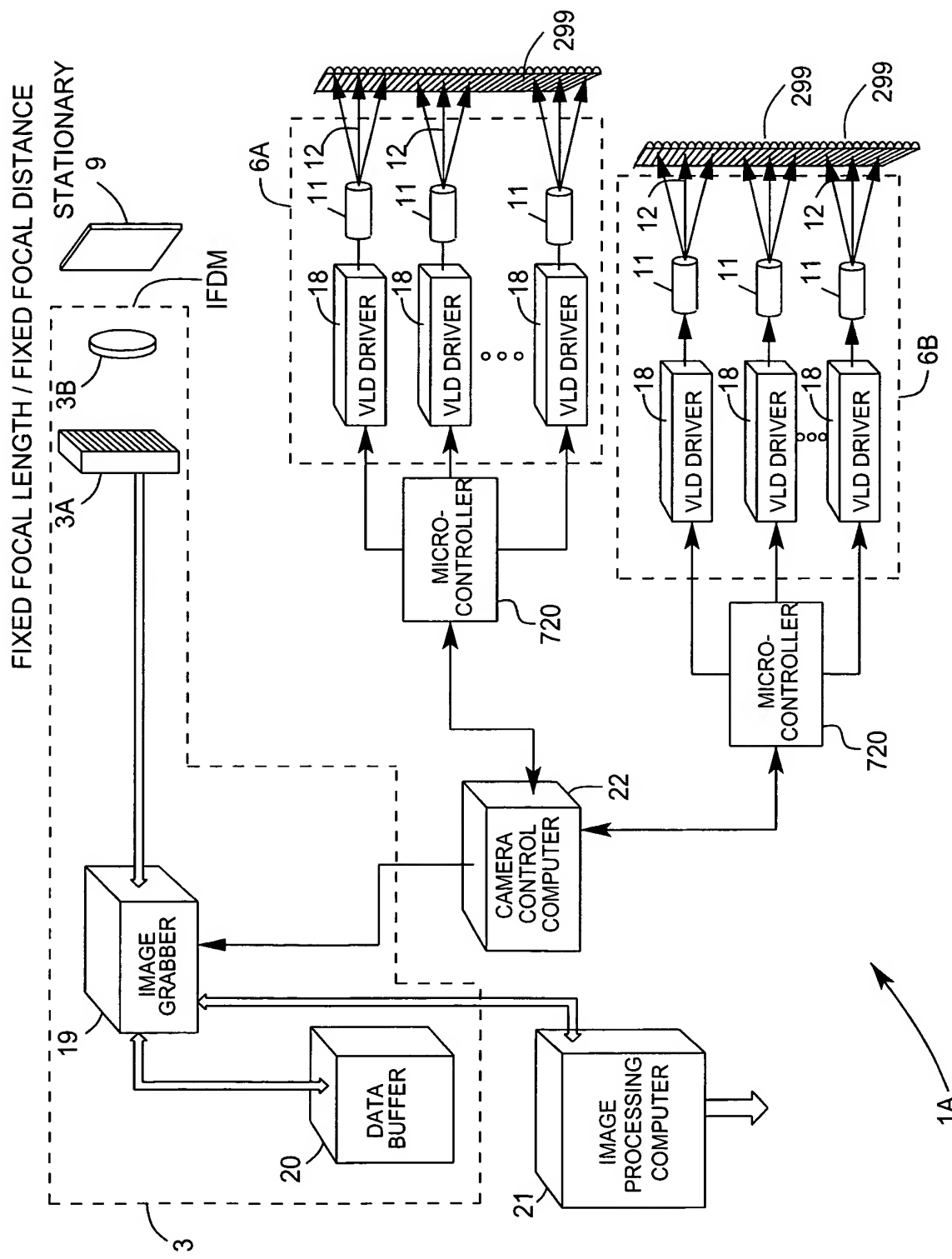


FIG. 1F

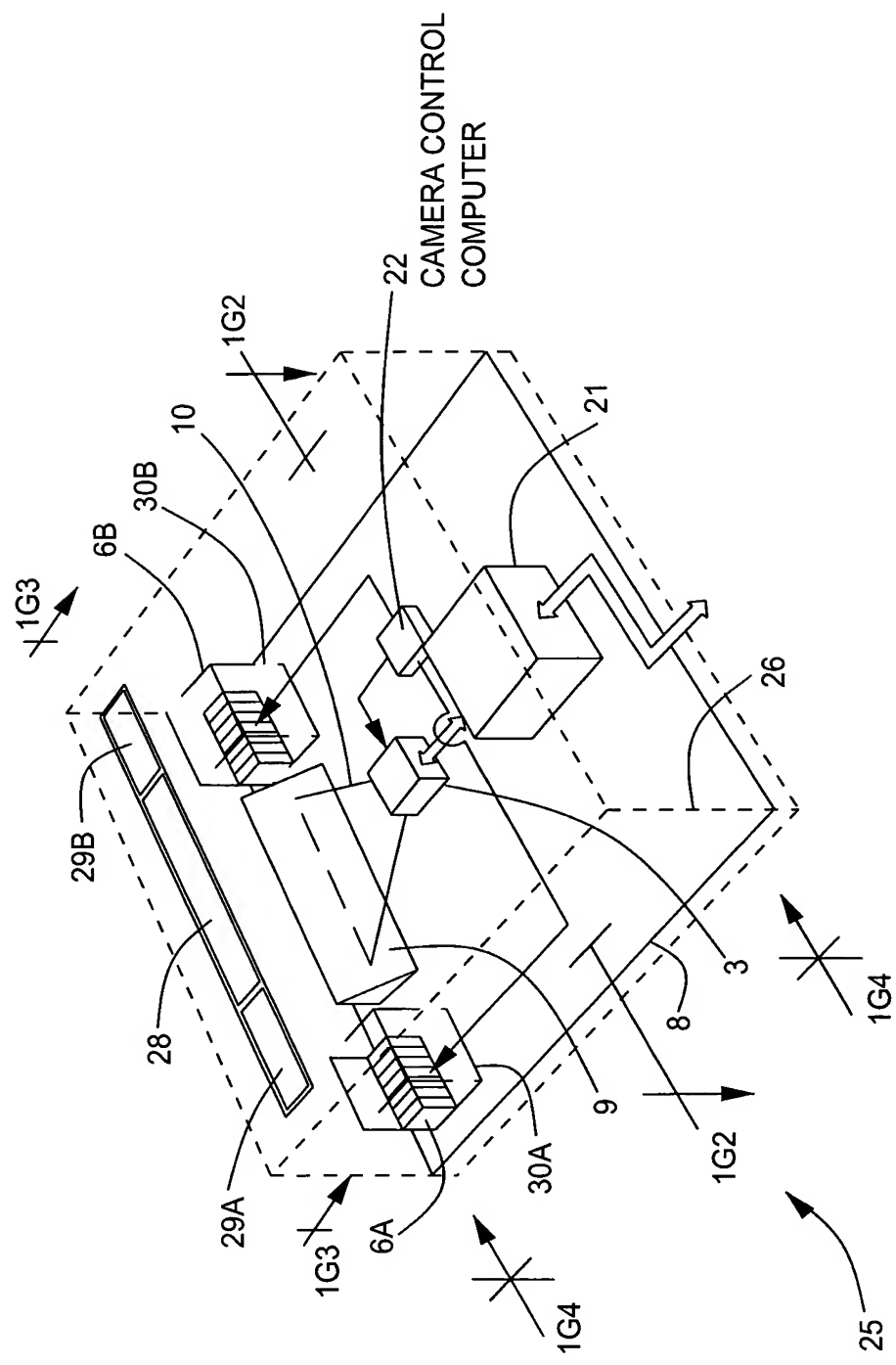


FIG. 1G1

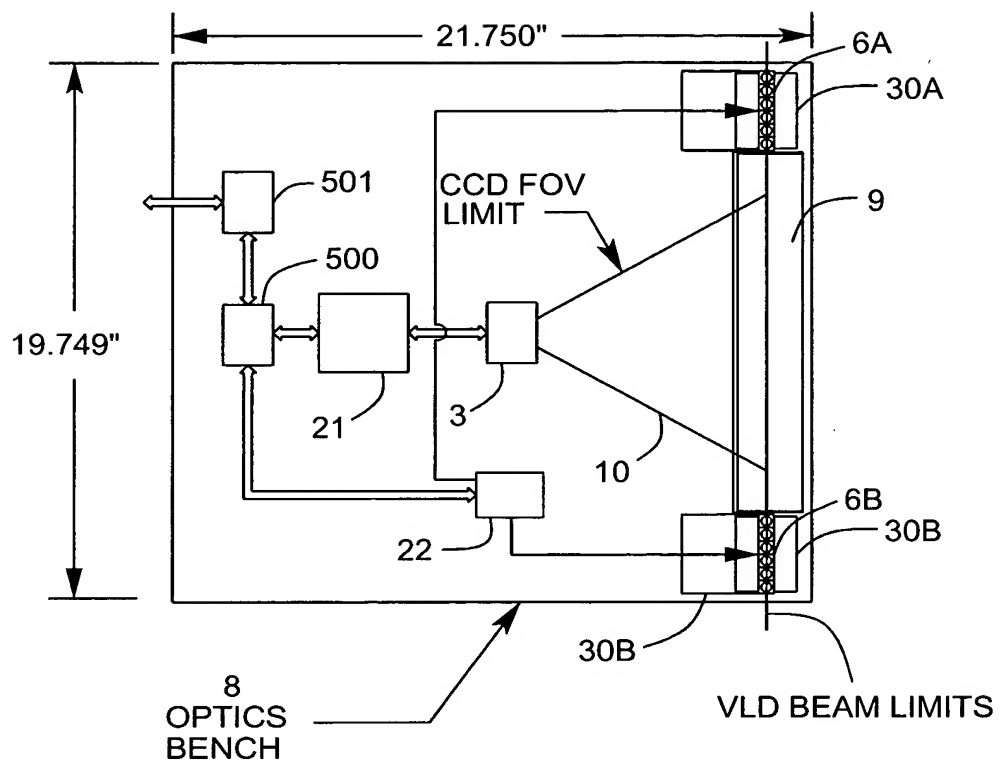


FIG. 1G2

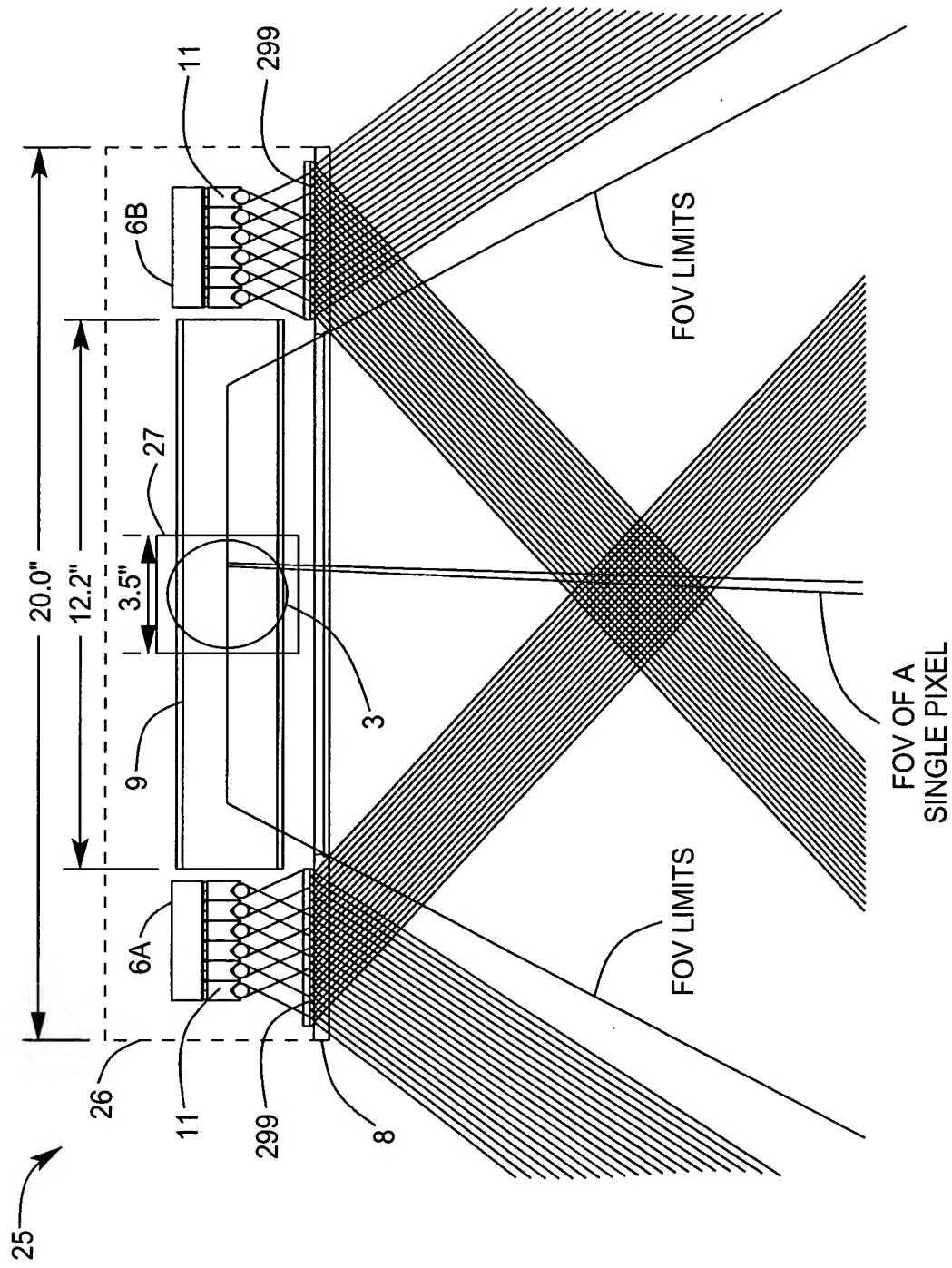


FIG. 1G3

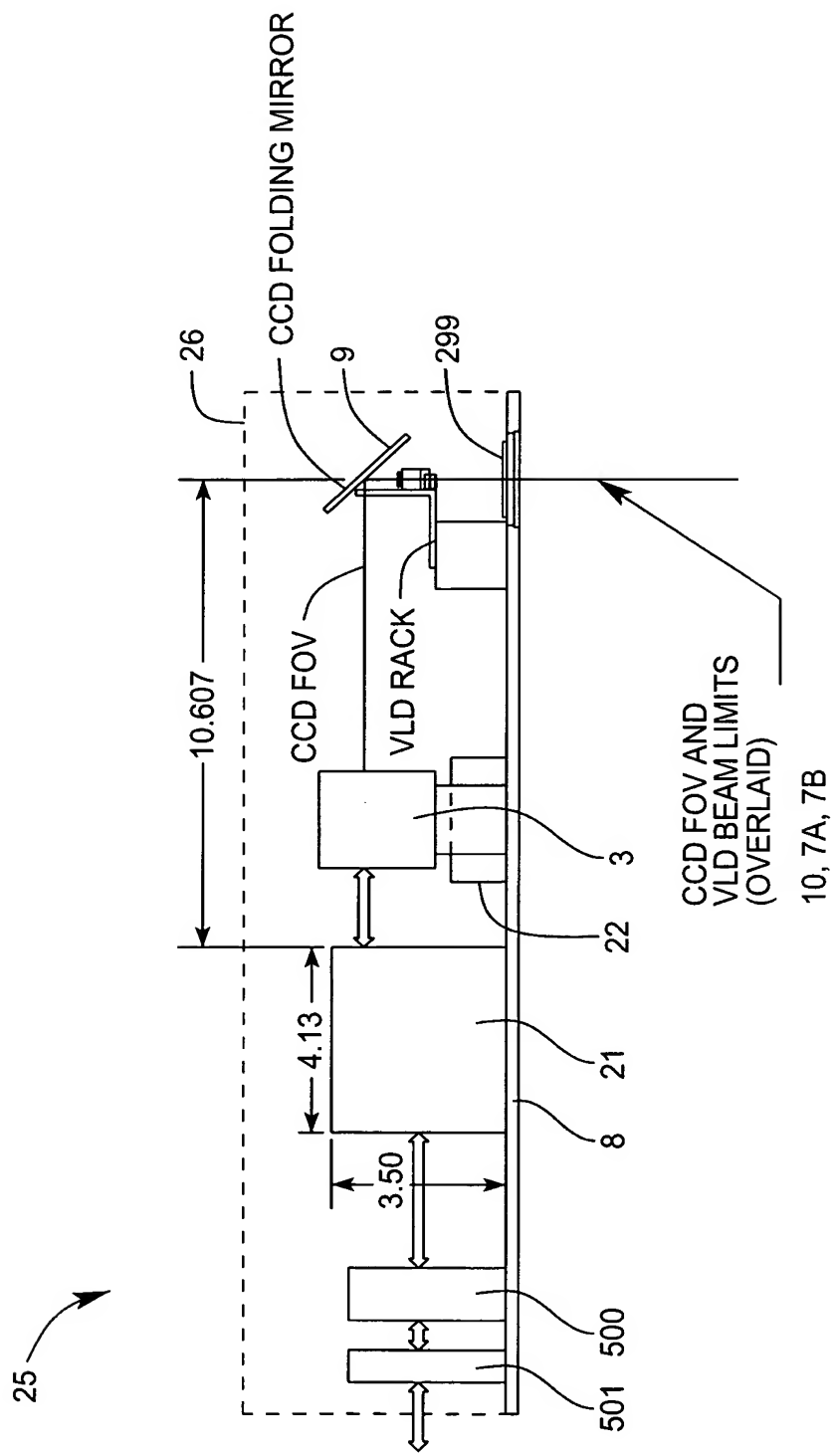


FIG. 1G4

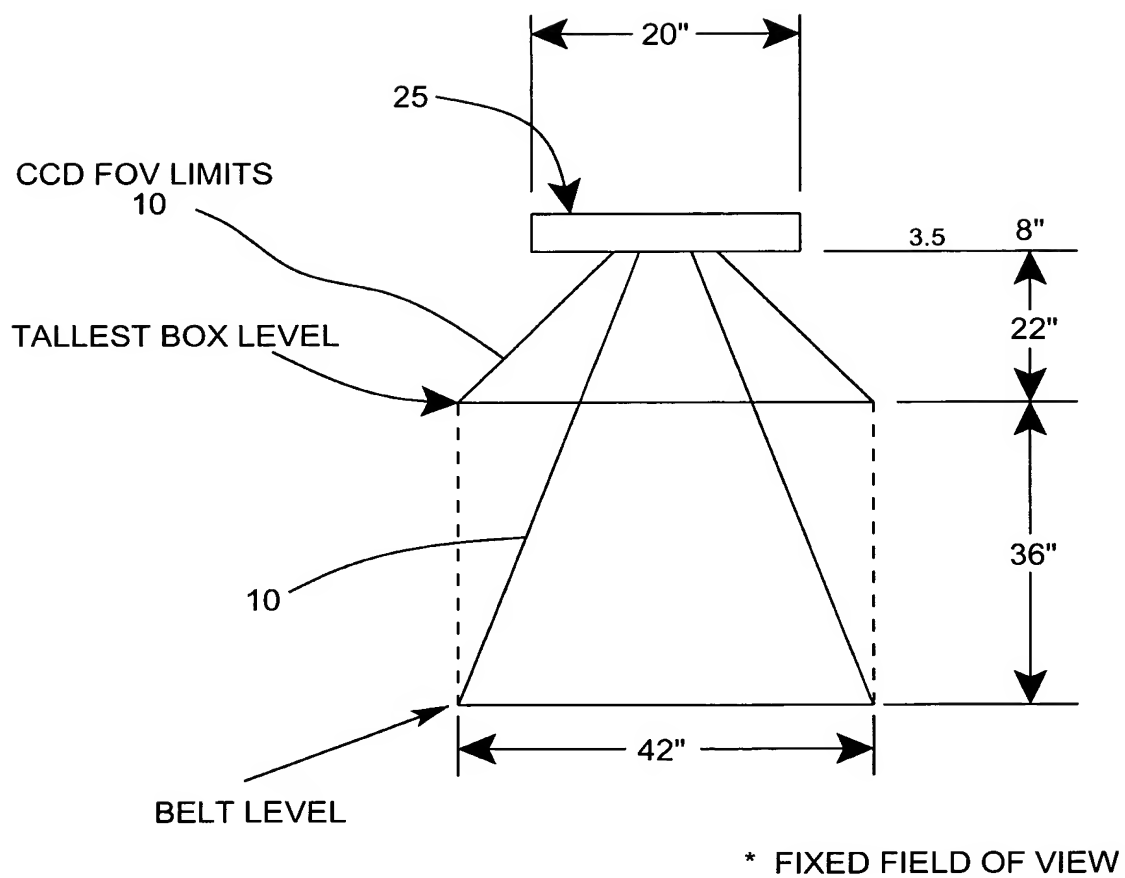


FIG. 1G5

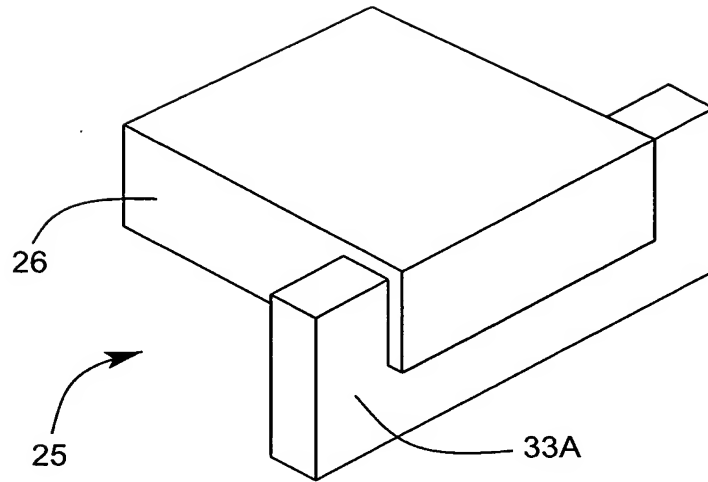


FIG. 1G6

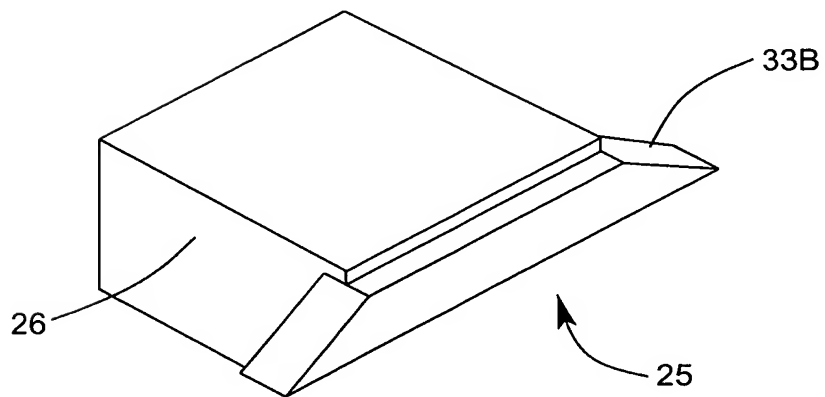
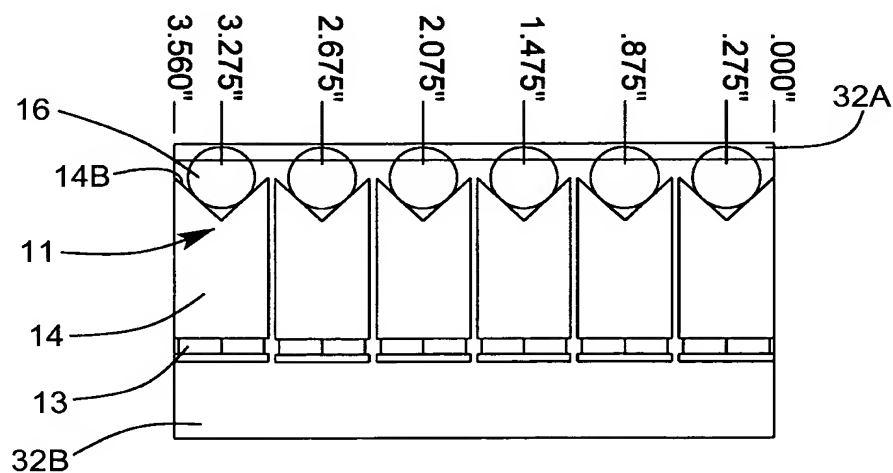
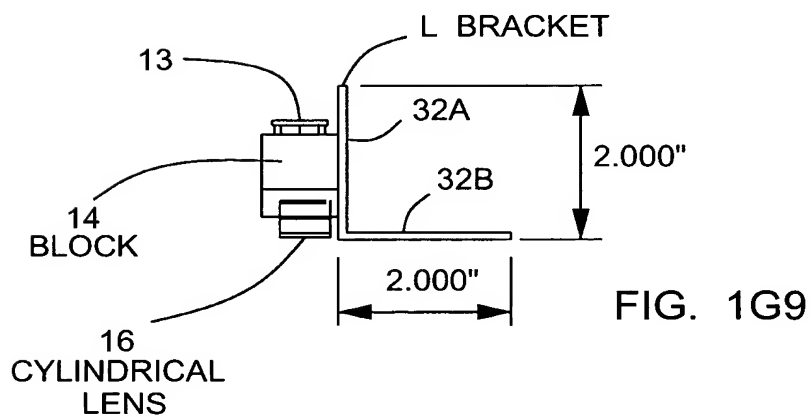
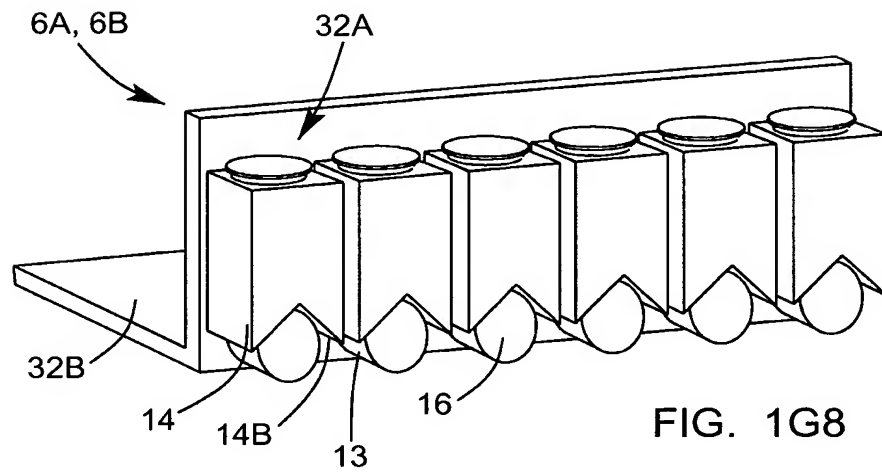


FIG. 1G7



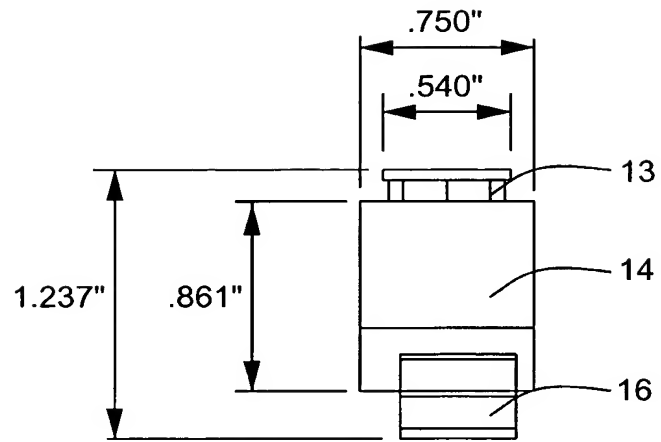


FIG. 1G11

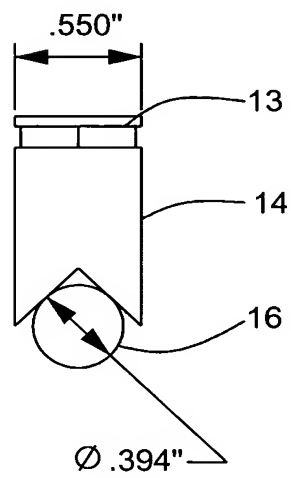


FIG. 1G12

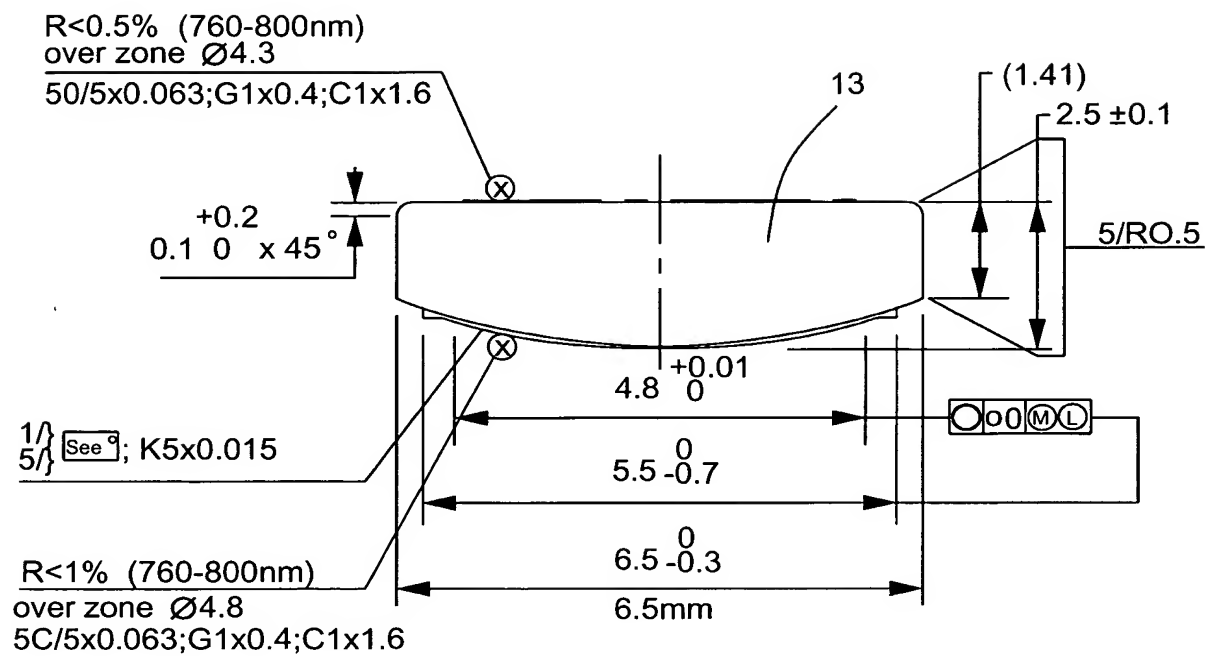


FIG. 1G13

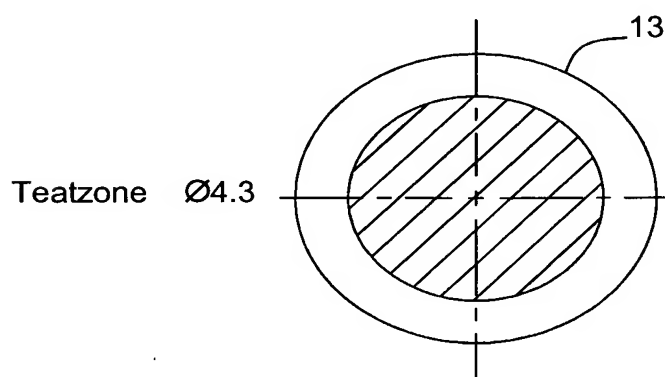


FIG. 1G14

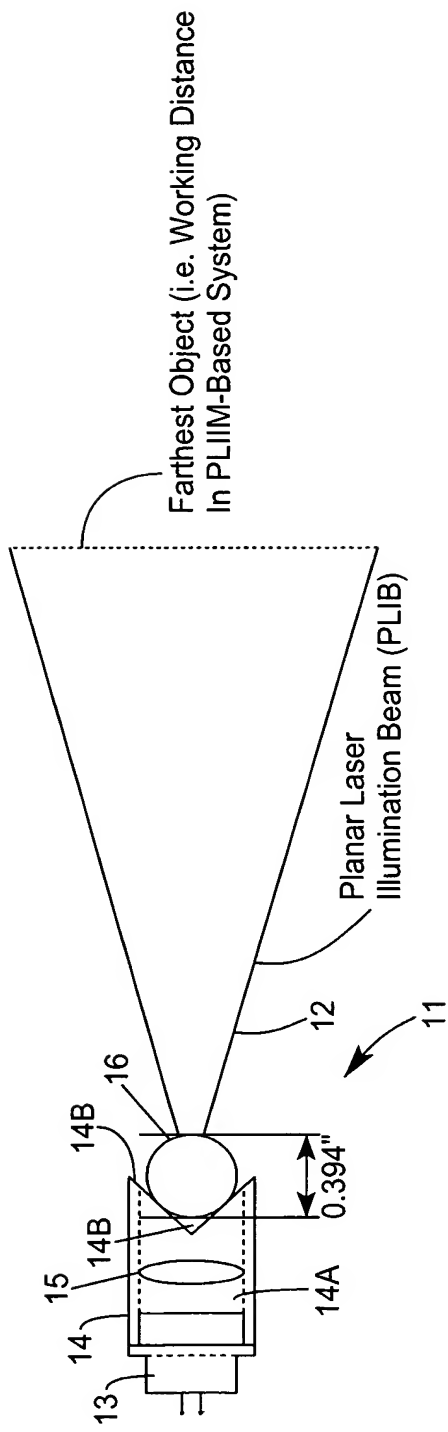


FIG. 1G15A

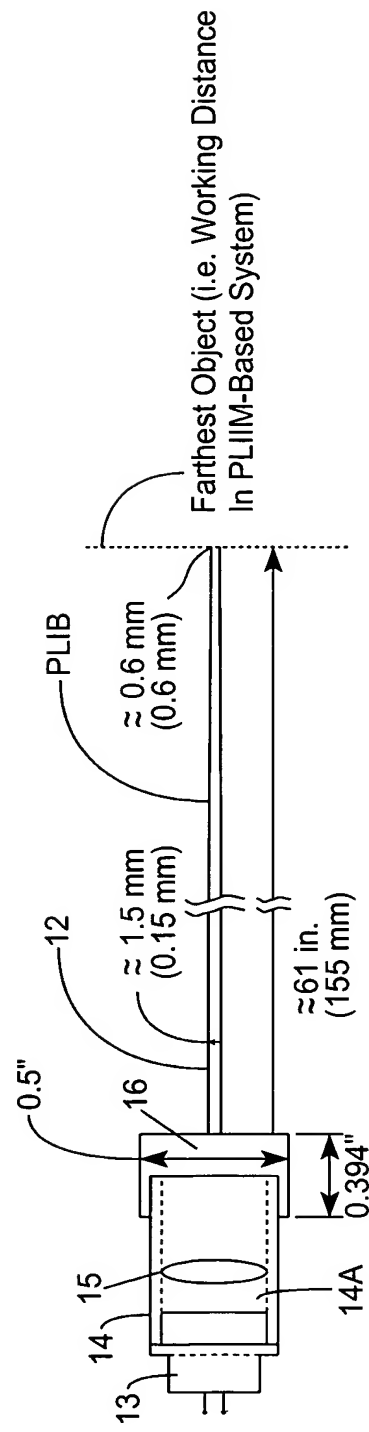


FIG. 1G15B

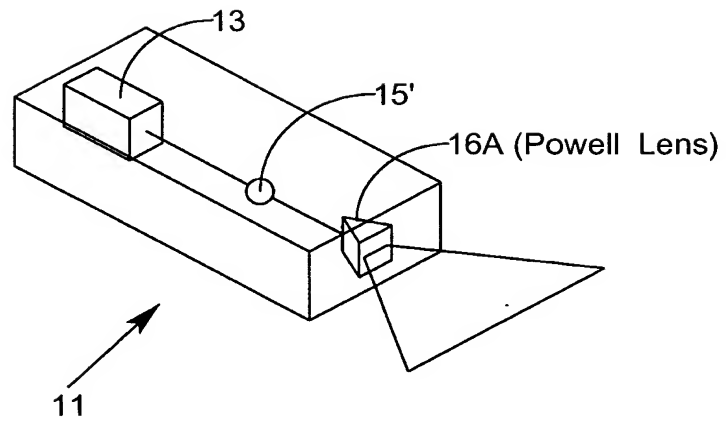


FIG. 1G16A

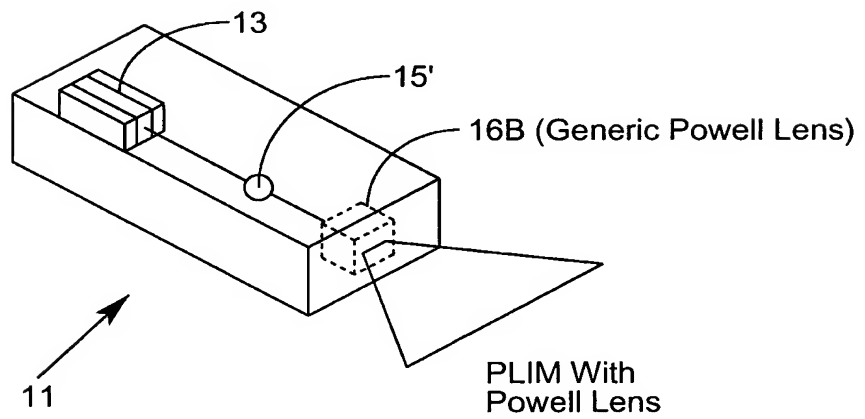


FIG. 1G16B

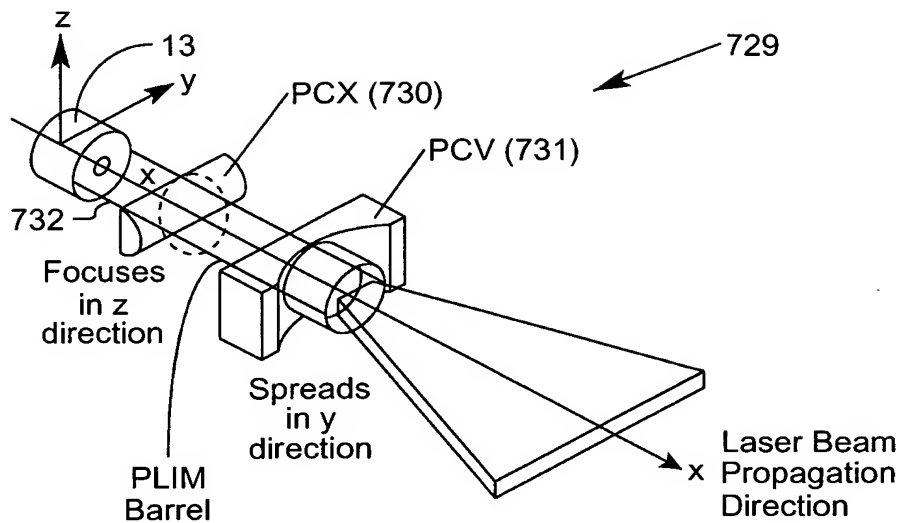


FIG. 1G17A

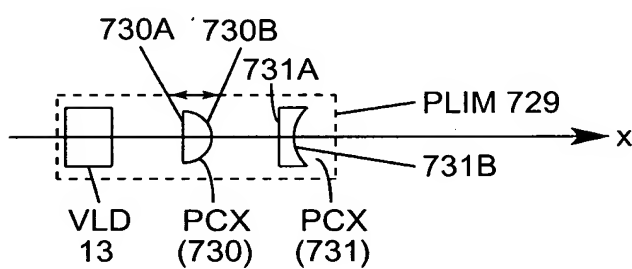


FIG. 1G17B

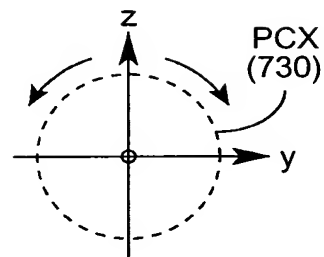


FIG. 1G17C

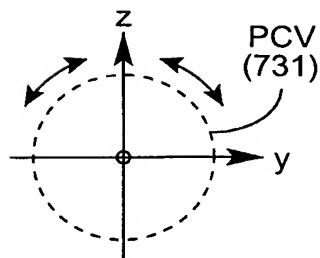


FIG. 1G17D

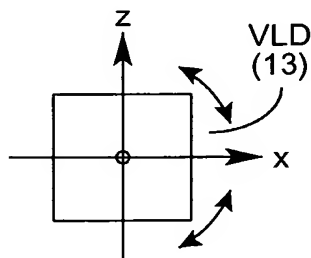


FIG. 1G17E

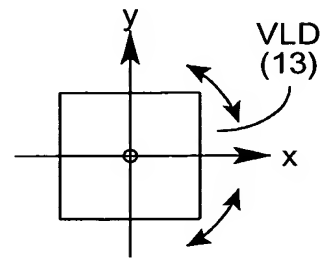


FIG. 1G17F

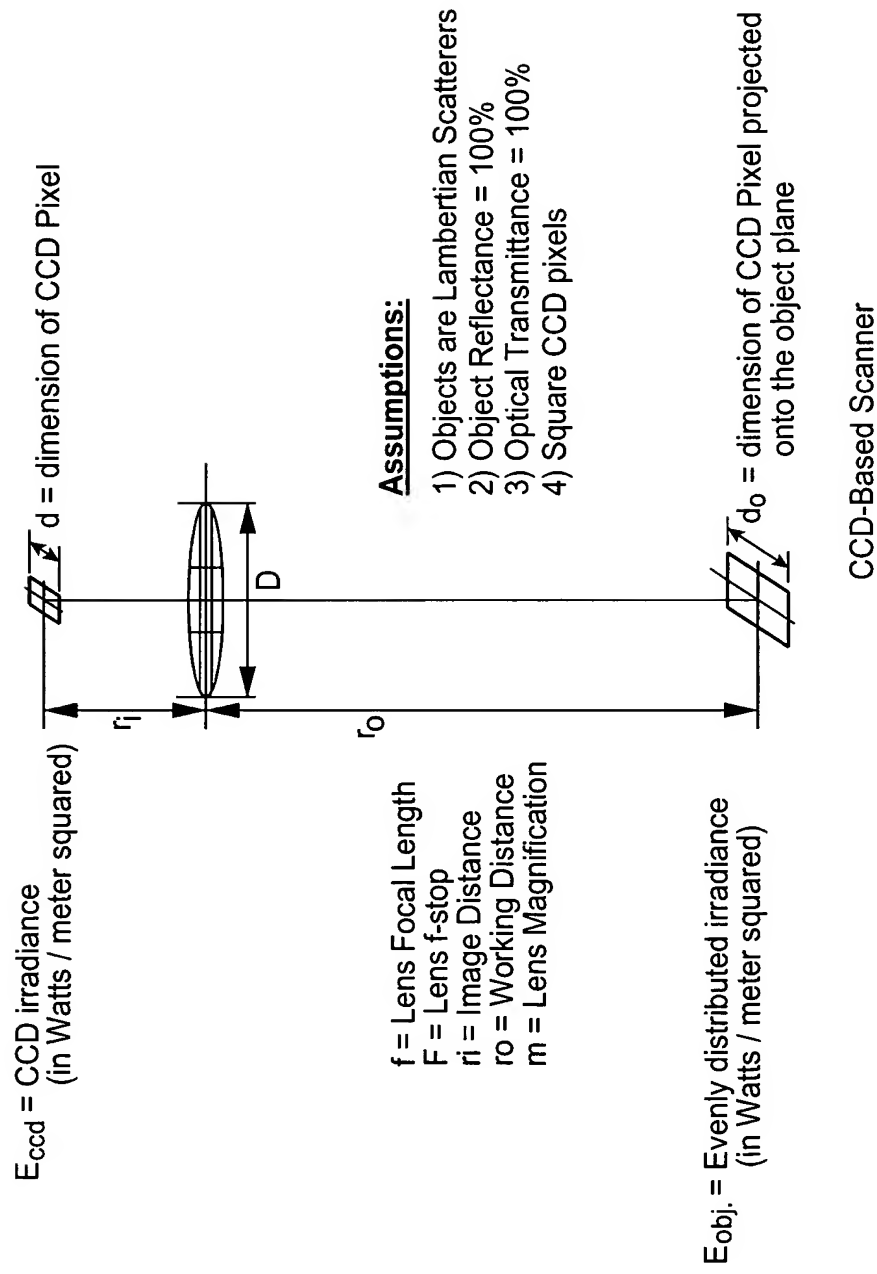


FIG. 1H6

FIRST GENERALIZED METHOD OF REDUCING
SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERNS AT IMAGE DETECTION
ARRAY OF THE IFD SUBSYSTEM (3)

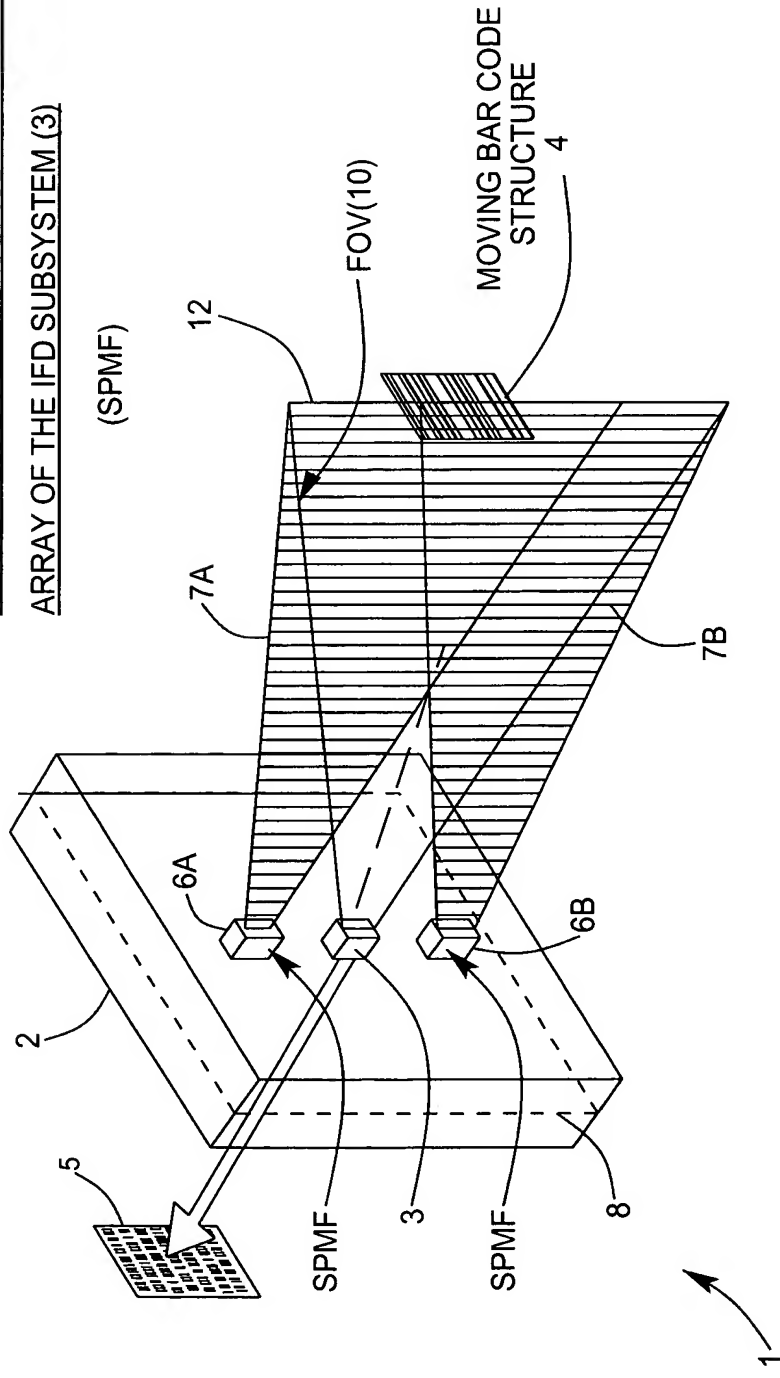


FIG. 111

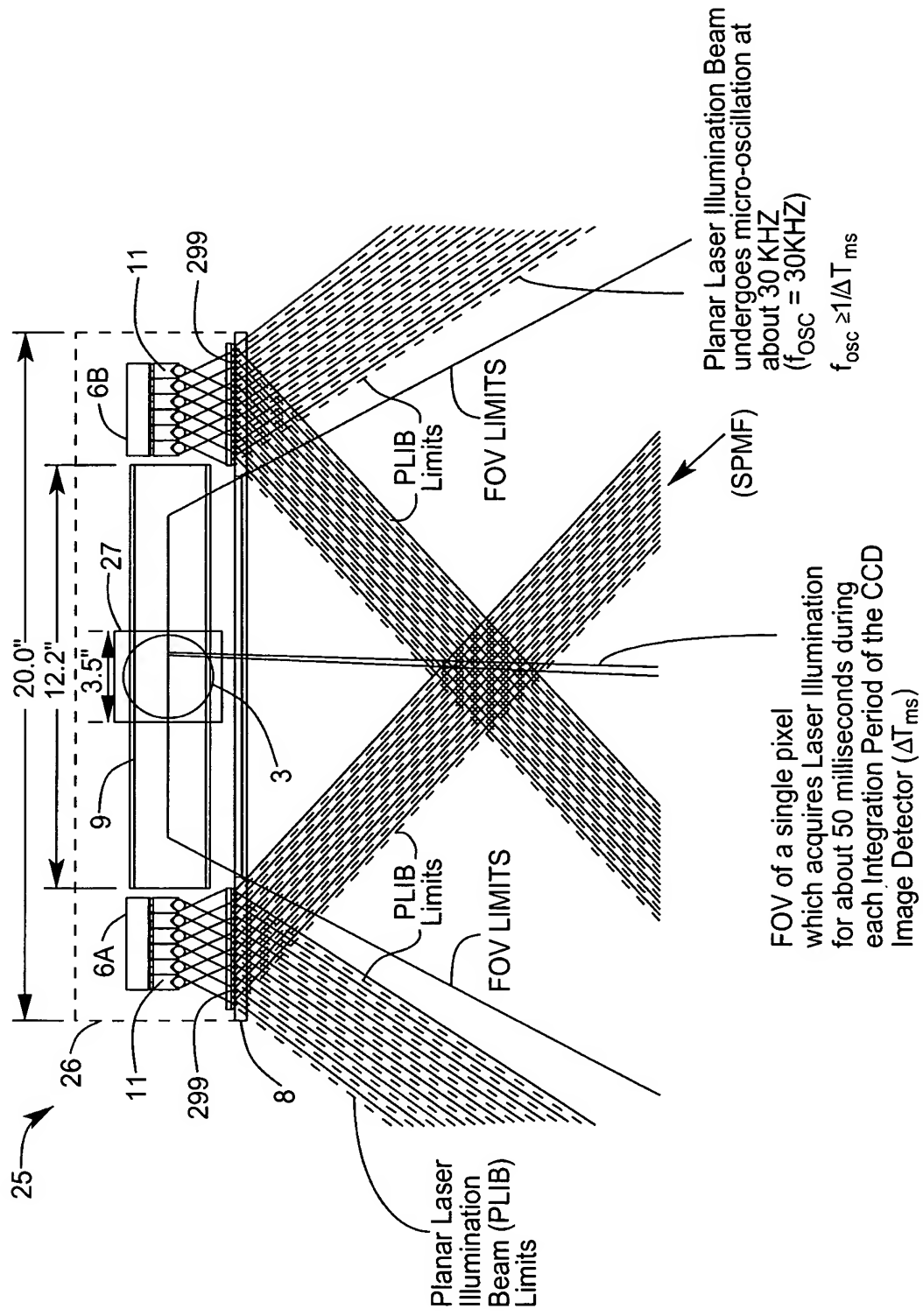


FIG. 112A

THE FIRST GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

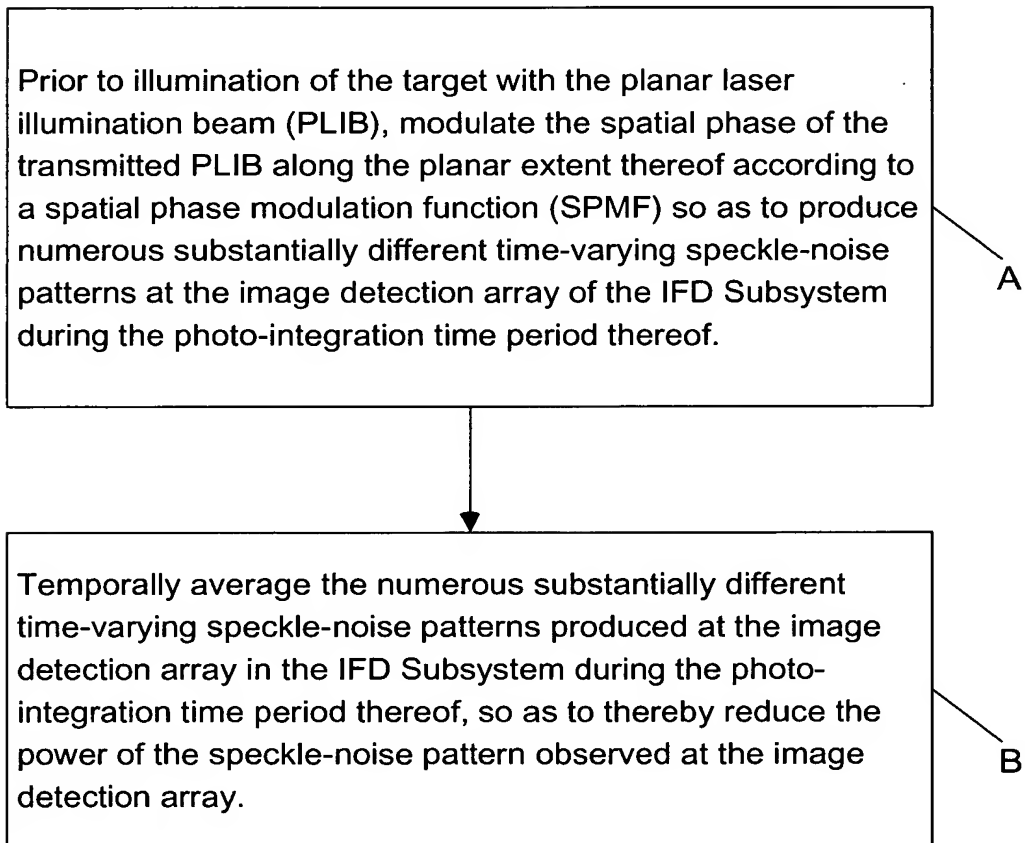
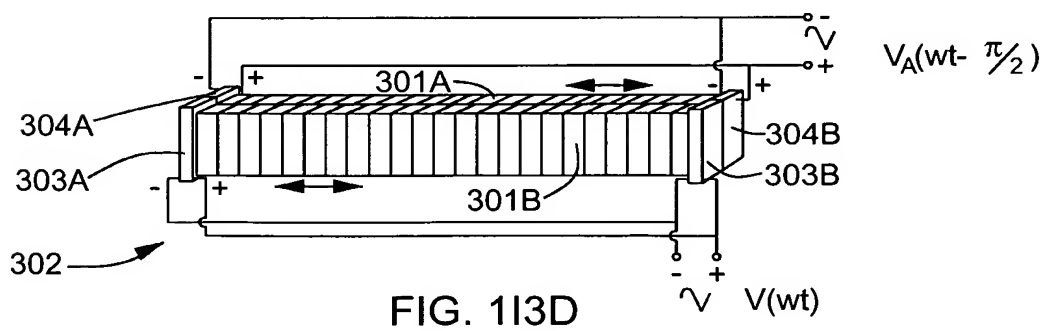
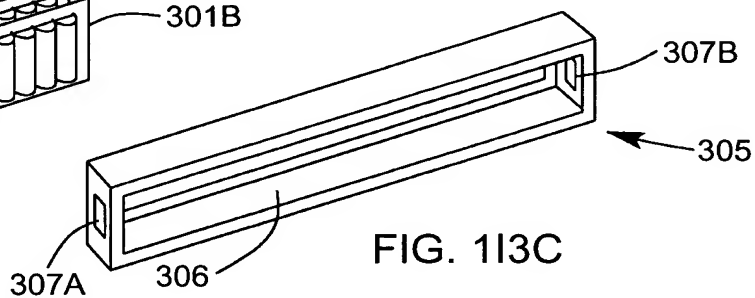
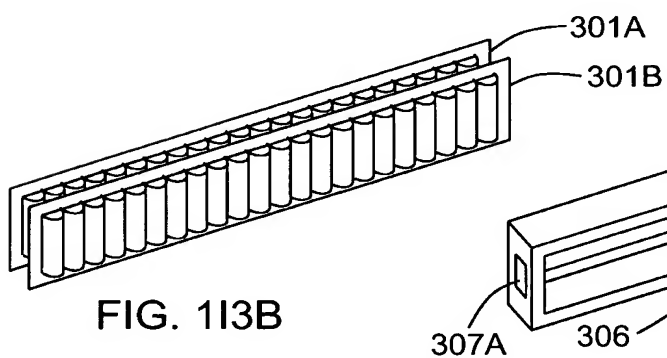
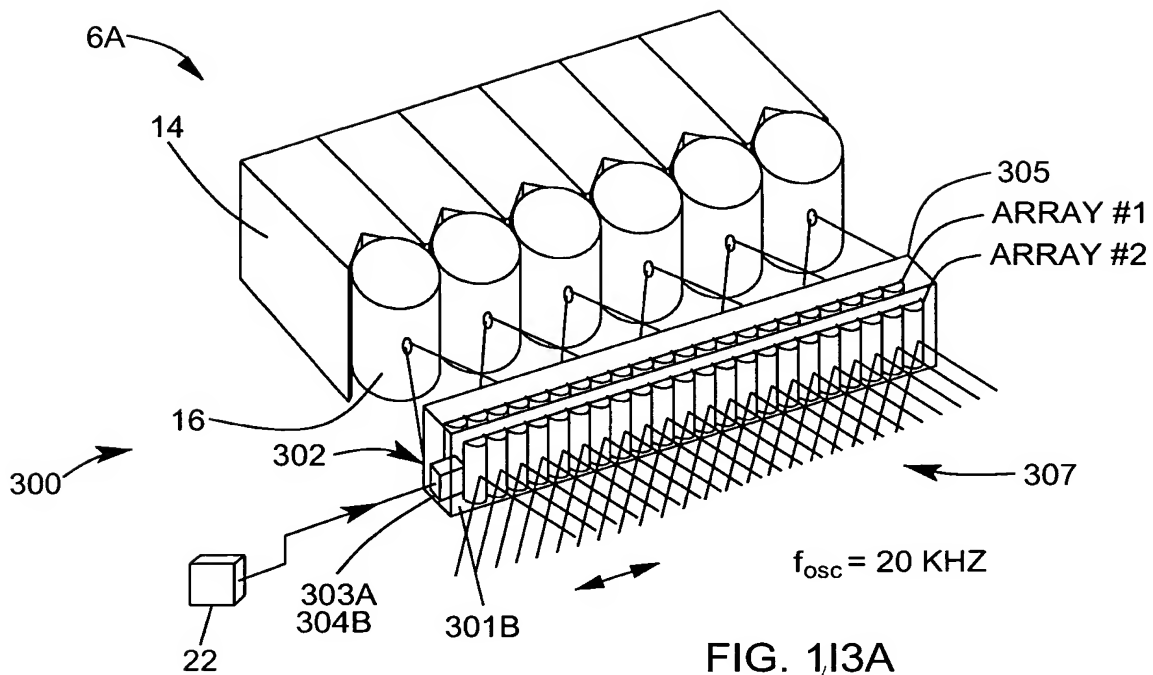
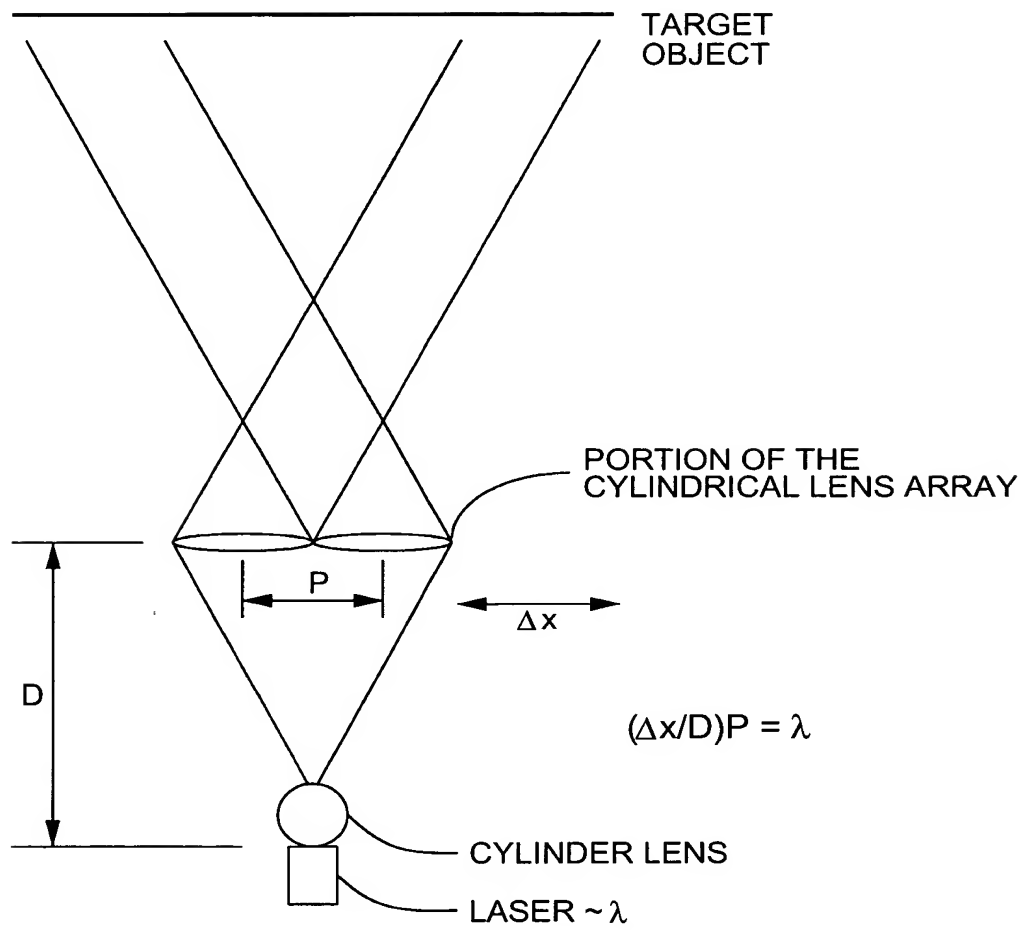


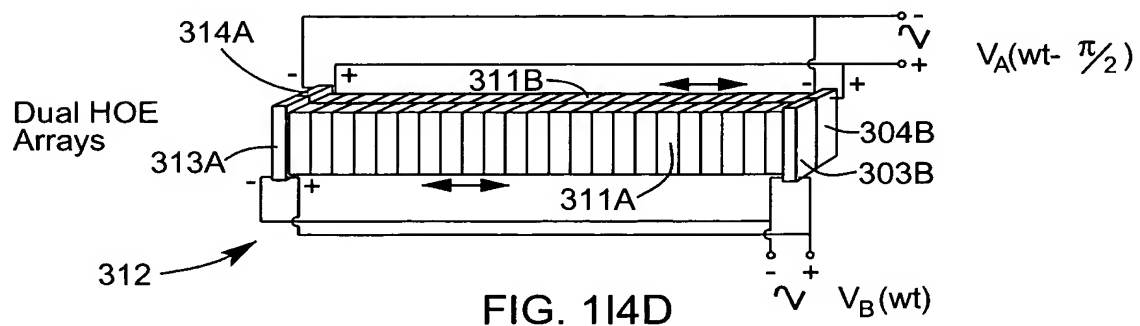
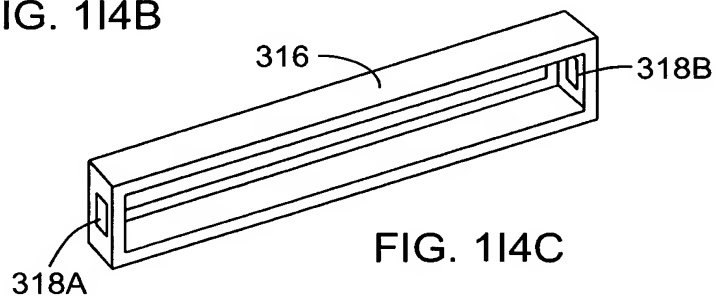
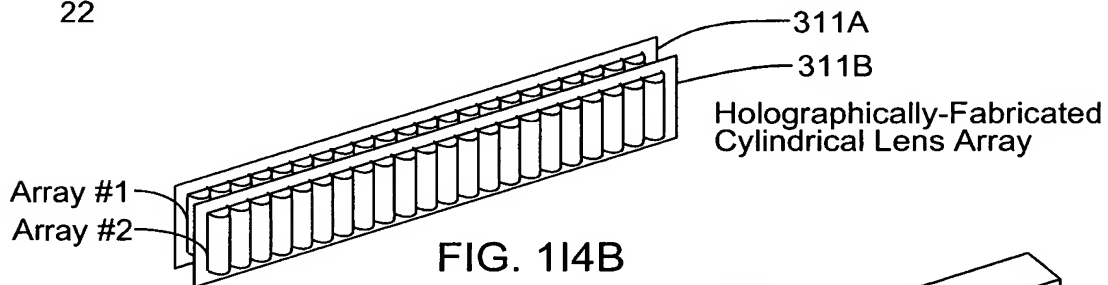
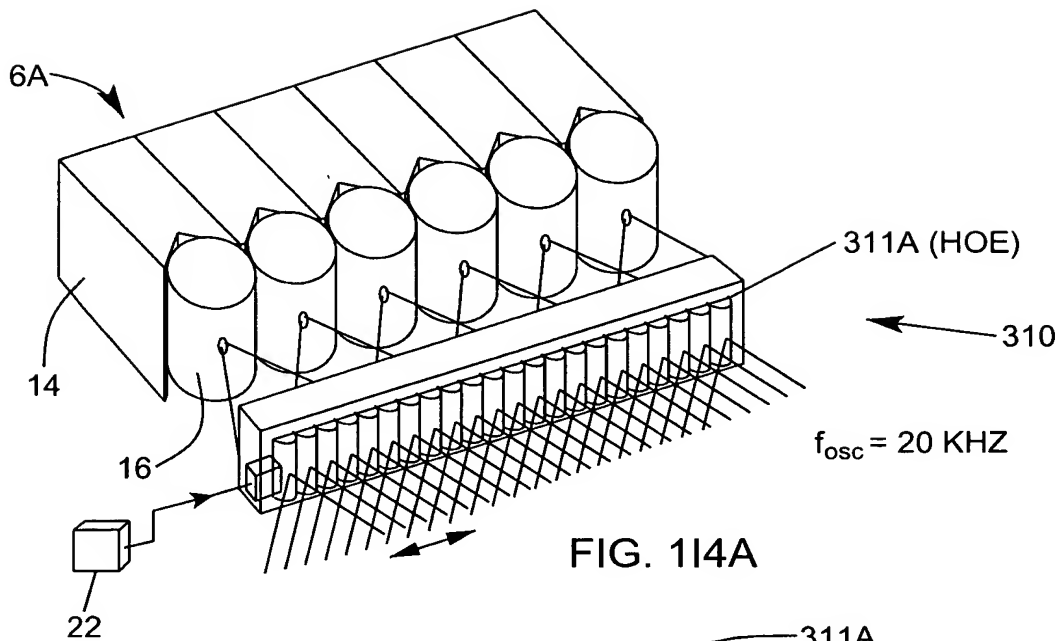
FIG. 112B





$$\Delta x \geq \frac{\lambda \cdot D}{P}$$

FIG. 113E



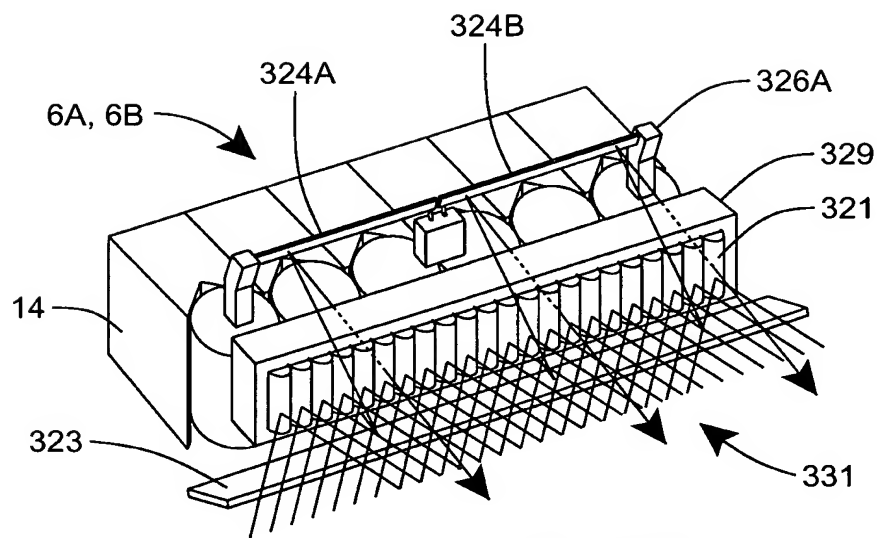


FIG. 115A

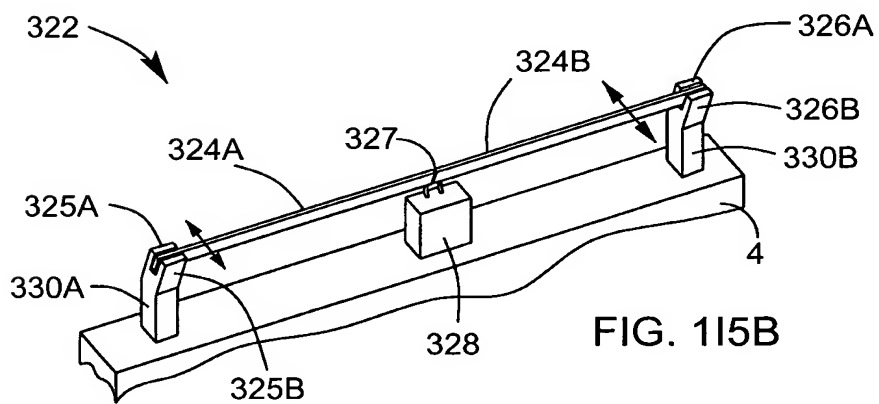


FIG. 115B

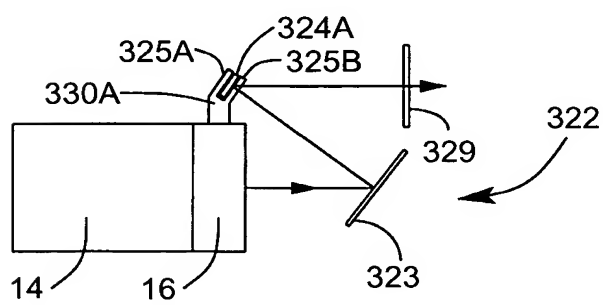


FIG. 115C

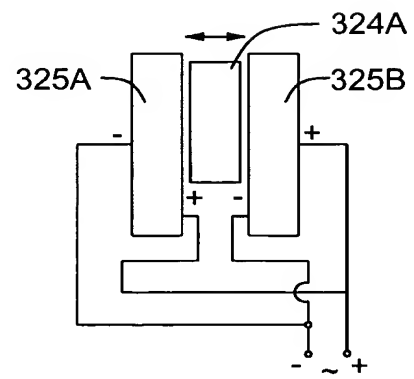


FIG. 115D

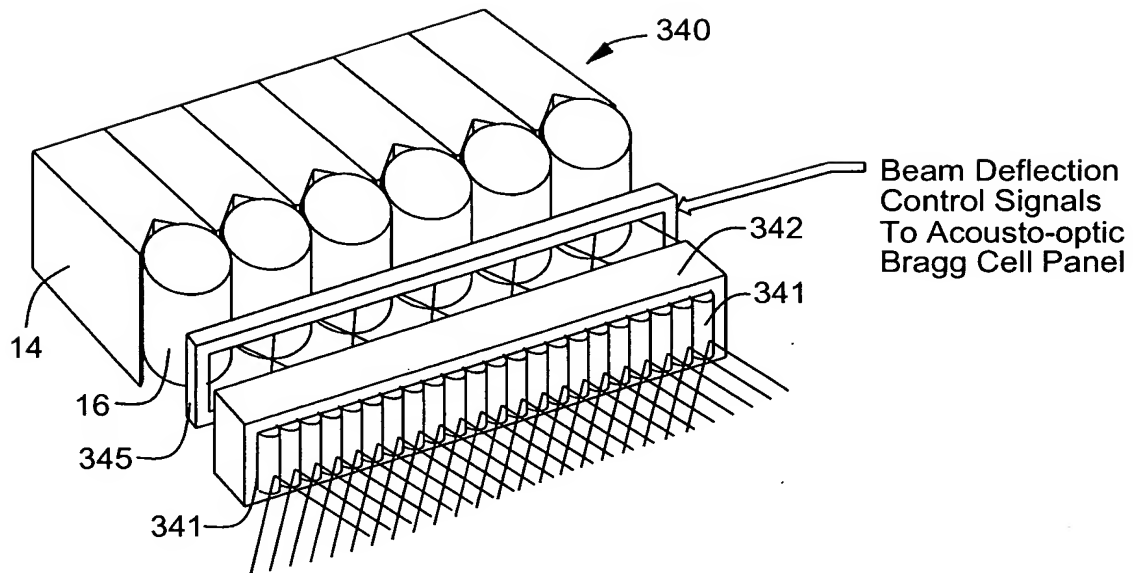


FIG. 116A

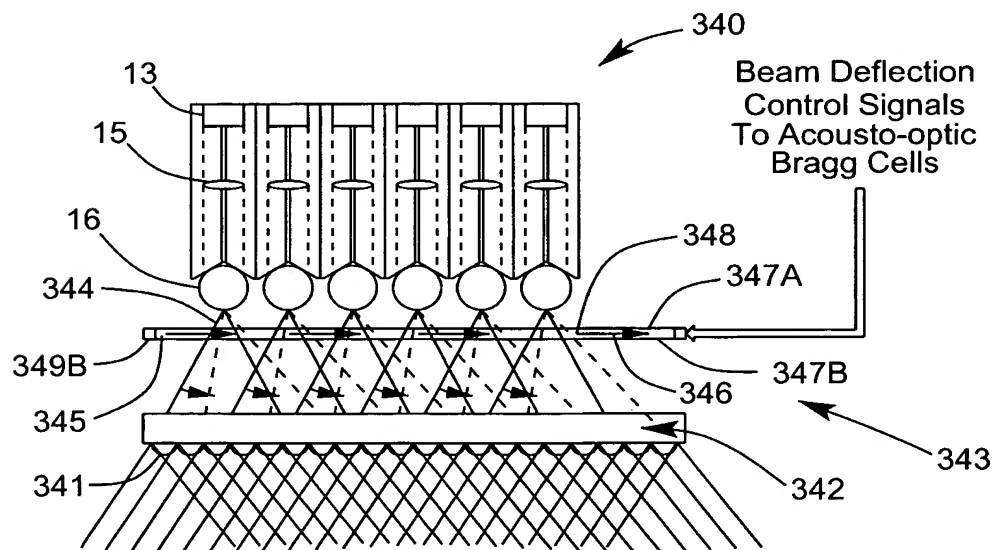
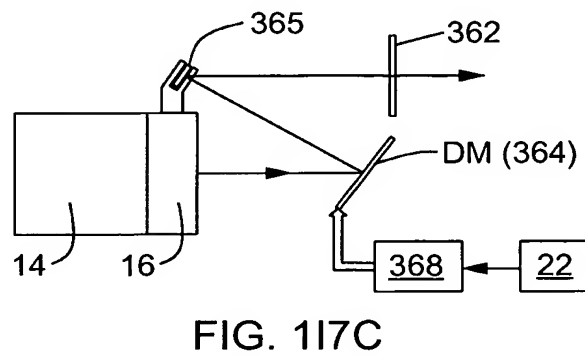
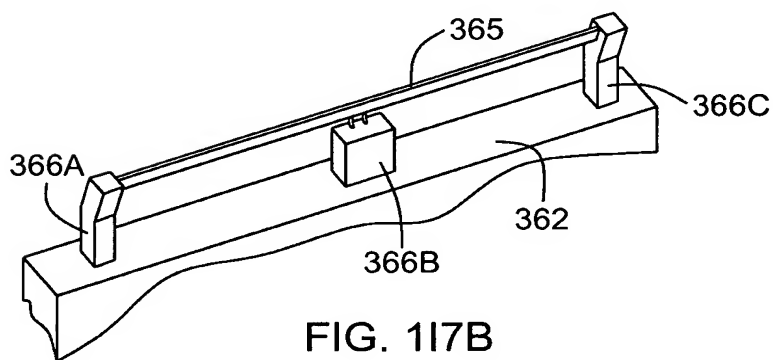
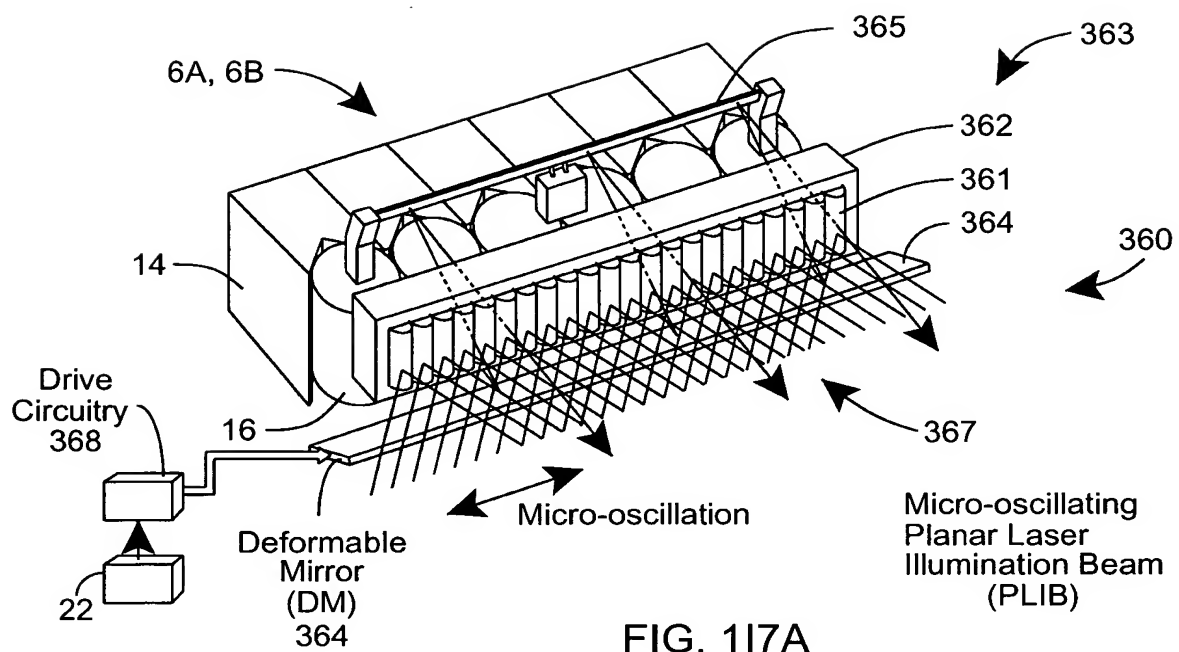
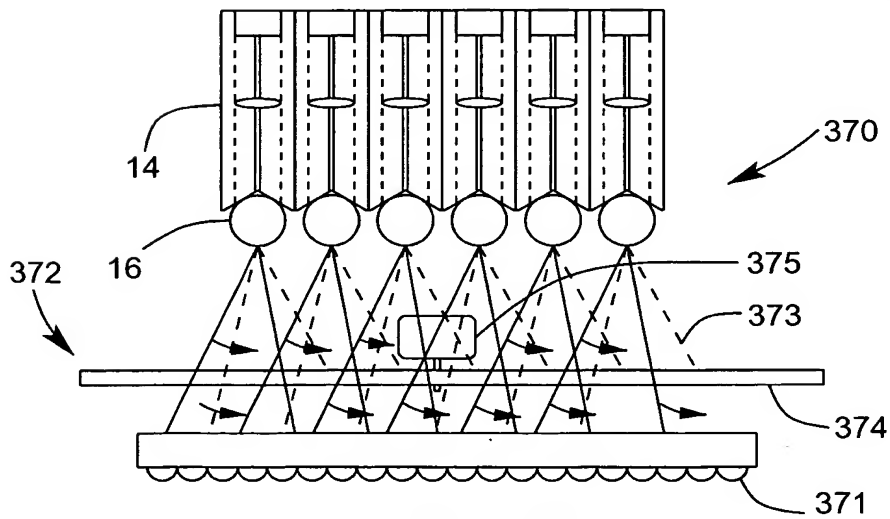
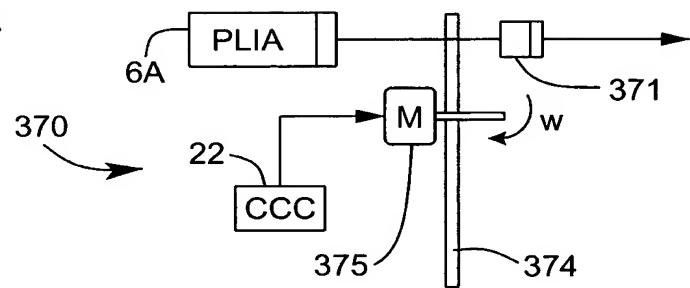
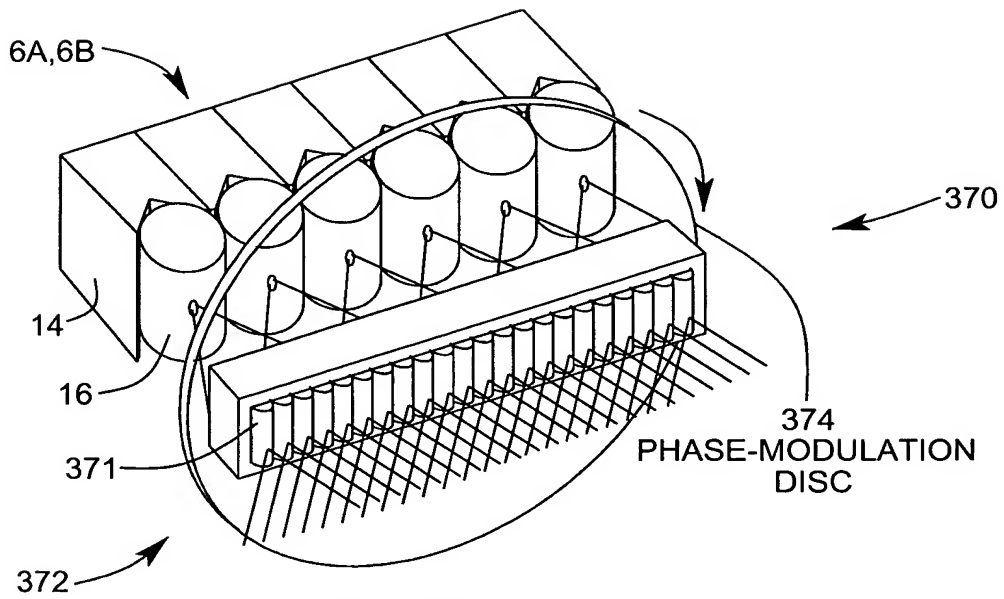


FIG. 116B





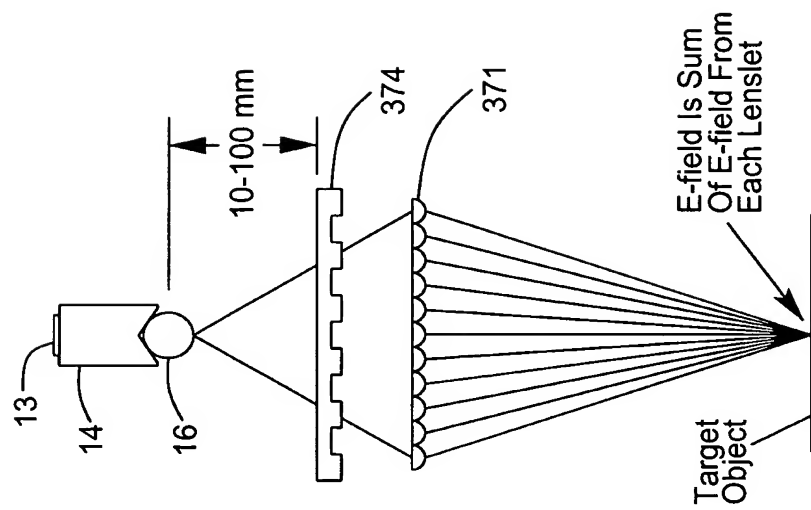


FIG. 118E

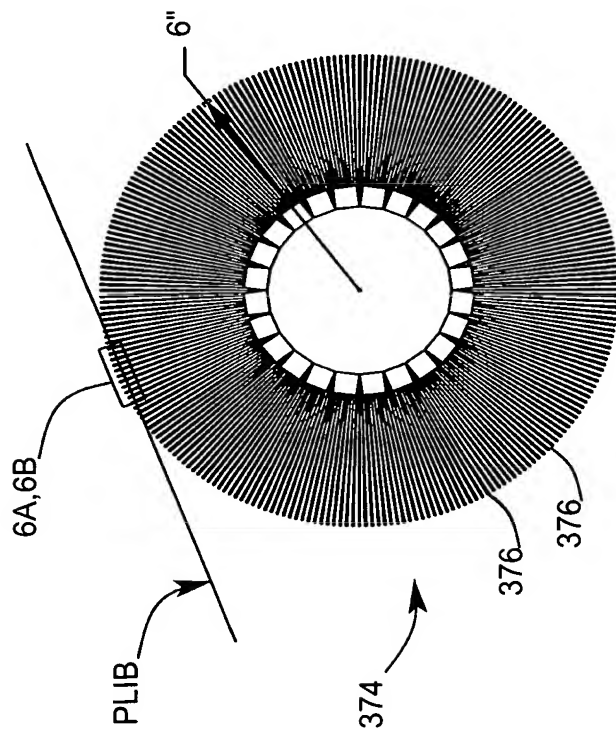


FIG. 118D

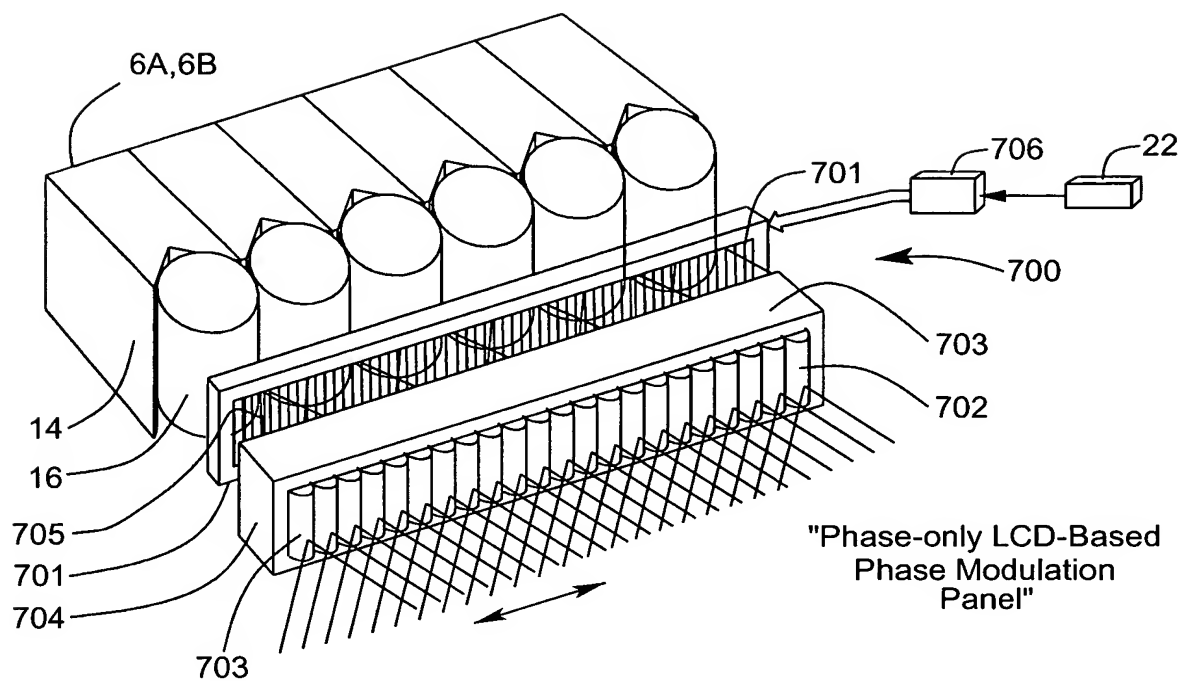


FIG. 118F

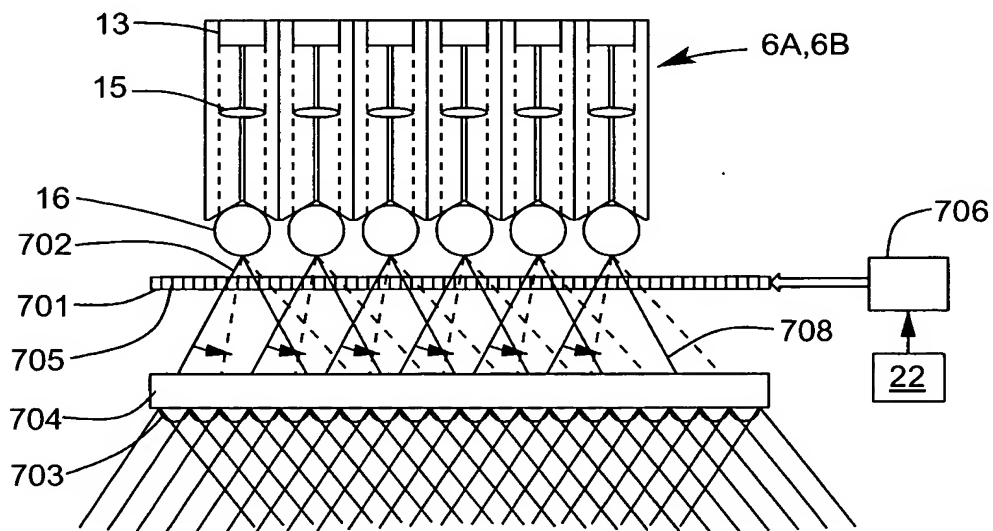


FIG. 118G

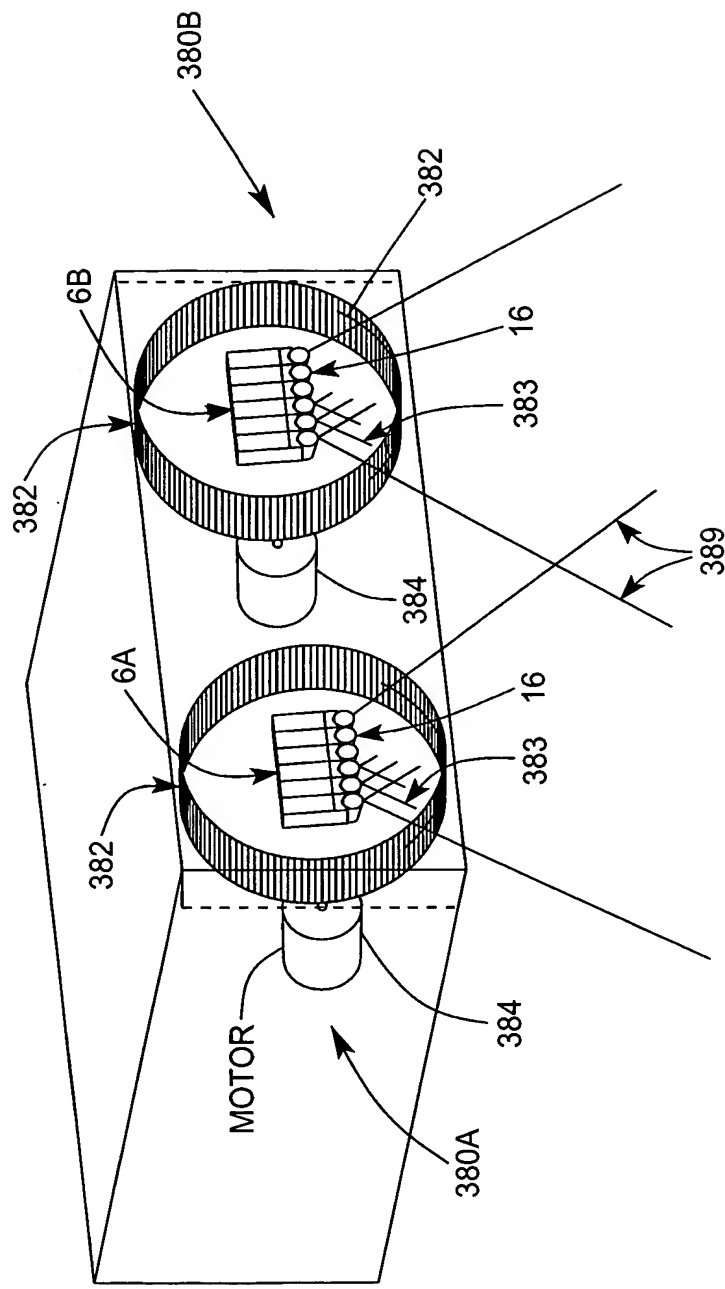
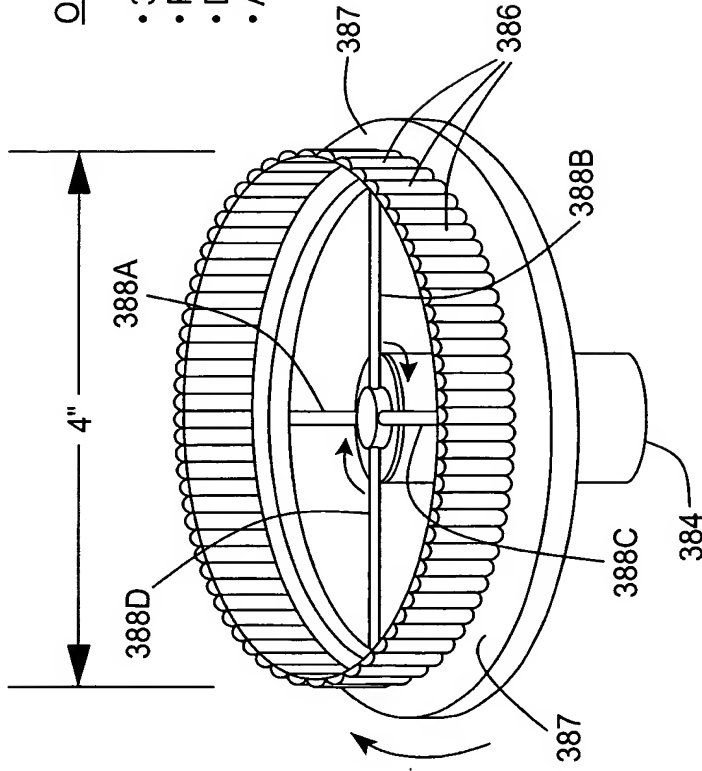


FIG. 119A



Optical Specifications:

- 30 Cylindrical Lens (Lines) Per Linear Inch
- Focal Length ≈ 20 Millimeters
- Diameter Of Lenticular Carousel ≈ 4 Inches
- Acrylic Material

FIG. 119B

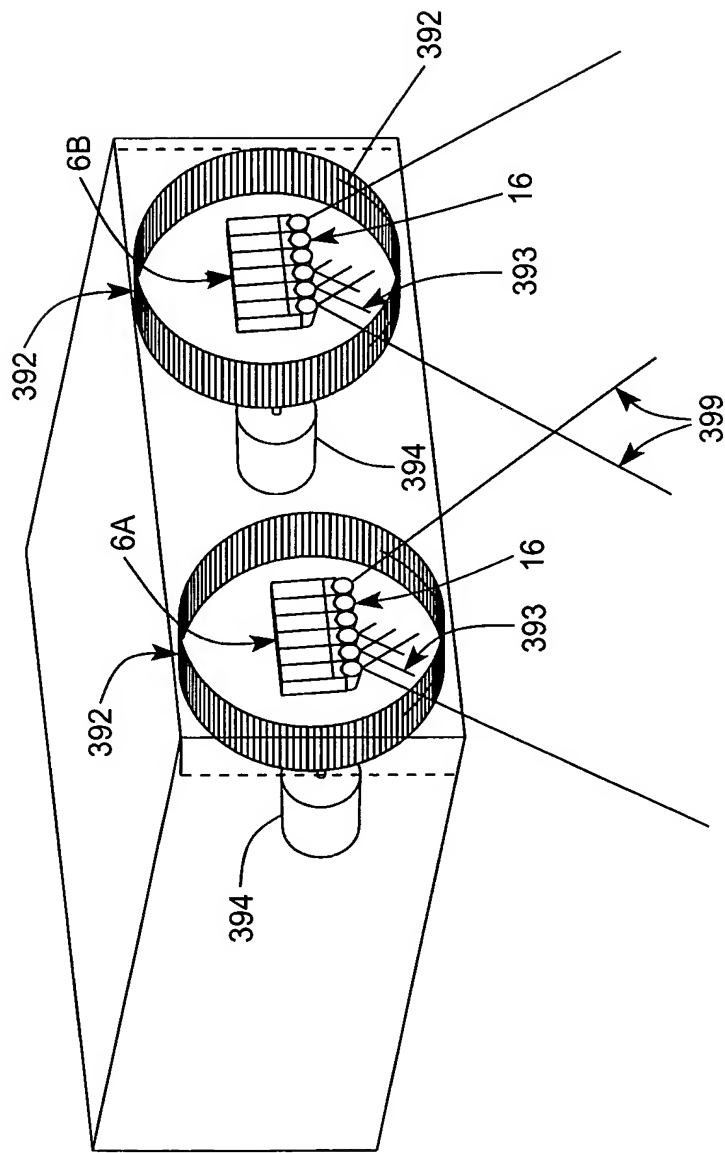
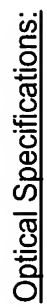


FIG. 1110A



- 30 Cylindrical Lens (Lines) Per Linear Inch
- Focal Length ≈ 20 Millimeters
- Diameter Of Lenticular Carousel ≈ 4 Inches

FIG. 1110B

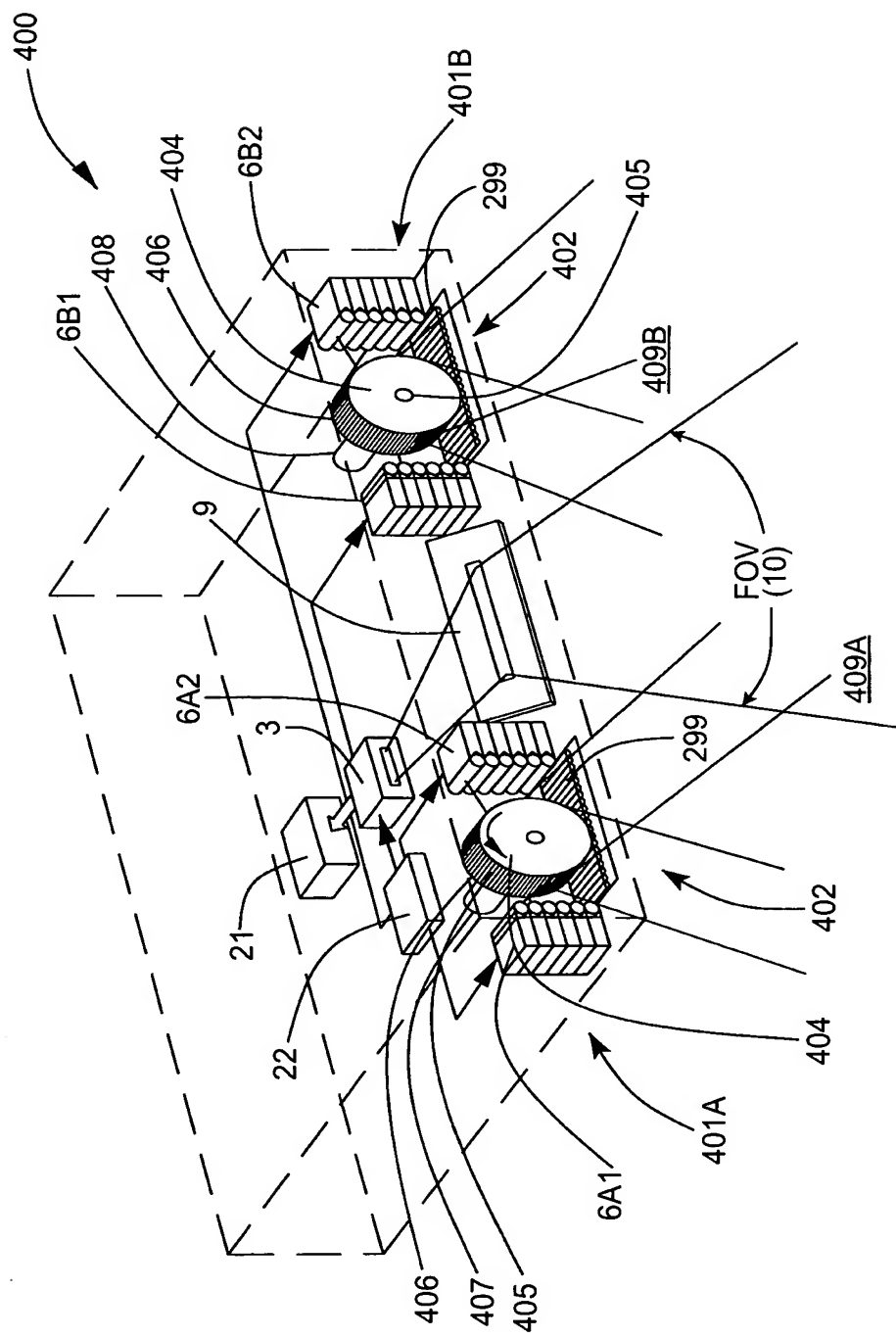


FIG. 1111A

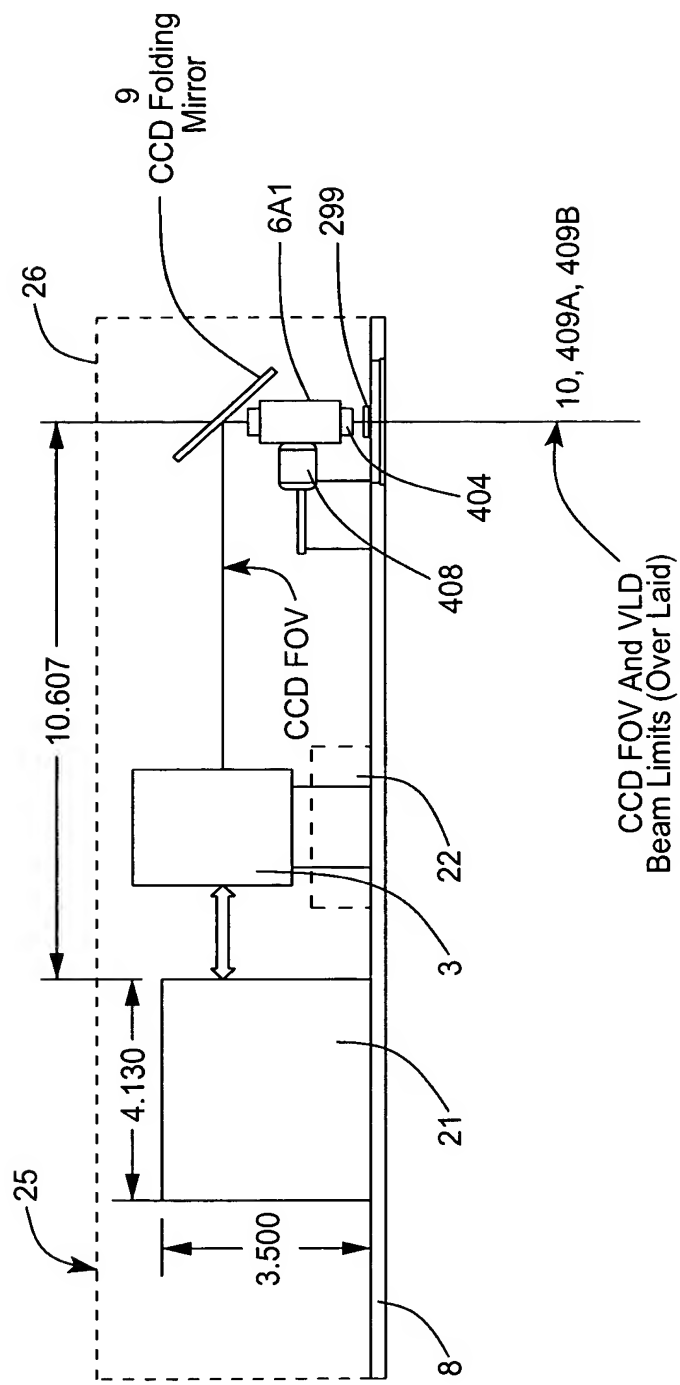


FIG. 1111B

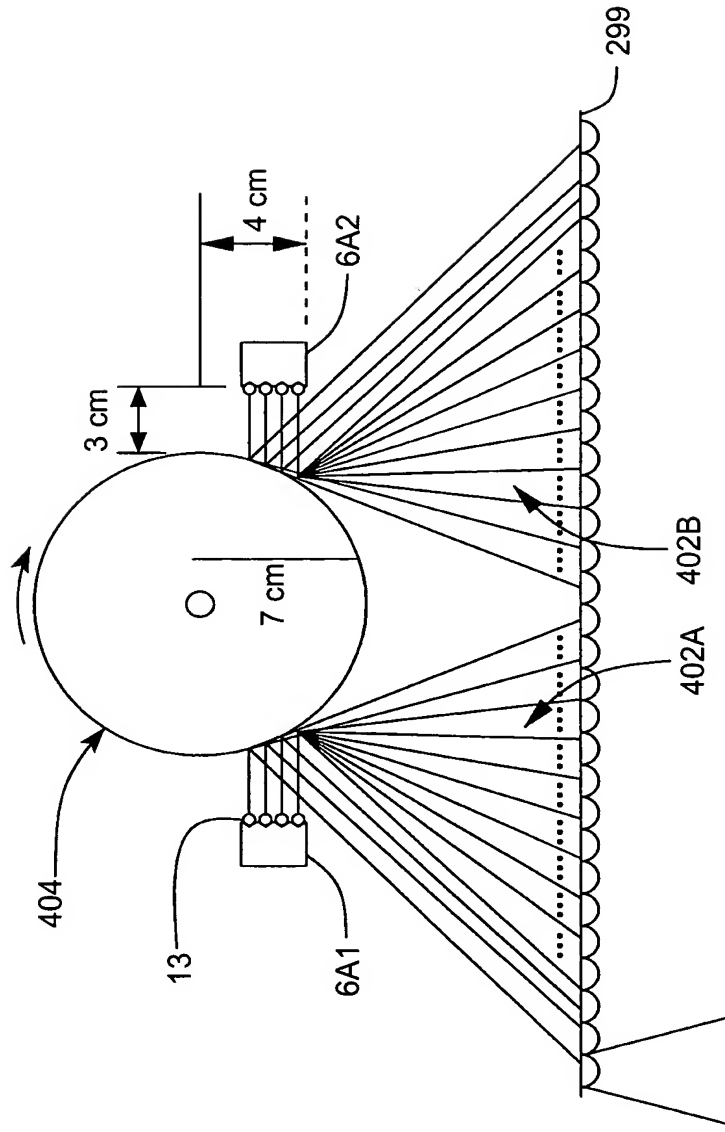


FIG. 1I11C

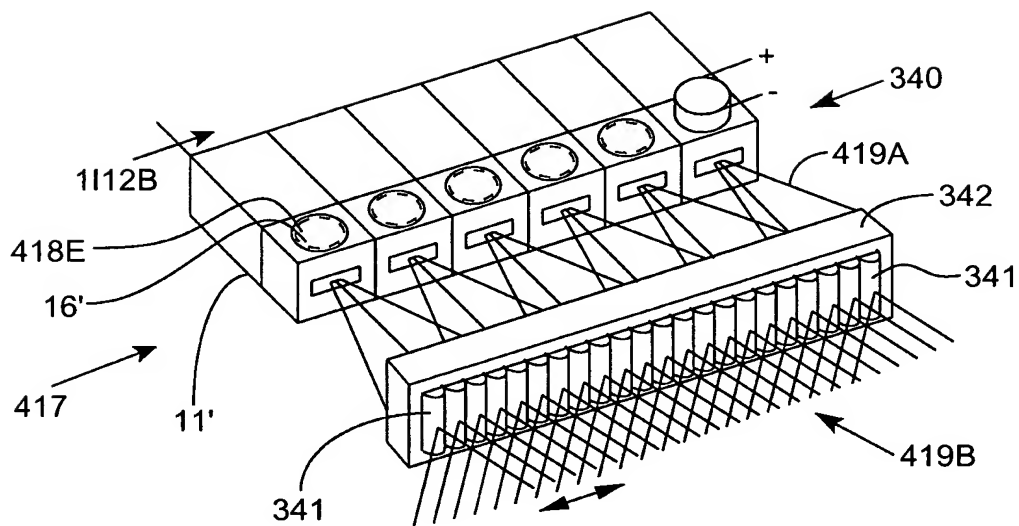


FIG. 1112A

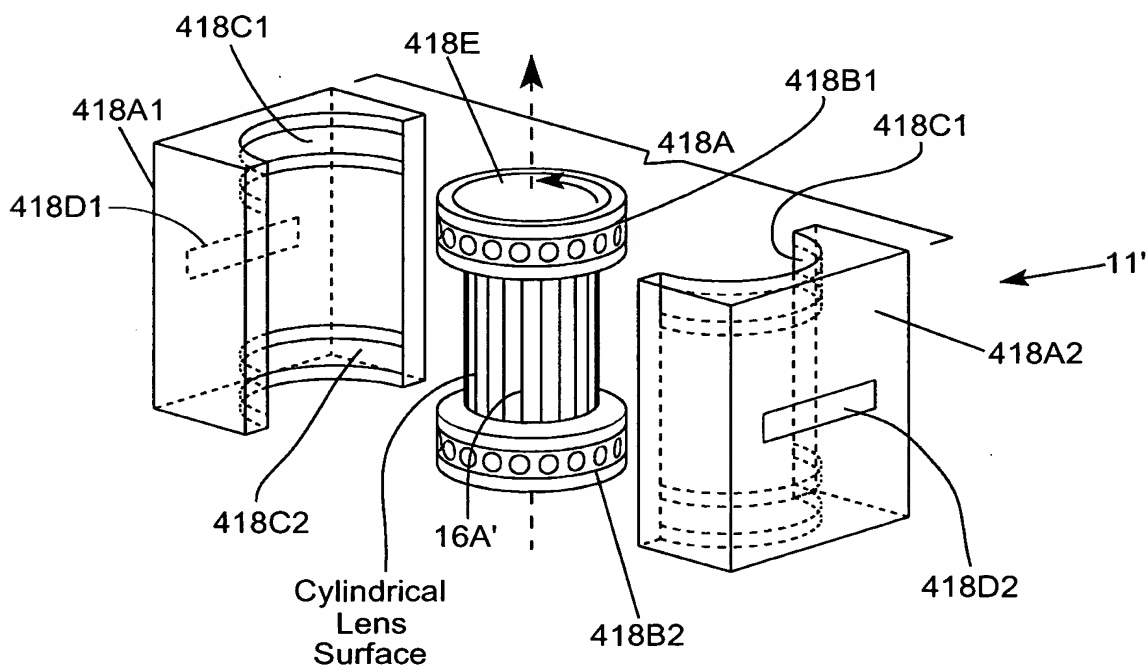


FIG. 1112B

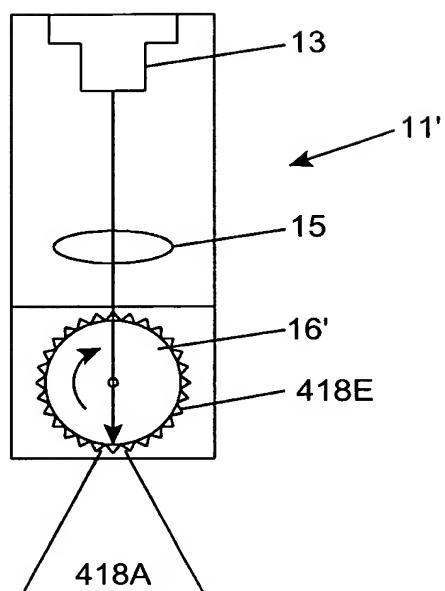


FIG. 1112C

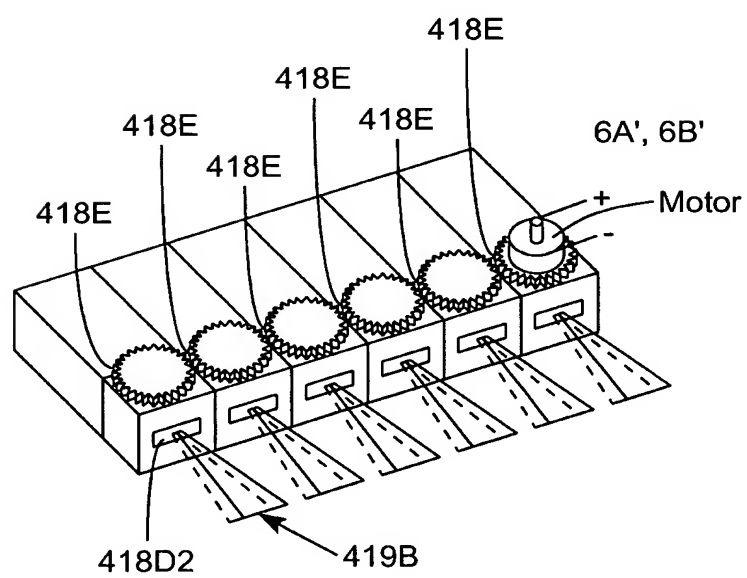


FIG. 1112D

Second Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

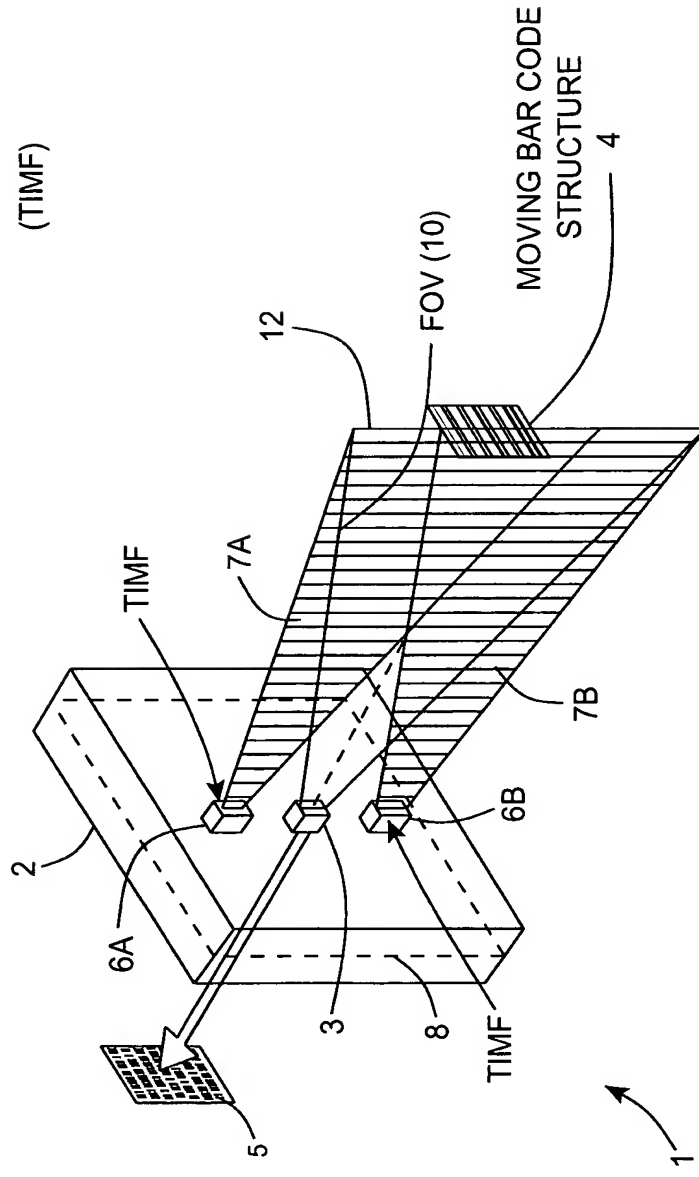


FIG. 1113

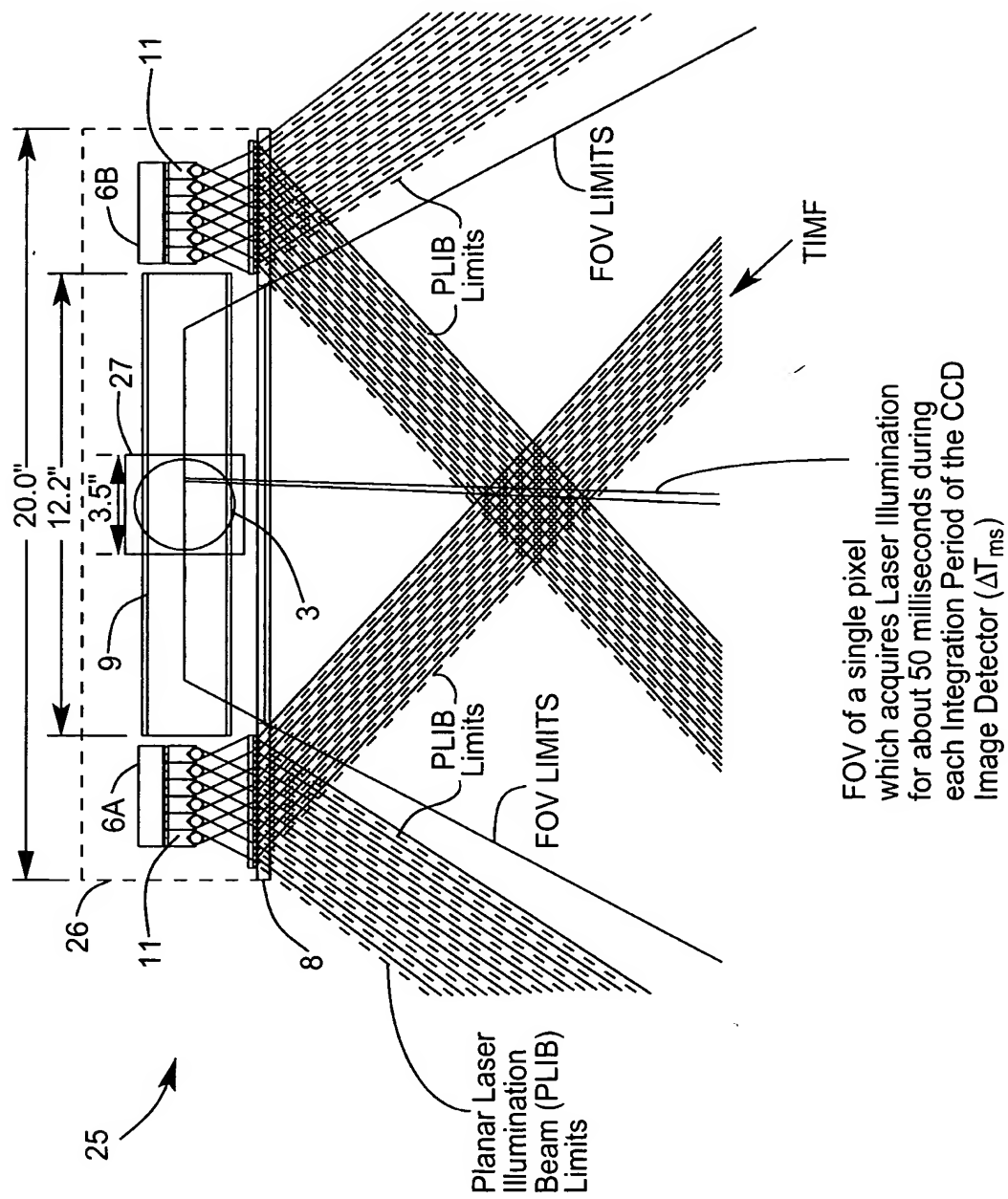


FIG. 1113A

THE SECOND GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

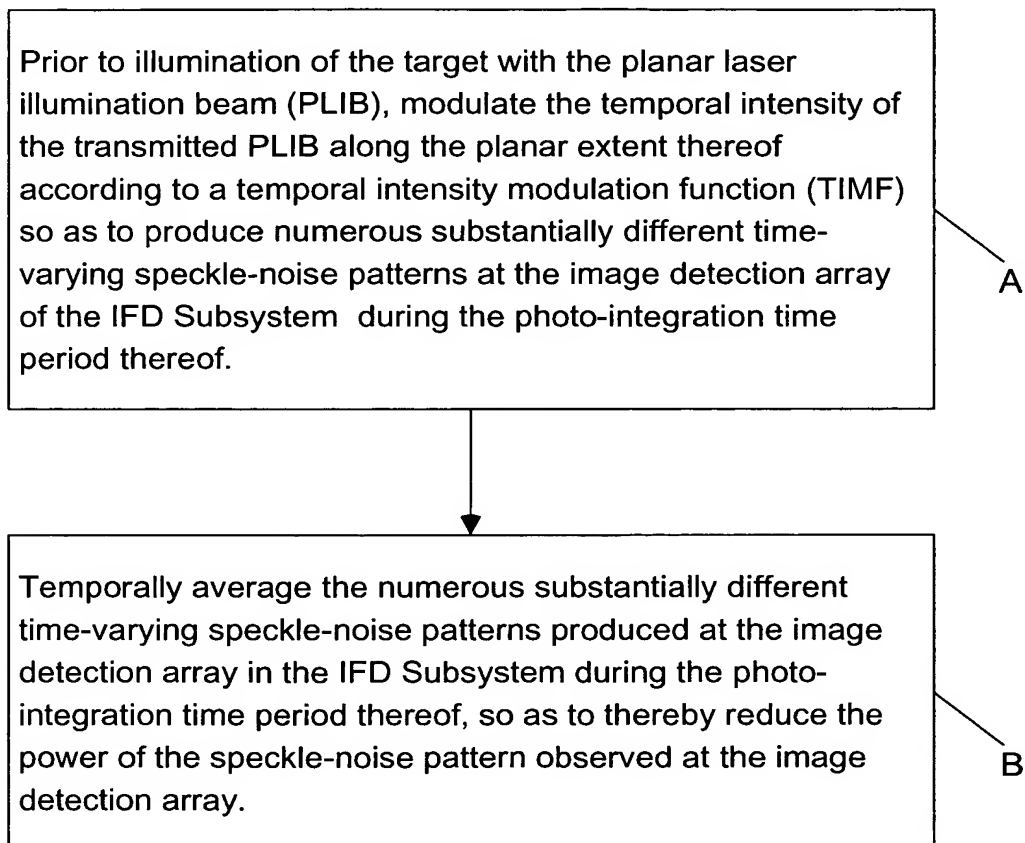


FIG. 1113B

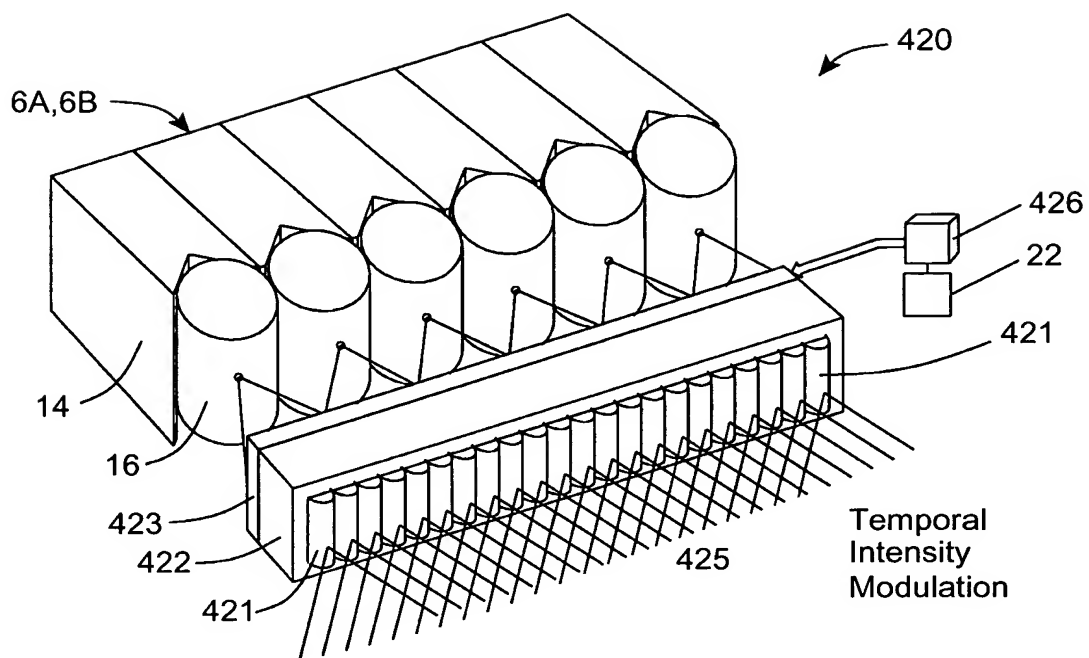


FIG. 1114A

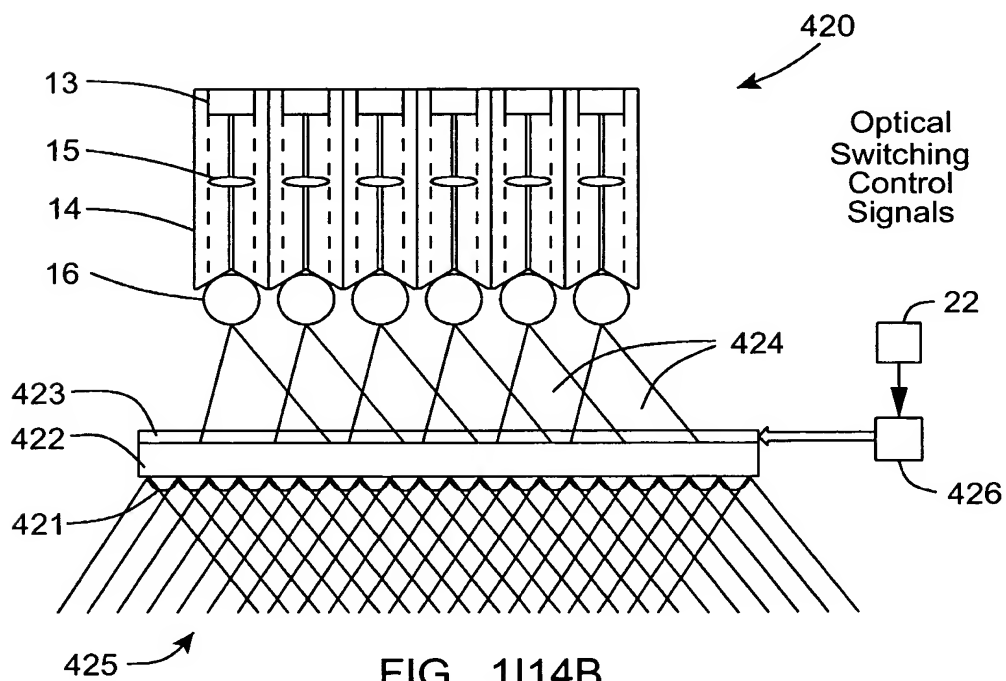


FIG. 1114B

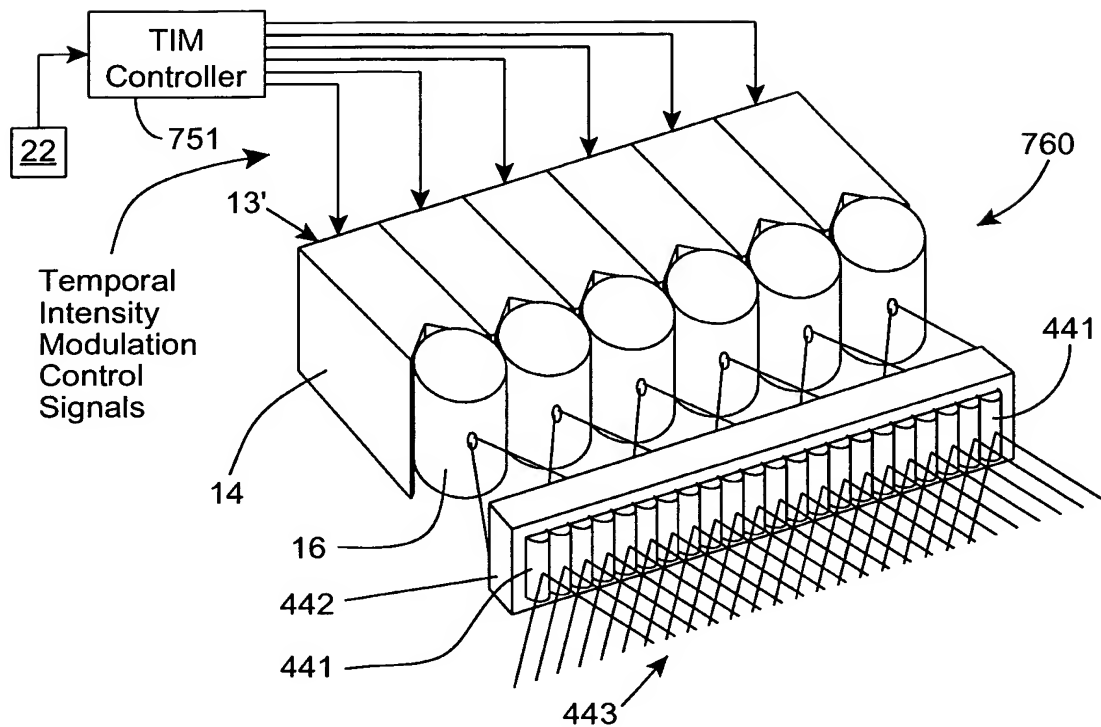


FIG. 1115C

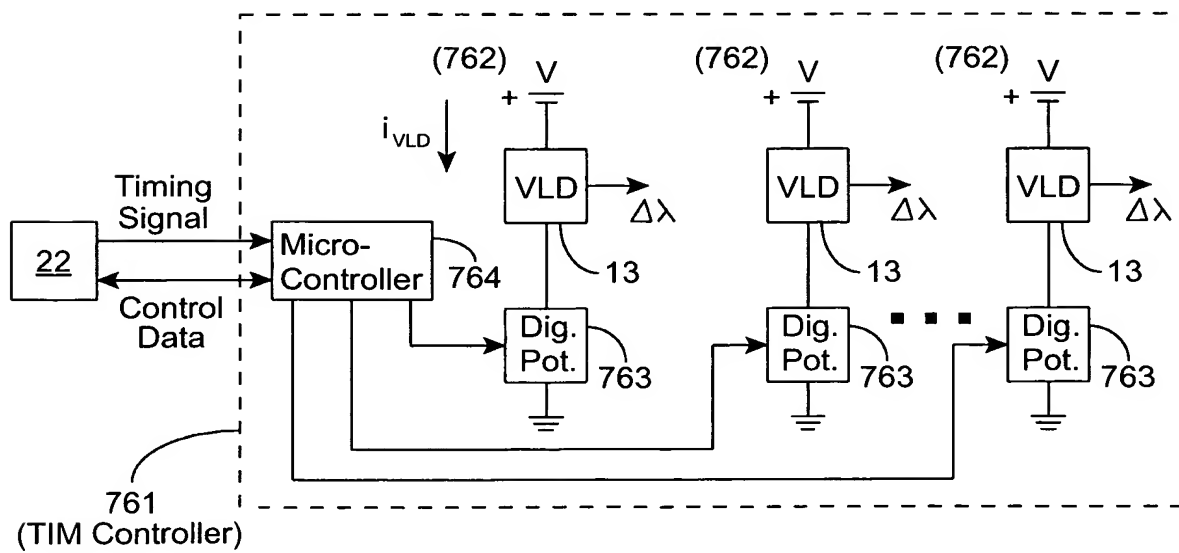


FIG. 1115D

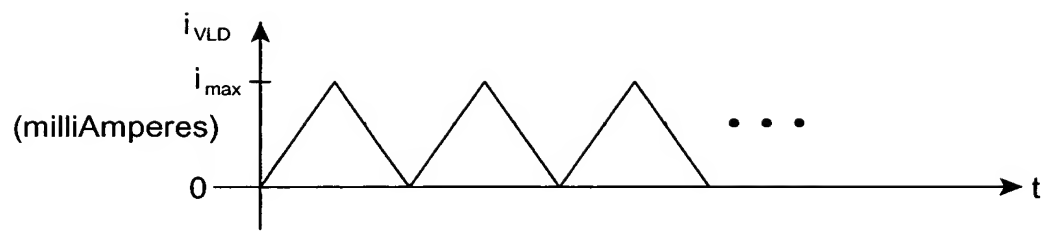


FIG. 1I15E

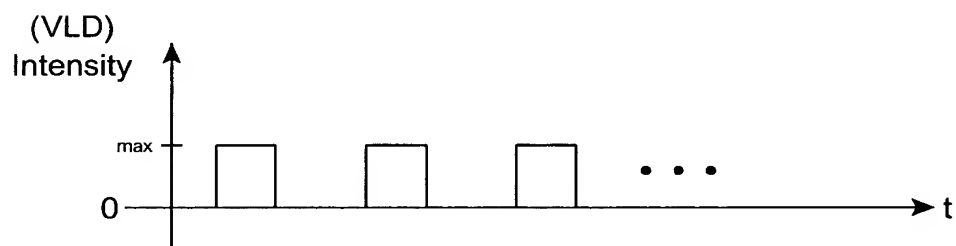


FIG. 1I15F

Third Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

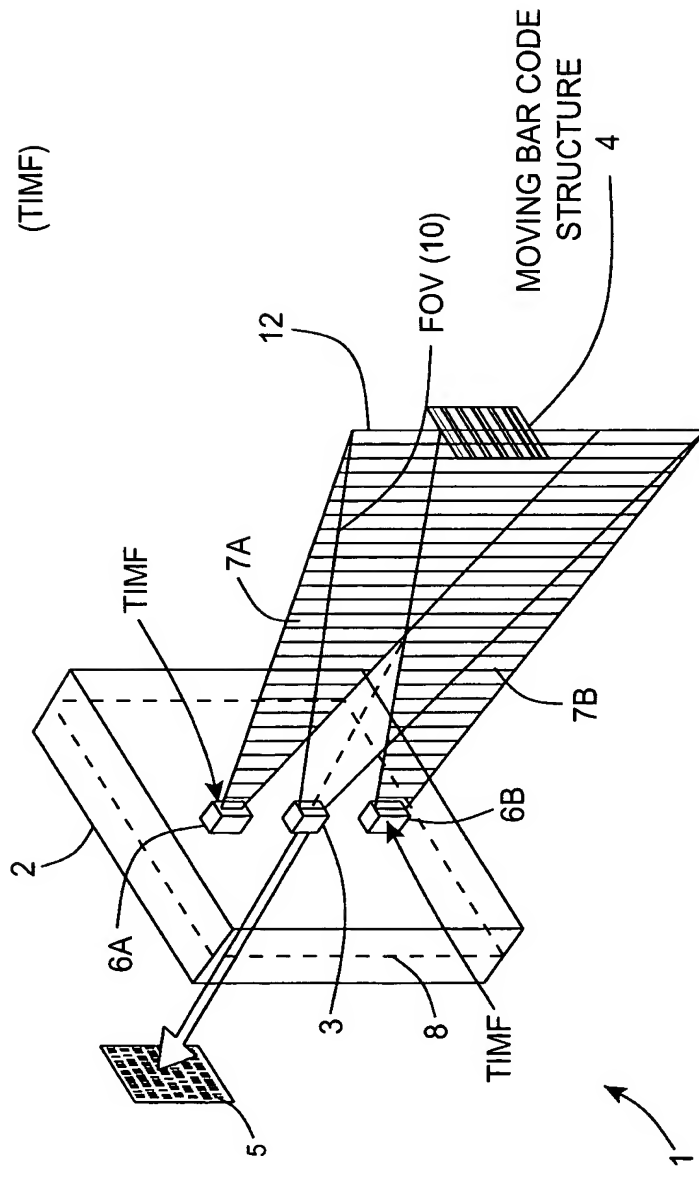


FIG. 1116

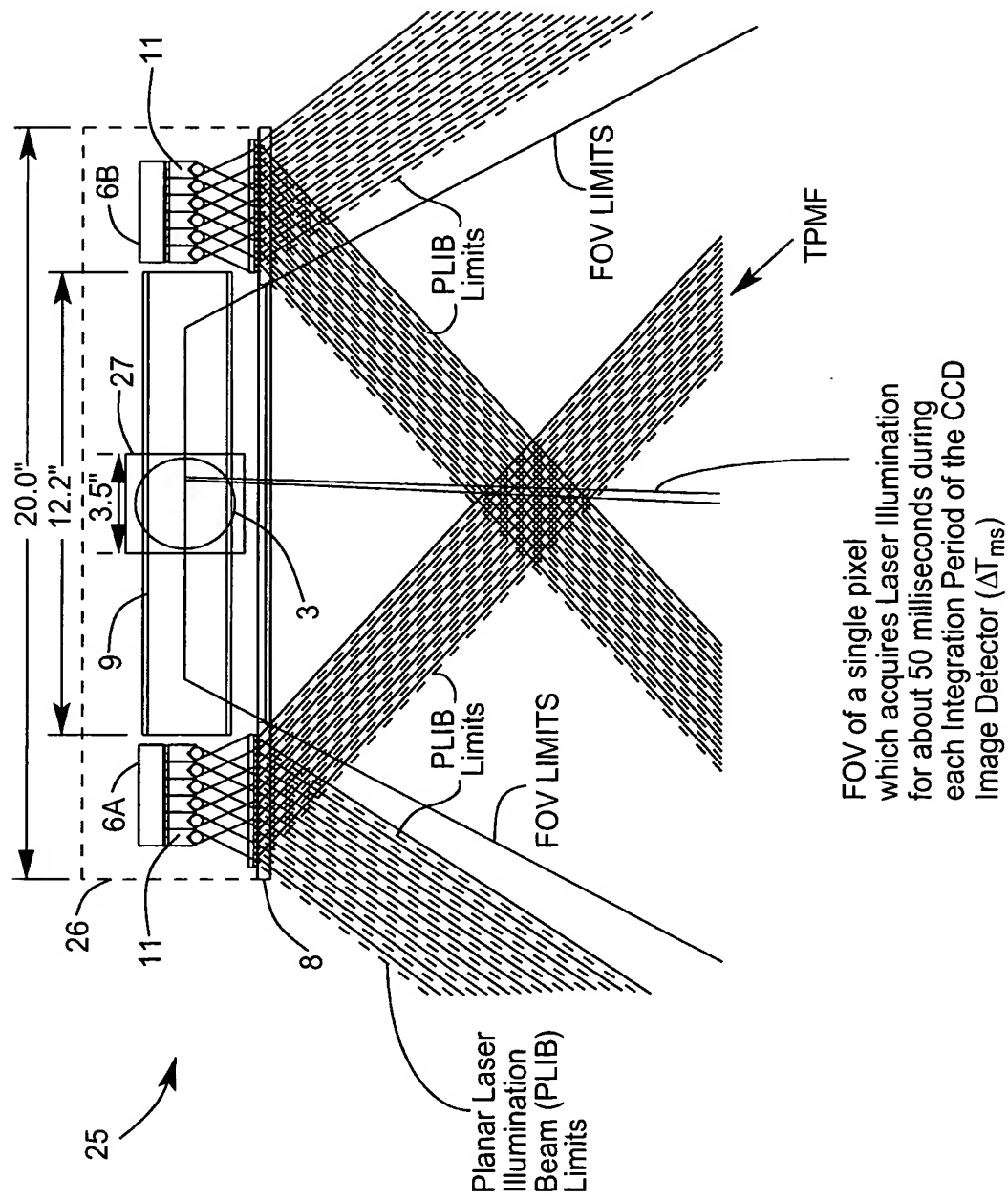


FIG. 1116A

THE THIRD GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

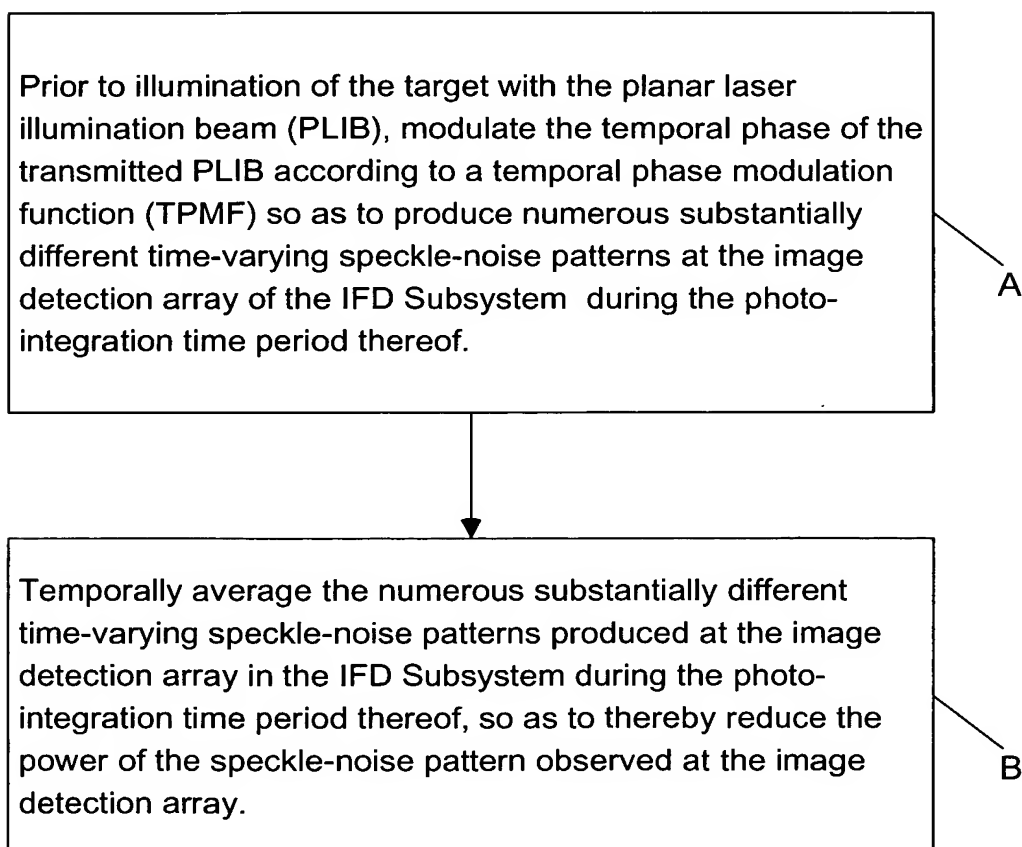


FIG. 1116B

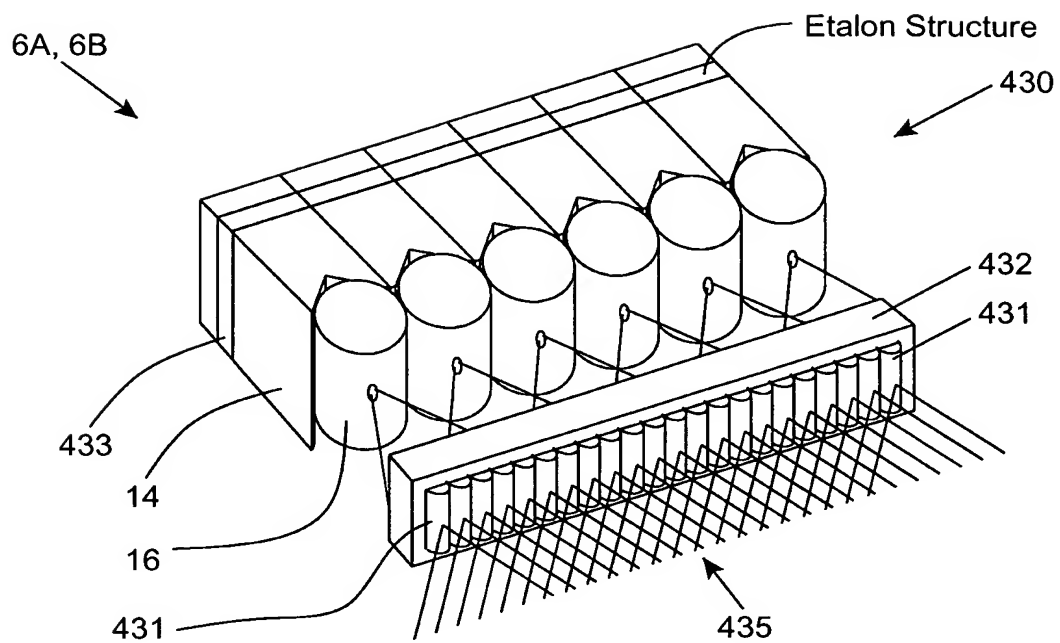


FIG. 1117A

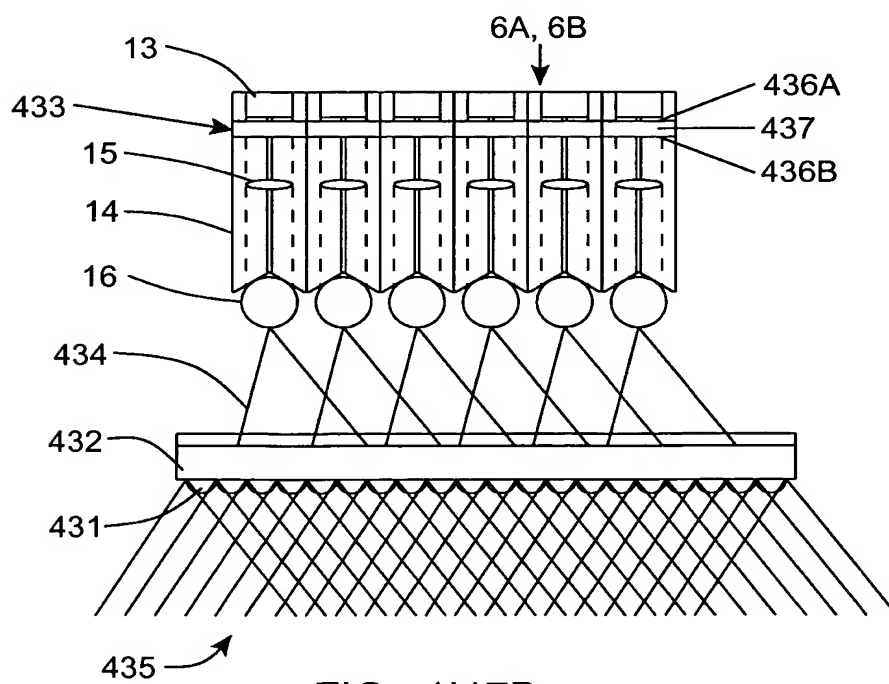


FIG. 1117B

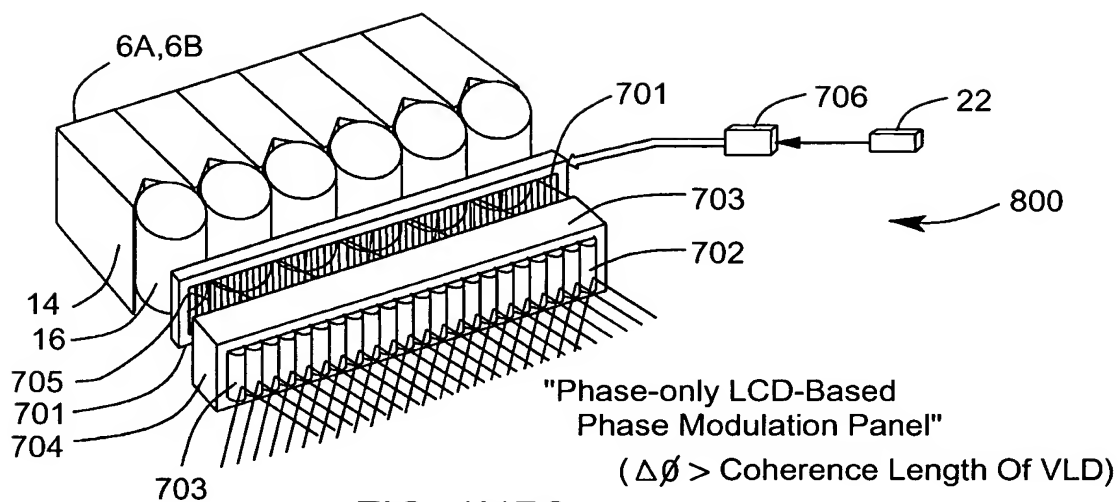


FIG. 1I17C

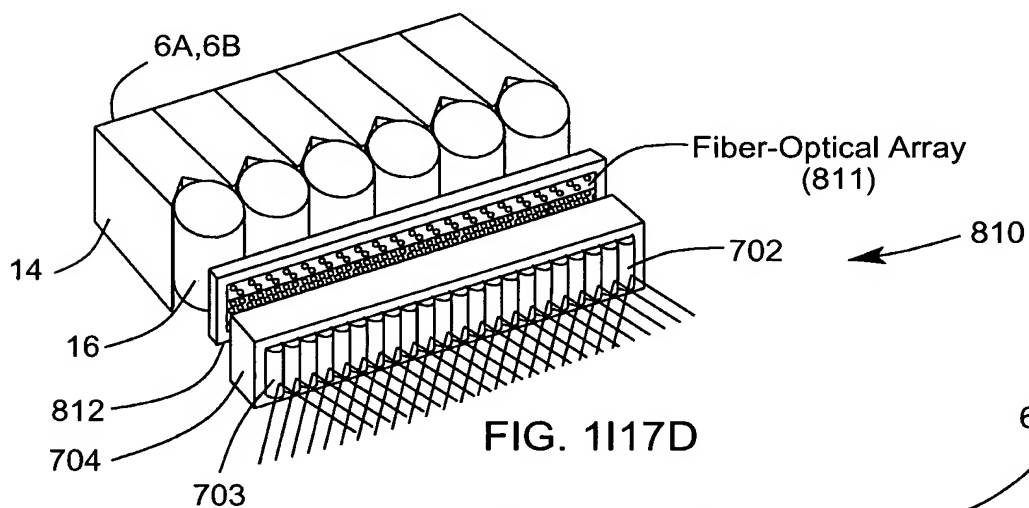


FIG. 1I17D

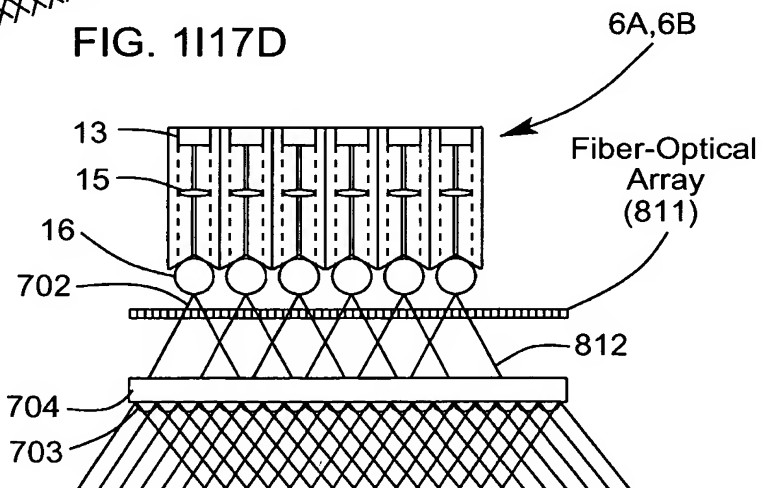


FIG. 1I17E

Fourth Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

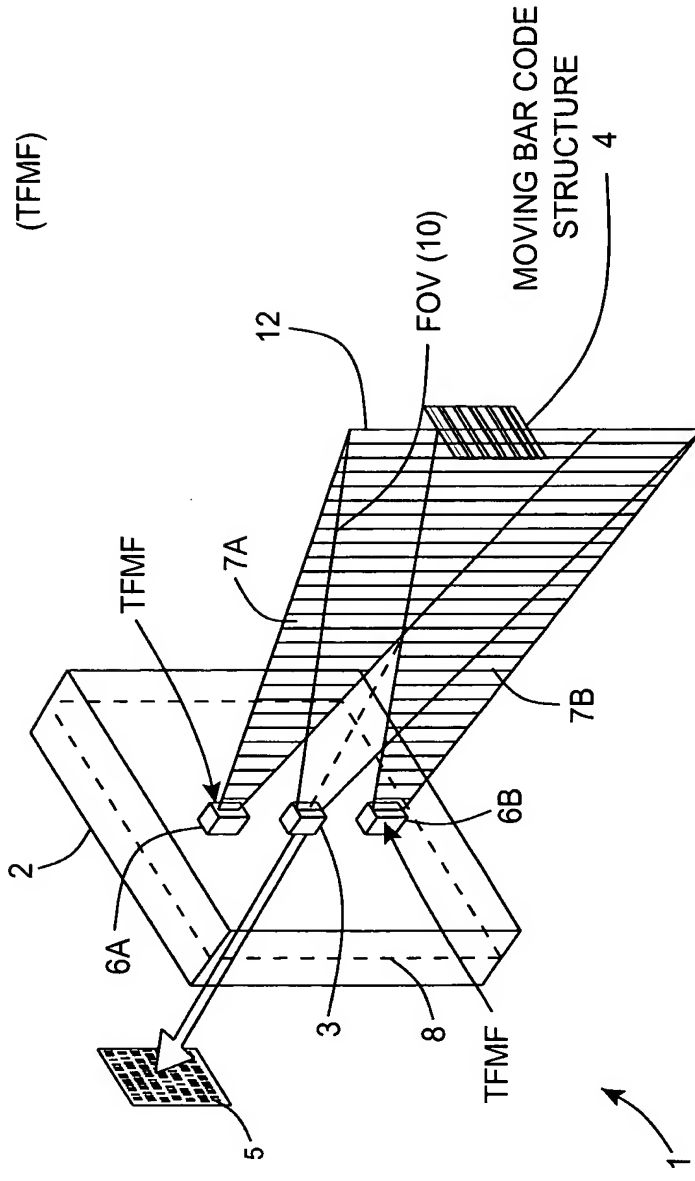


FIG. 1118

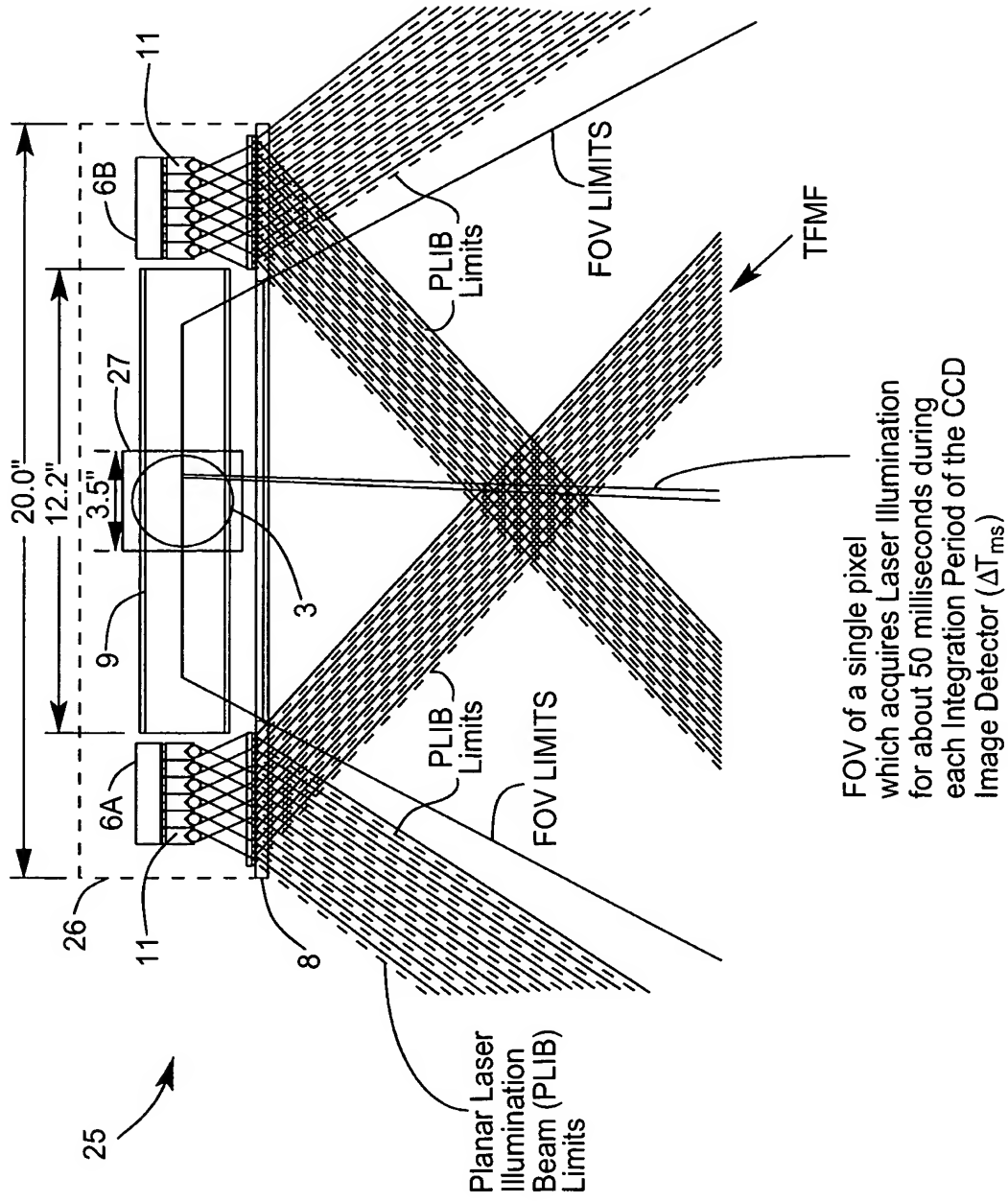


FIG. 1118A

THE FOURTH GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

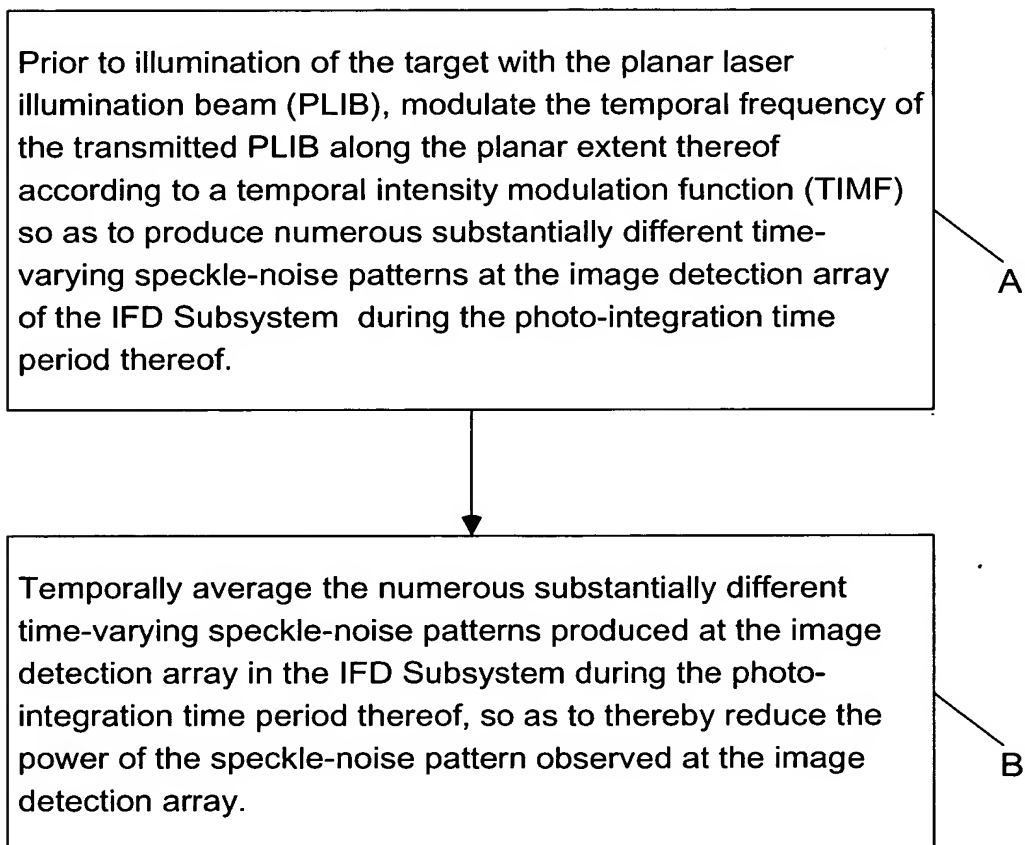
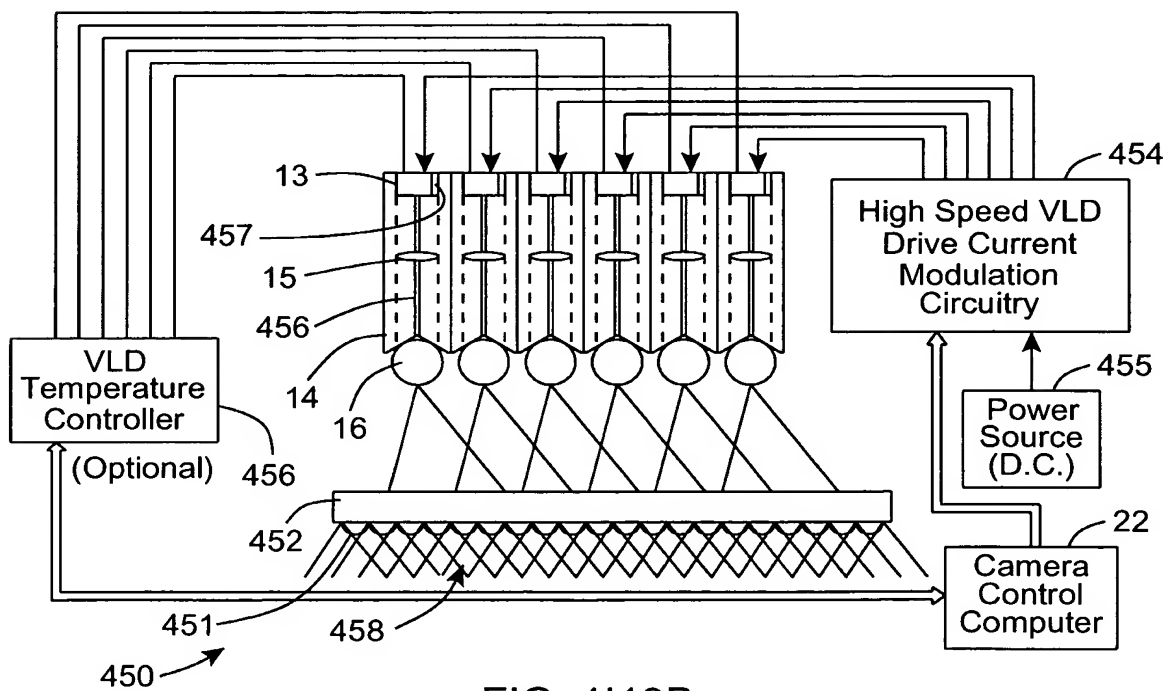
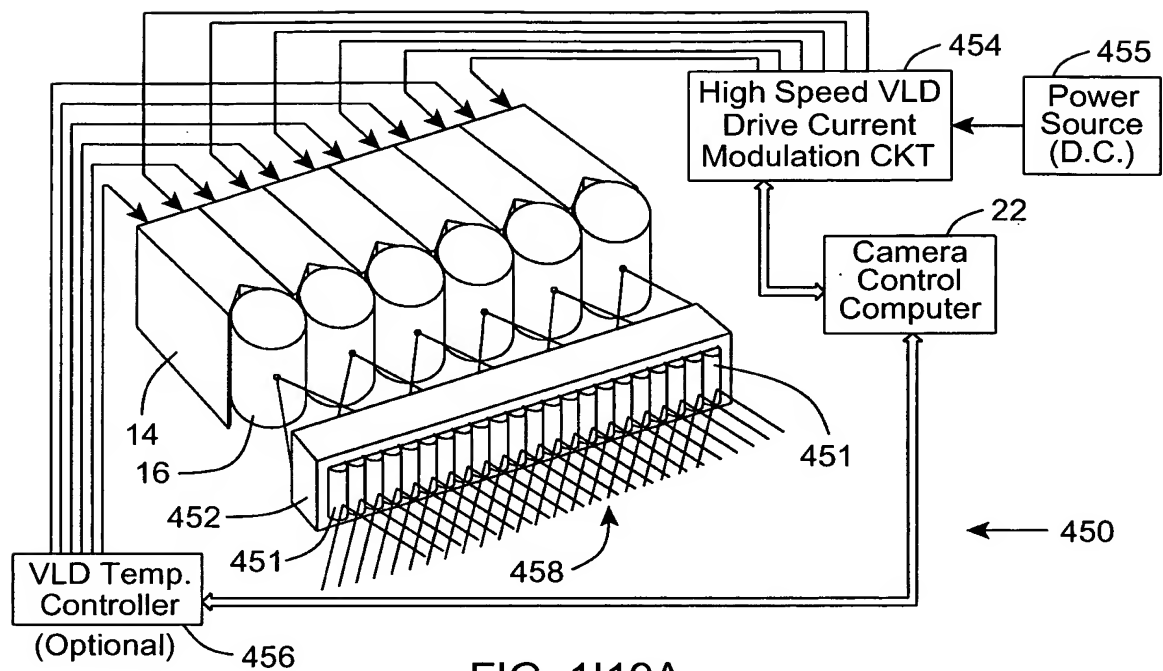


FIG. 1118B



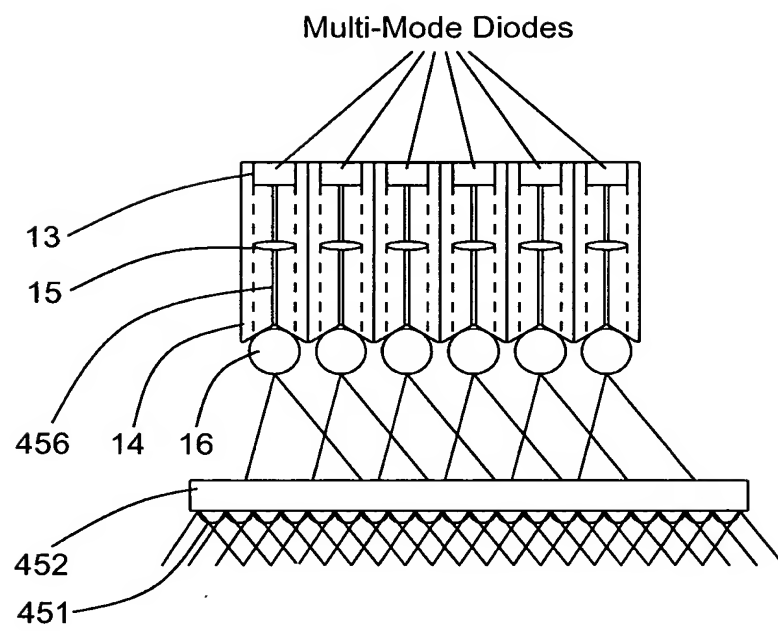


FIG. 1119C

Fifth Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

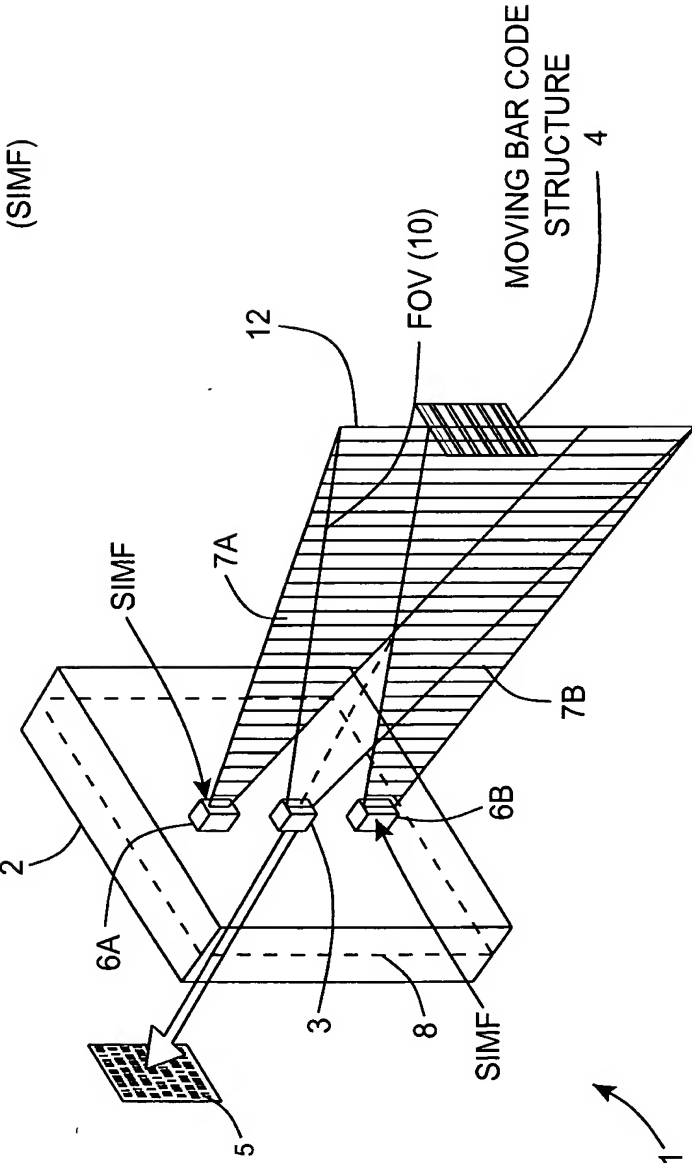


FIG. 1120

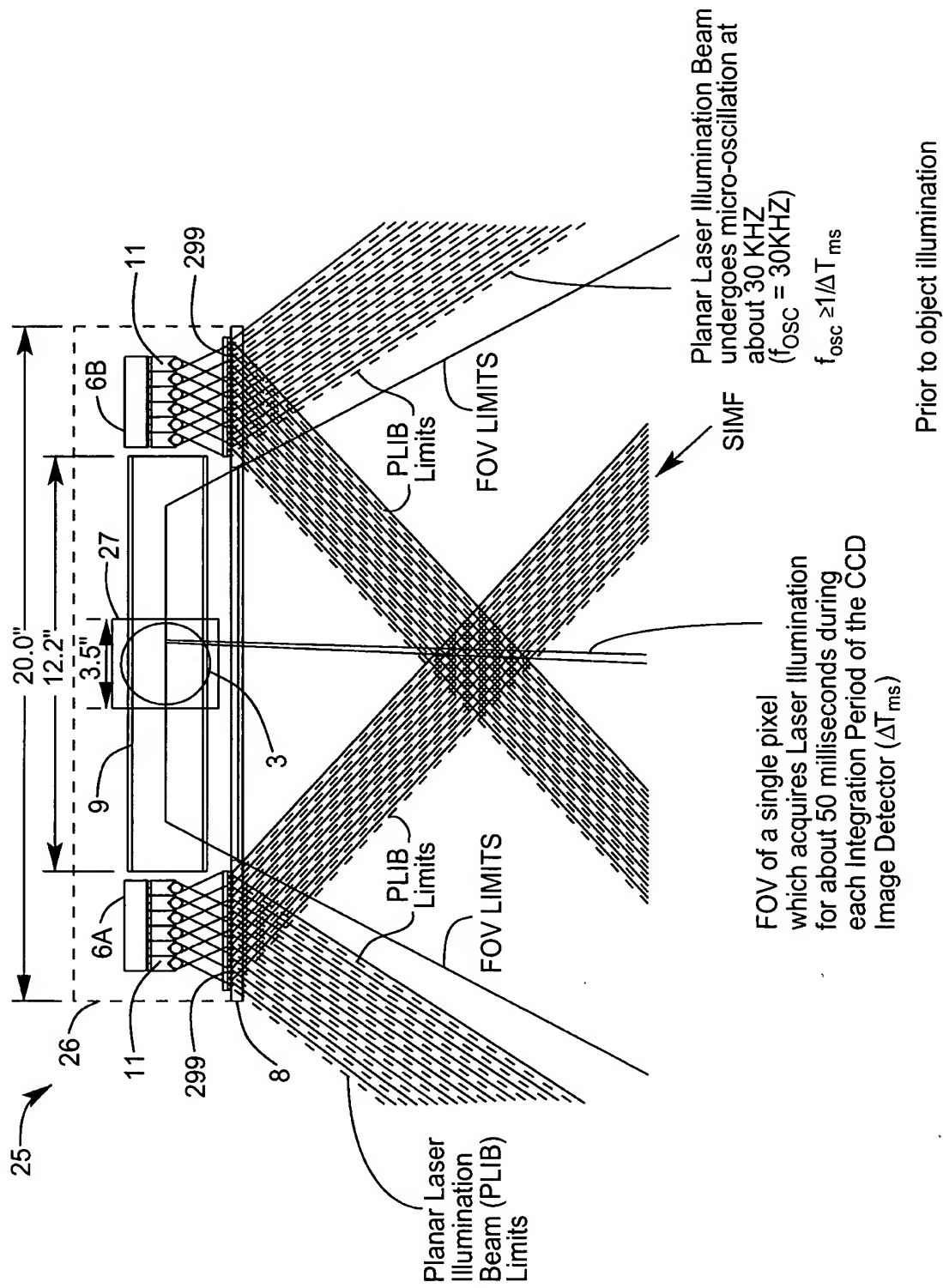


FIG. 1120A

THE FIFTH GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

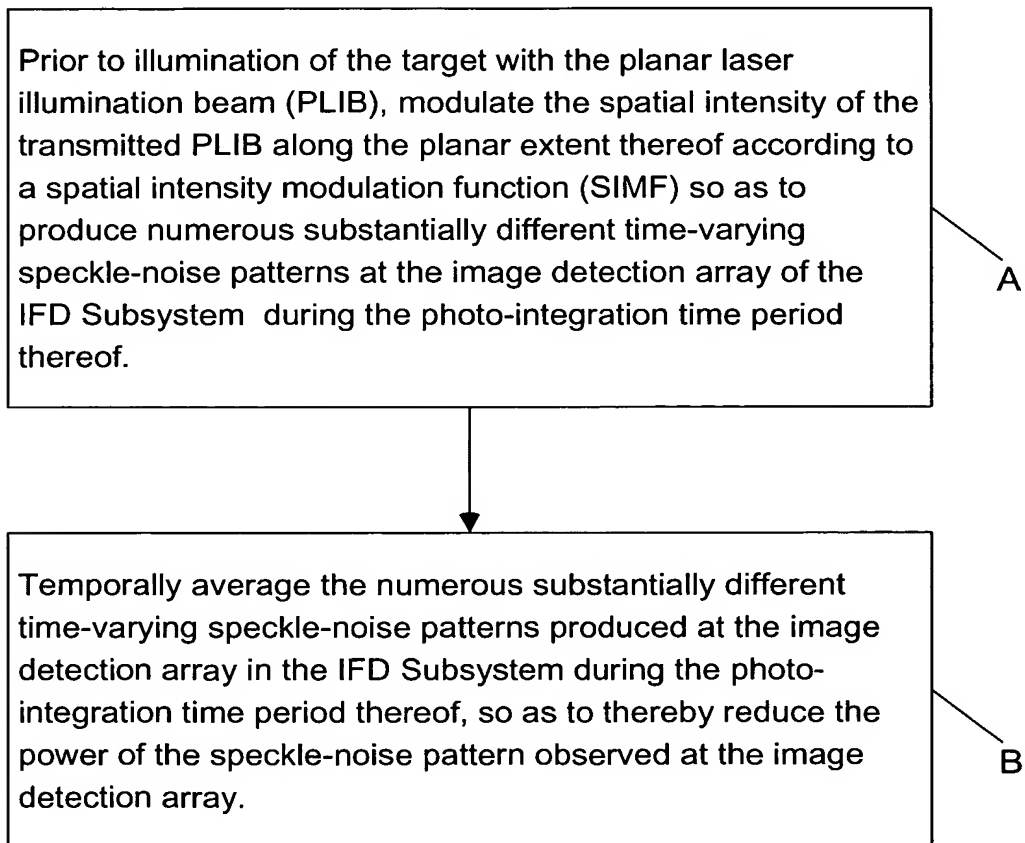
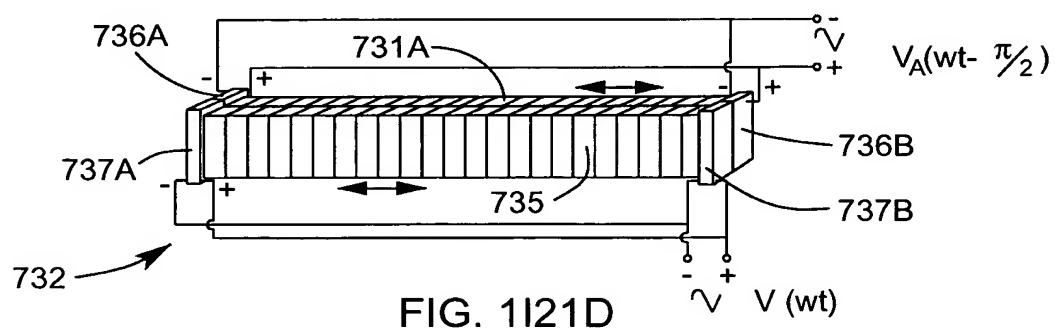
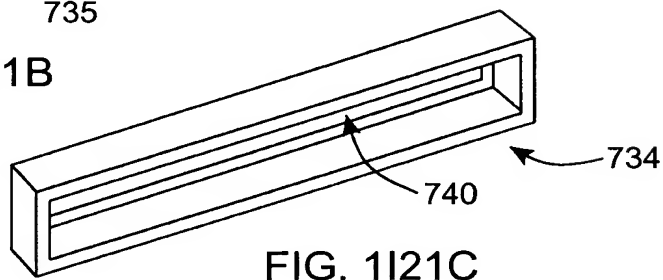
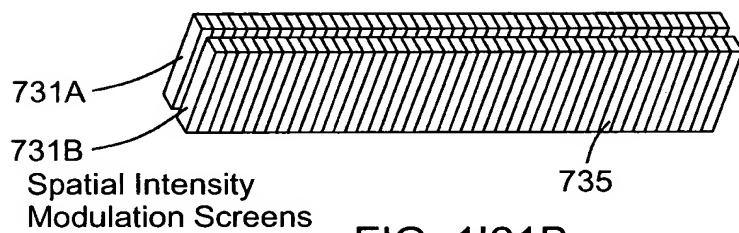
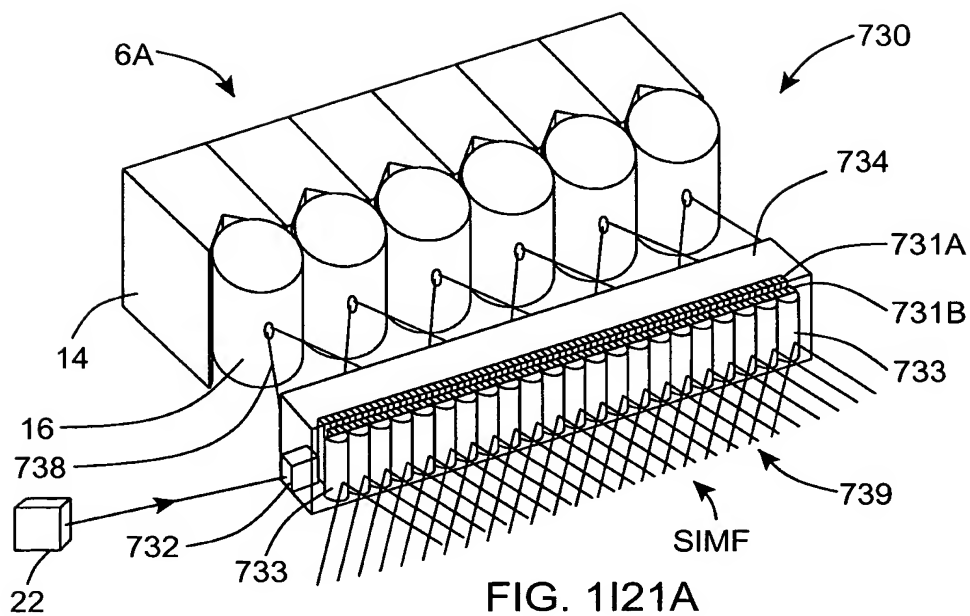


FIG. 1I20B



Sixth Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

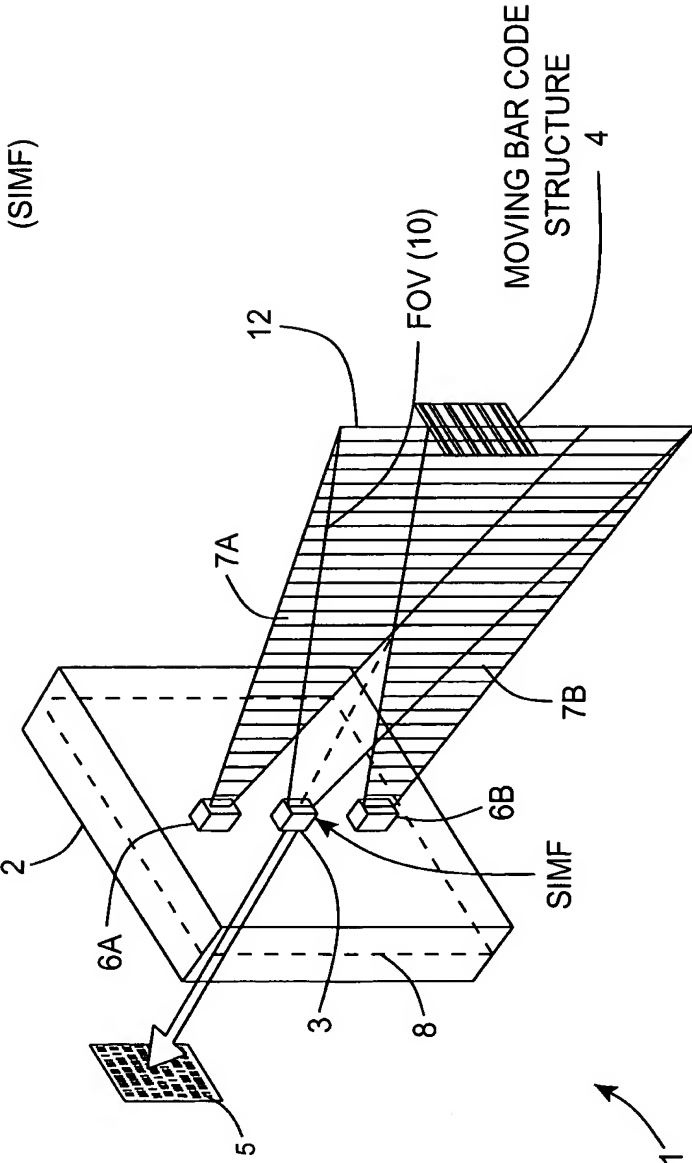


FIG. 1122

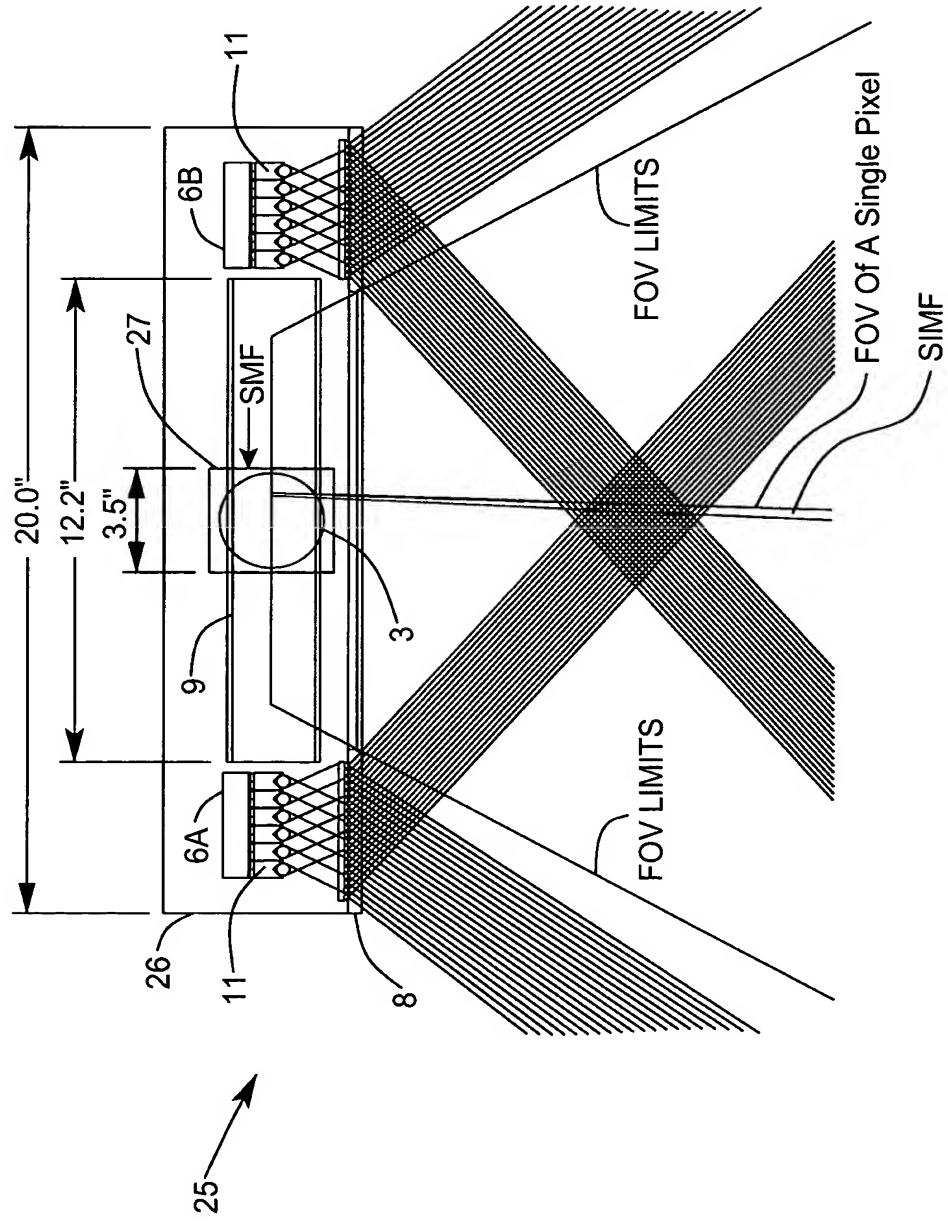


FIG. 1I22A

THE SIXTH GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

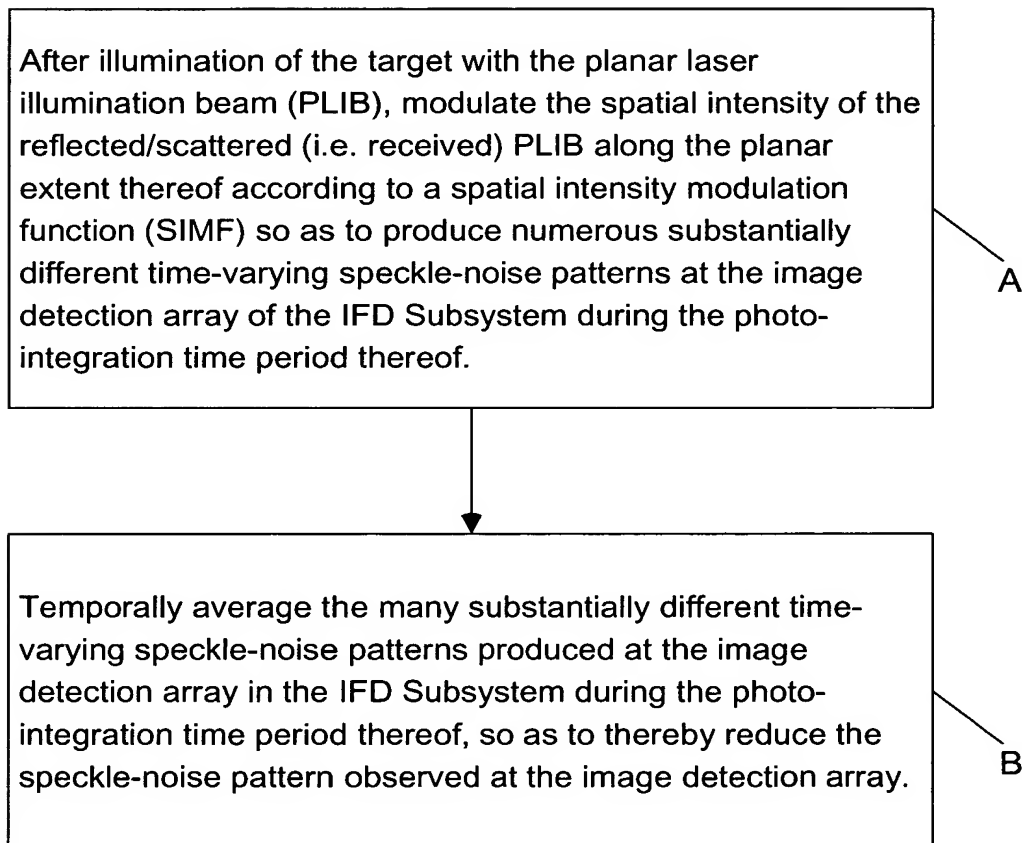


FIG. 1I22B

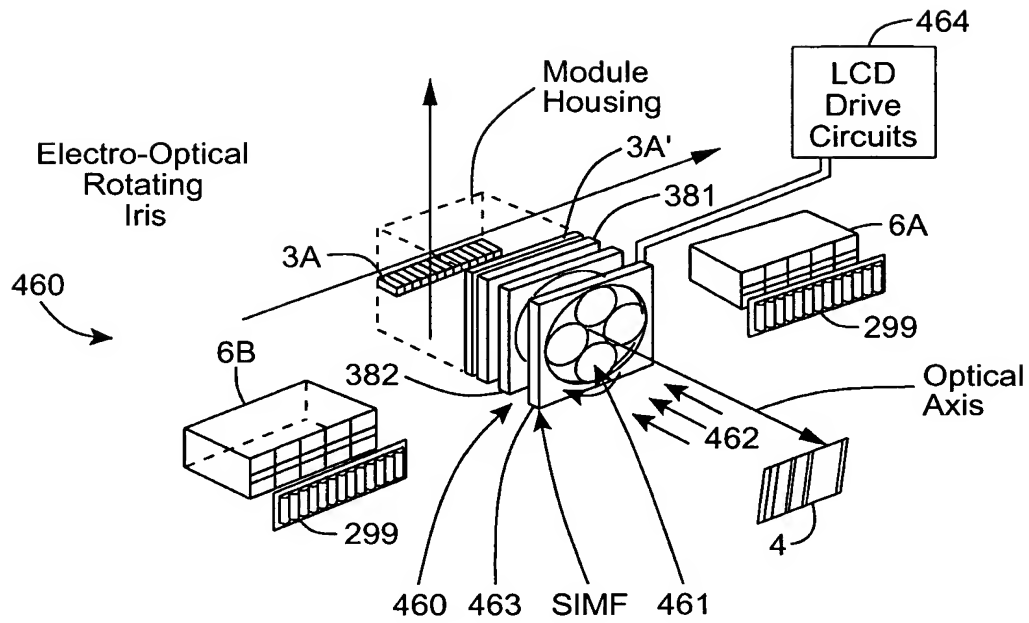


FIG. 1123A

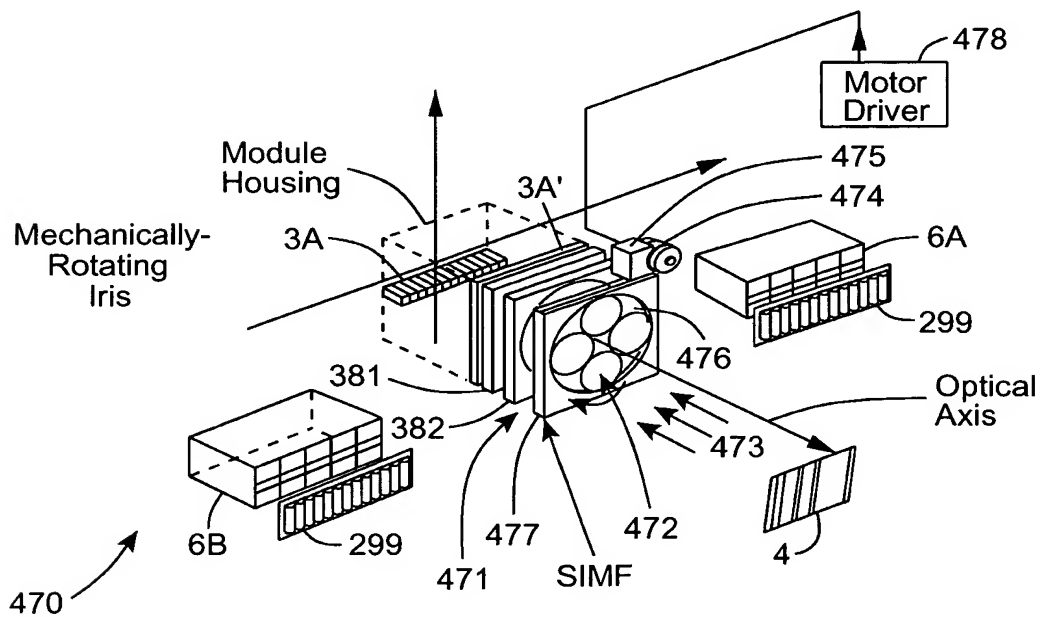


FIG. 1123B

Seventh Generalized Method Of
Reducing Speckle-Noise Patterns
At Image Detection Array
Of The IFD Subsystem (3)

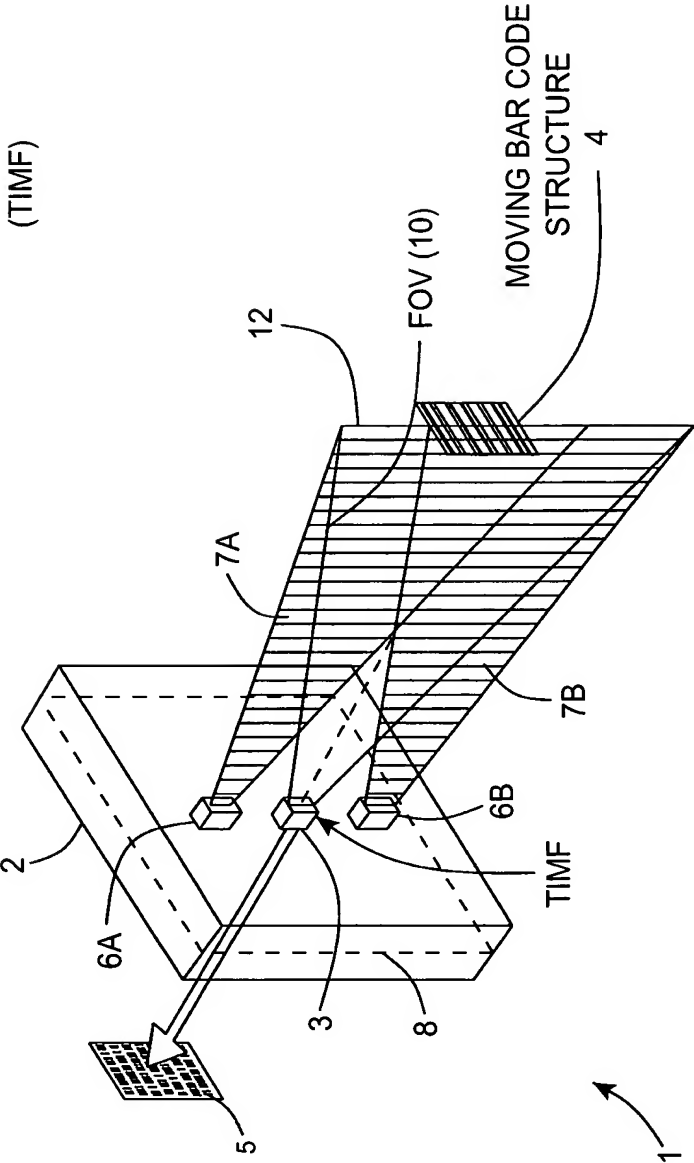


FIG. 1124

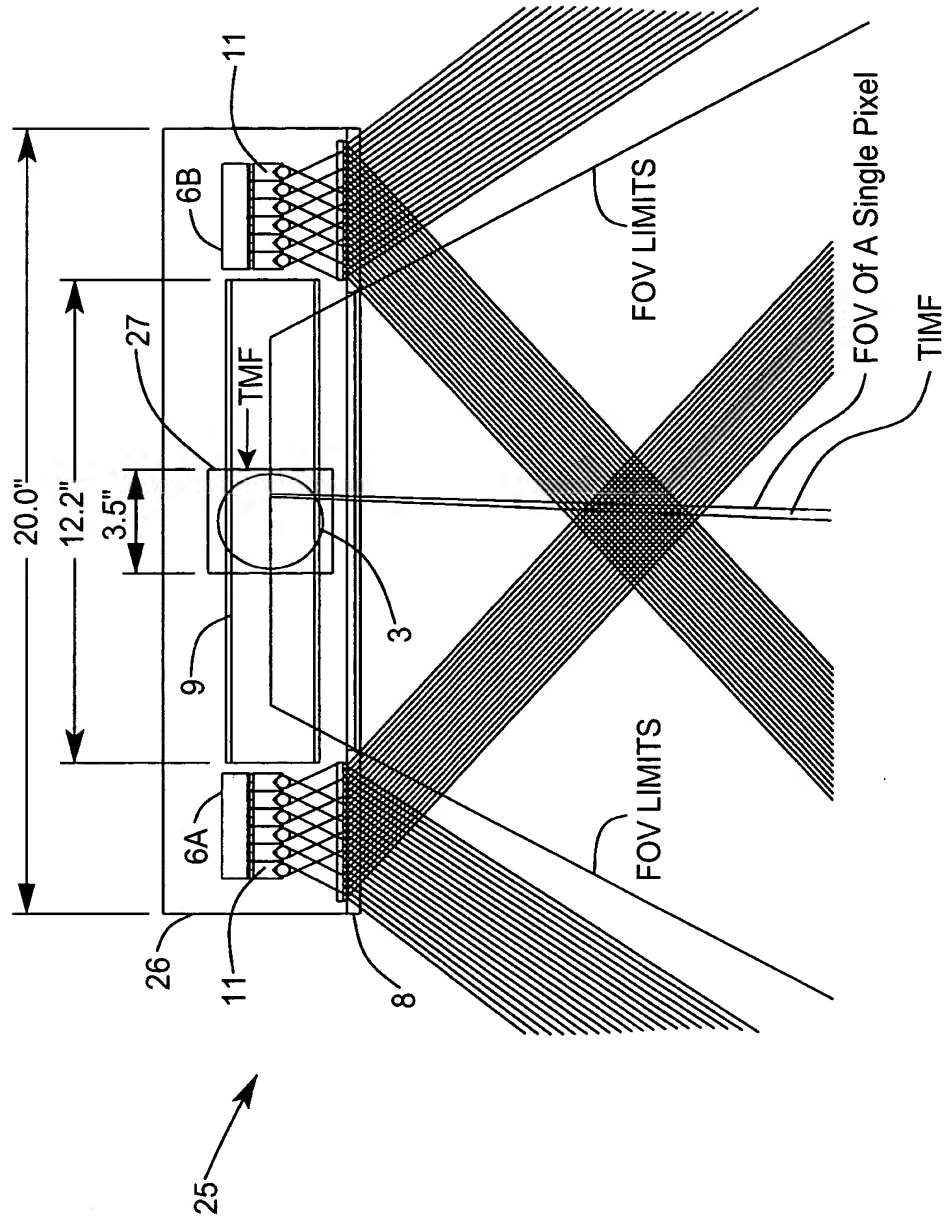


FIG. 1I24A

THE SEVENTH GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

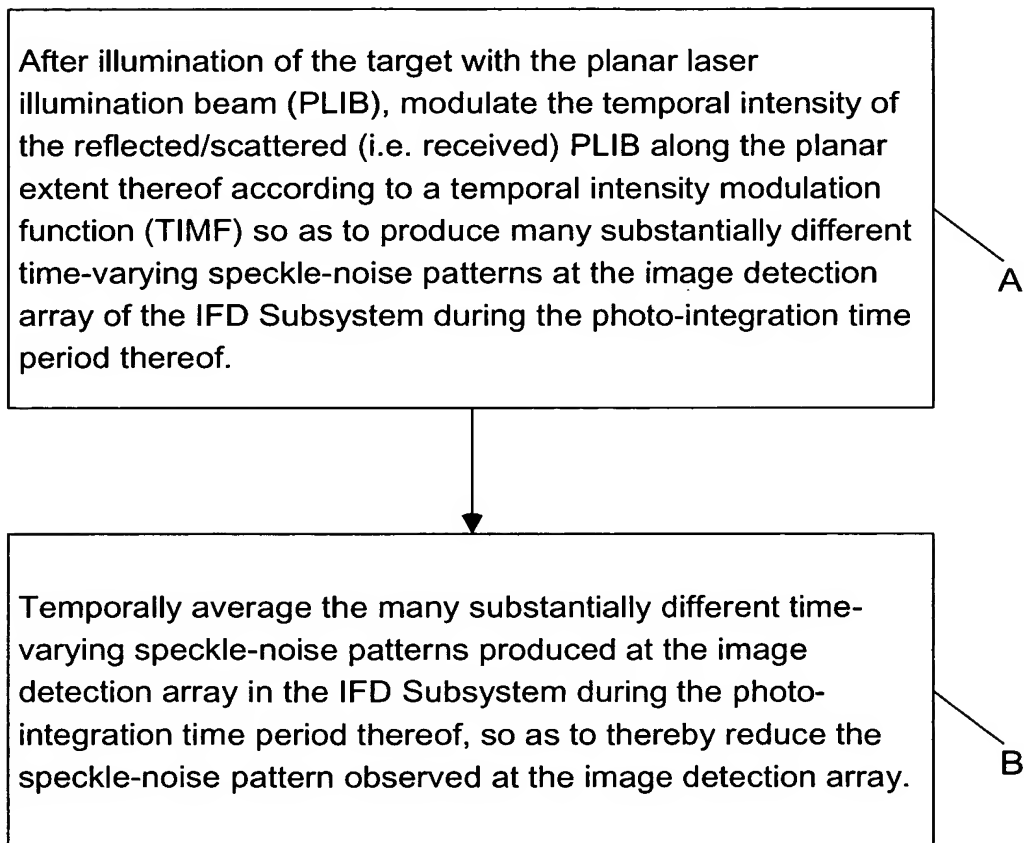


FIG. 1124B

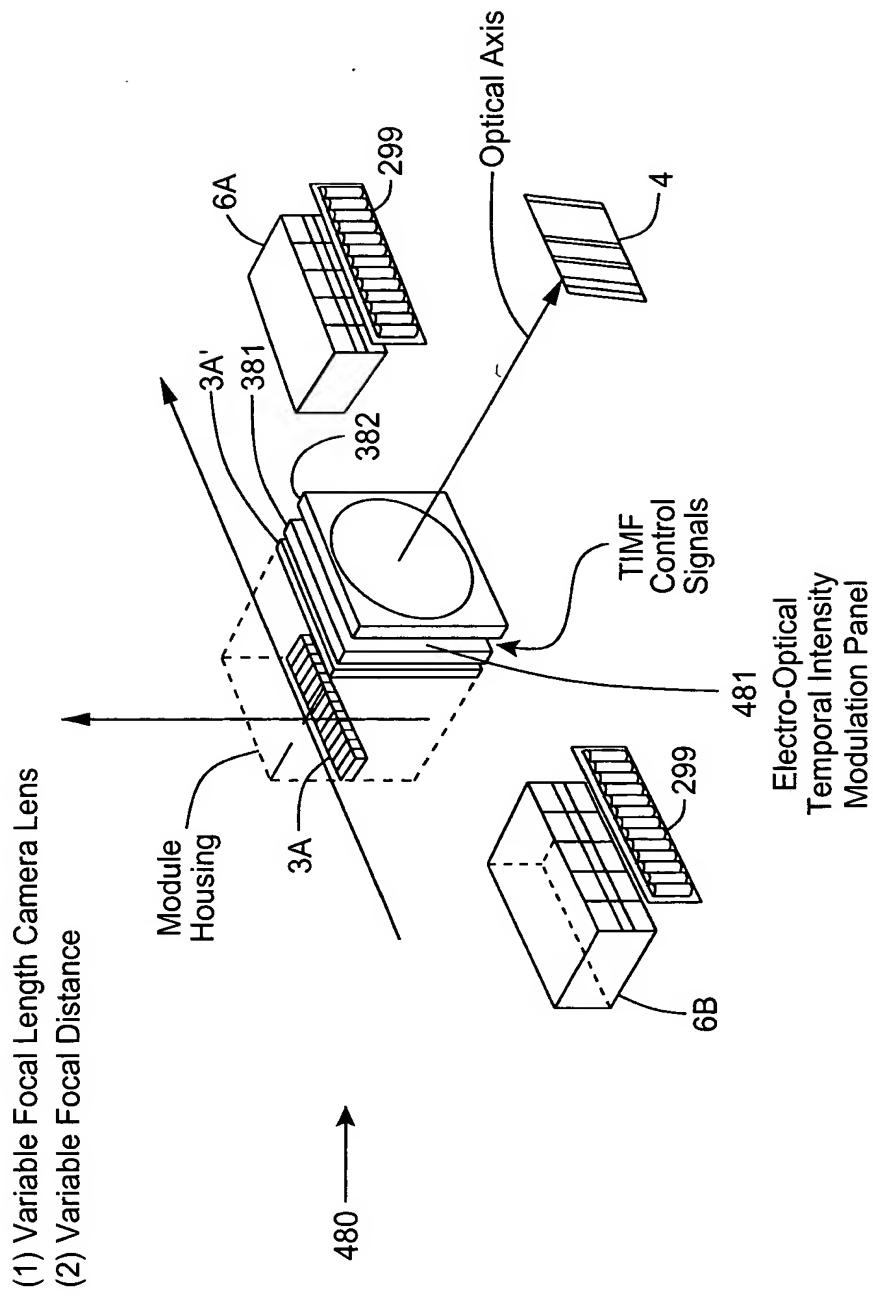


FIG. 1I24C

THE EIGHT GENERALIZED SPECKLE-NOISE PATTERN REDUCTION
METHOD OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

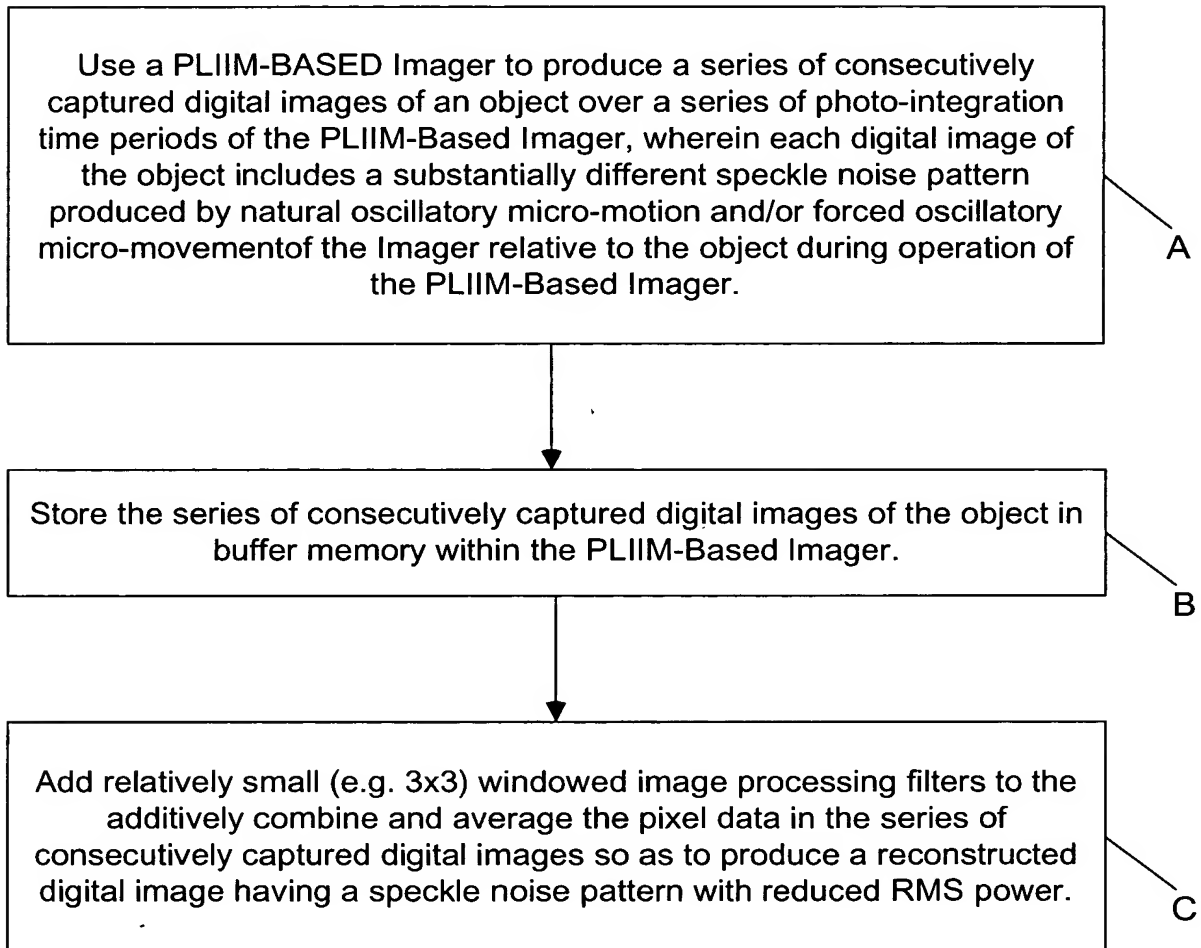


FIG. 1I24D

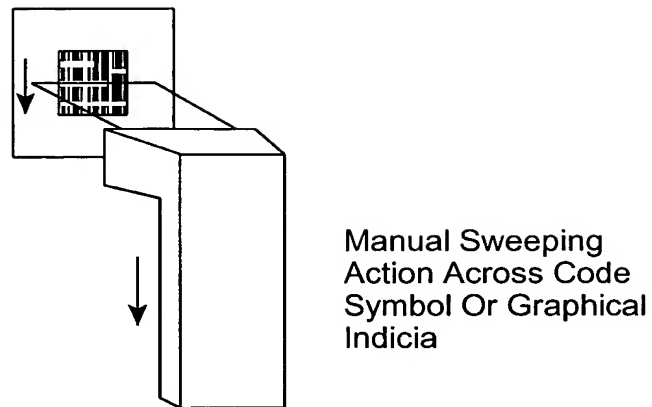
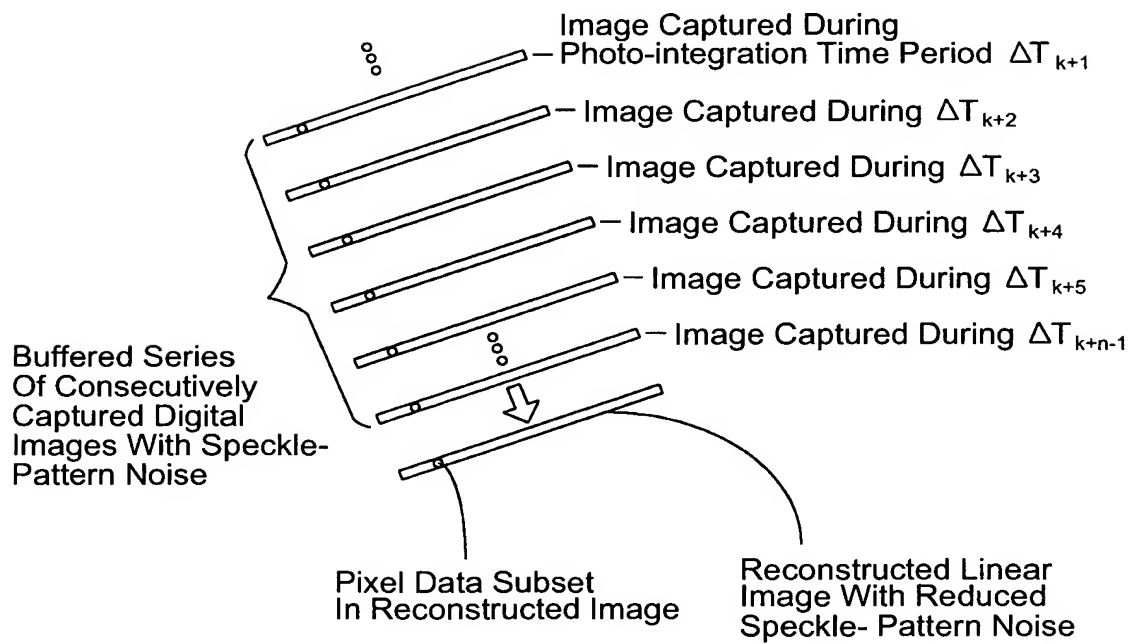


FIG. 1I24E



Case: Linear Imager

FIG. 1I24F

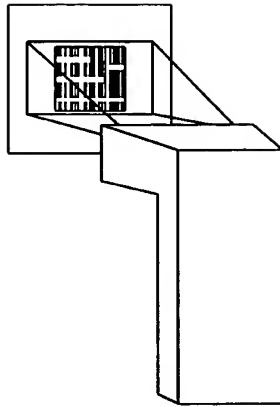
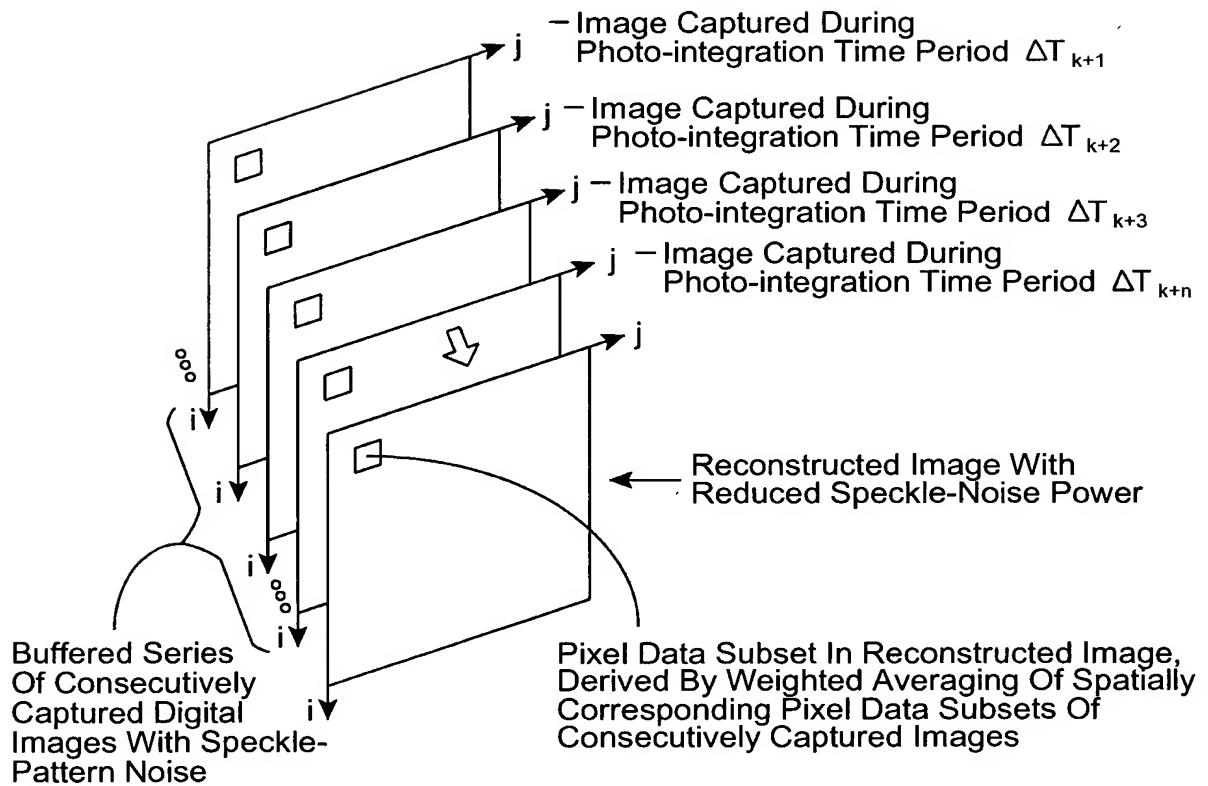


FIG. 1I24G



Case: 2D Area Imager

FIG. 1I24H

THE NINTH GENERALIZED METHOD OF REDUCING SPECKLE PATTERN
NOISE IN PLIIM-BASED IMAGING SYSTEMS

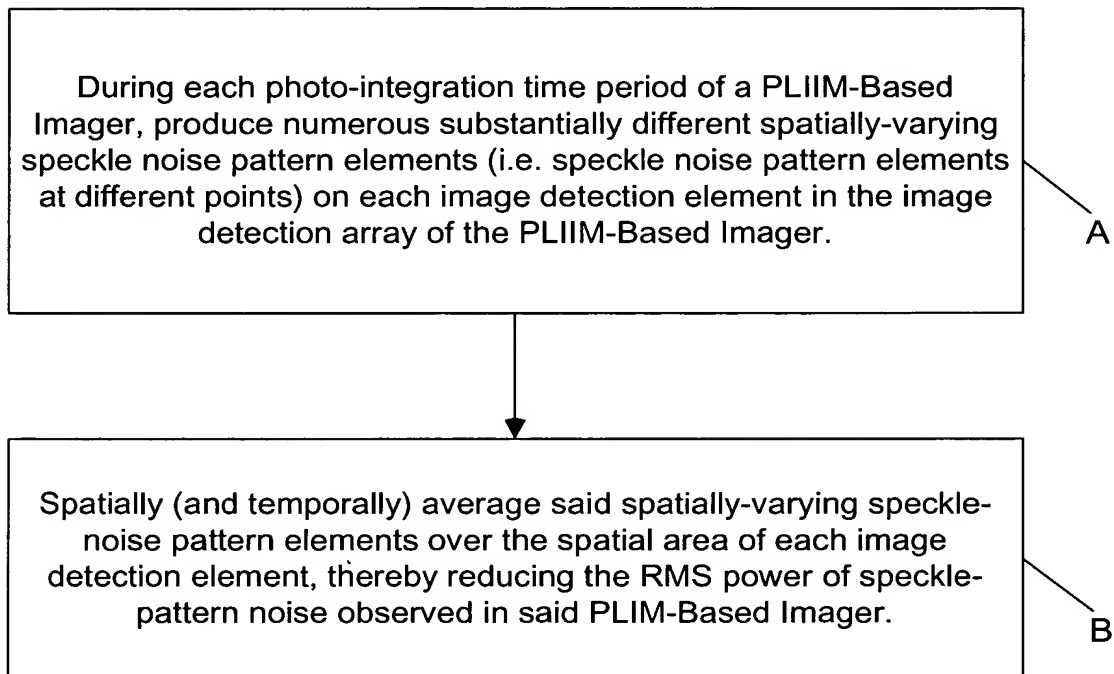
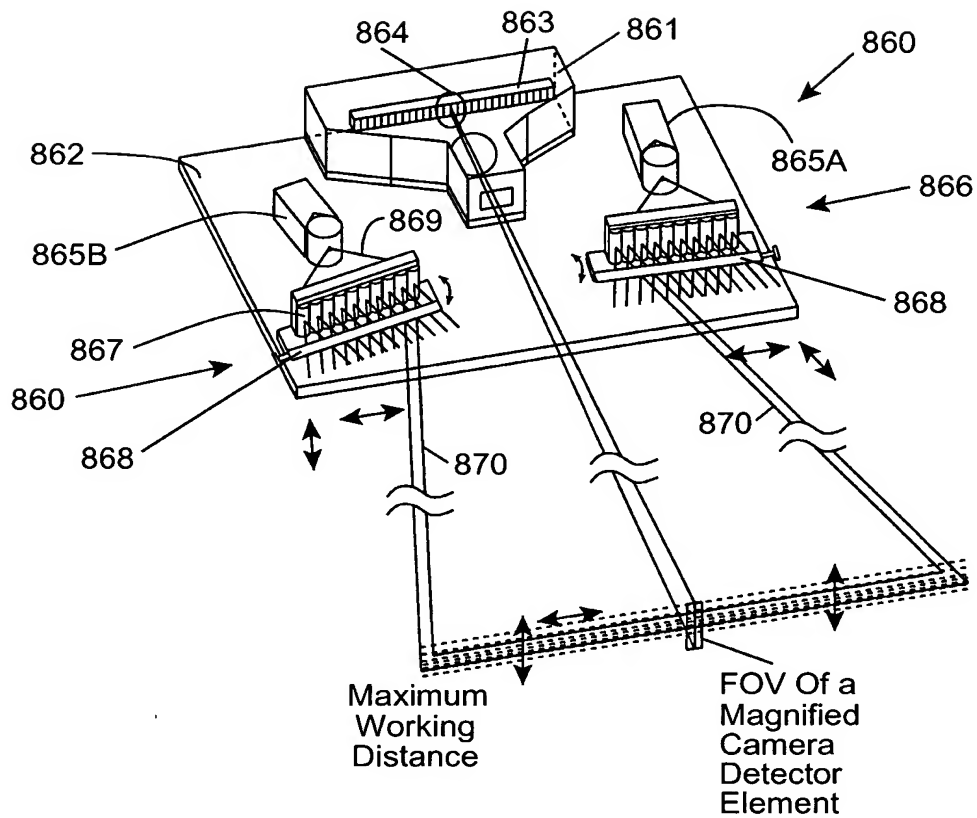


FIG. 1124I



* Lateral And
Transverse
Micro-oscillation
Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25A1

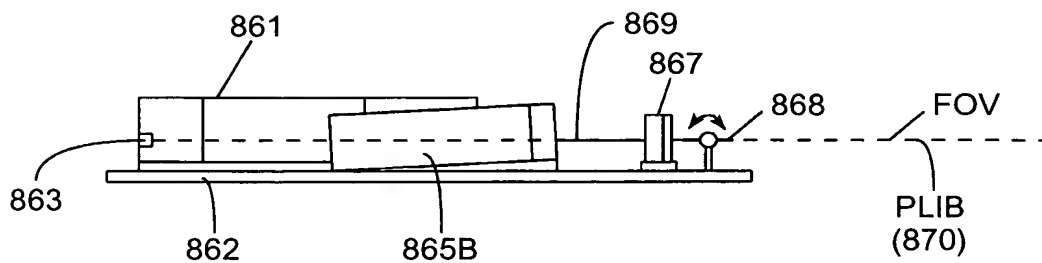


FIG. 1I25A2

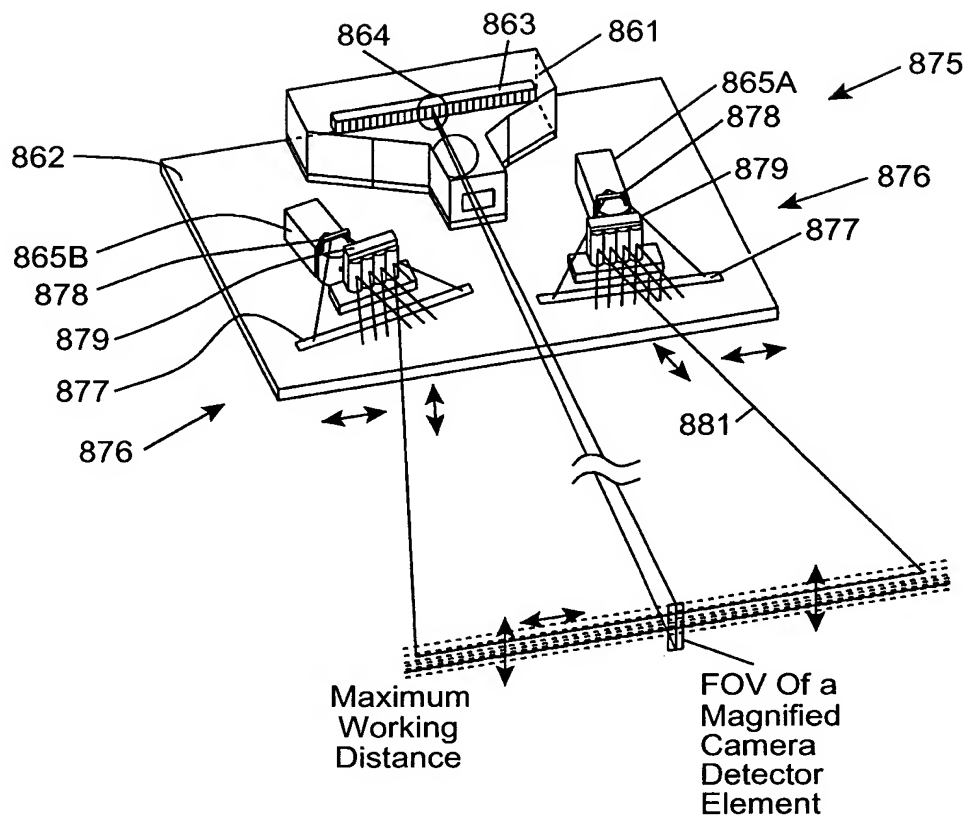


FIG. 1I25B1

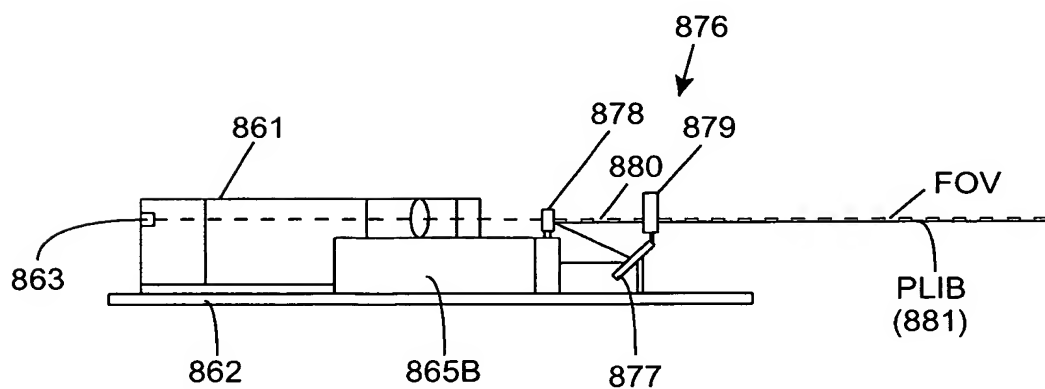
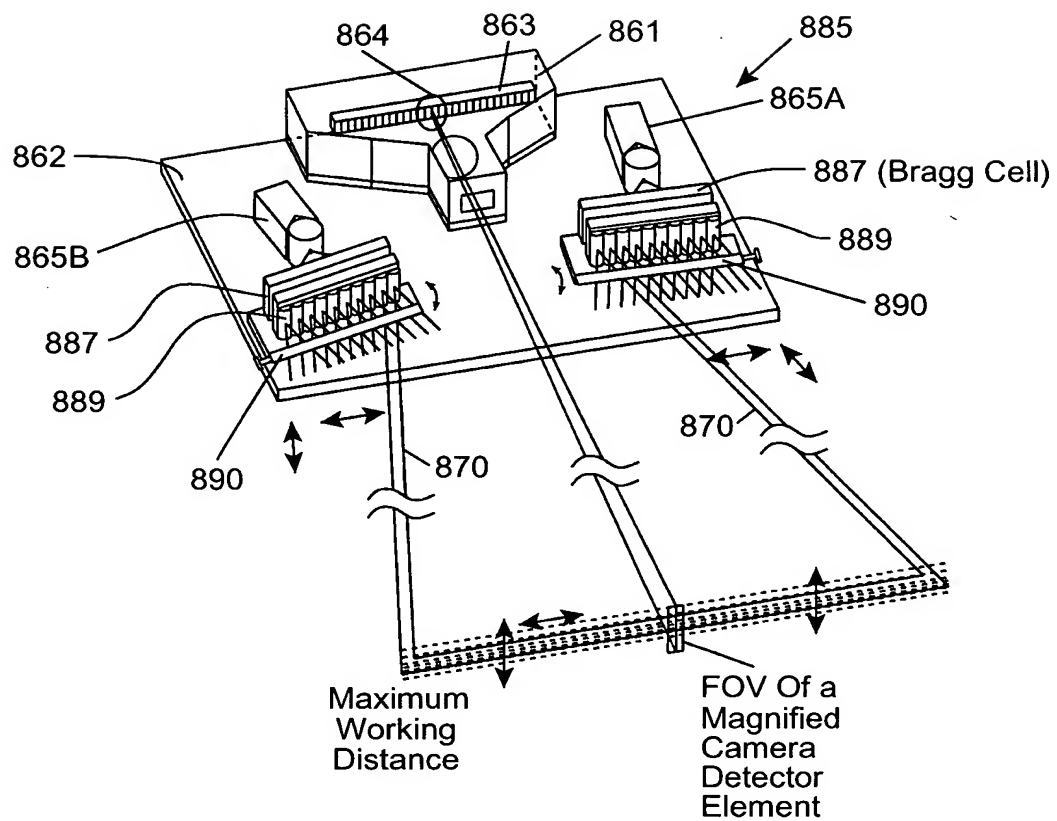


FIG. 1I25B2



* Lateral And
Transverse
Micro-oscillation
Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25C1

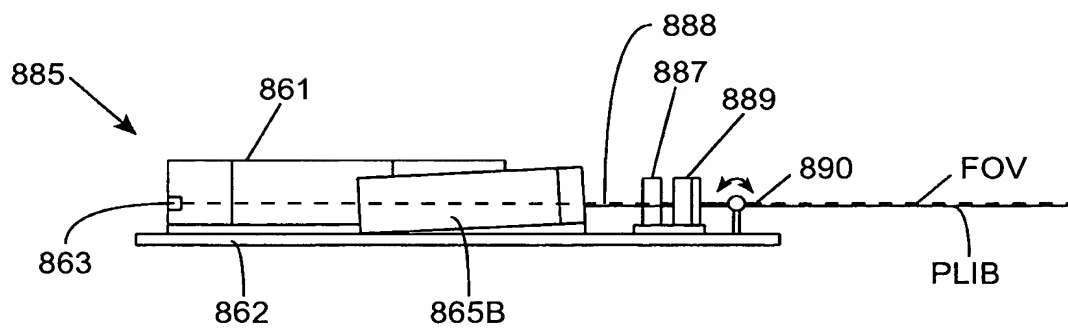


FIG. 1I25C2

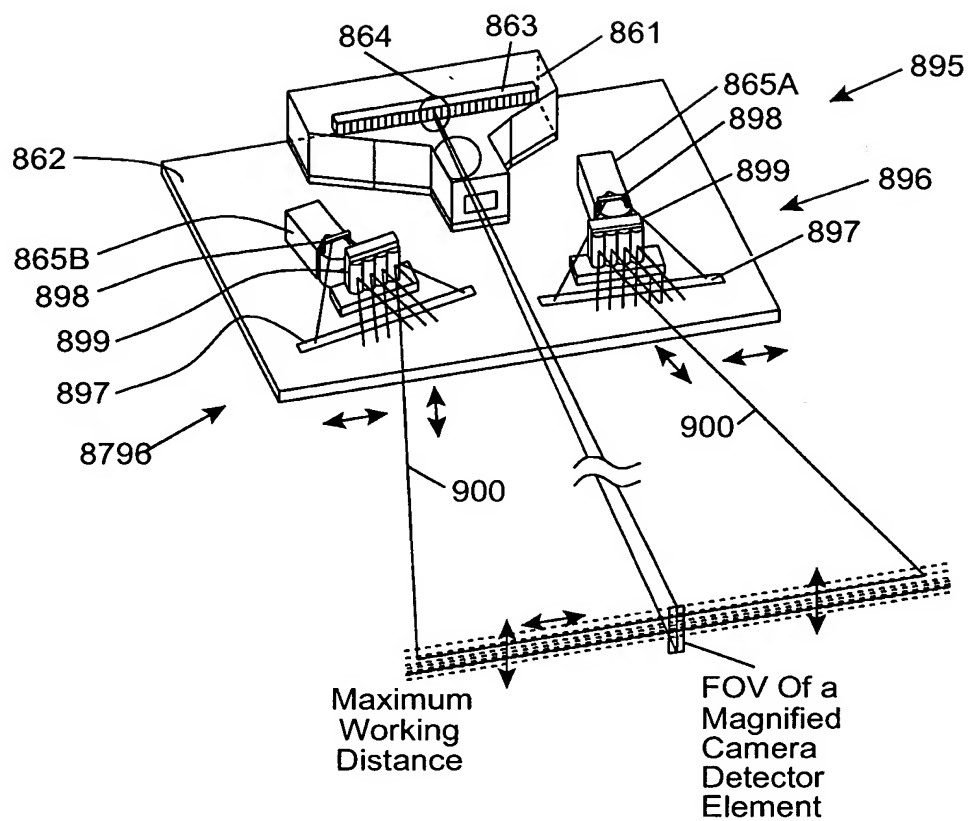


FIG. 1I25D1

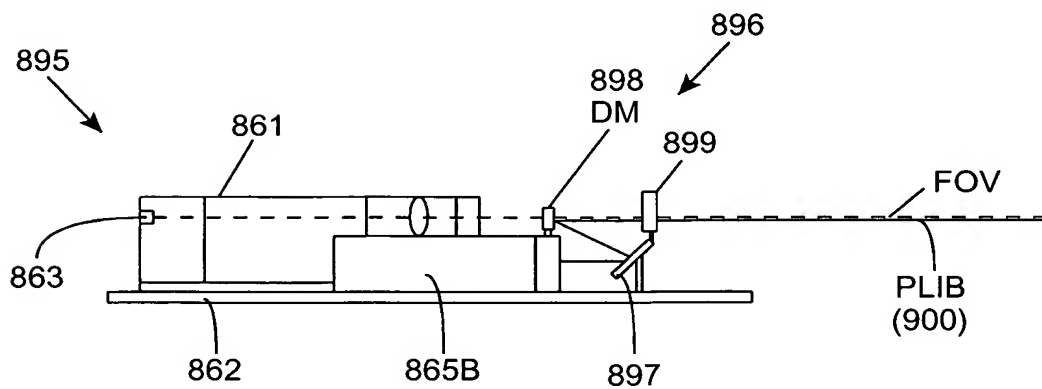
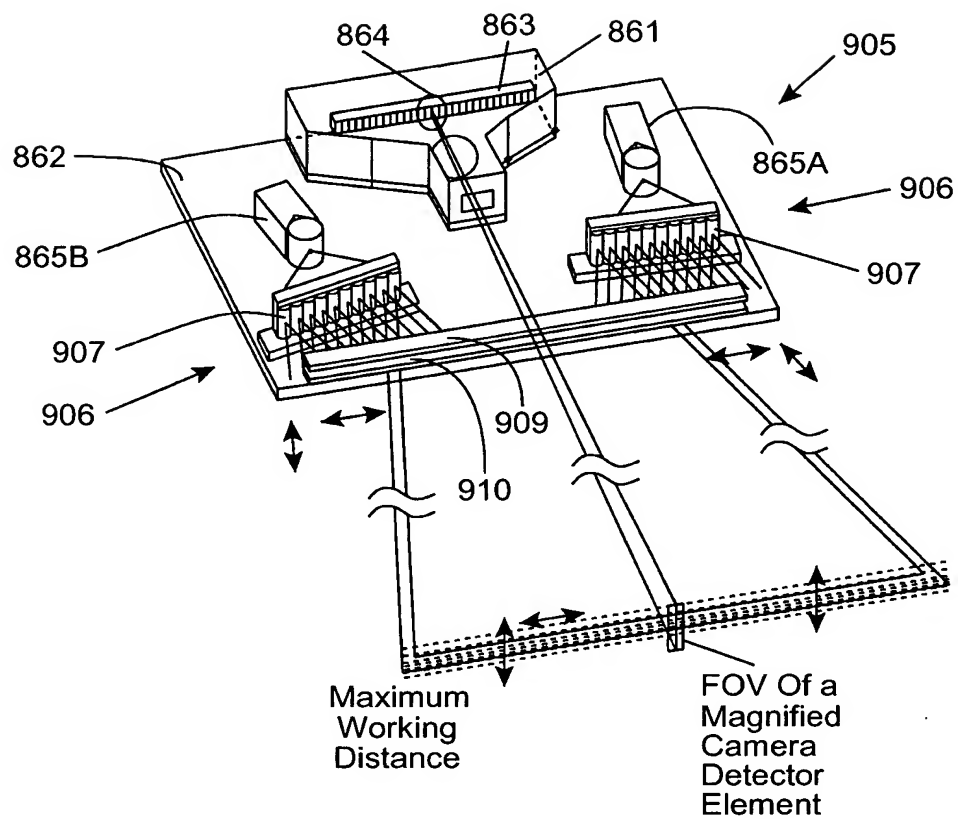


FIG. 1I25D2



* Lateral And
Transverse
Micro-oscillation
Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25E1

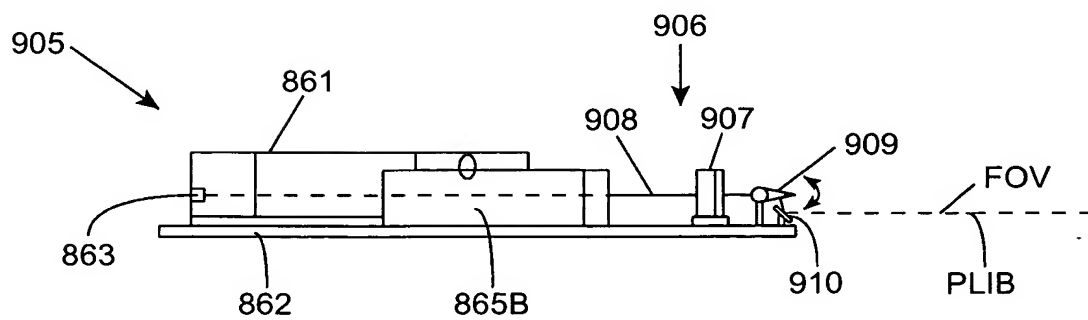
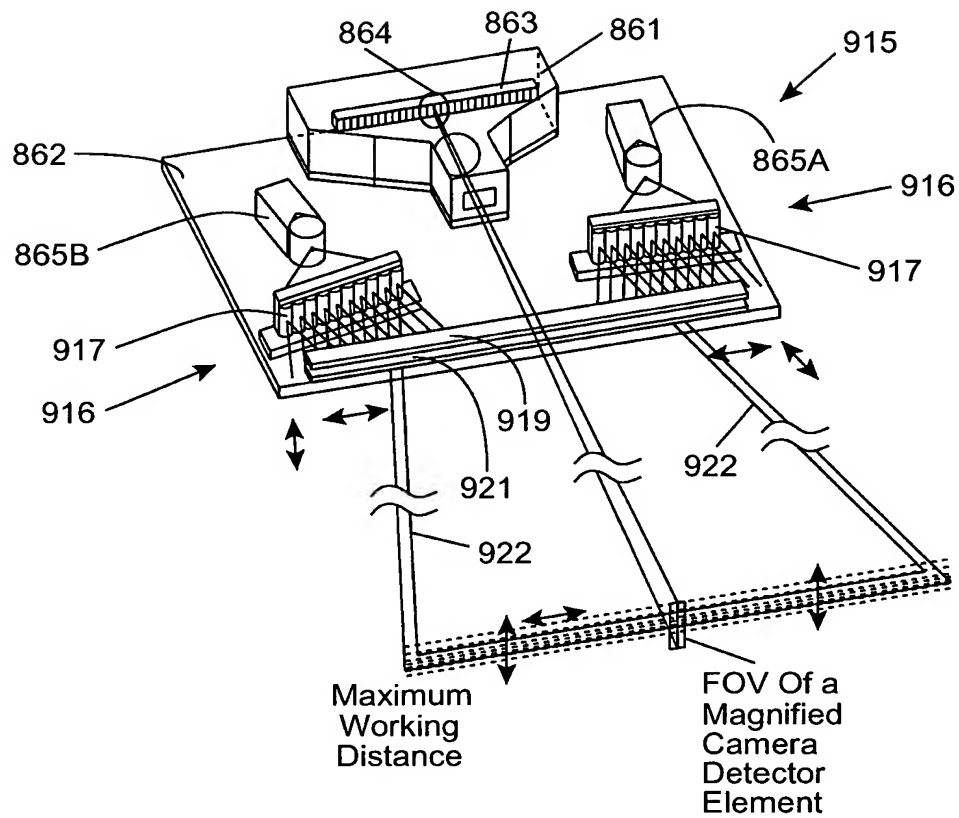


FIG. 1I25E2



* Lateral And
Transverse
Micro-oscillation
Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25F1

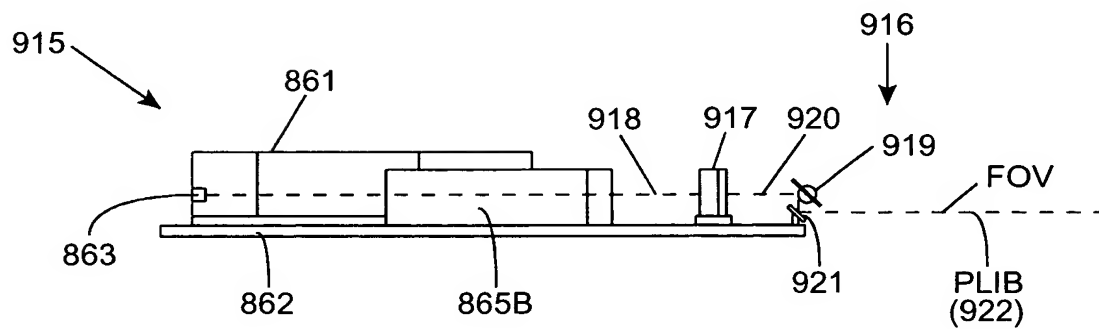
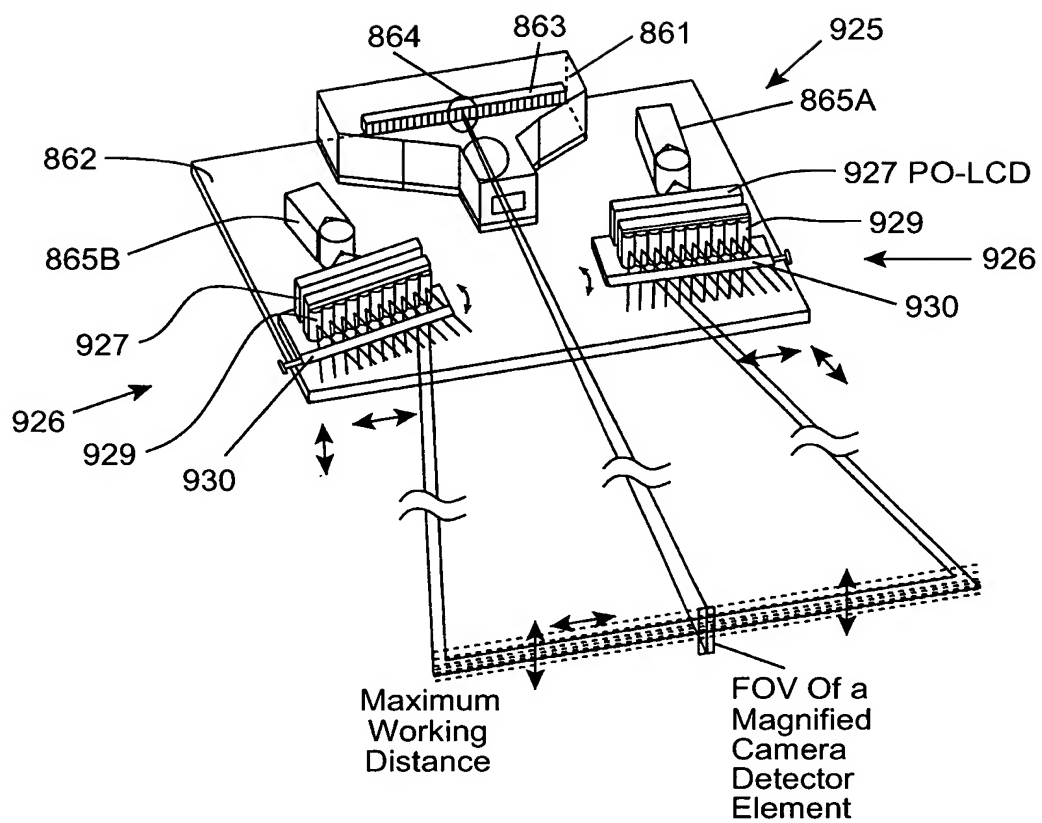


FIG. 1I25F2



* Lateral And Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25G1

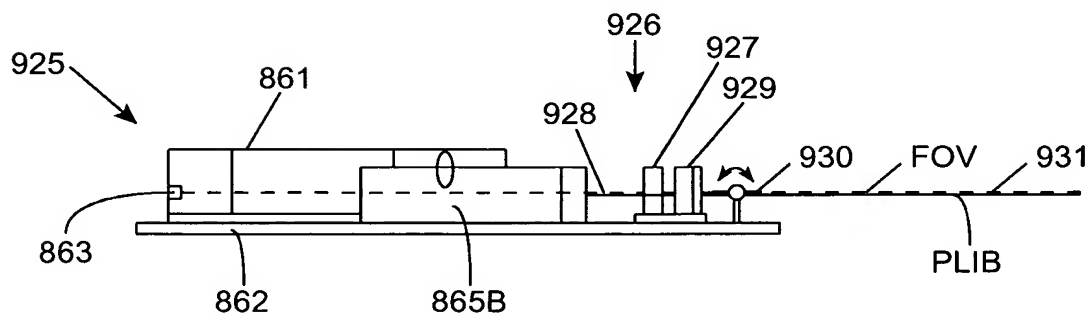
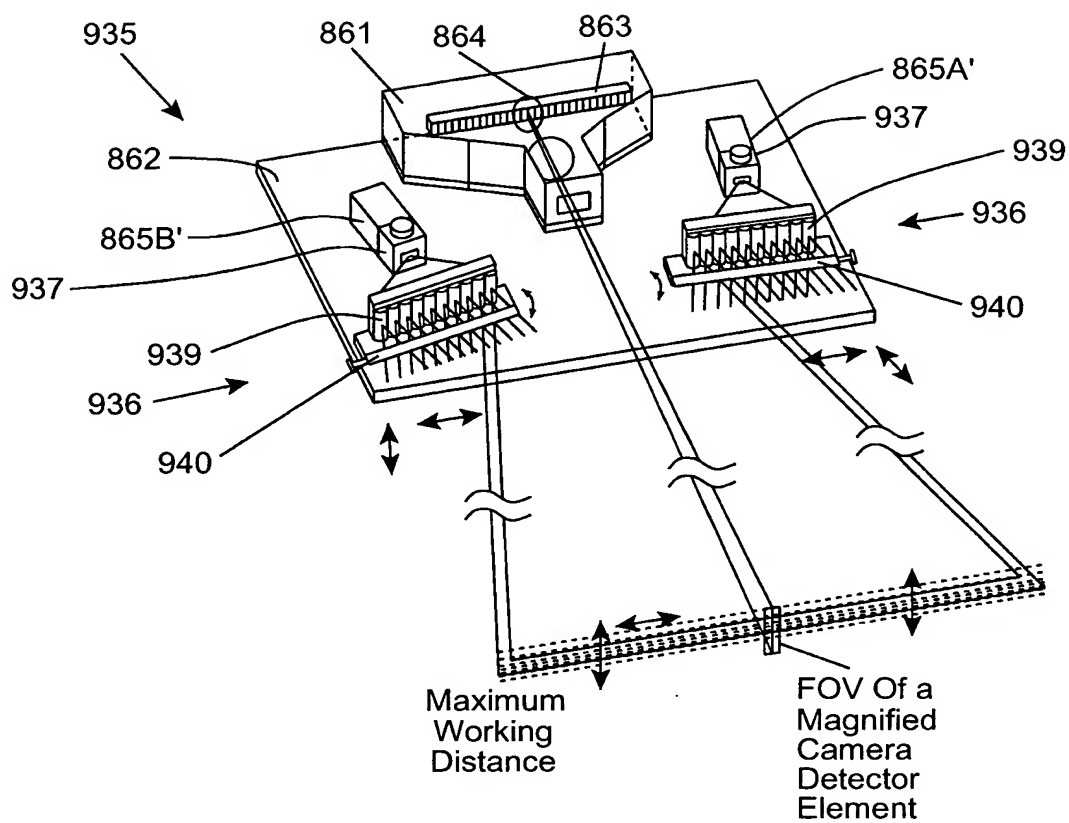


FIG. 1I25G2



* Lateral And Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25H1

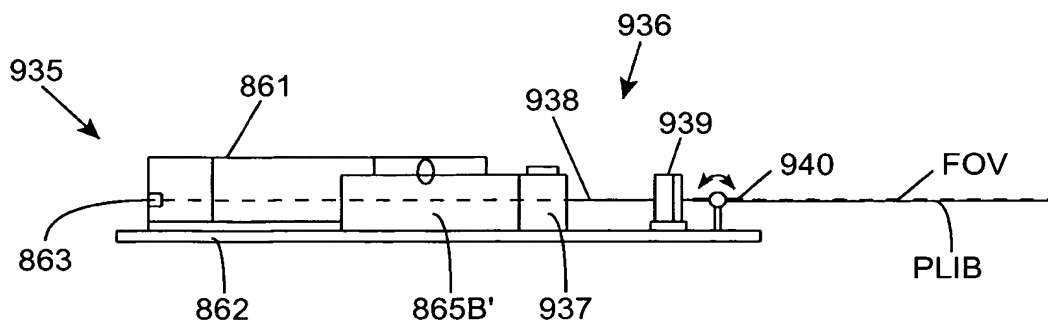


FIG. 1I25H2

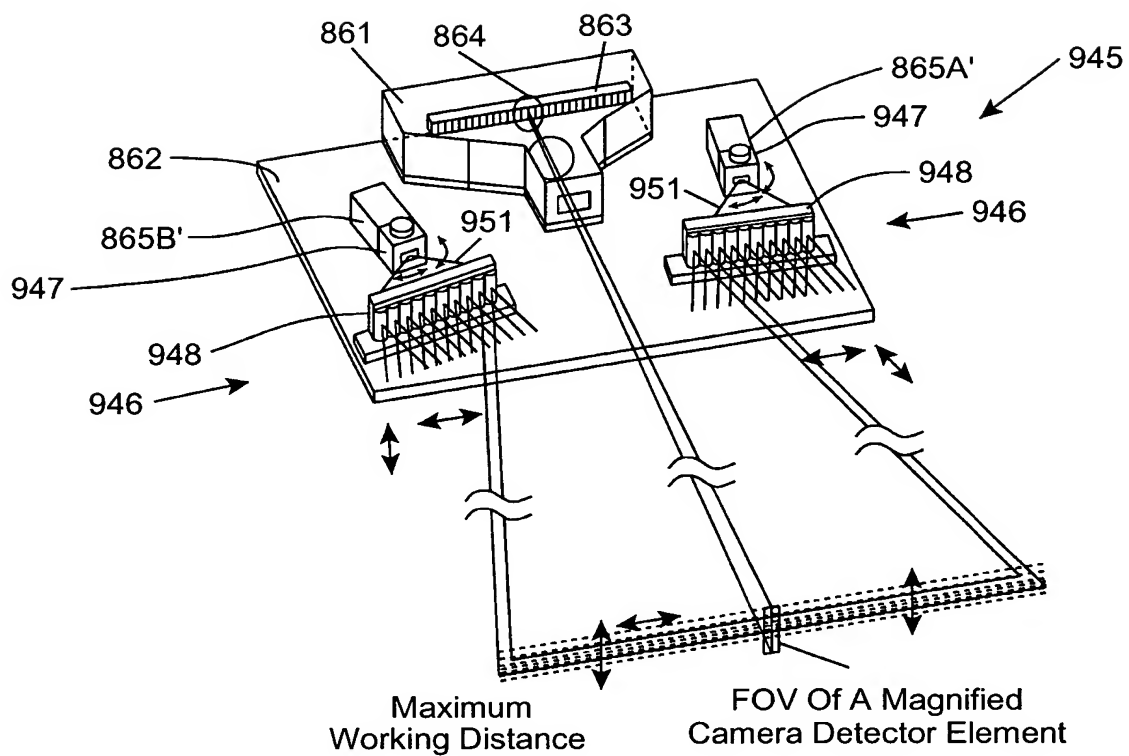


FIG. 1125I1

* Lateral And Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

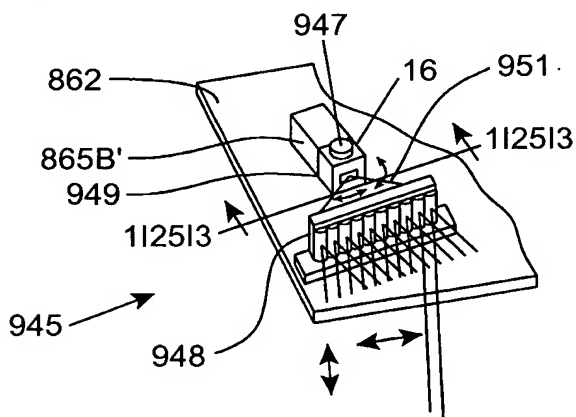


FIG. 1125I2

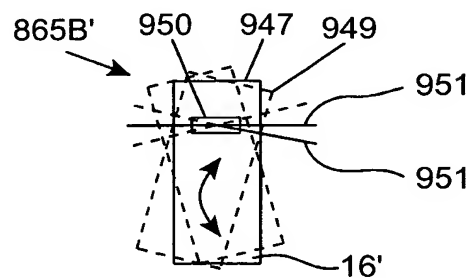


FIG. 1125I3

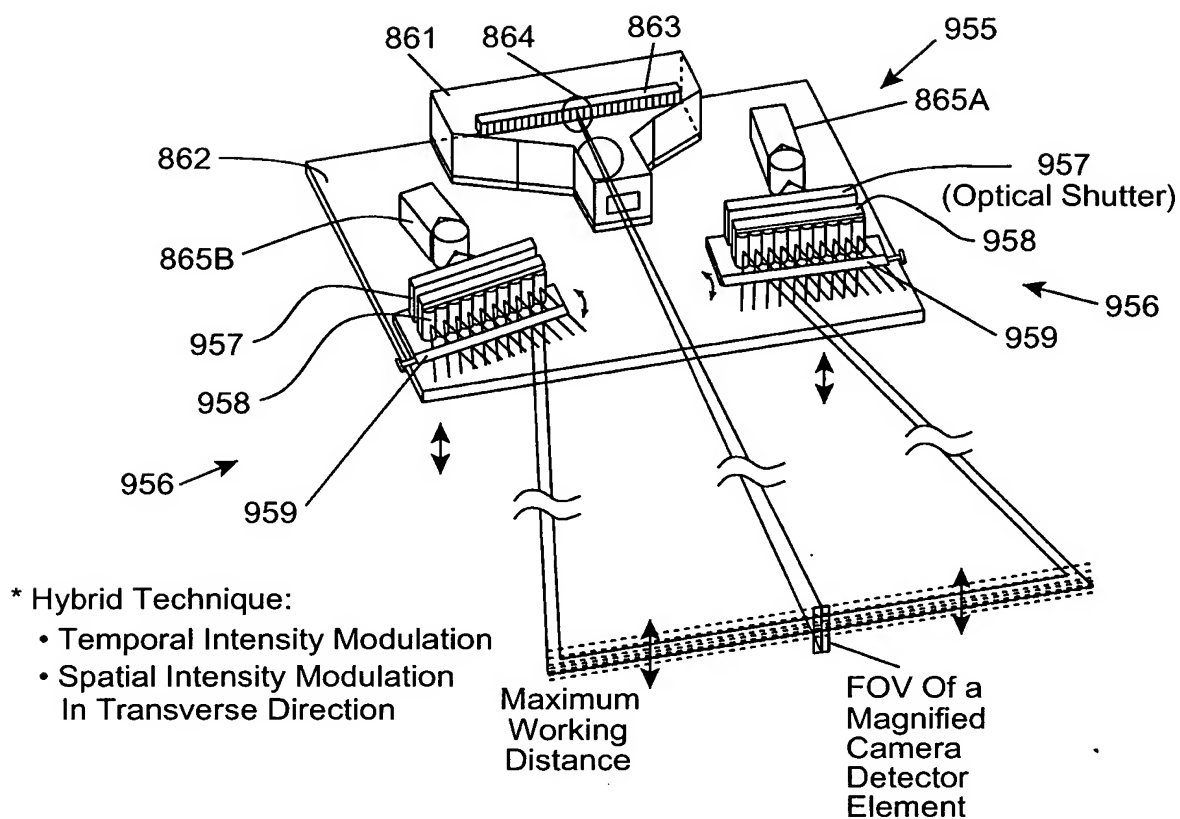


FIG. 1I25J1

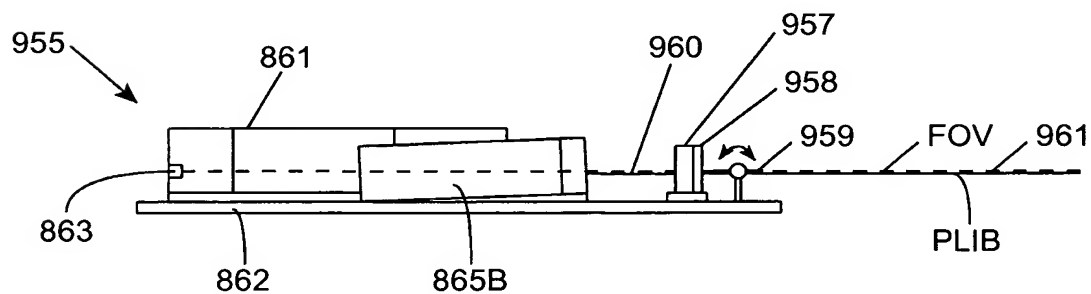


FIG. 1I25J2

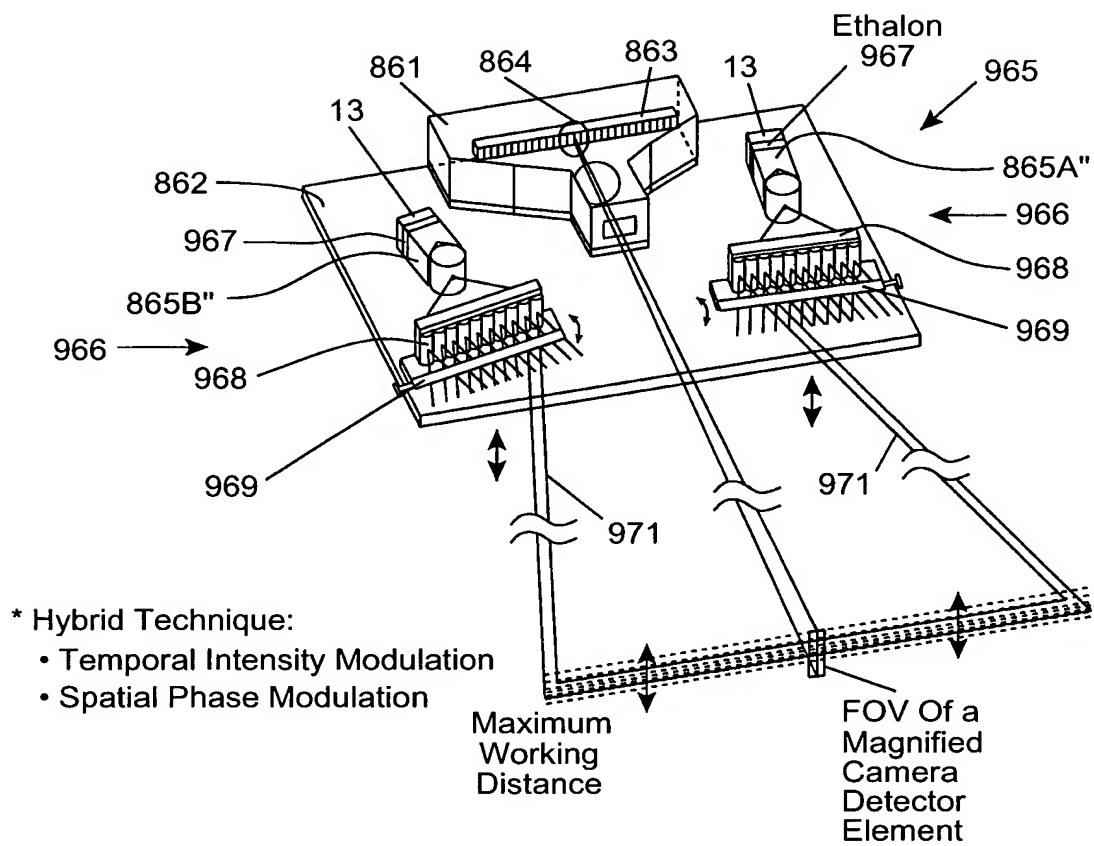


FIG. 1I25K1

* Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

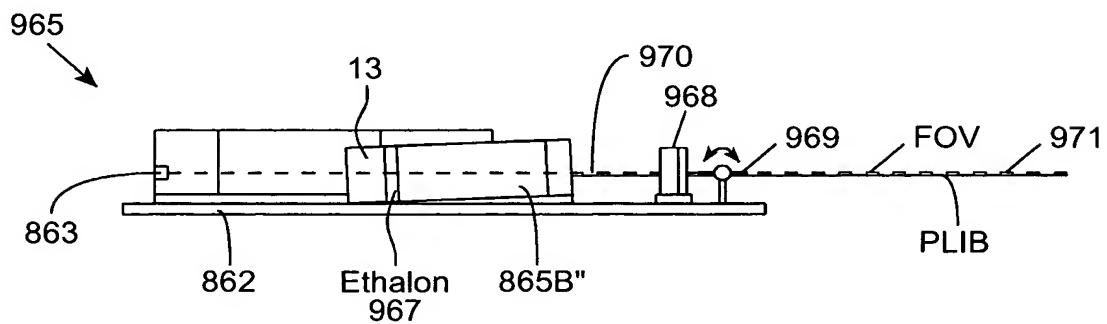
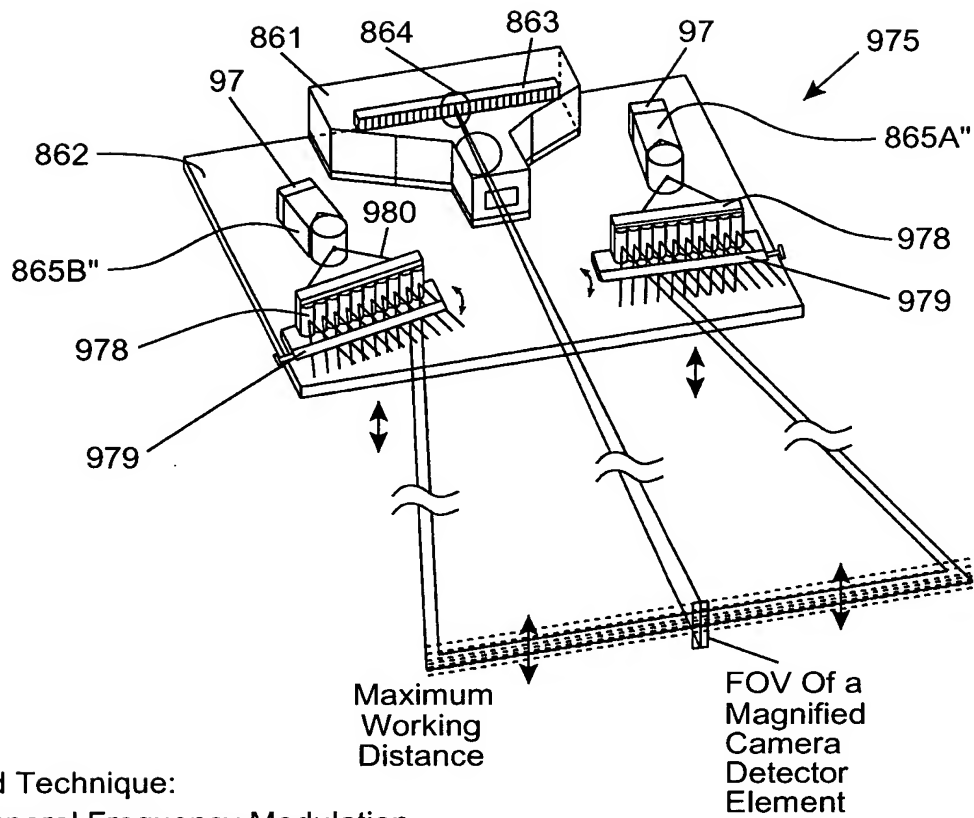


FIG. 1I25K2



- * Hybrid Technique:
- Temporal Frequency Modulation
 - Spatial Phase Modulation

- * Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

FIG. 1I25L1

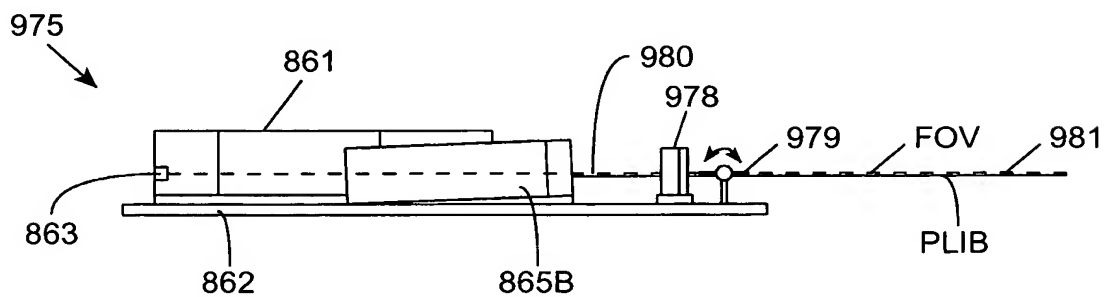
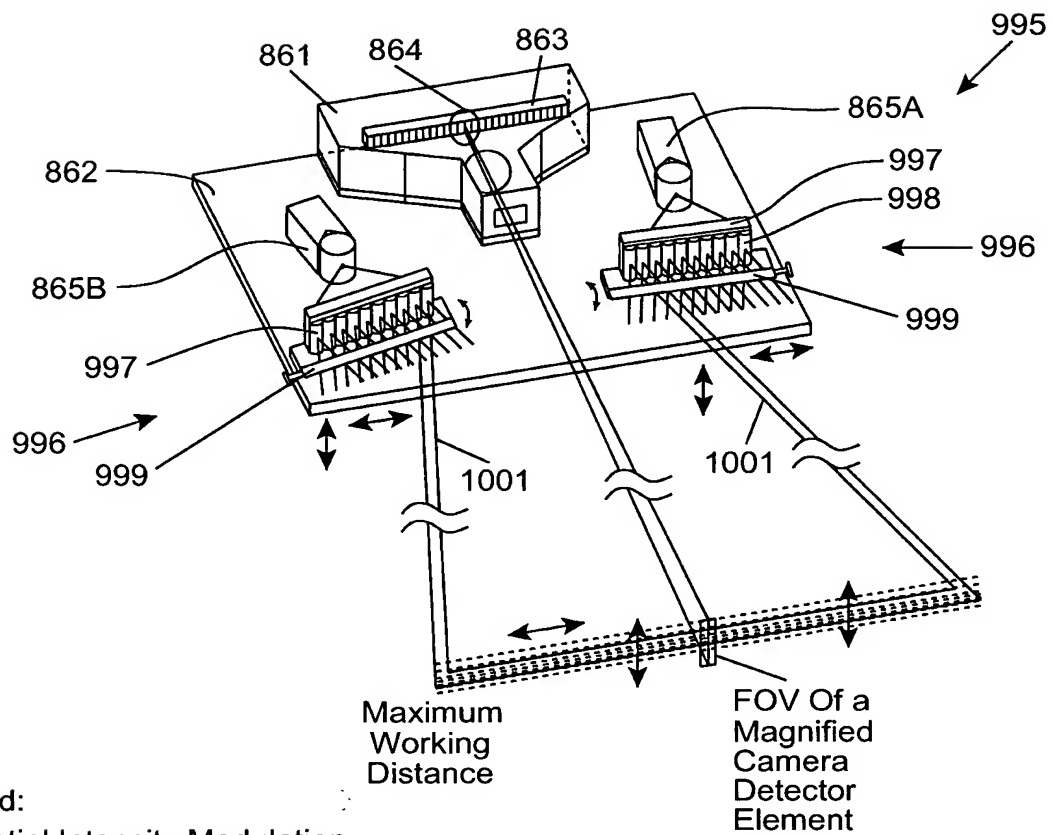


FIG. 1I25L2



- * Hybrid:
- Spatial Intensity Modulation
 - Spatial Phase Modulation

FIG. 1I25N1

- * Lateral And Transverse Micro-oscillation Of PLIB

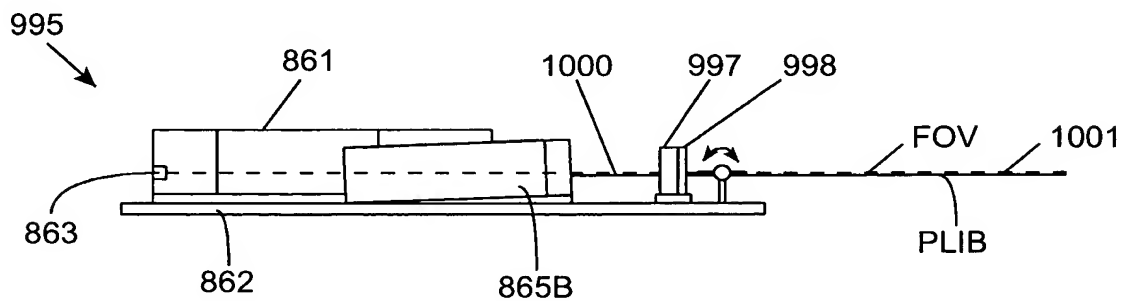


FIG. 1I25N2

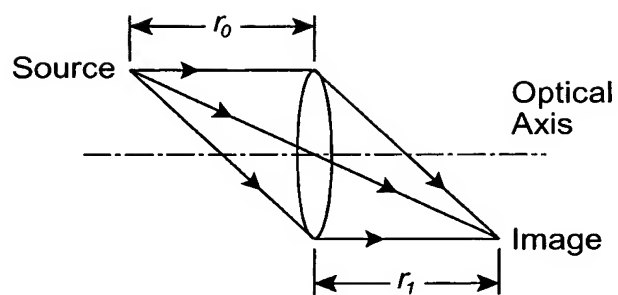


FIG. 1H1

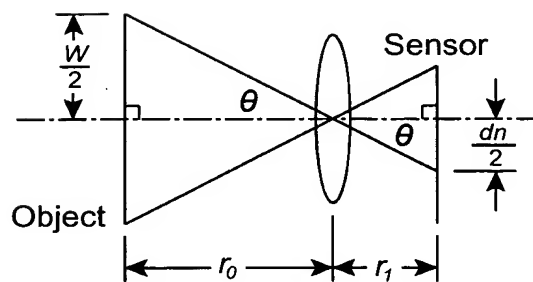


FIG. 1H2

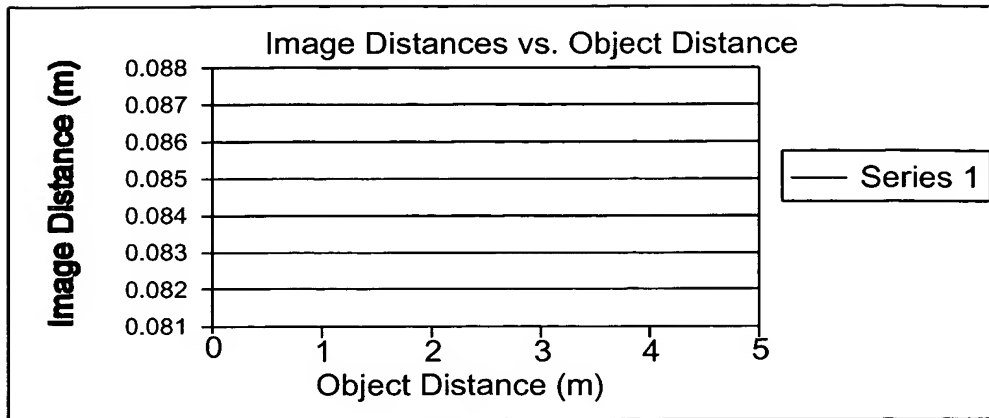


FIG. 1H3

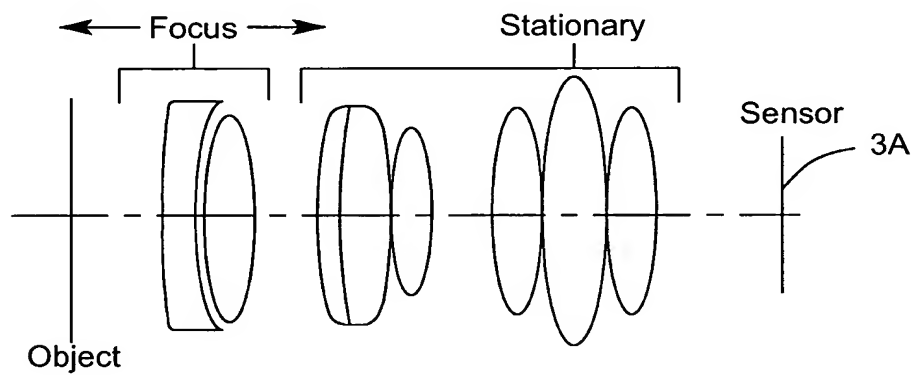


FIG. 1H4

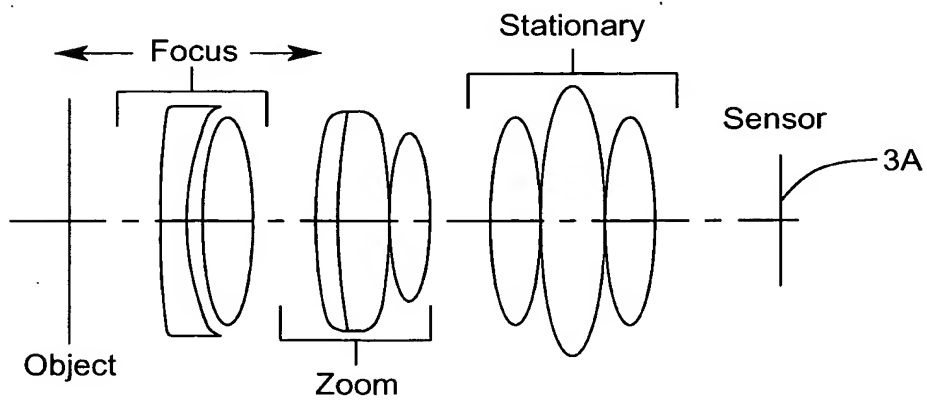


FIG. 1H5

Fixed Focal Length
Lens Cases

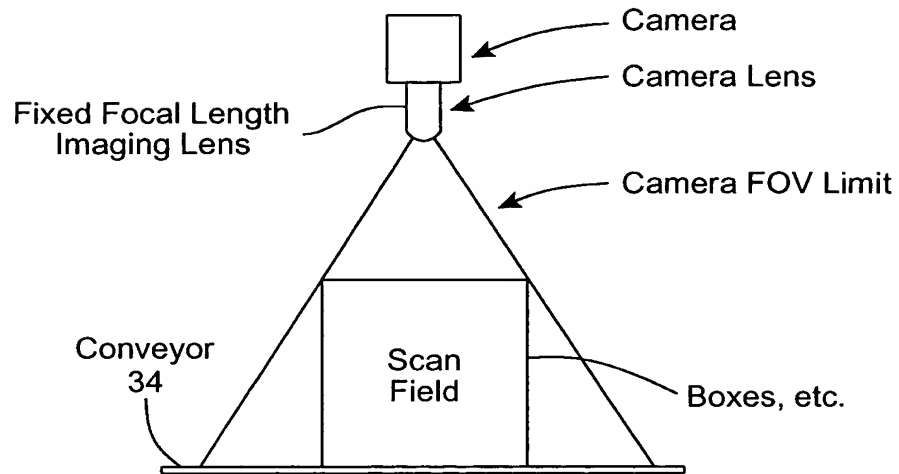


FIG. 1K1

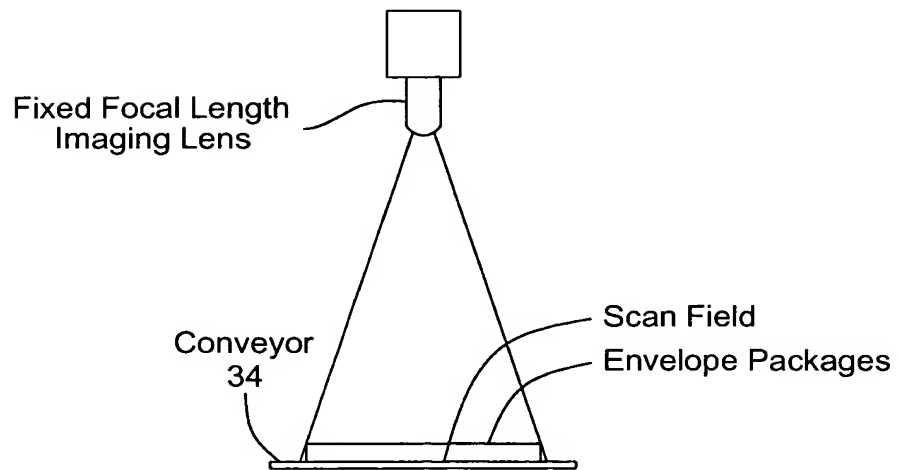


FIG. 1K2

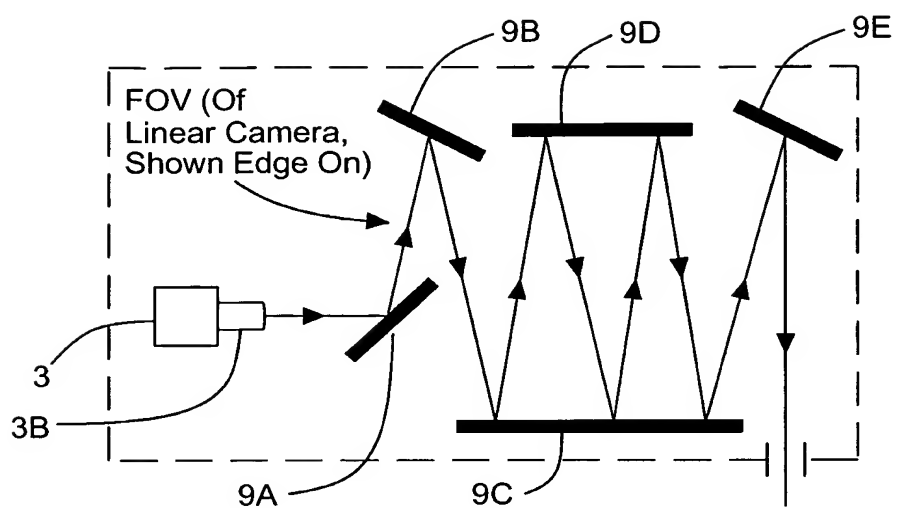


FIG. 1L1

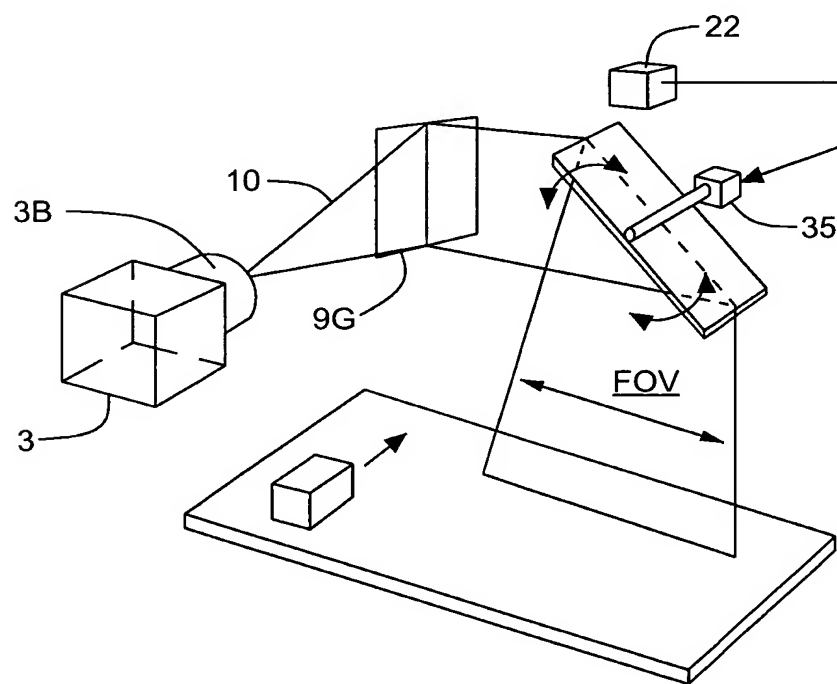


FIG. 1L2

Pixel Power Density vs. Object Distance (General Example)

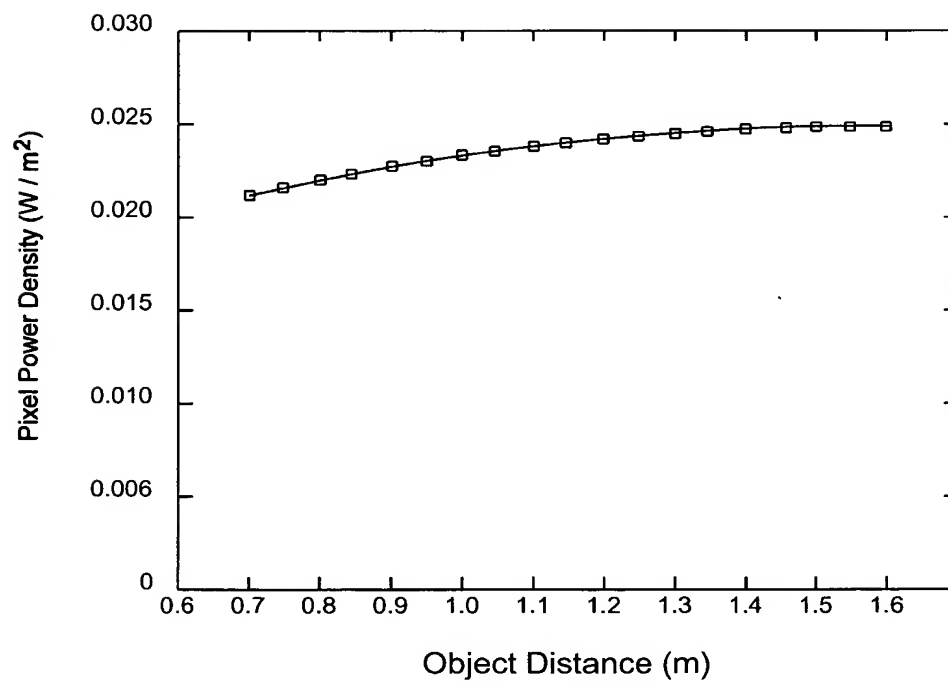


FIG. 1M1

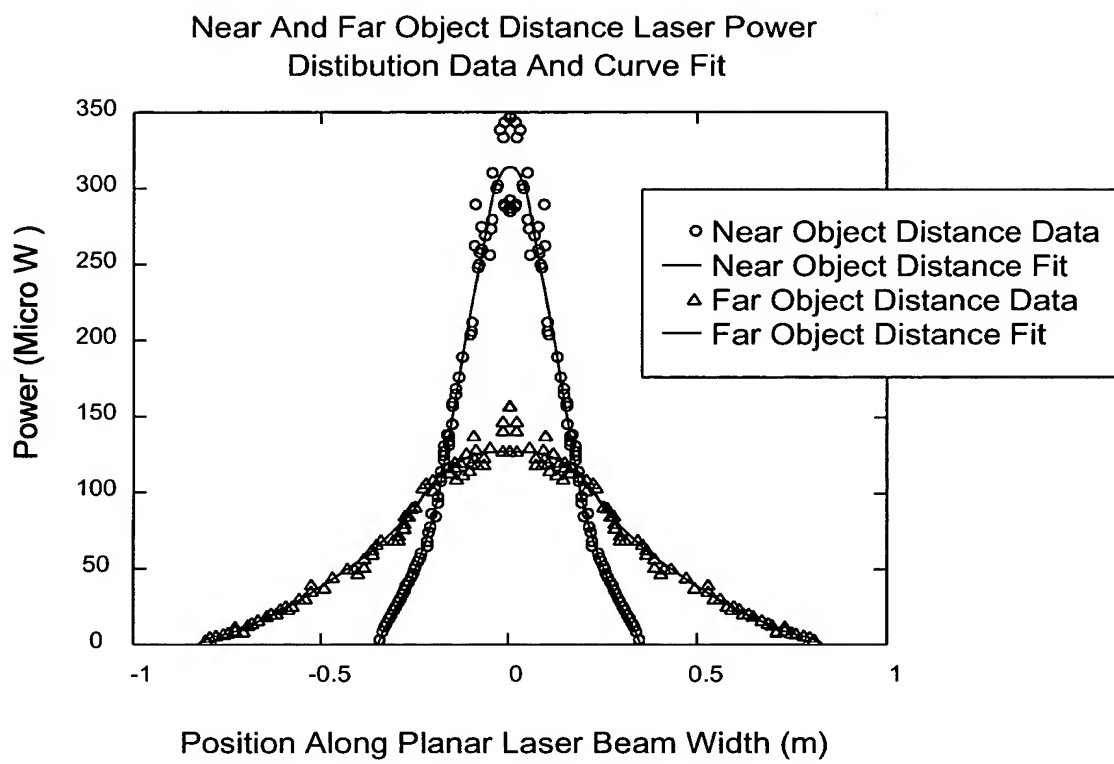


FIG. 1M2

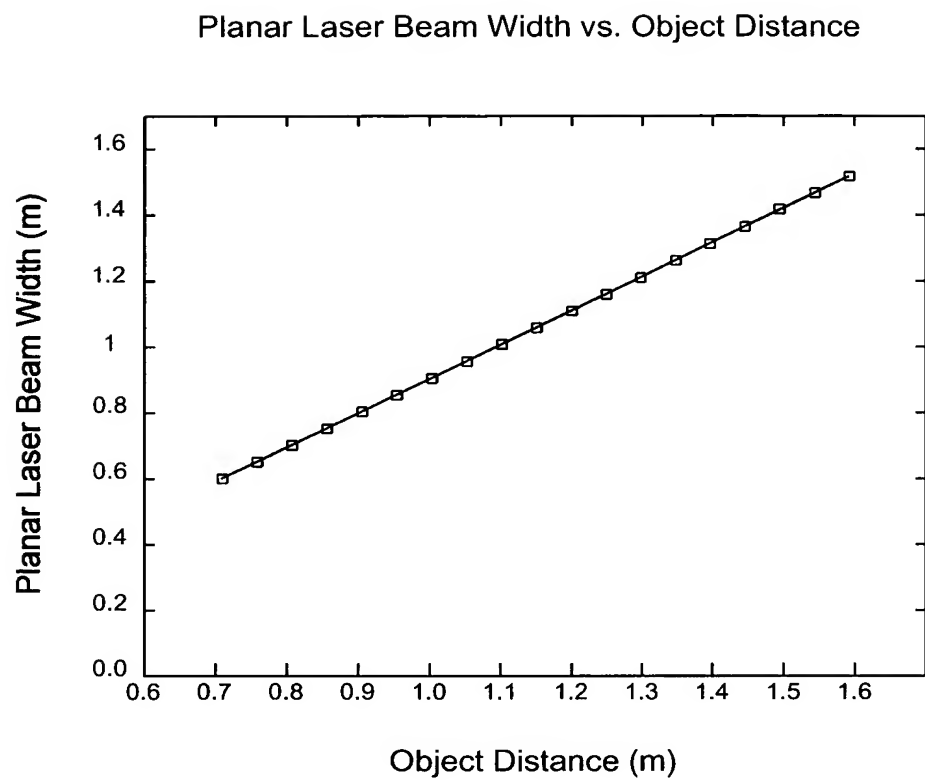


FIG. 1M3

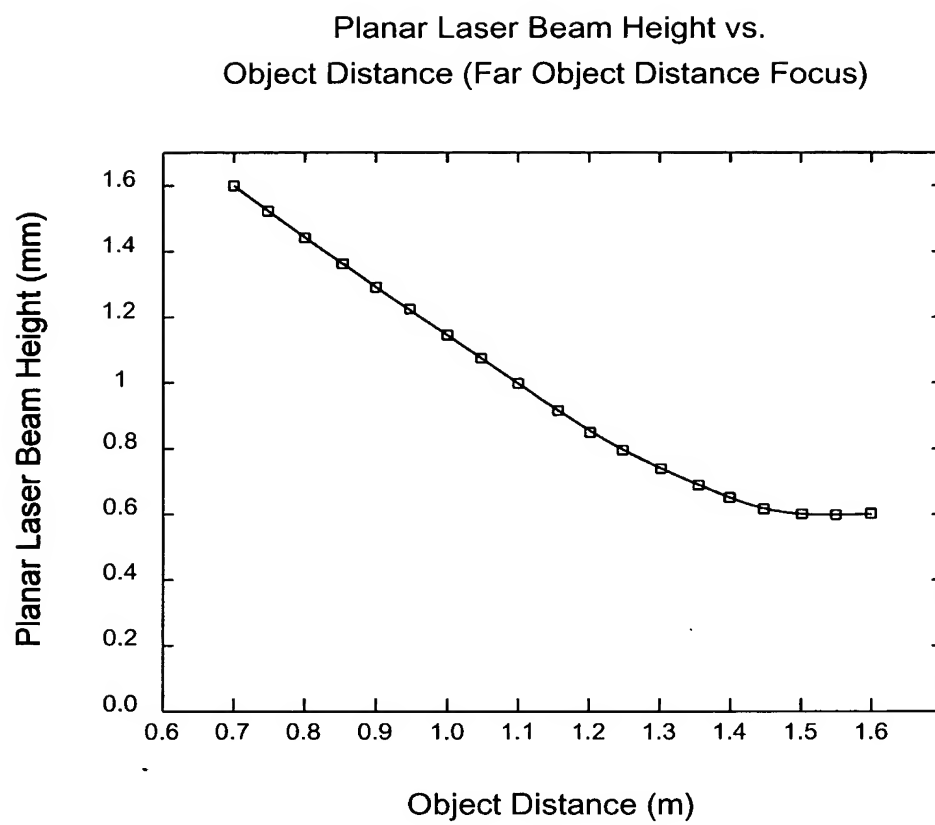


FIG. 1M4

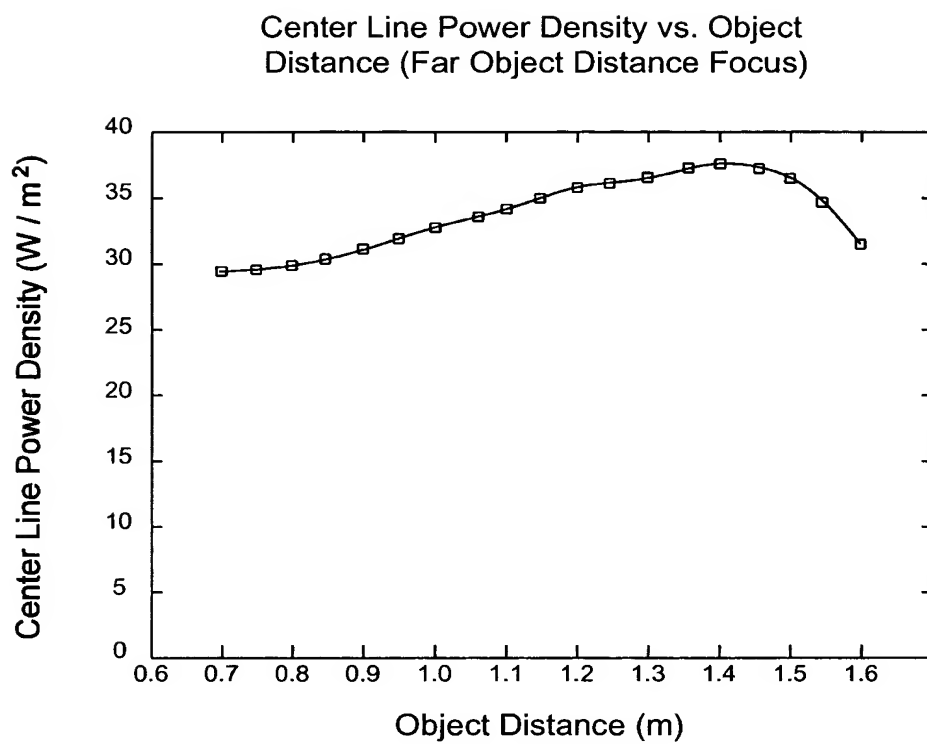


FIG. 1N

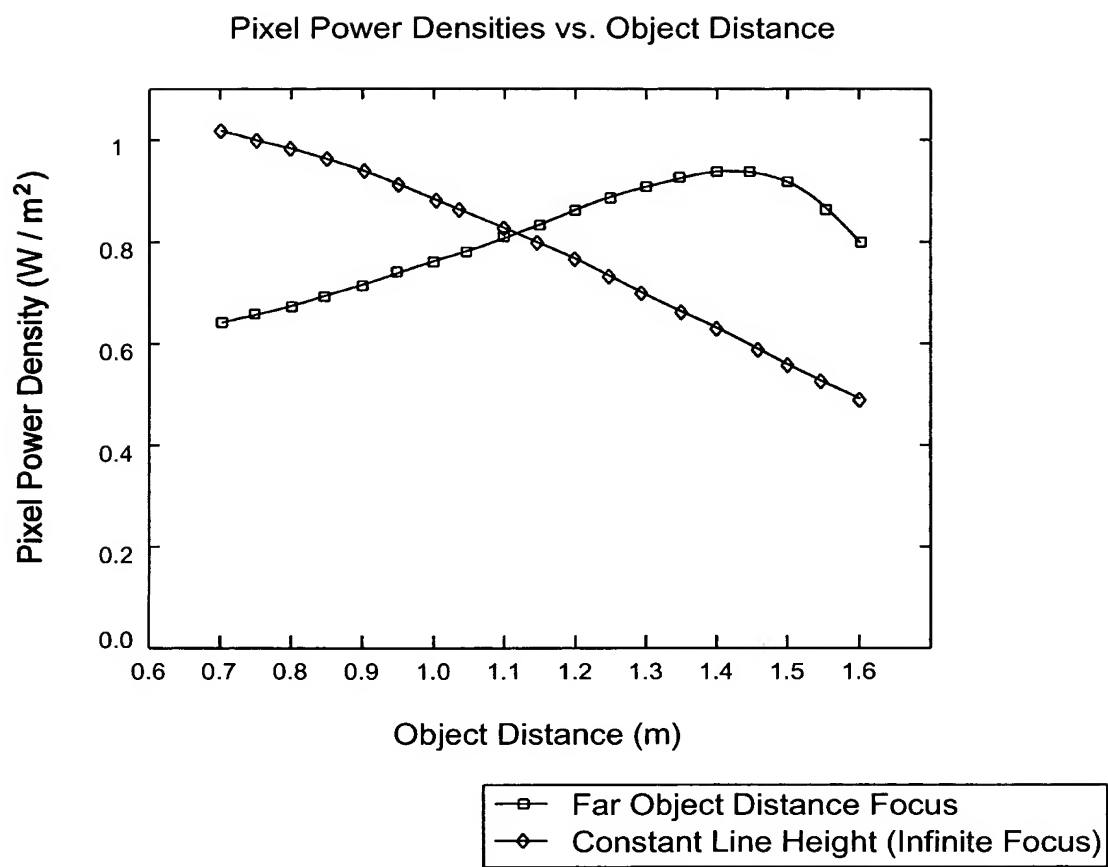


FIG. 10

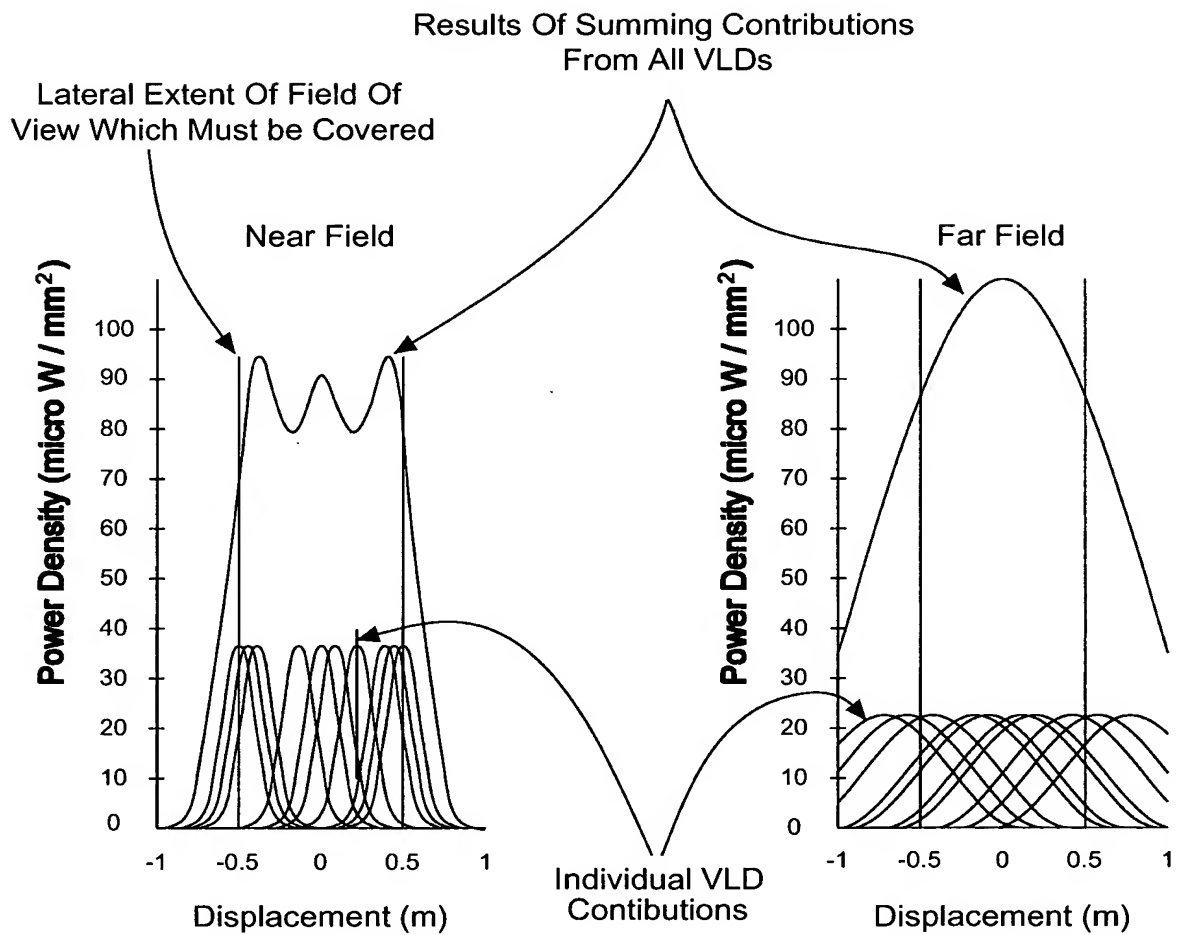


FIG. 1P1

FIG. 1P2

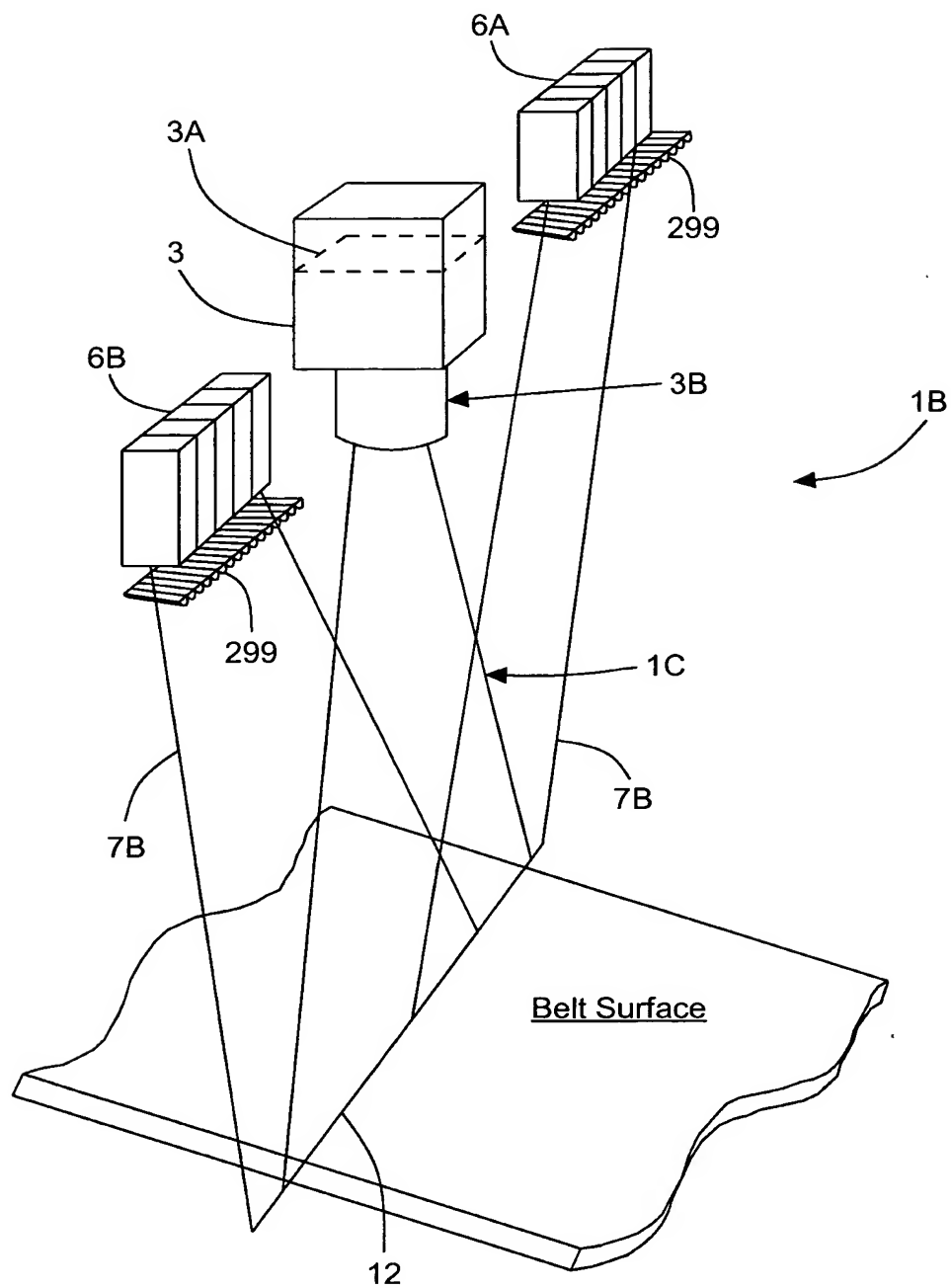


FIG. 1Q1

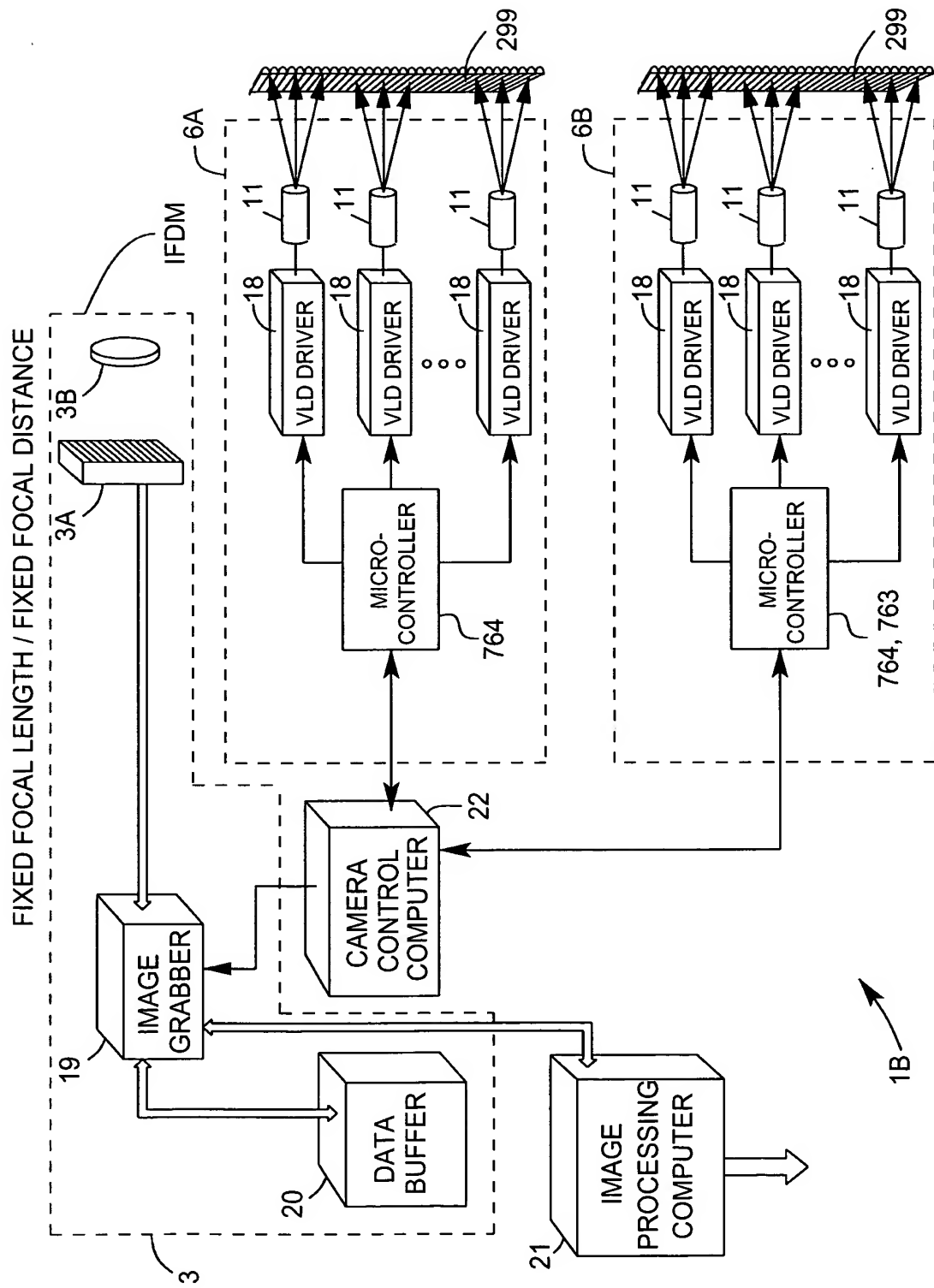


FIG. 1Q2

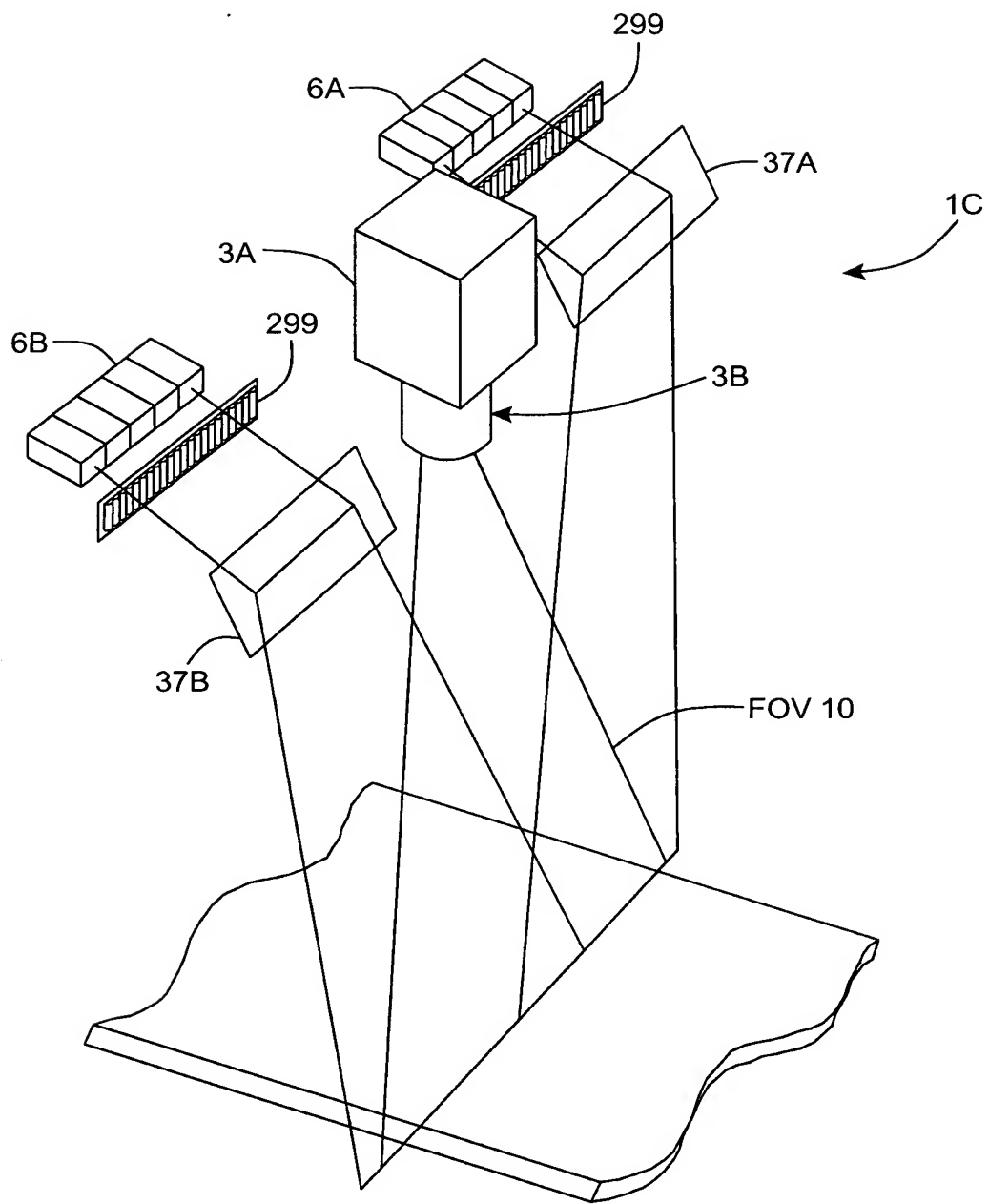


FIG. 1R1

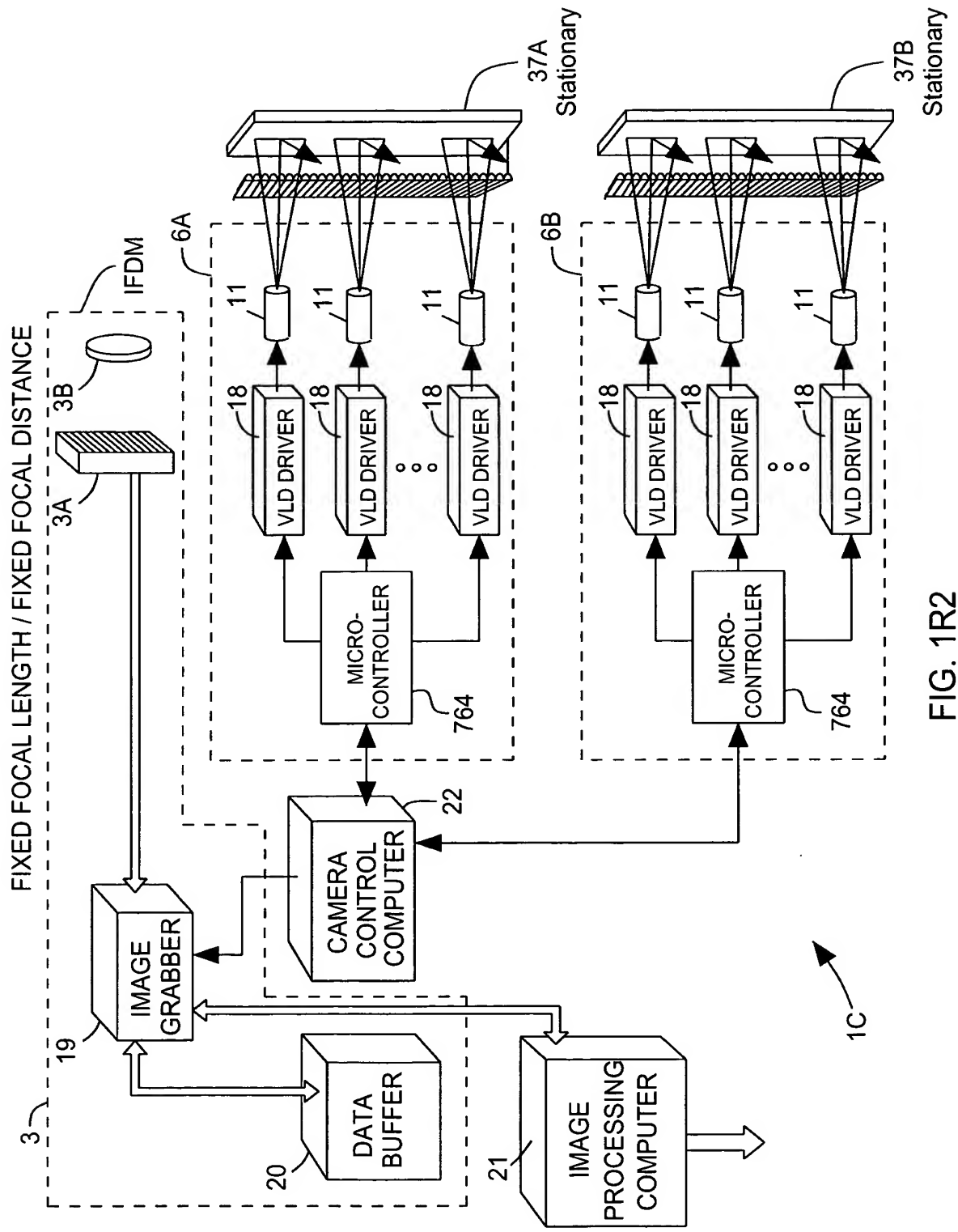


FIG. 1R2

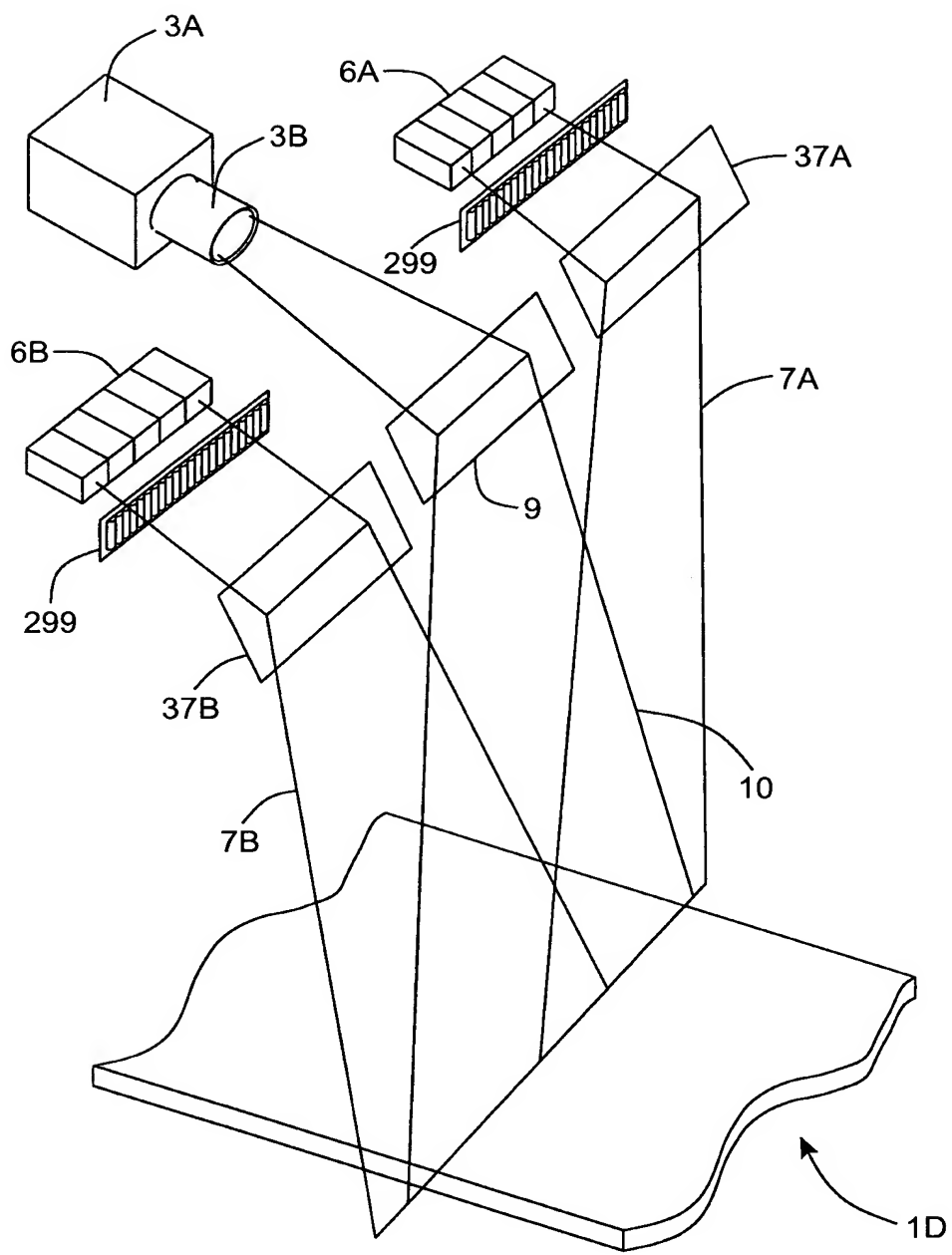


FIG. 1S1

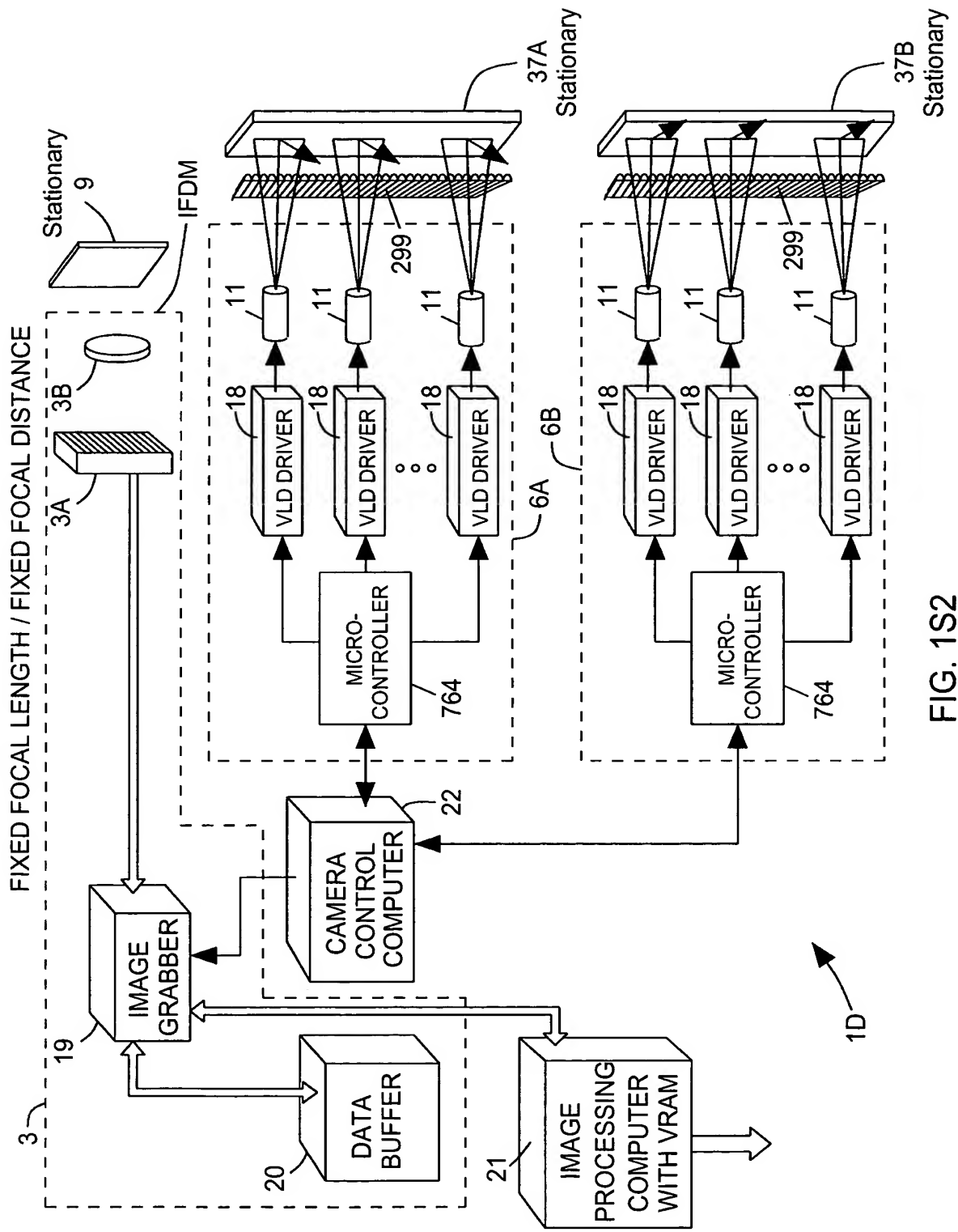


FIG. 1S2

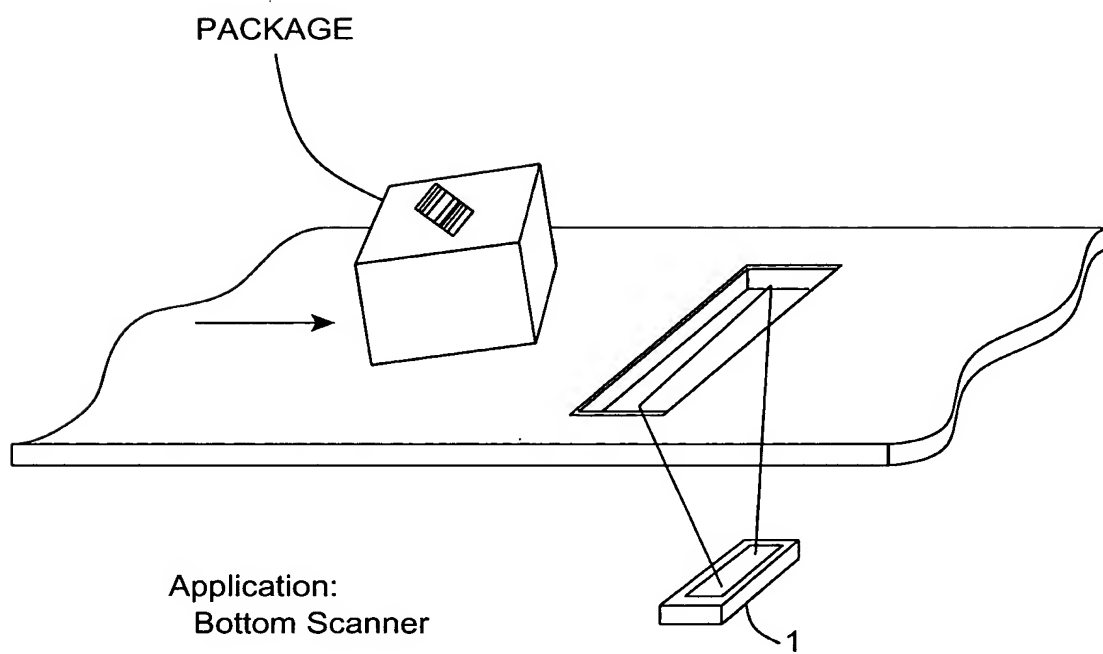
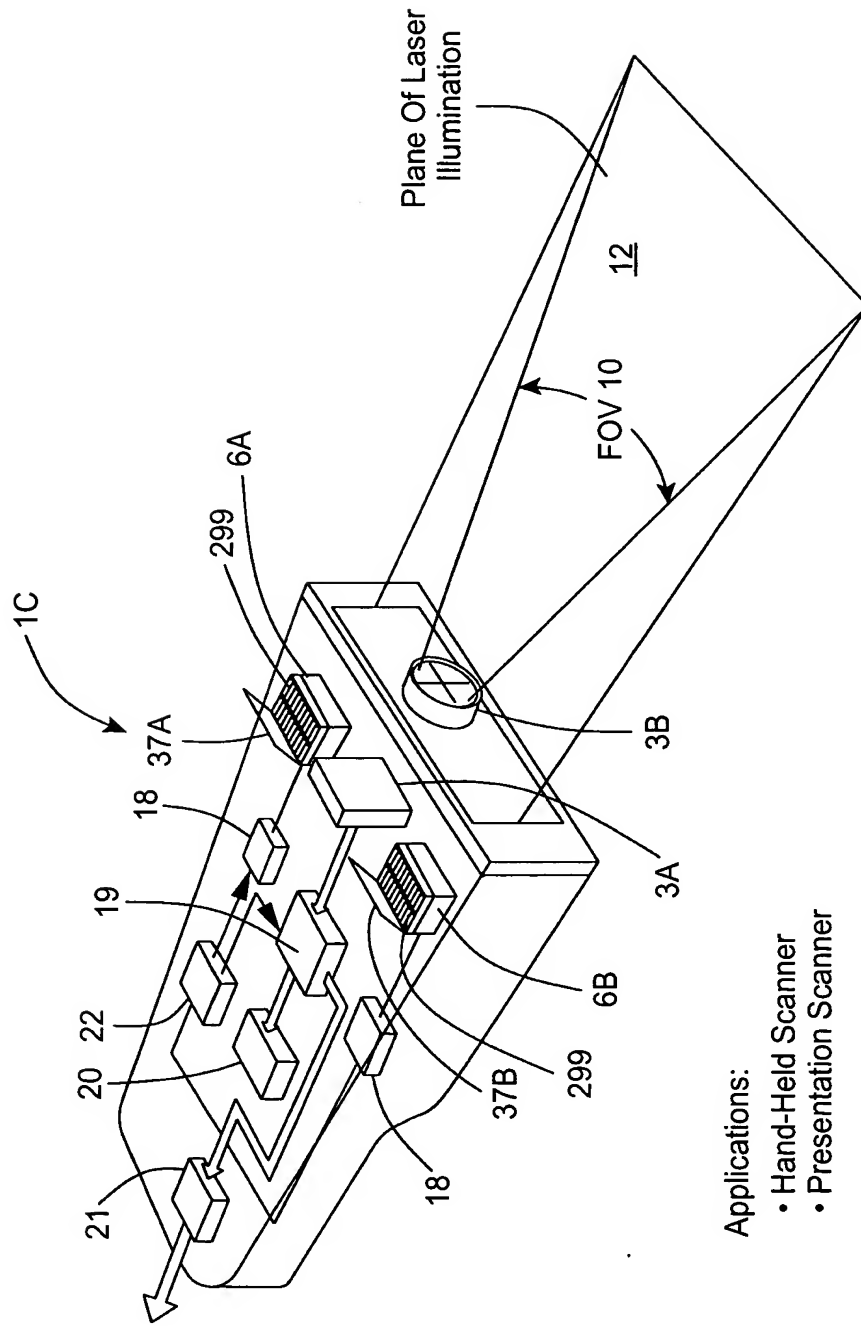


FIG. 1T



Applications:

- Hand-Held Scanner
- Presentation Scanner

FIG. 1U

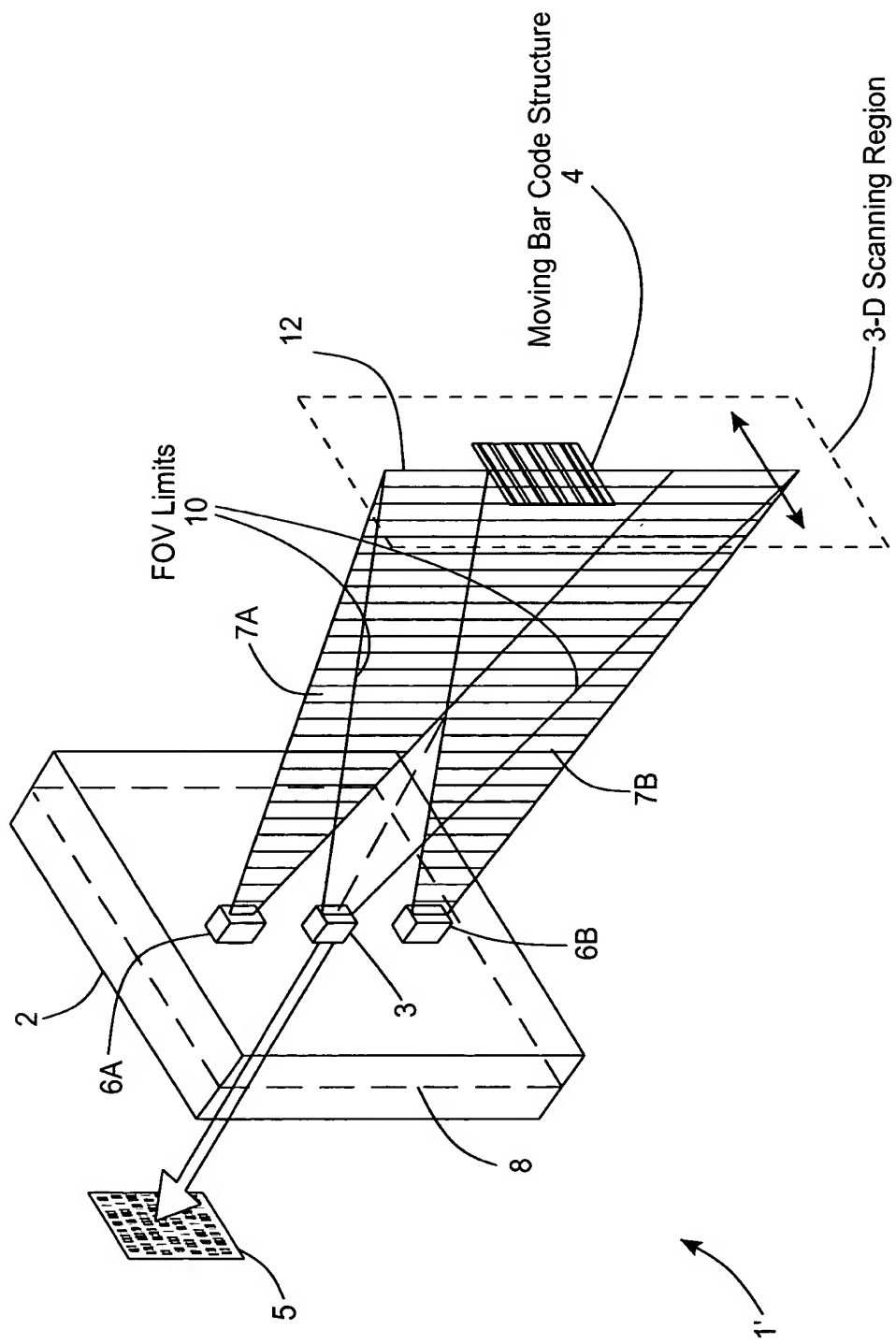


FIG. 1V1

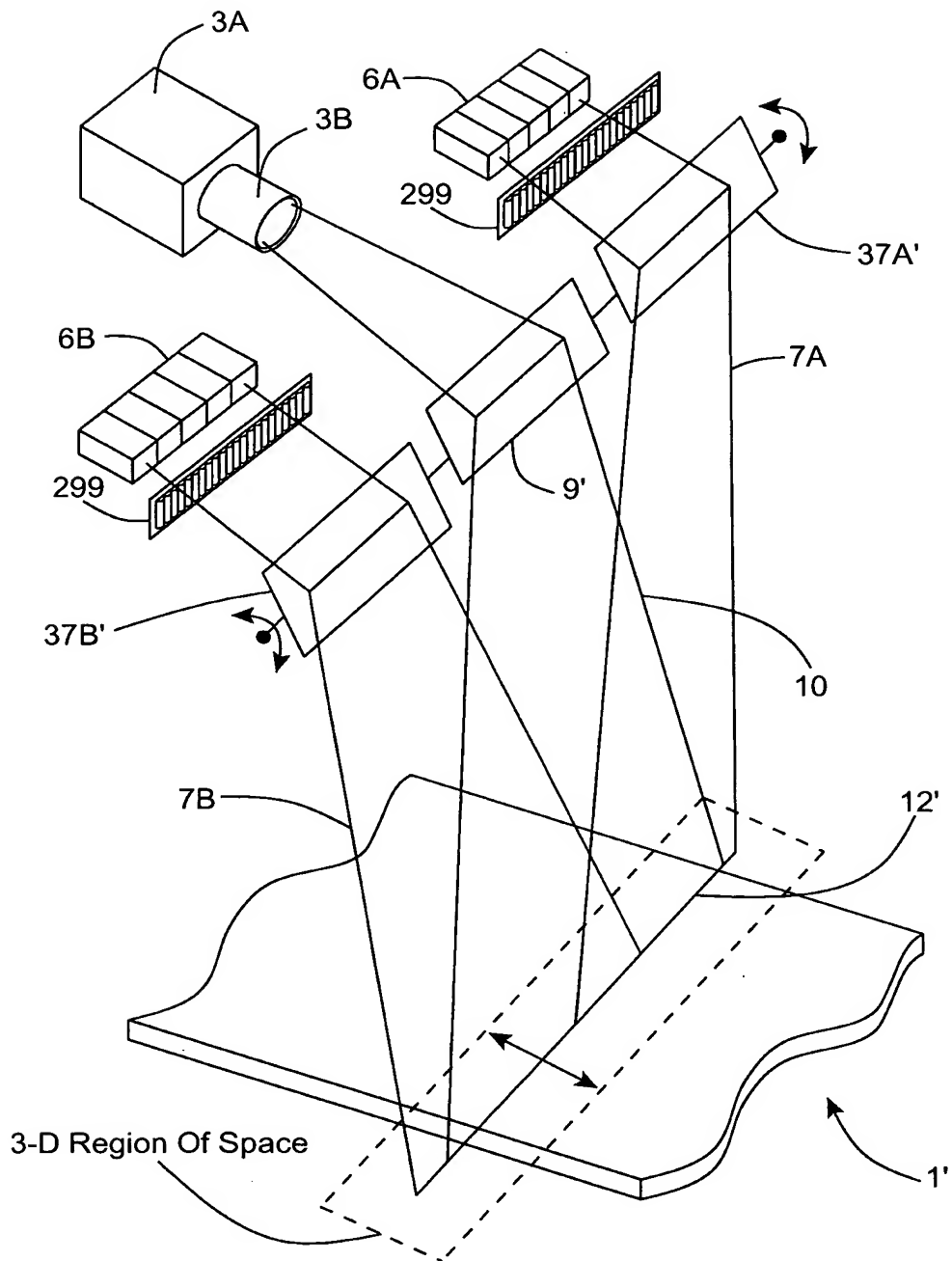


FIG. 1V2

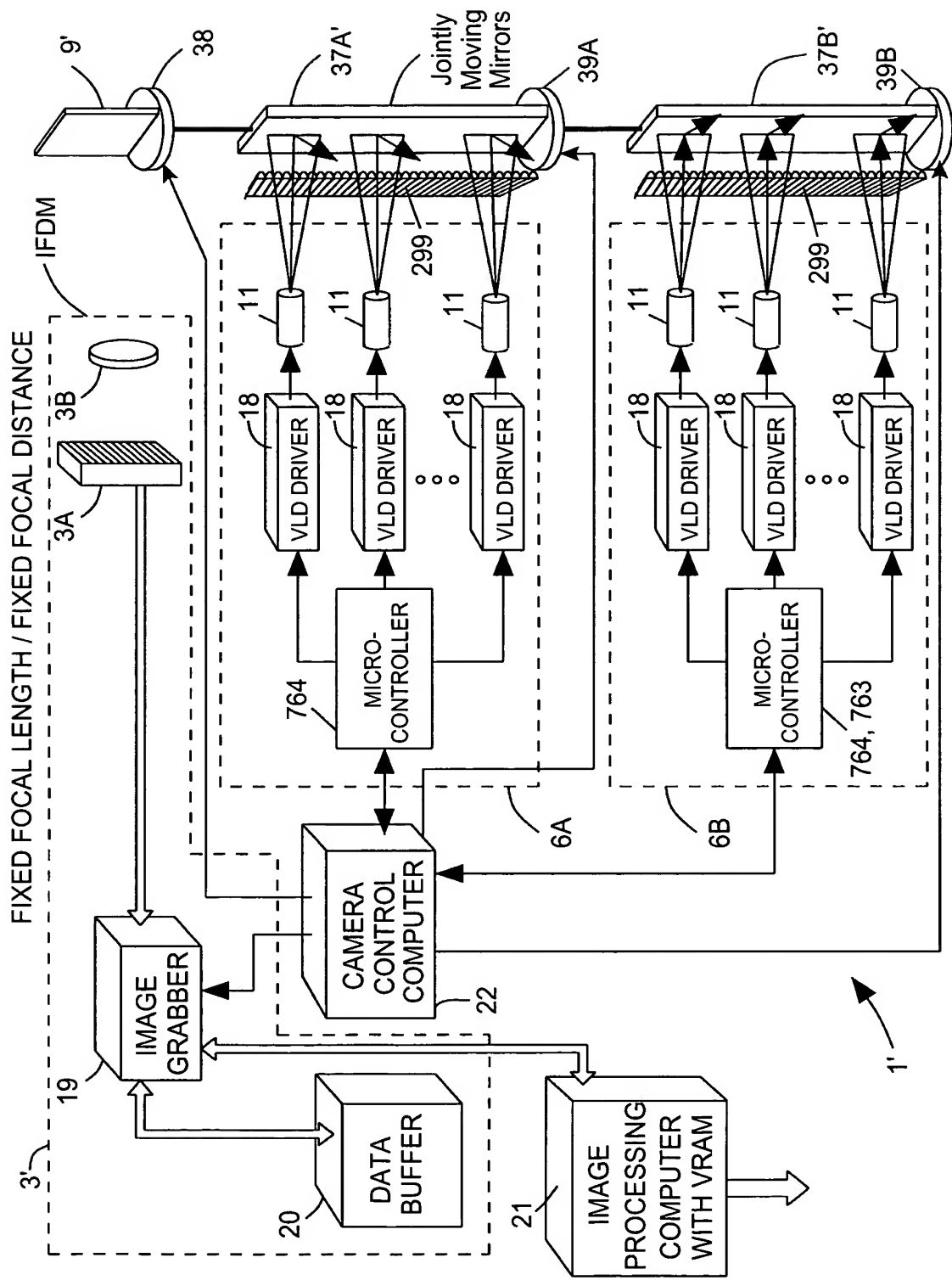
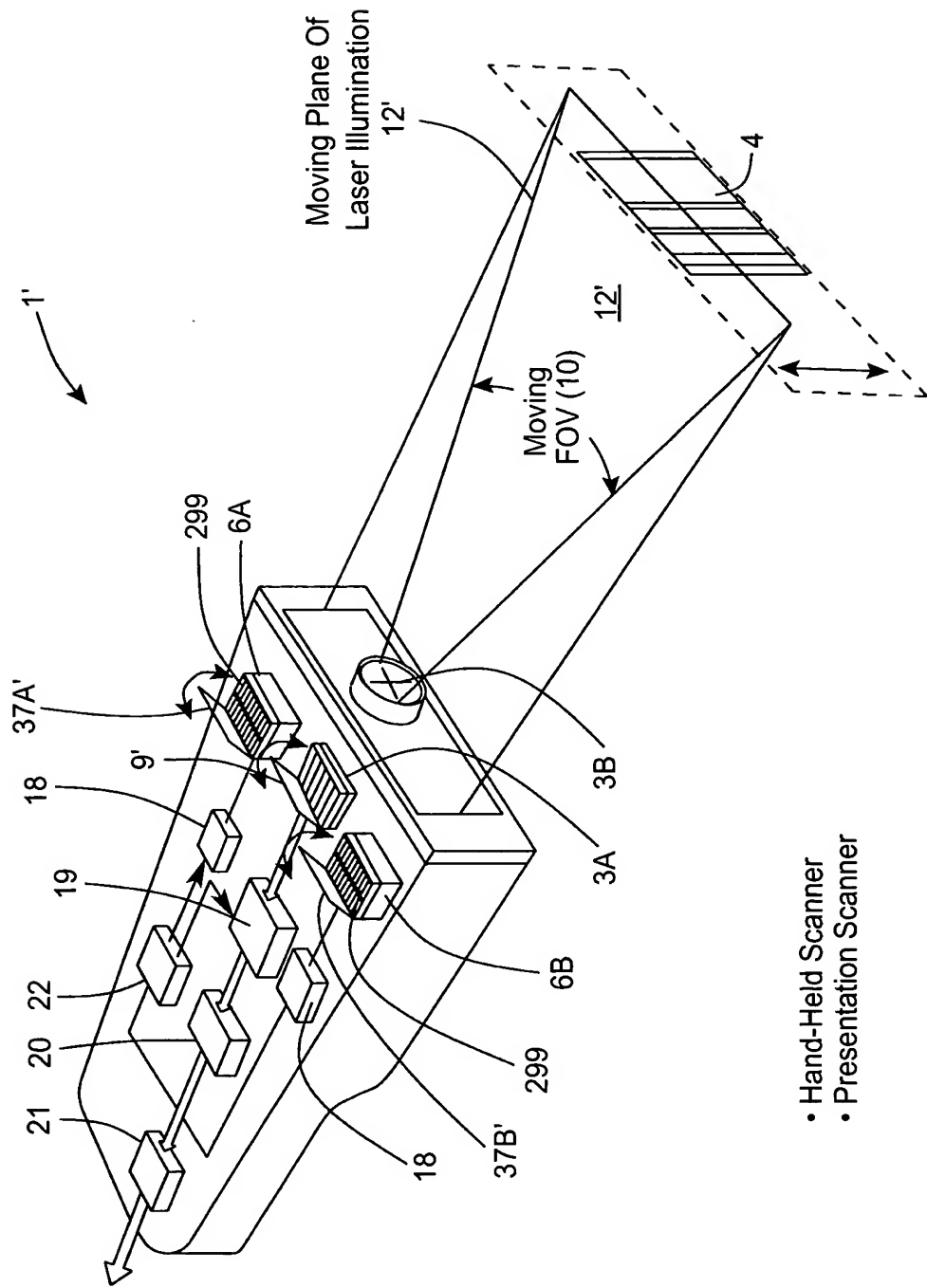


FIG. 1V3



- Hand-Held Scanner
- Presentation Scanner

FIG. 1V4

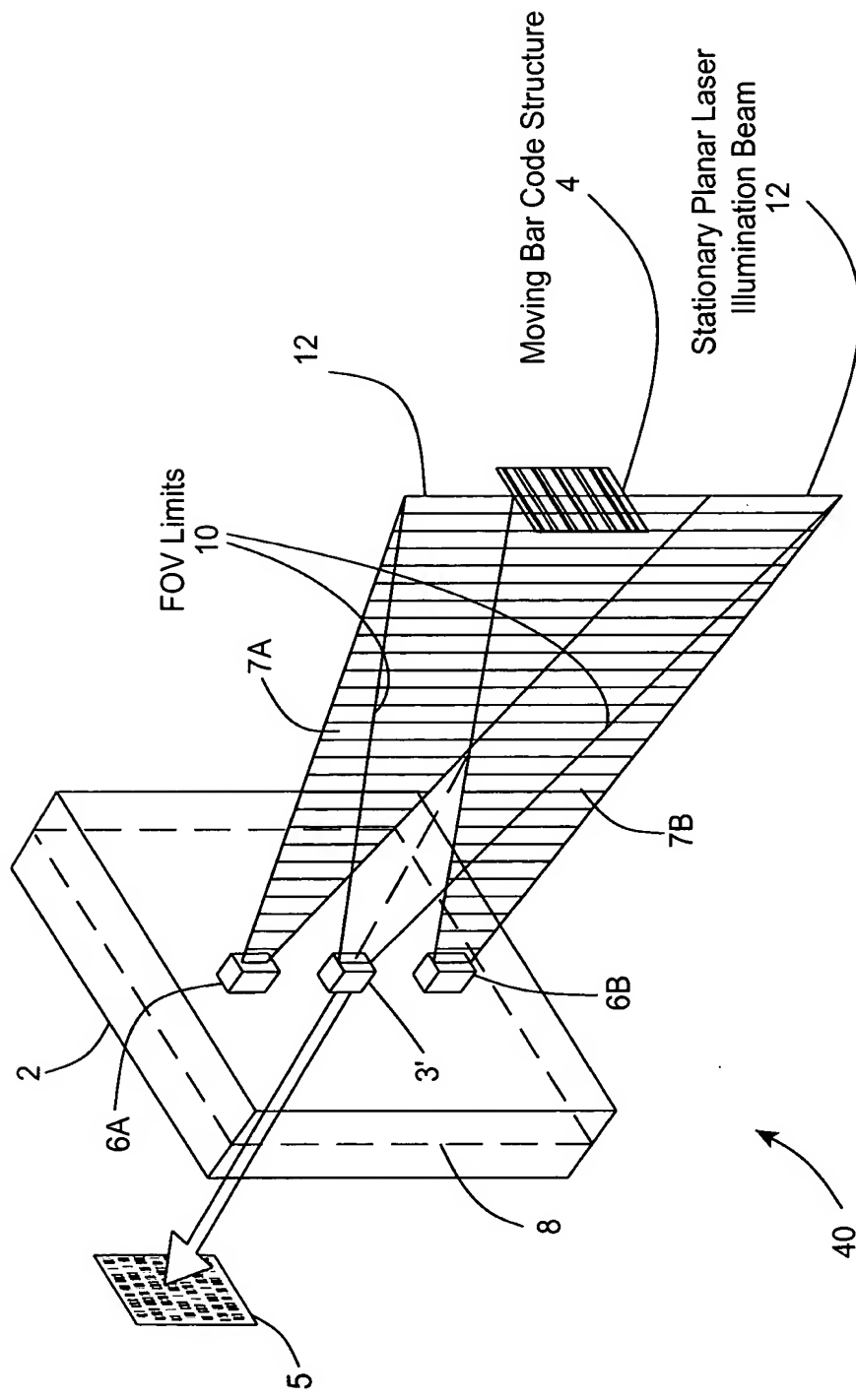


FIG. 2A

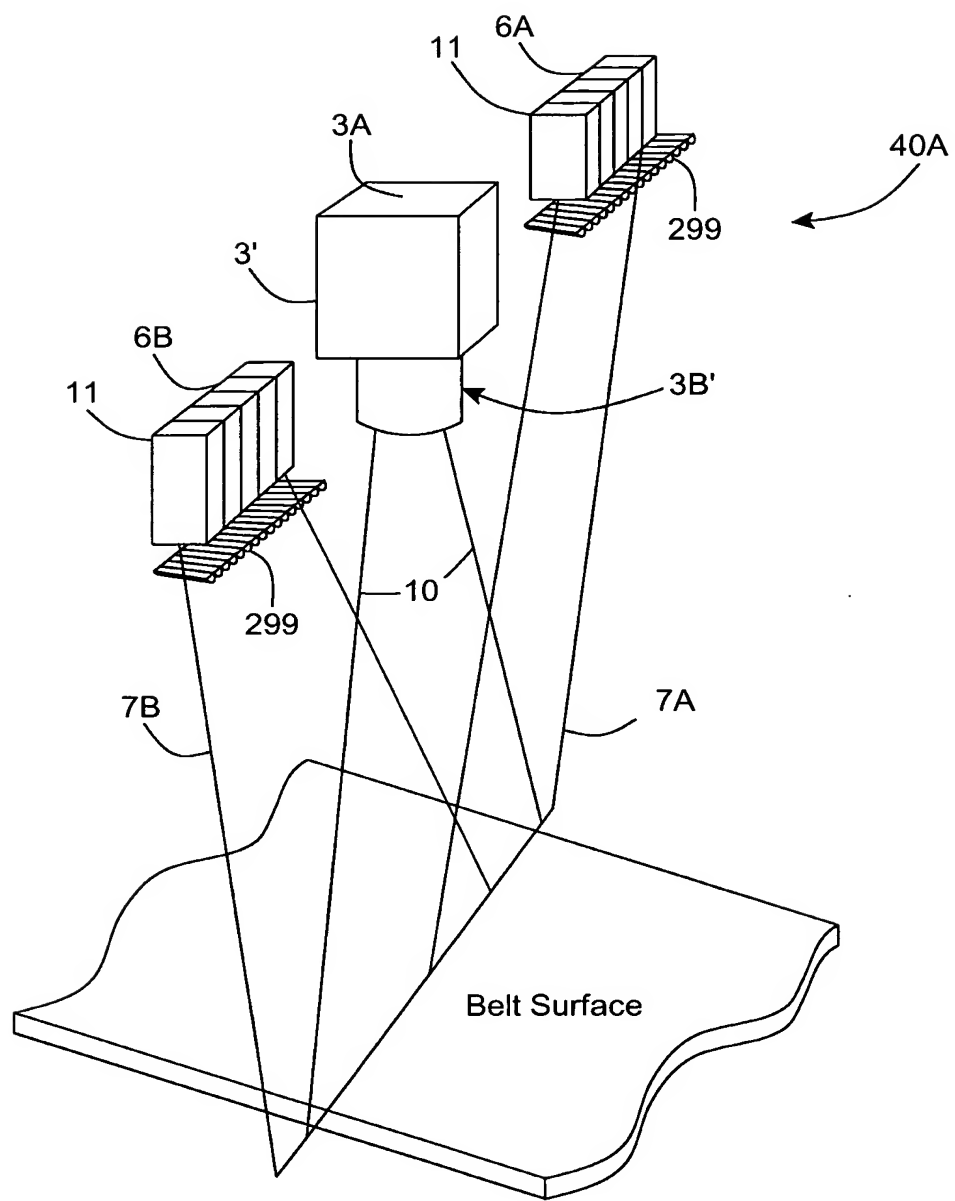


FIG. 2B1

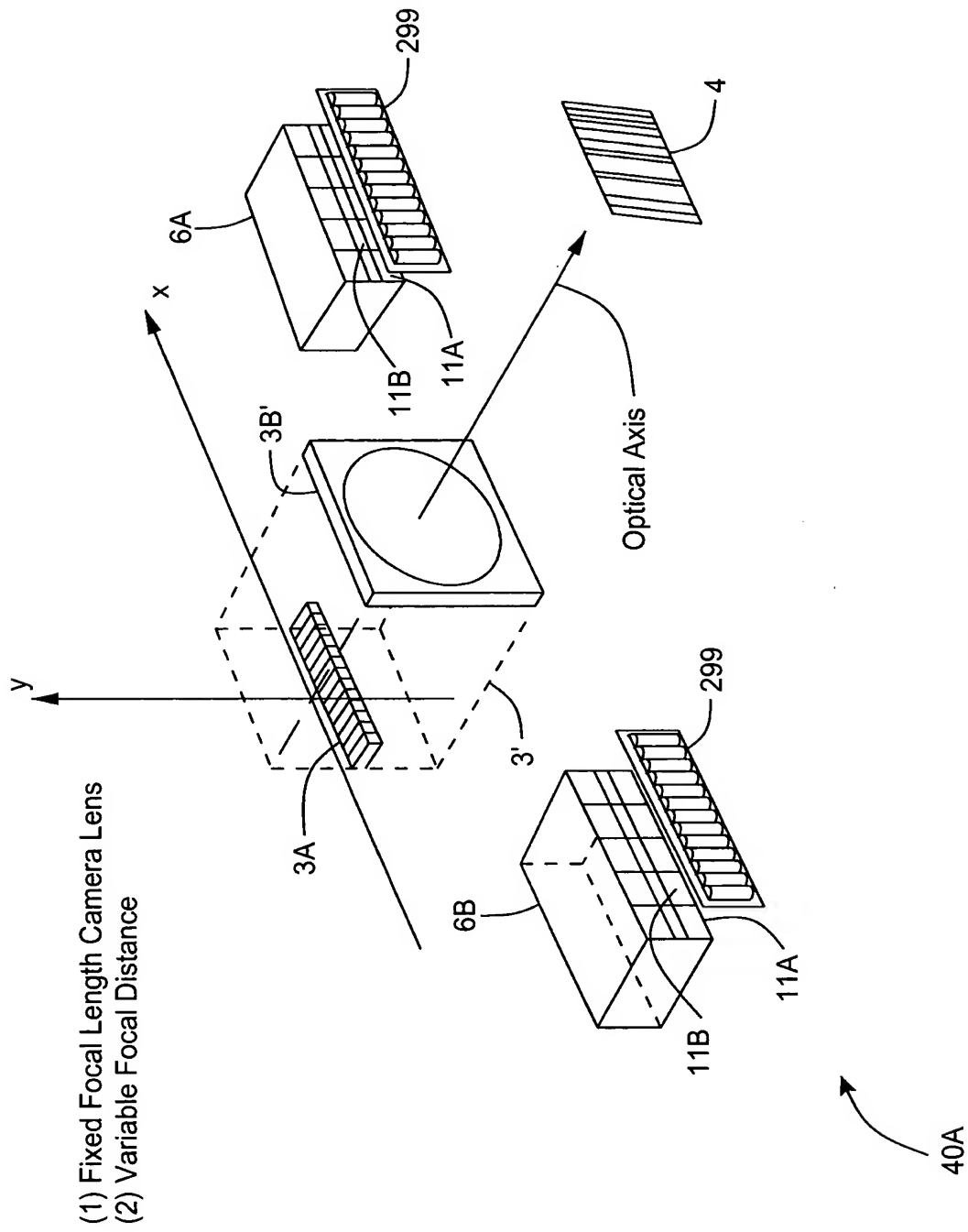


FIG. 2B2

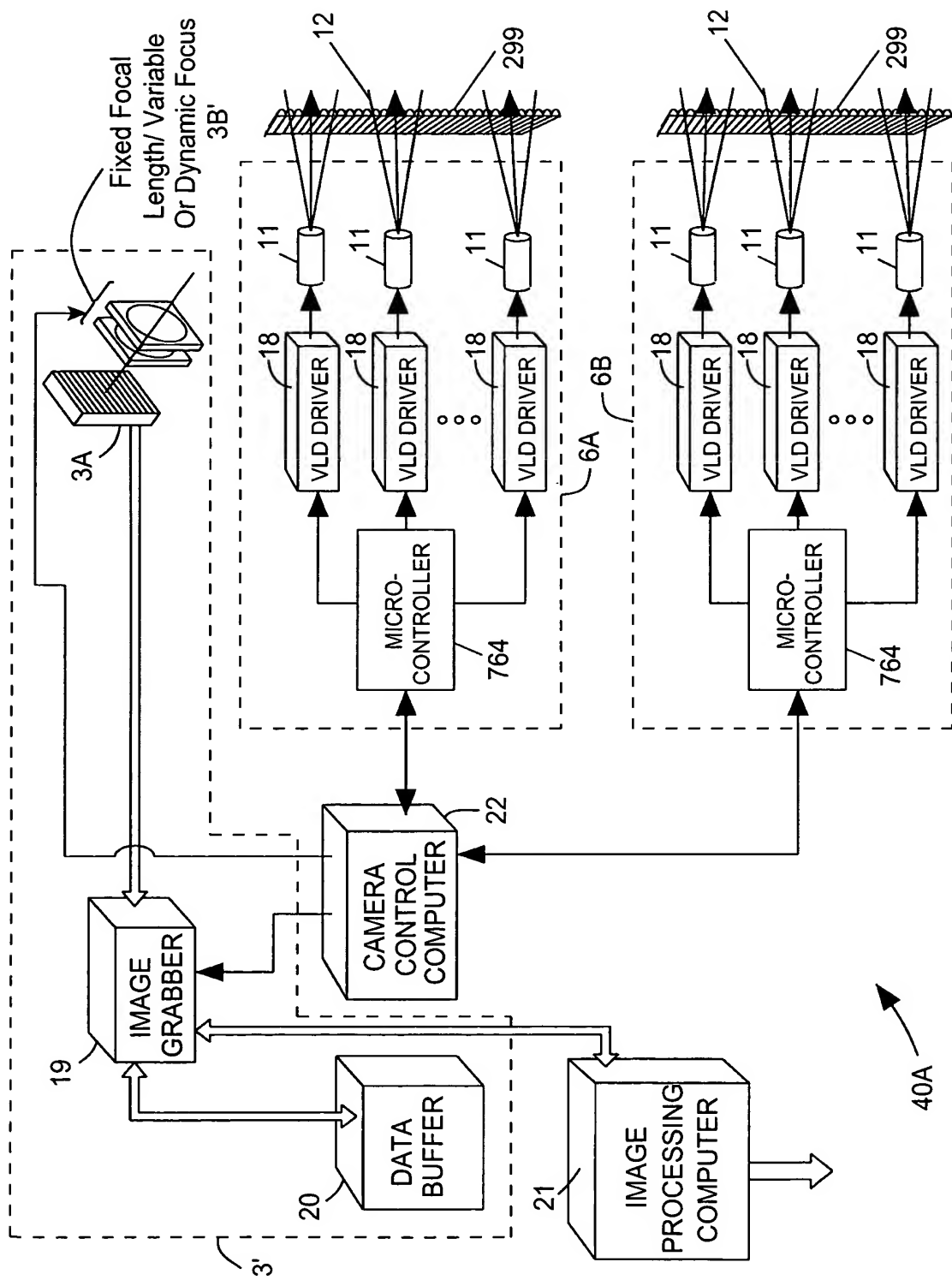


FIG. 2C1

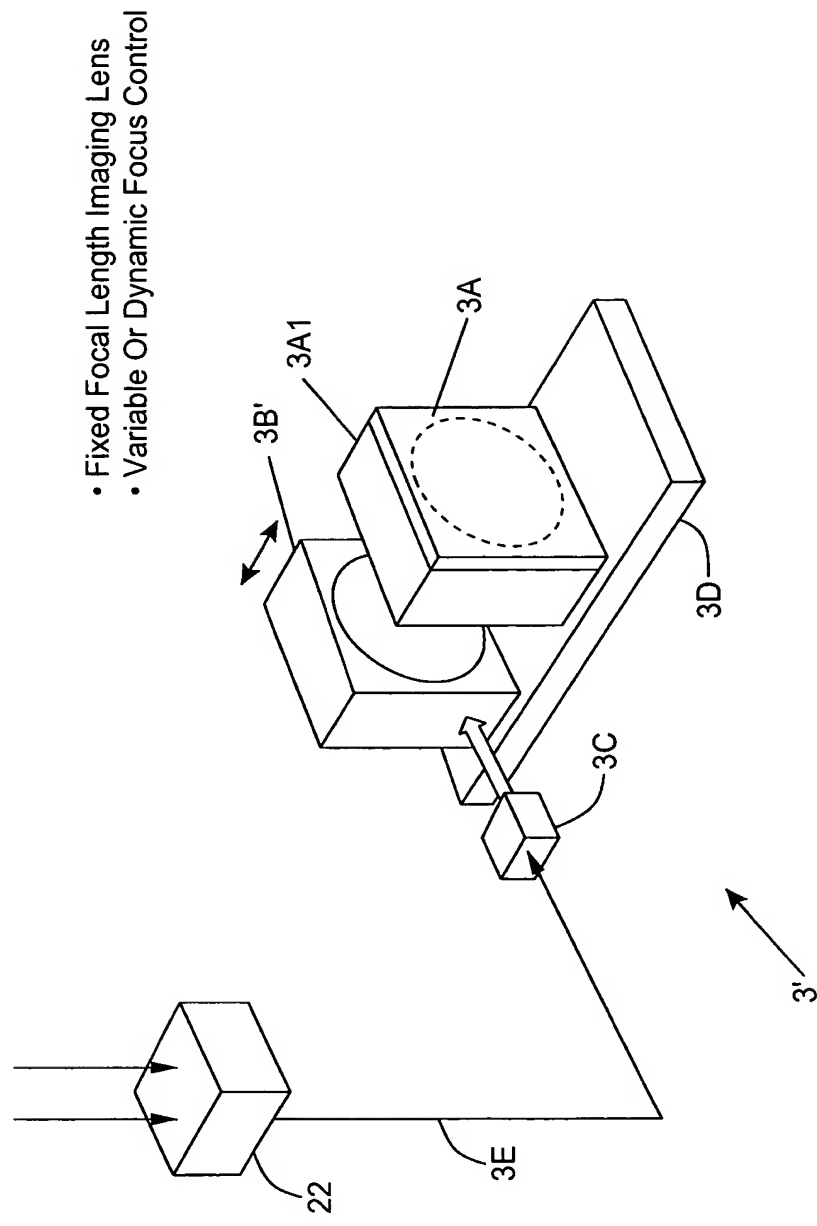


FIG. 2C2

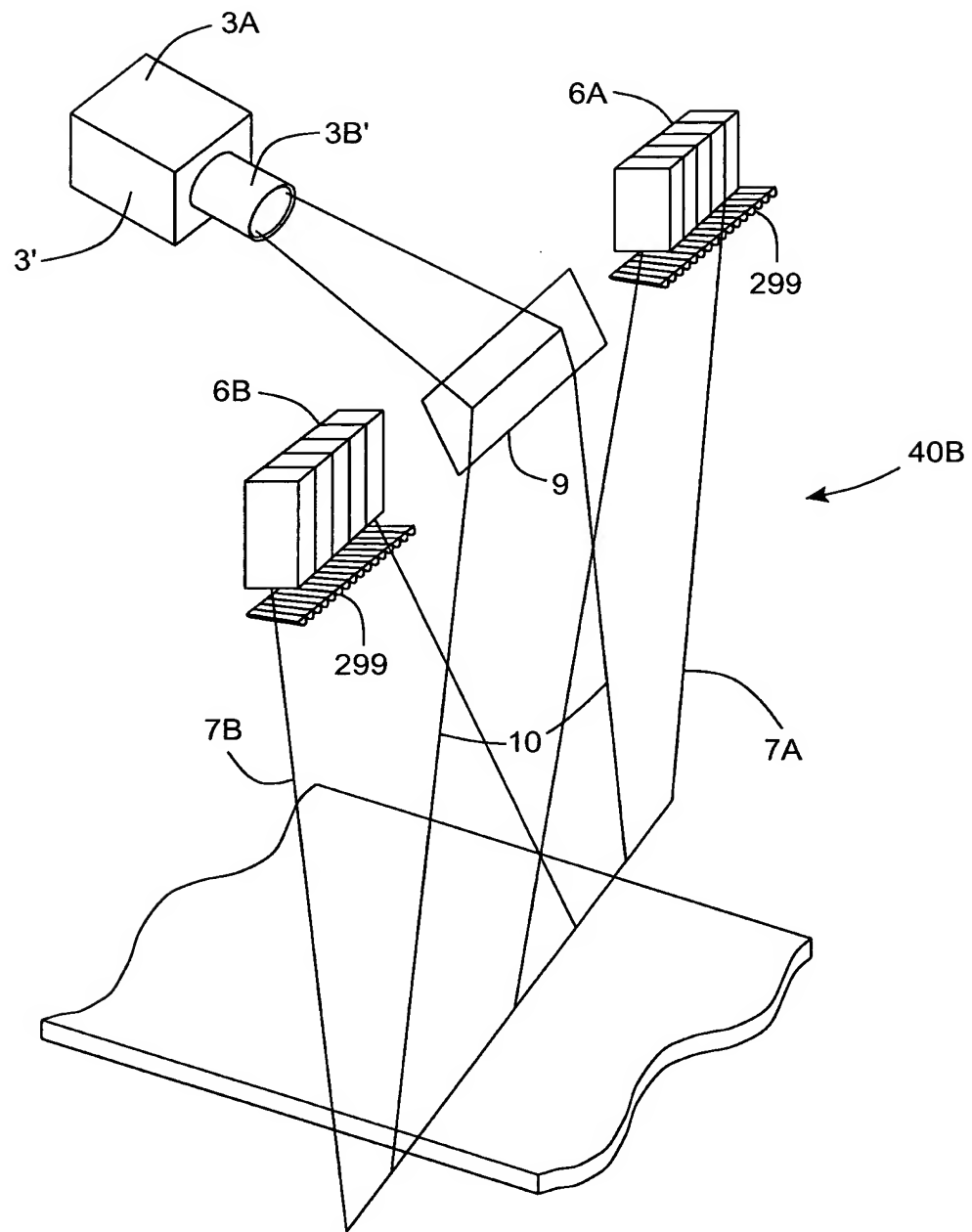


FIG. 2D1

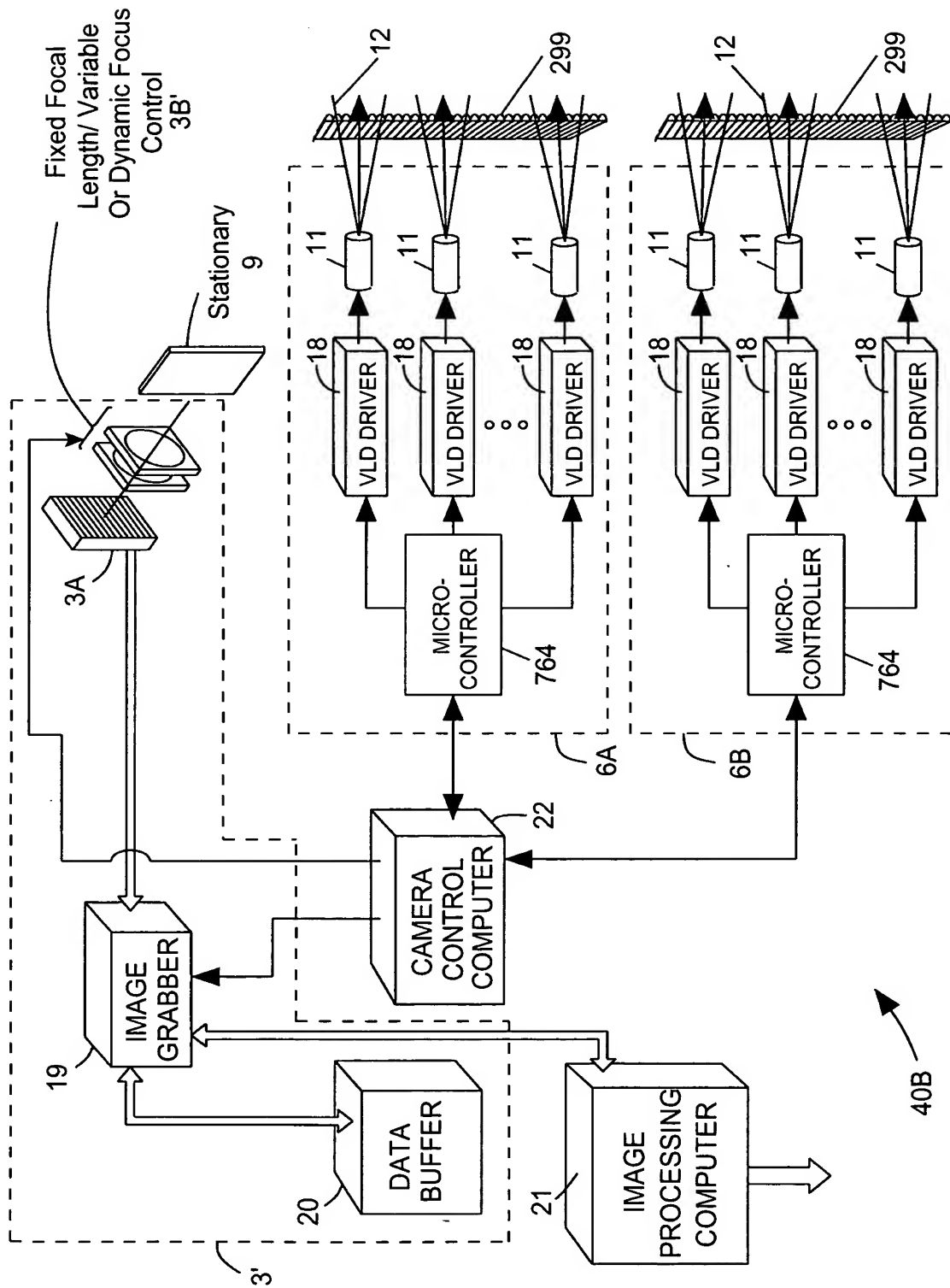


FIG. 2D2

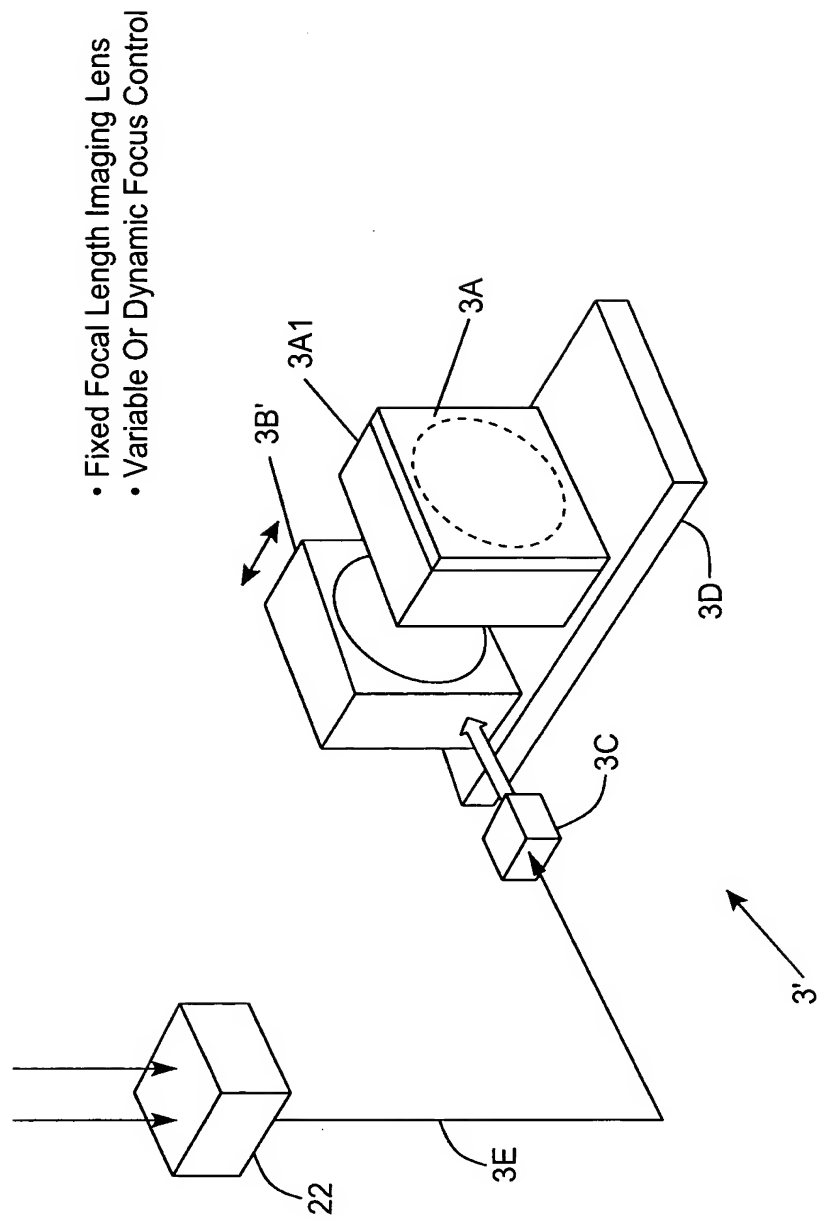
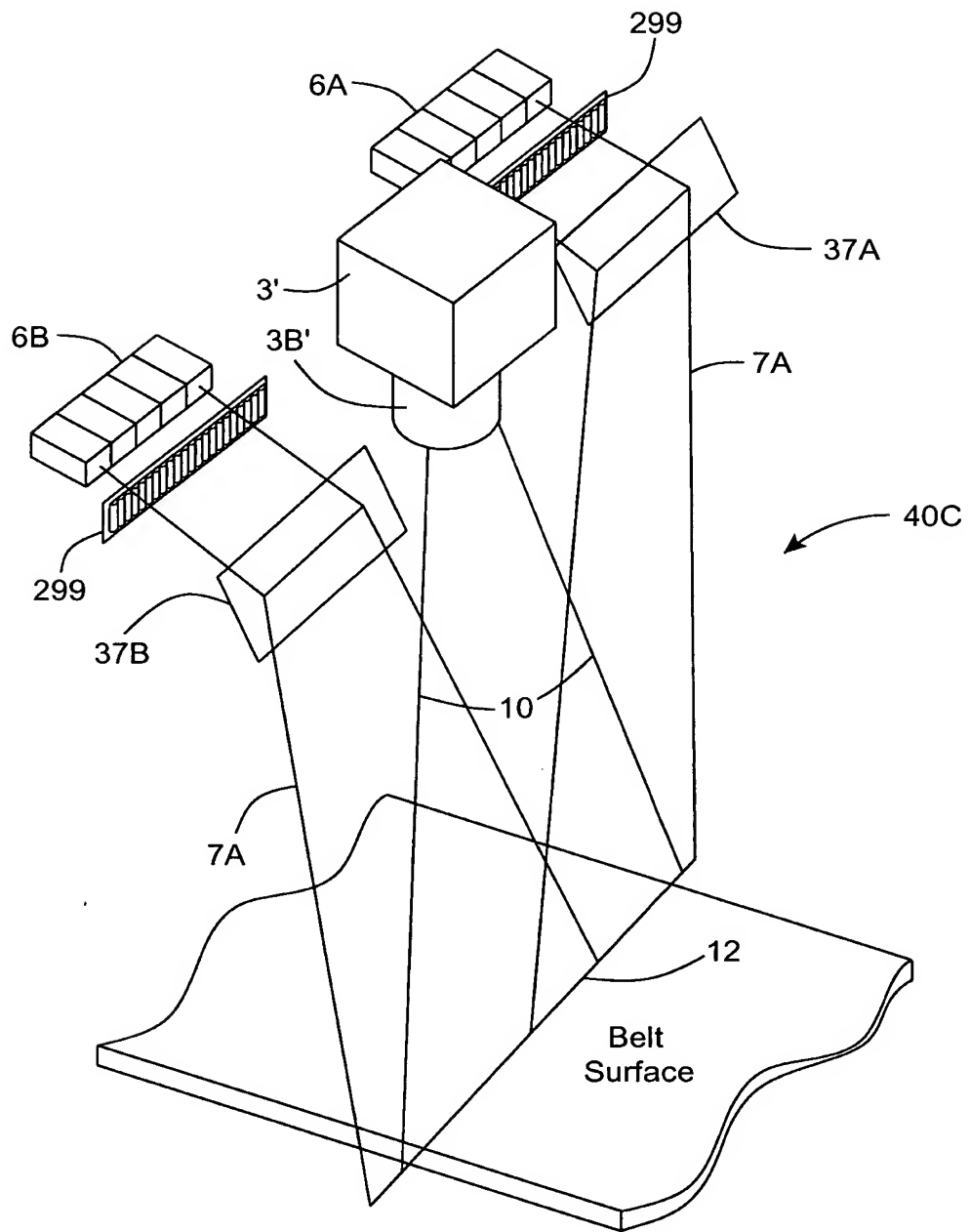


FIG. 2D3



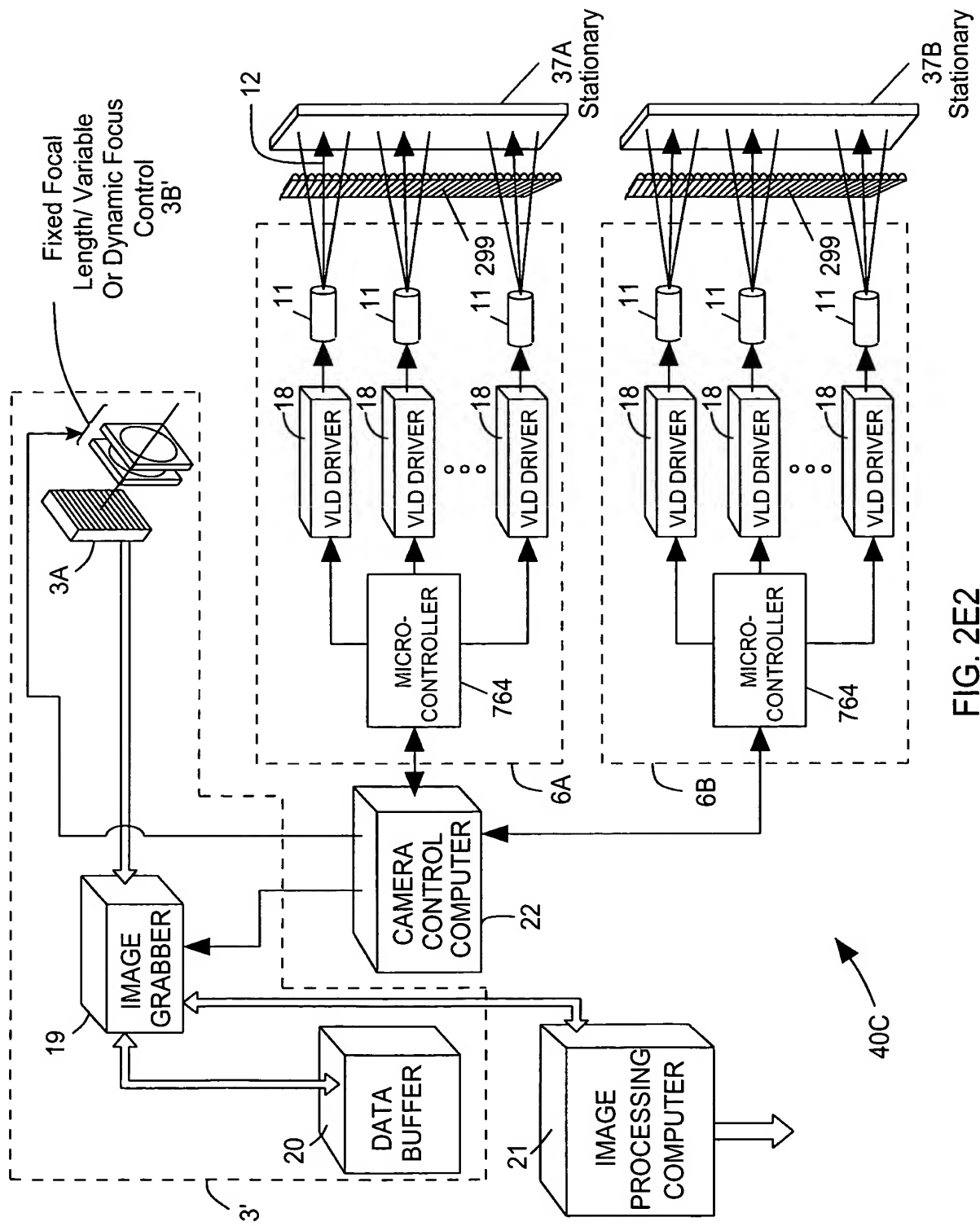


FIG. 2E2

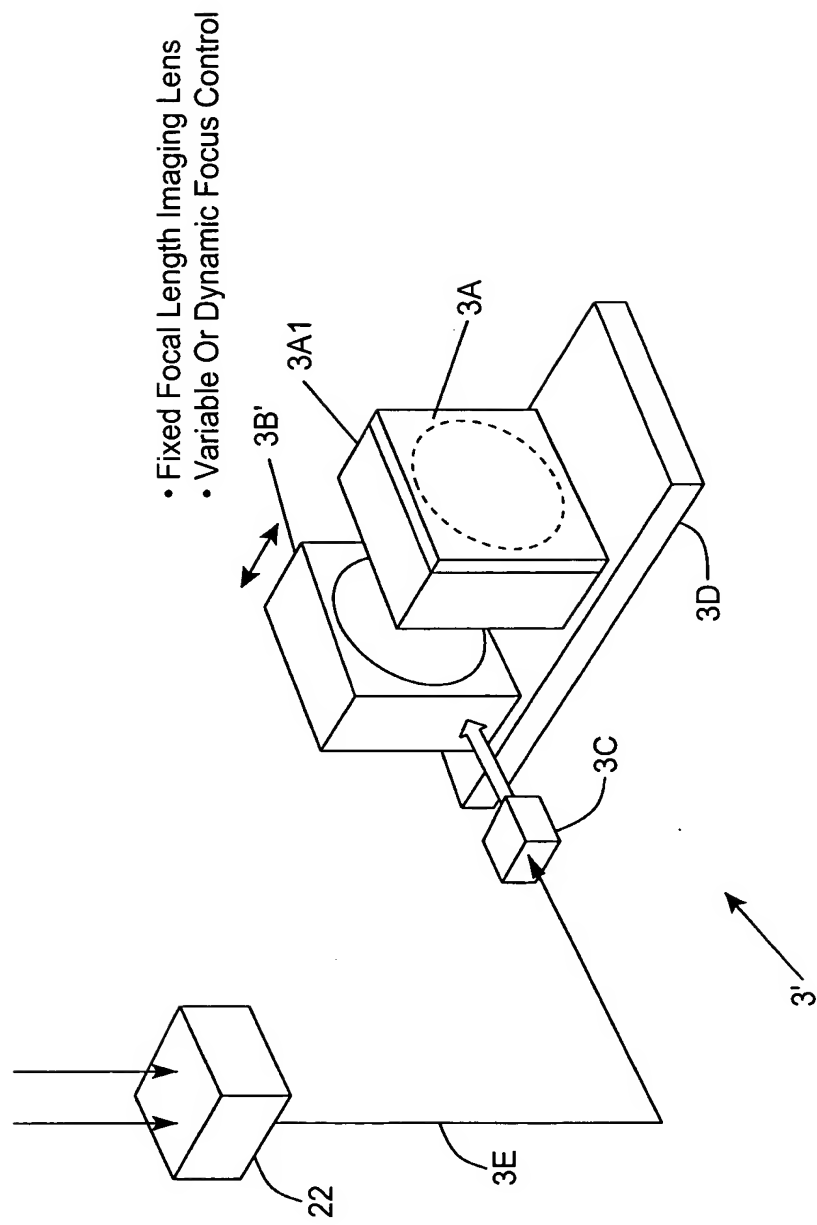


FIG. 2E3

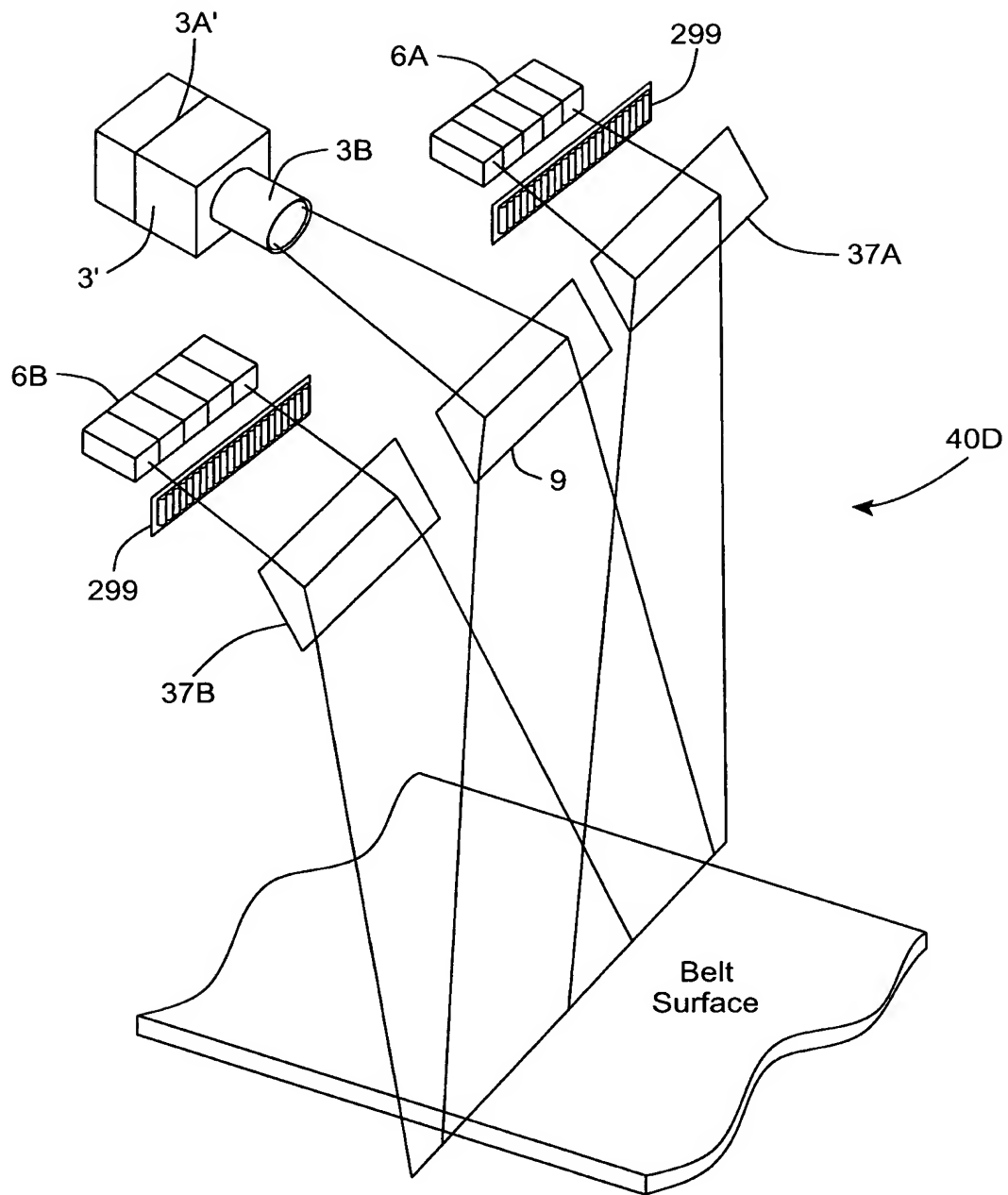


FIG. 2F1

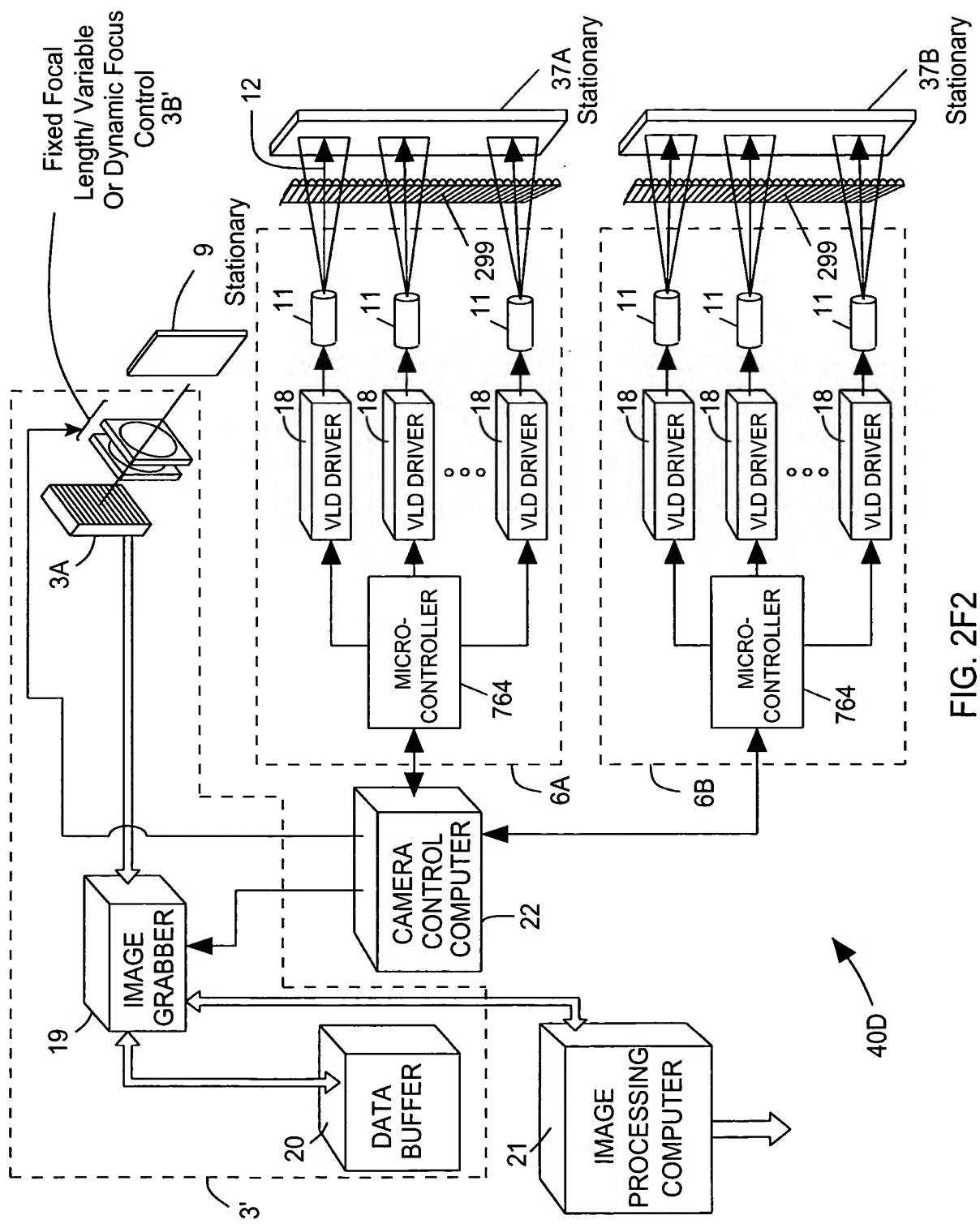


FIG. 2F2

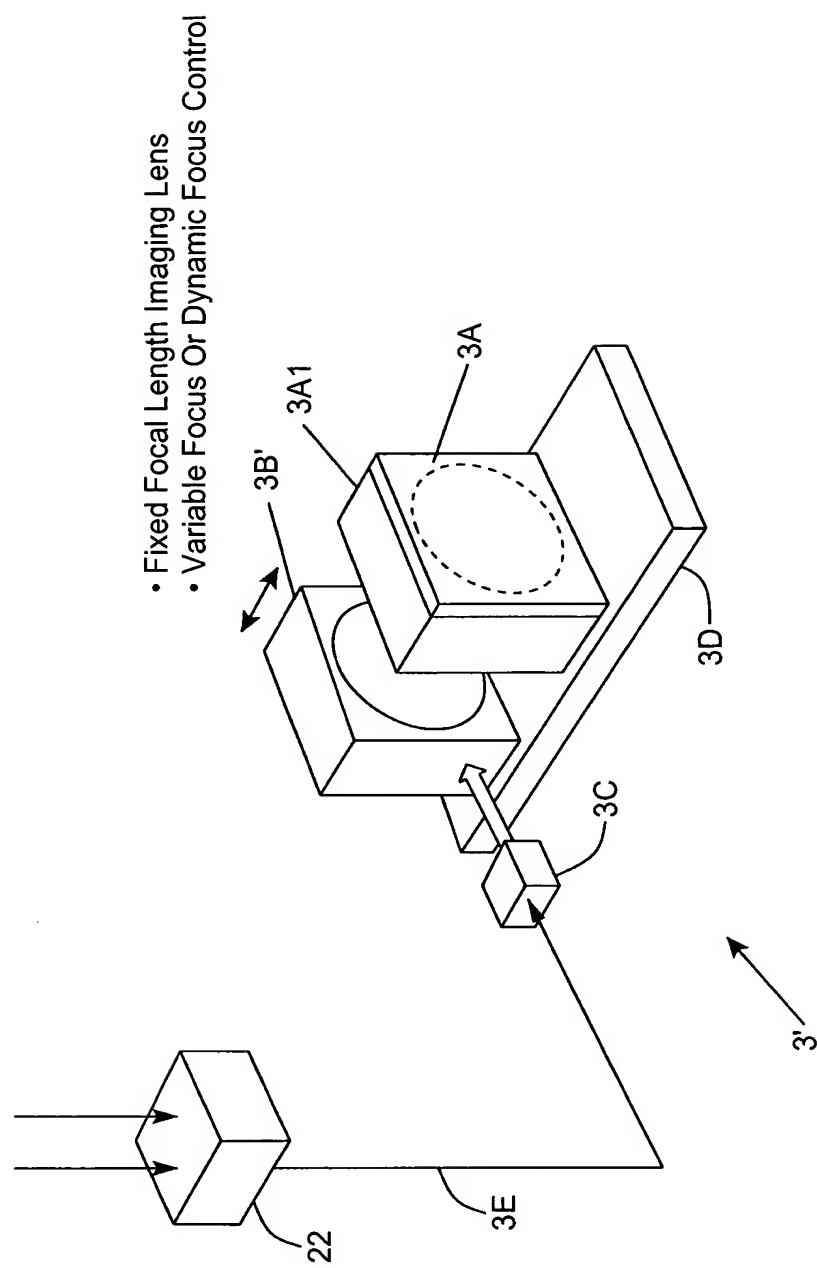


FIG. 2F3

Top Conveyor Scanner:

- Fixed Focal Length Imaging Lens
- Variable Focal Distance Control

Side Conveyor Scanner:

- Fixed Focal Length Imaging Lens
- Dynamic Focal Distance Control

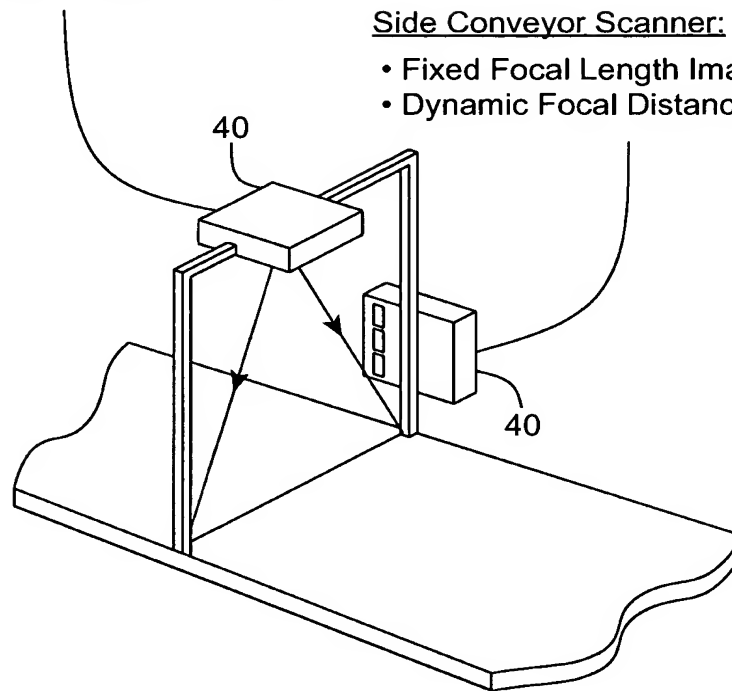


FIG. 2G

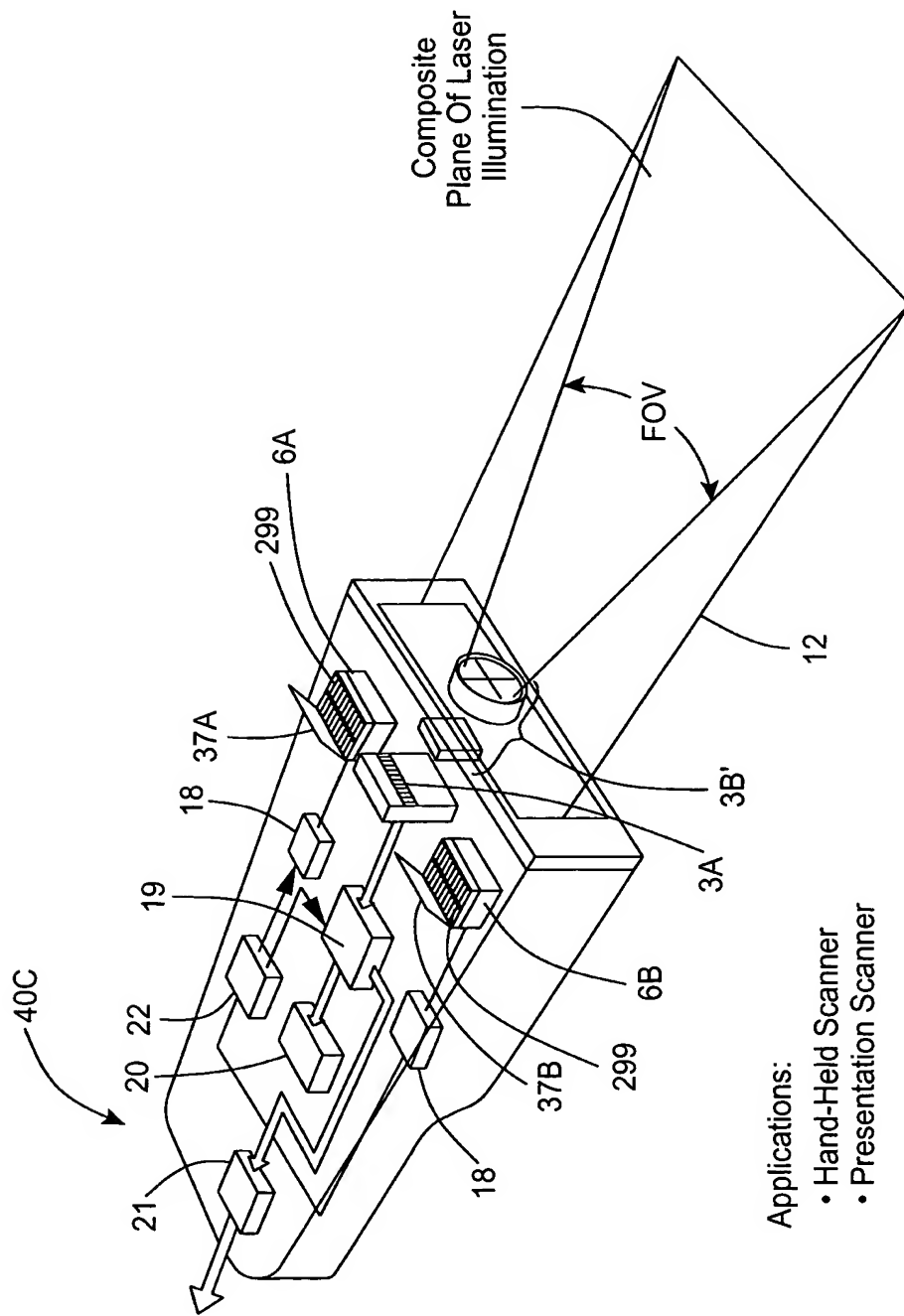


FIG. 2H

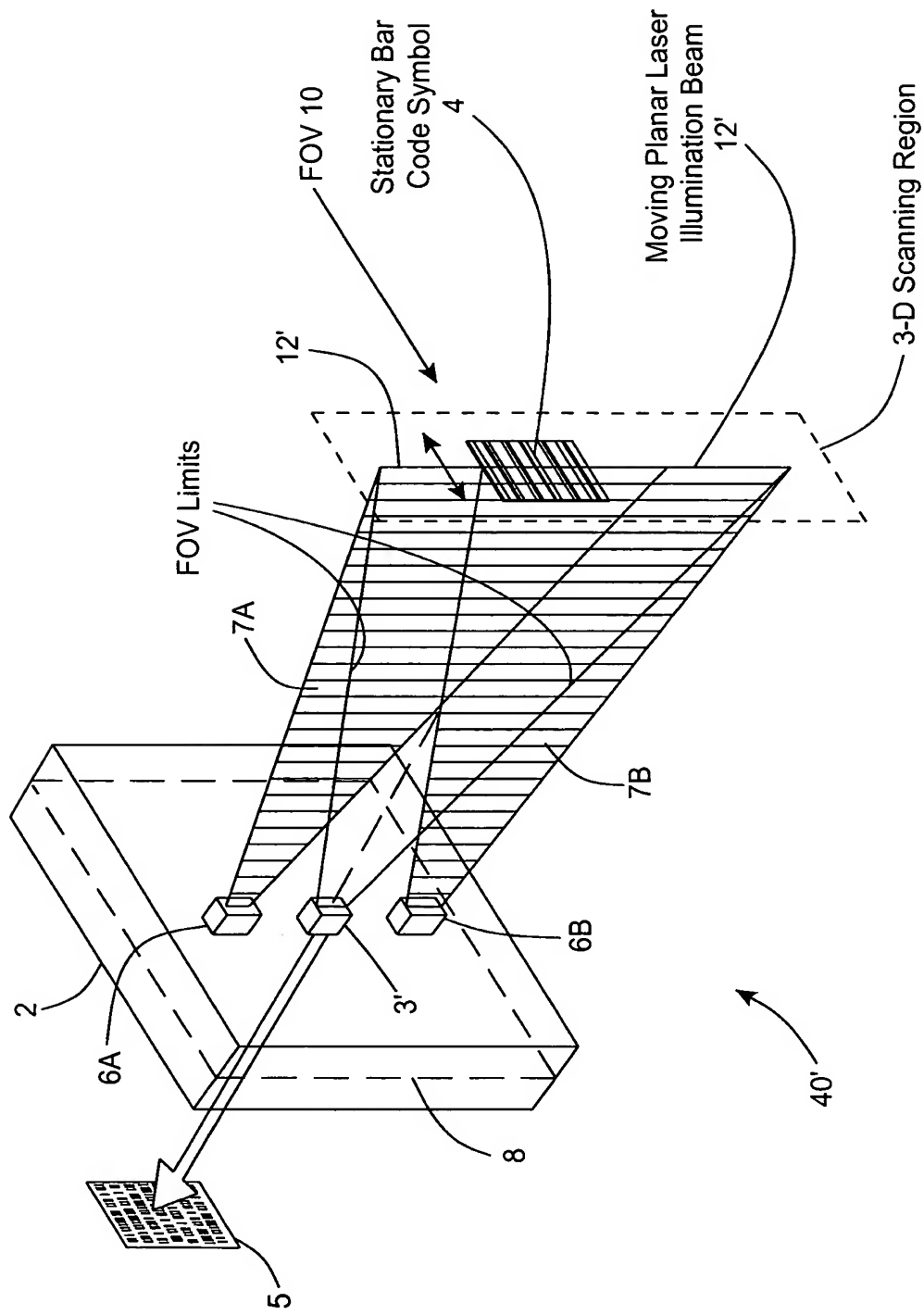


FIG. 211

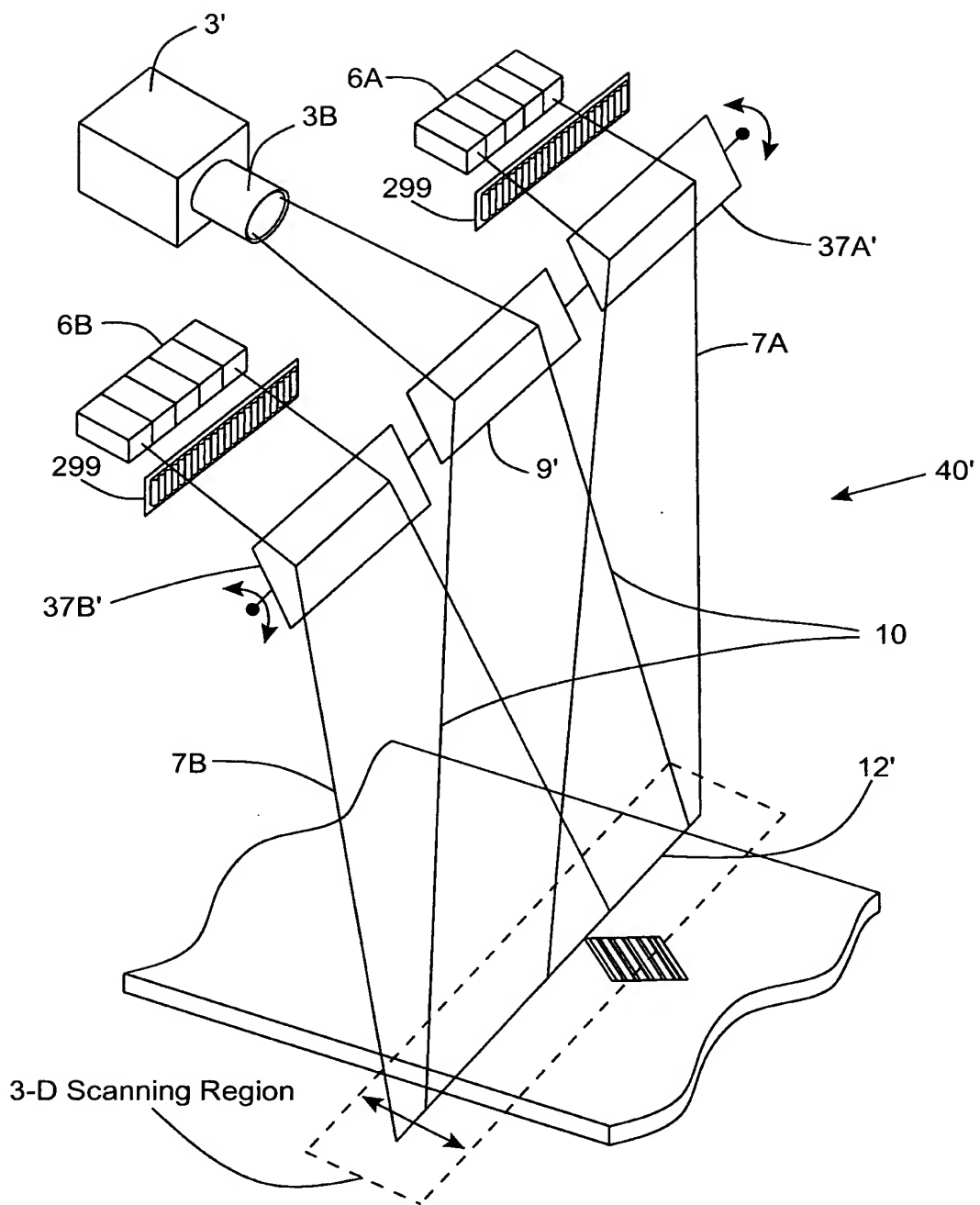


FIG. 212

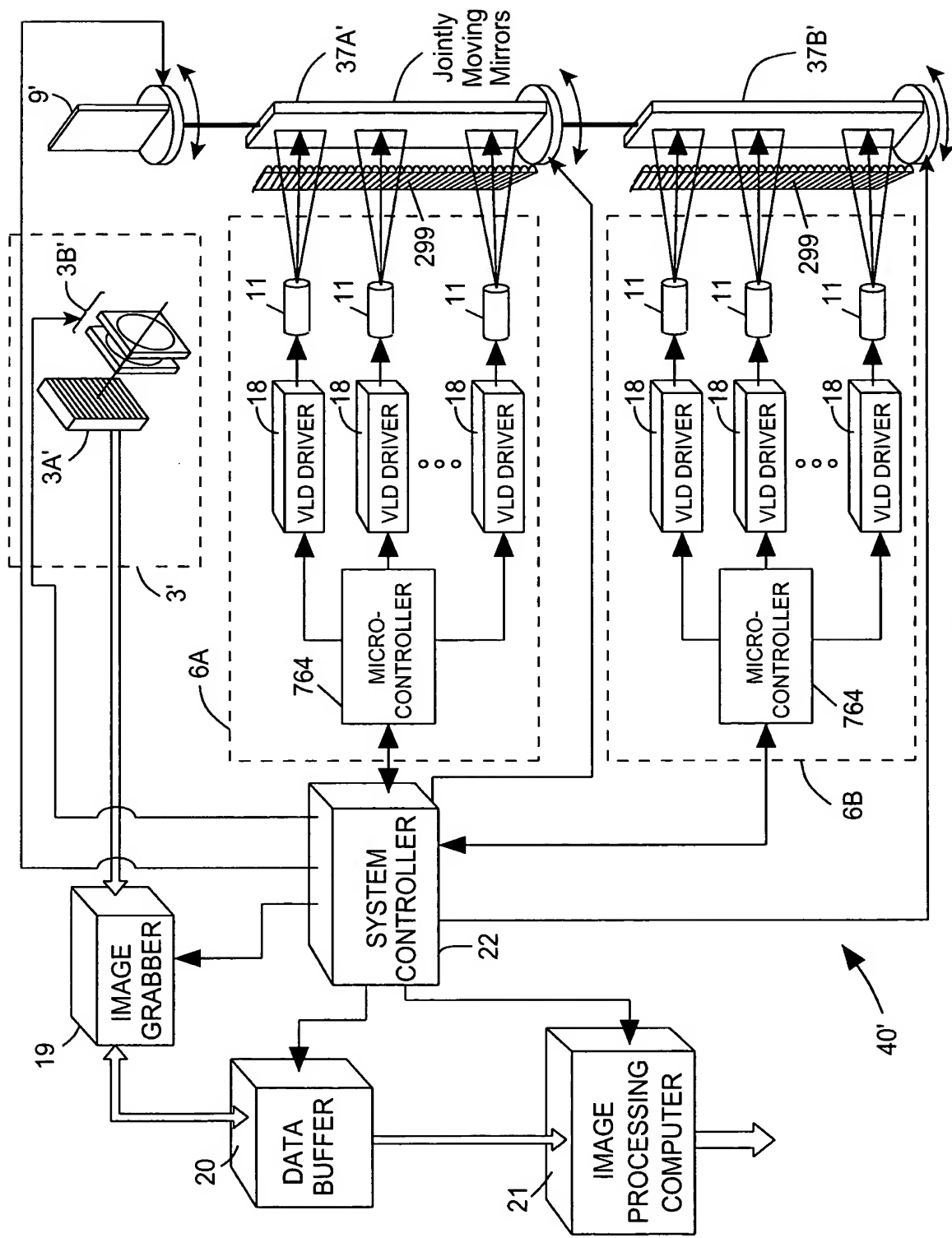


FIG. 213

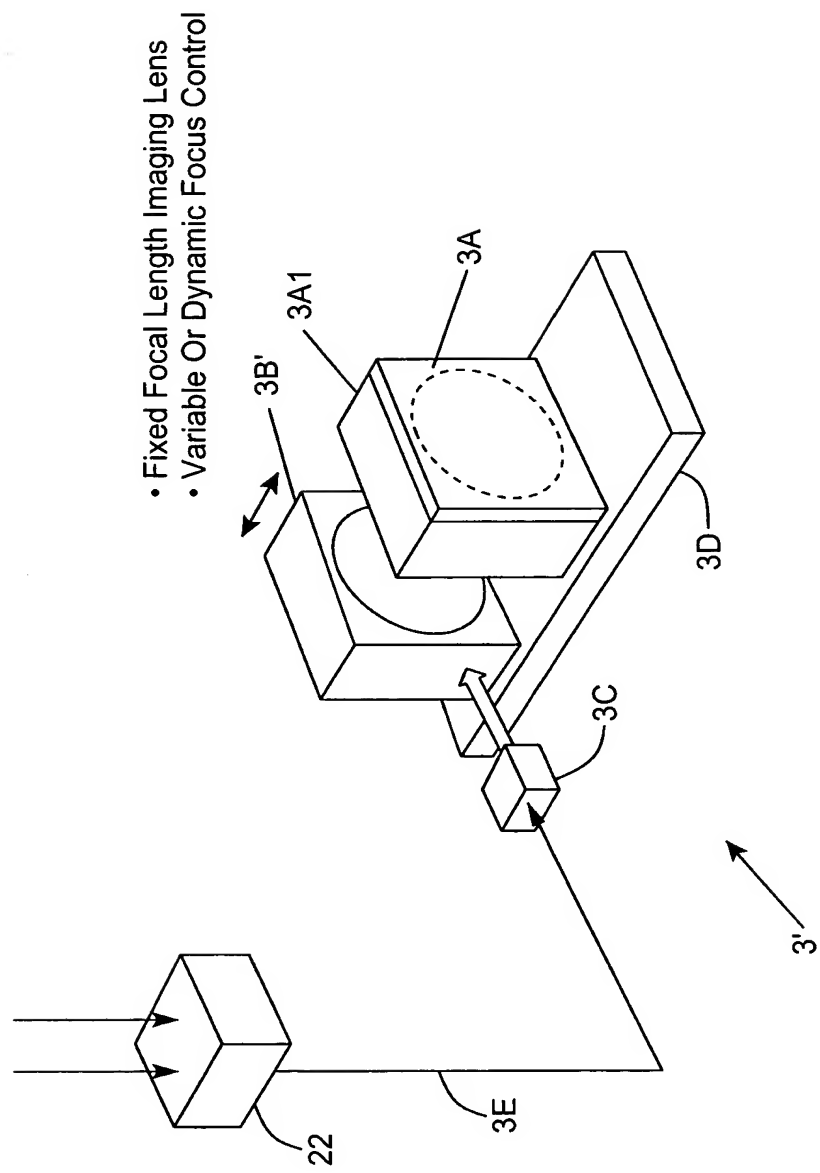


FIG. 2I4

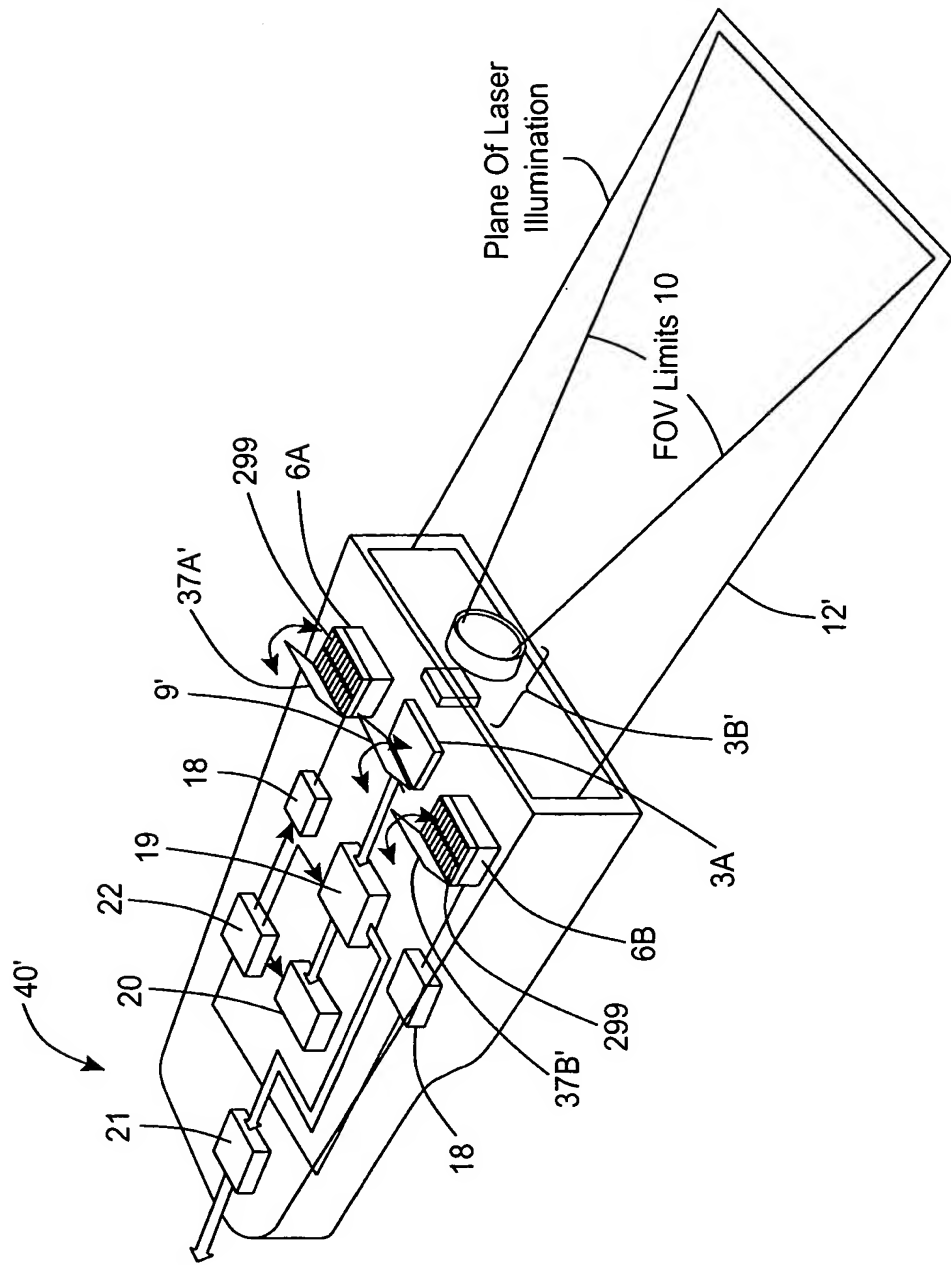


FIG. 215

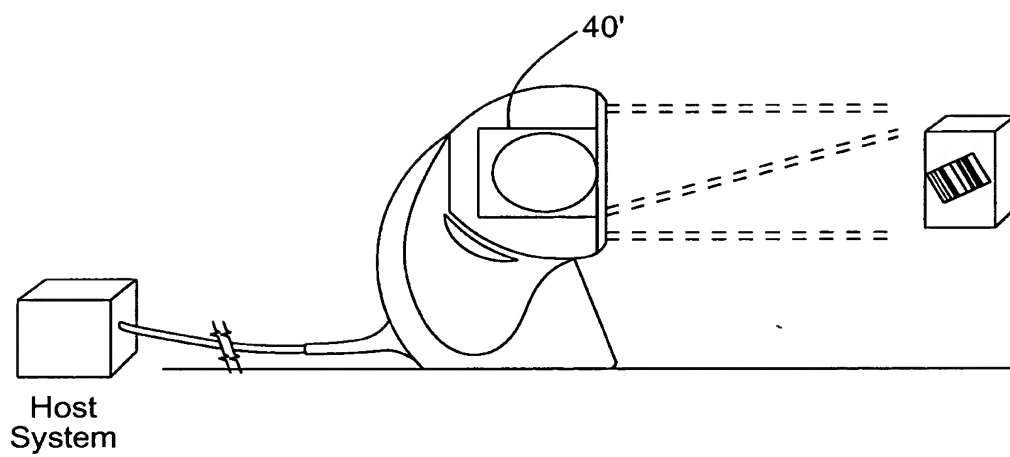


FIG. 216

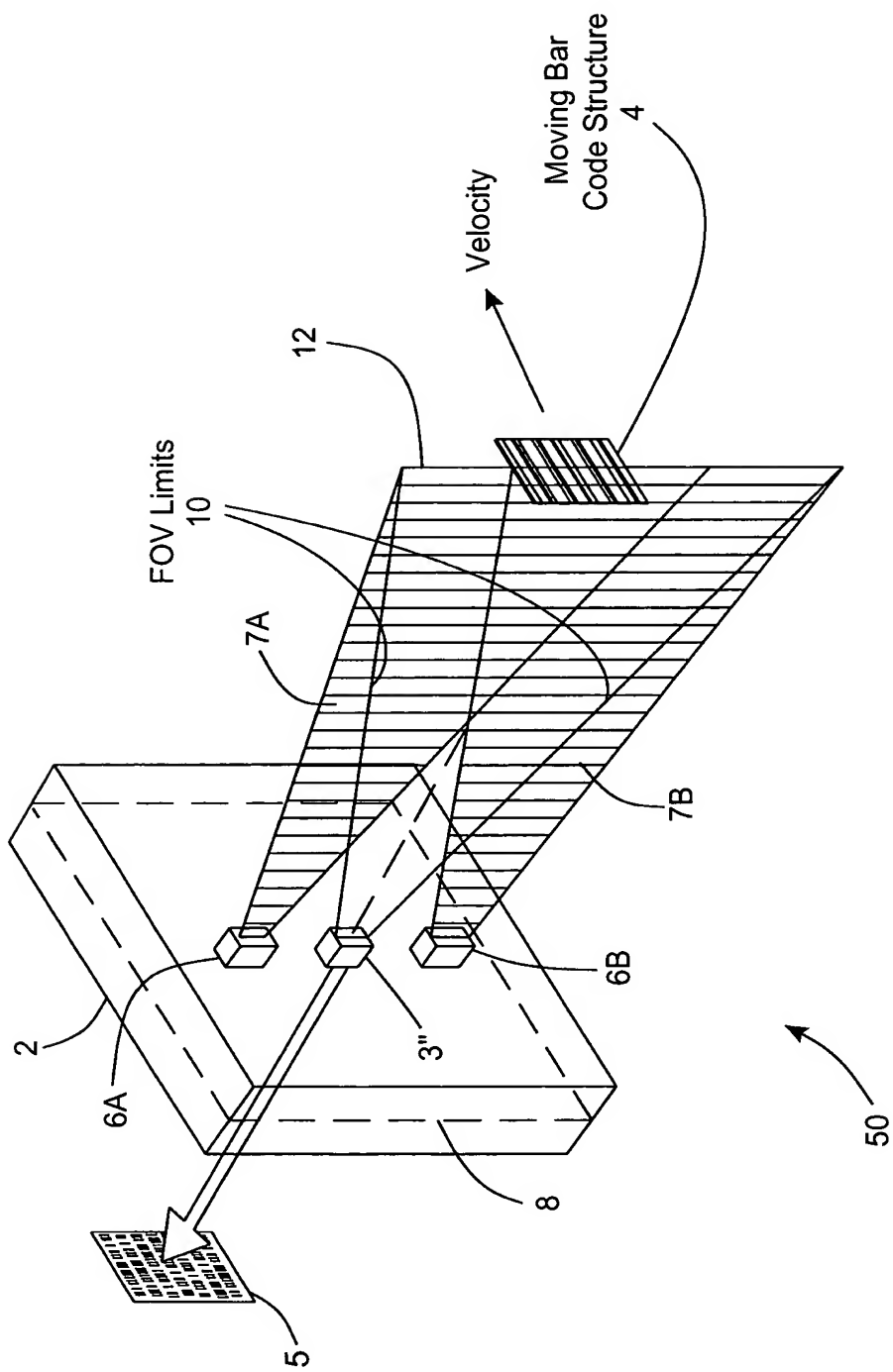


FIG. 3A

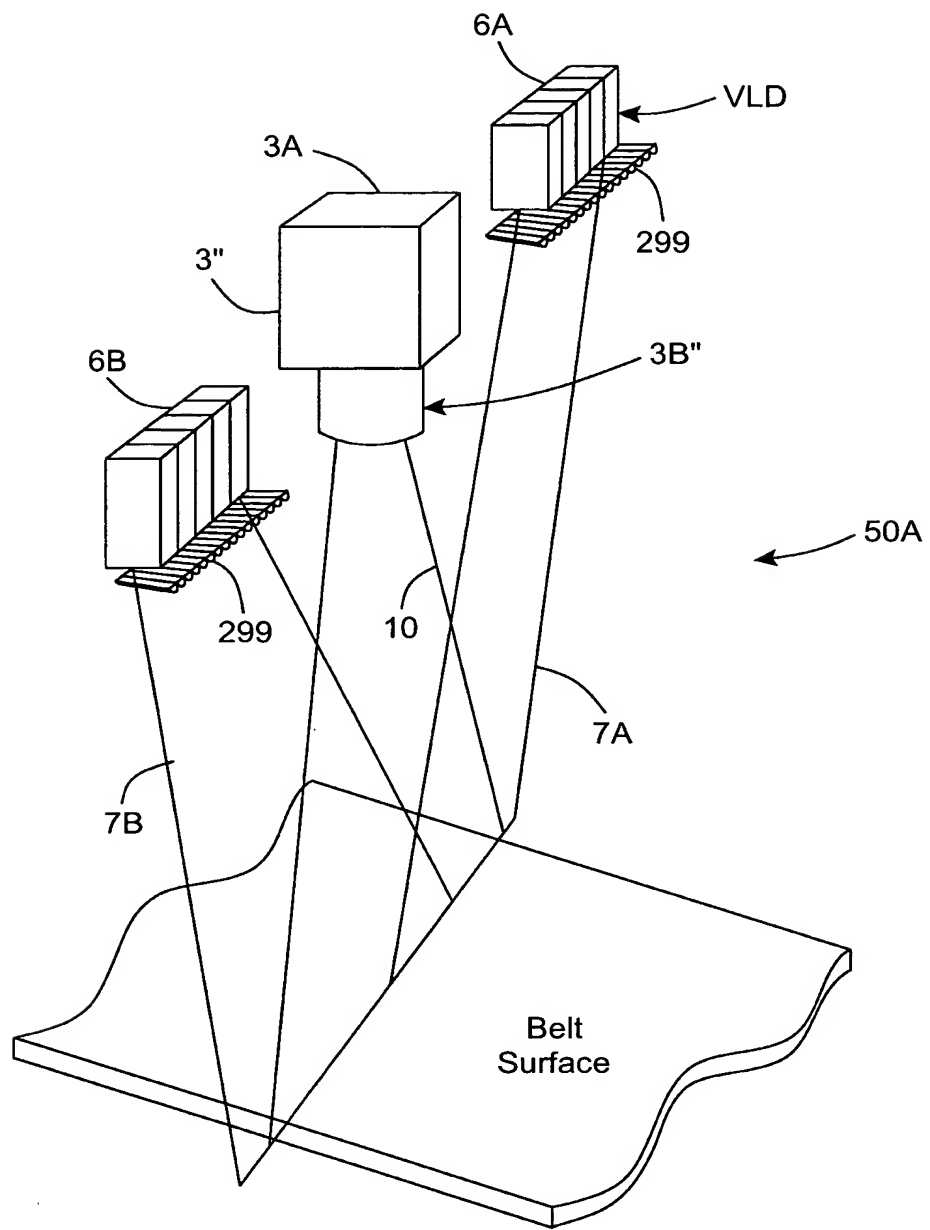


FIG. 3B1

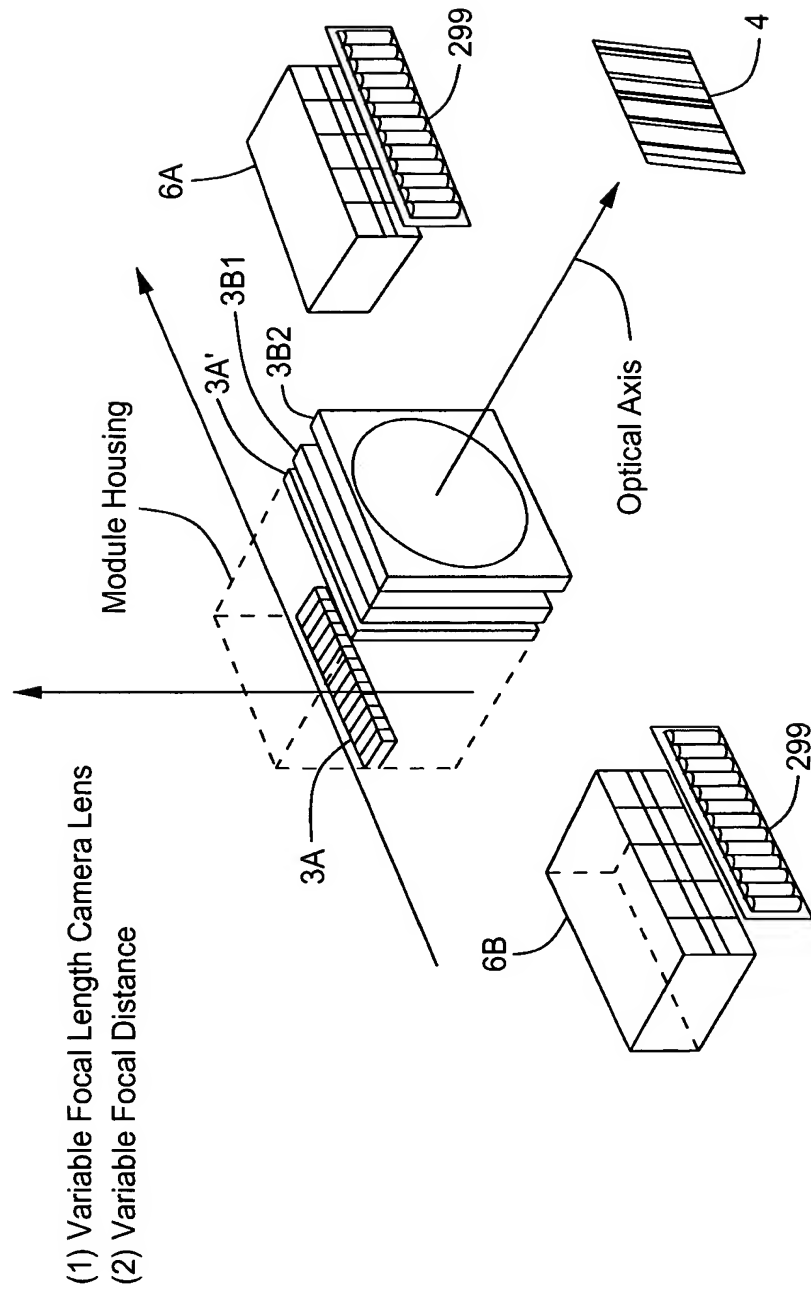


FIG. 3B2

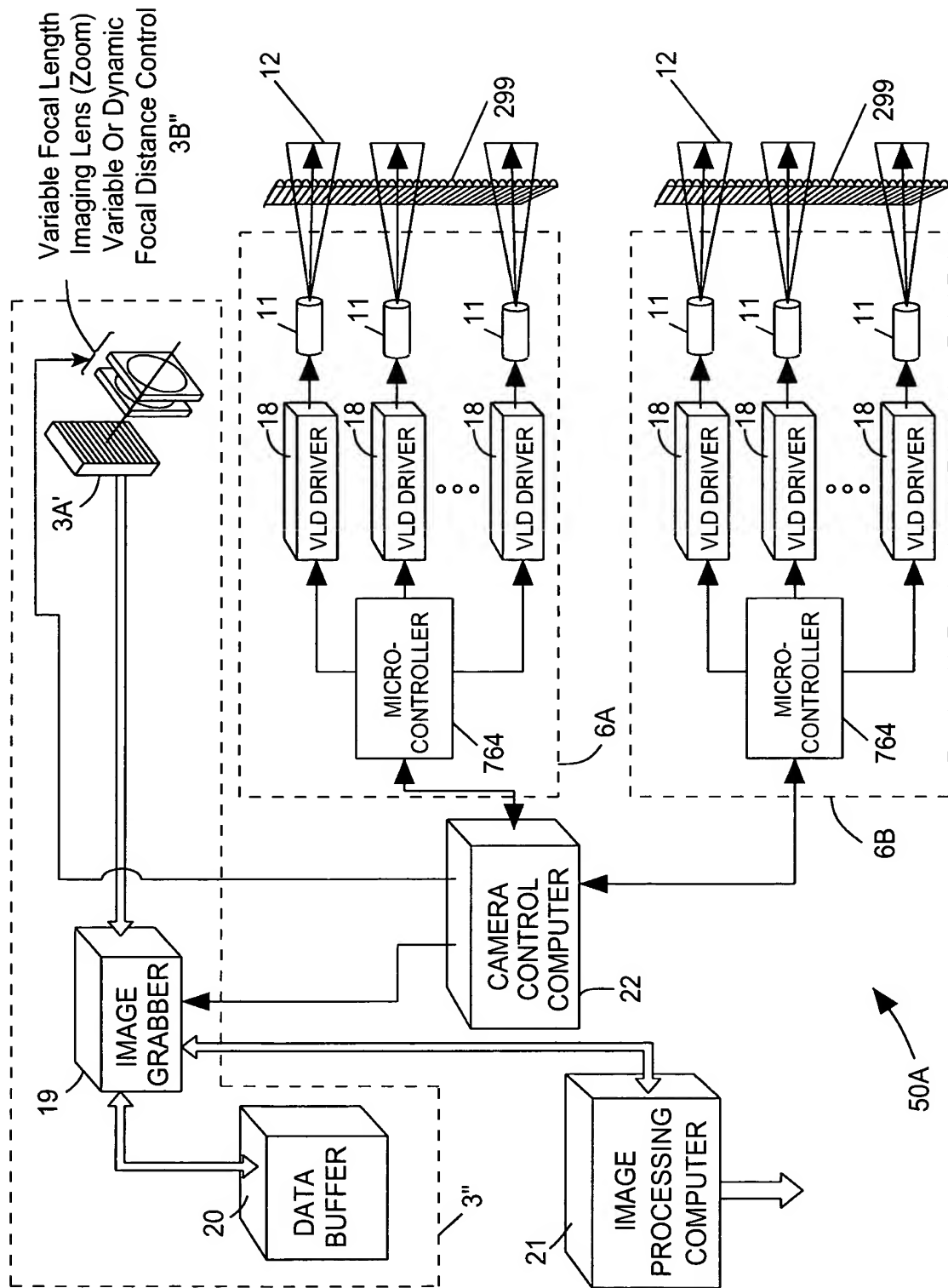
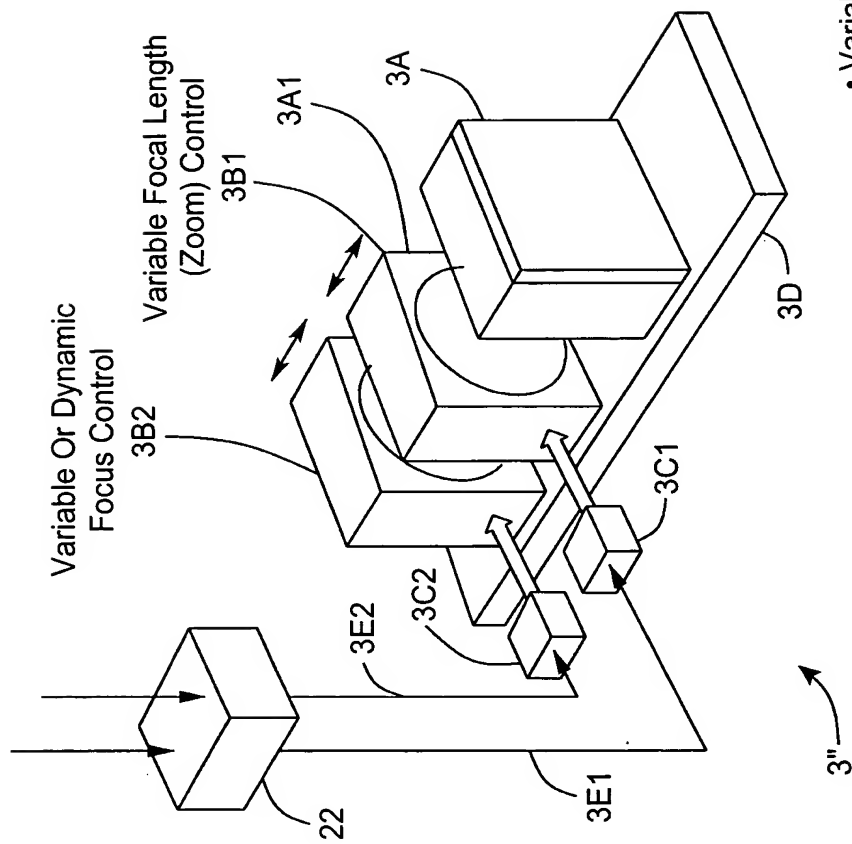


FIG. 3C1



- Variable Focal Length Camera Lens
- Variable Focal Distance

FIG. 3C2

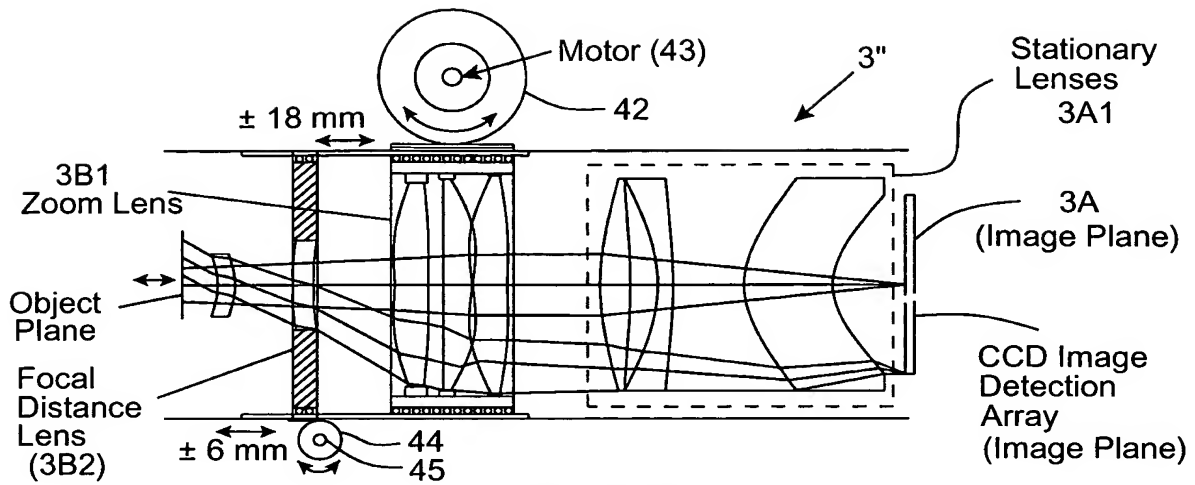


FIG. 3D1

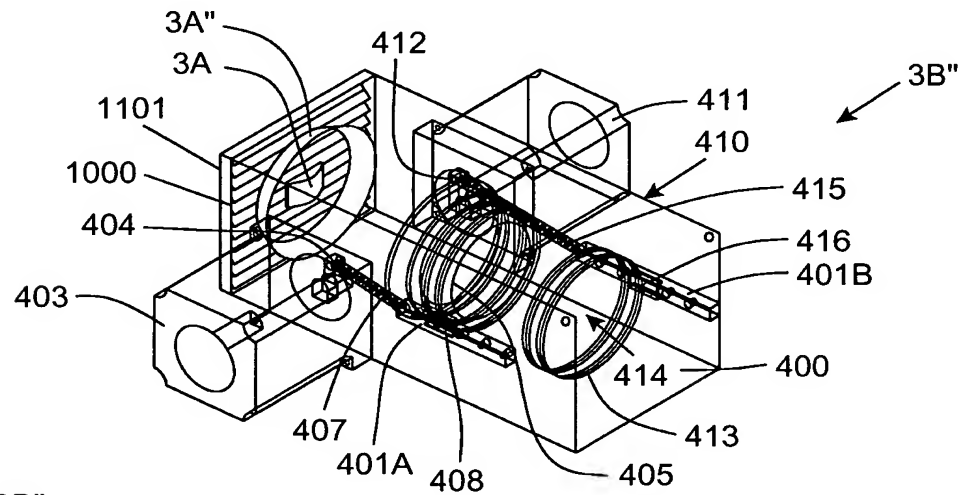


FIG. 3D2

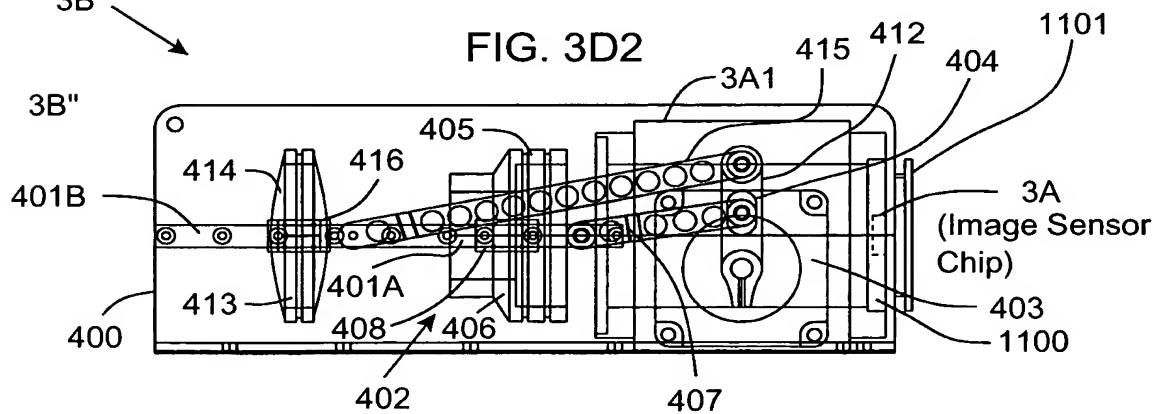


FIG. 3D3

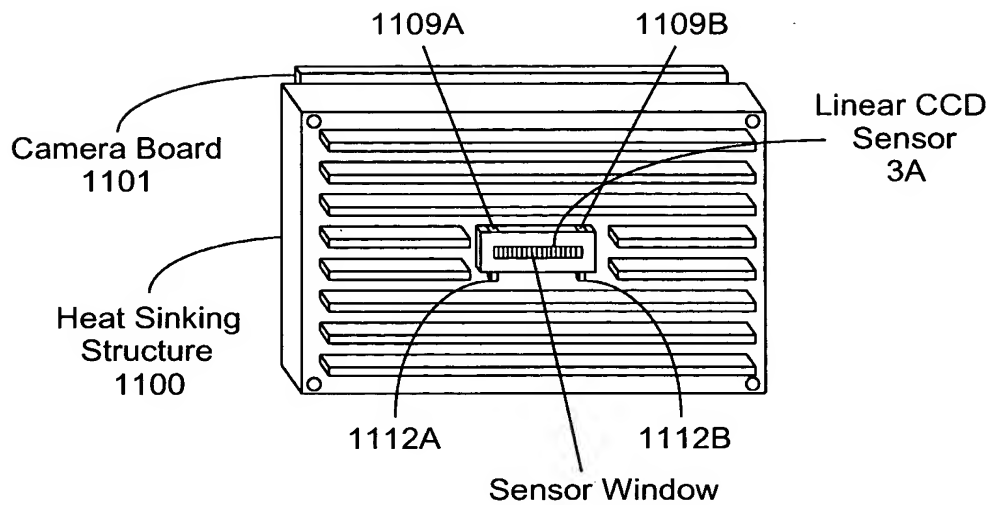


FIG. 3D4

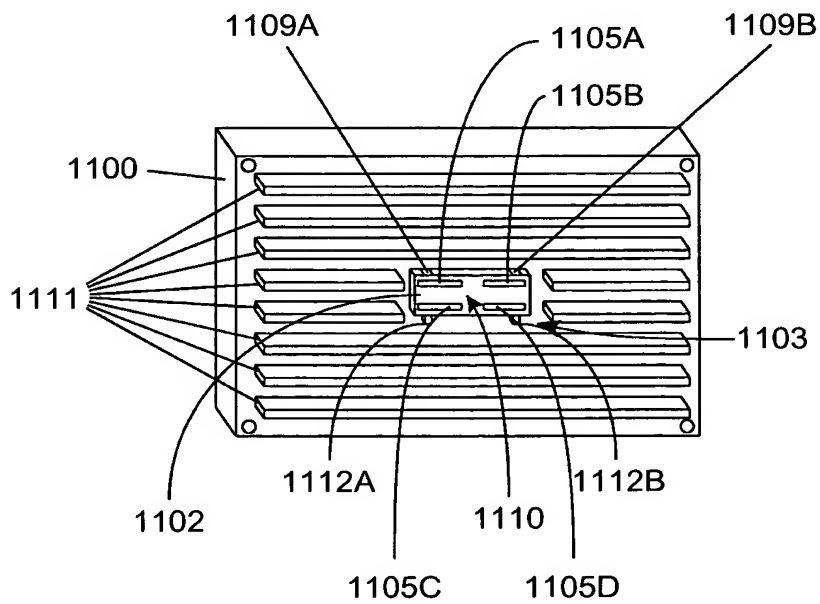


FIG. 3D5

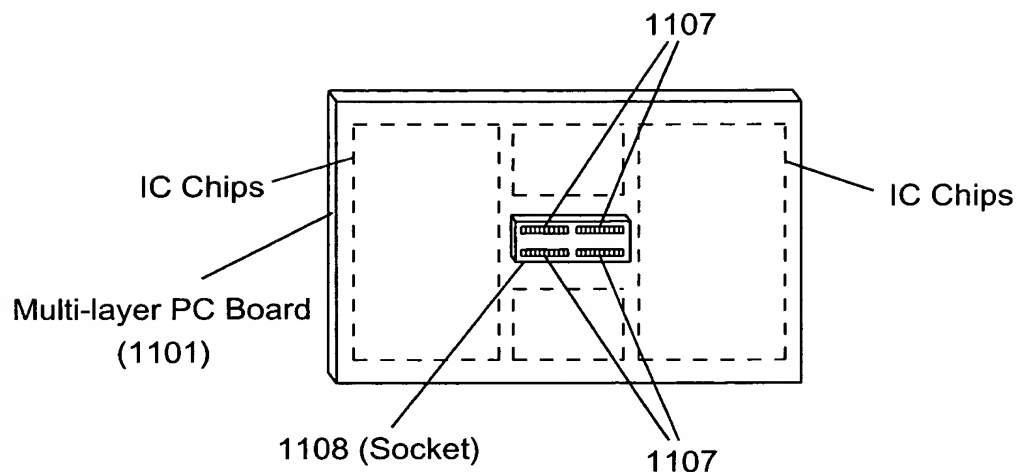


FIG. 3D6

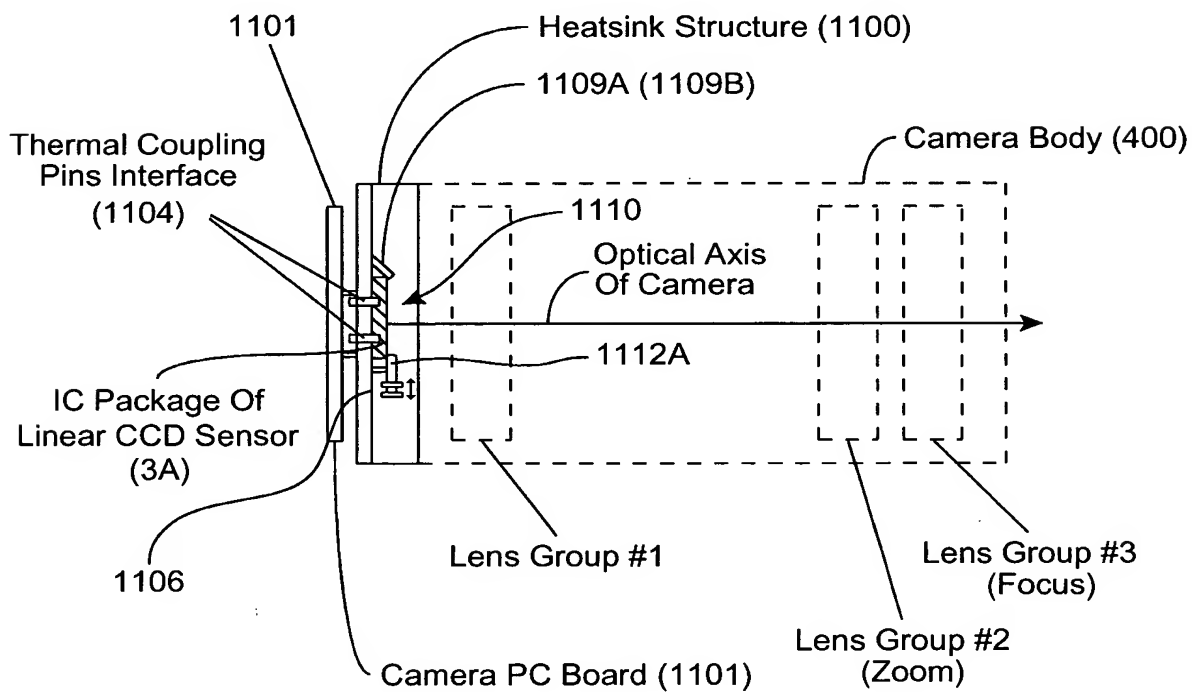


FIG. 3D7

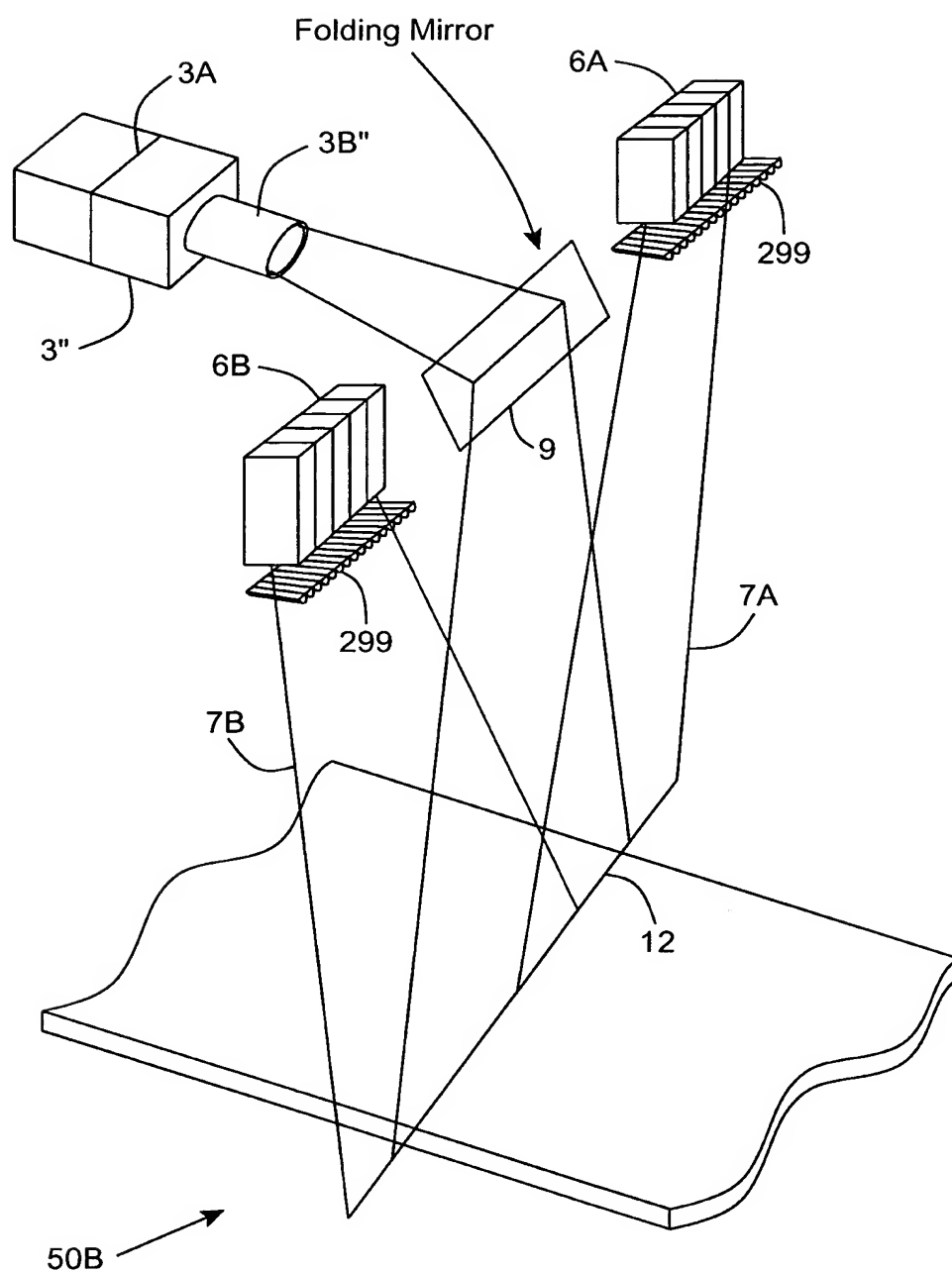


FIG. 3E1

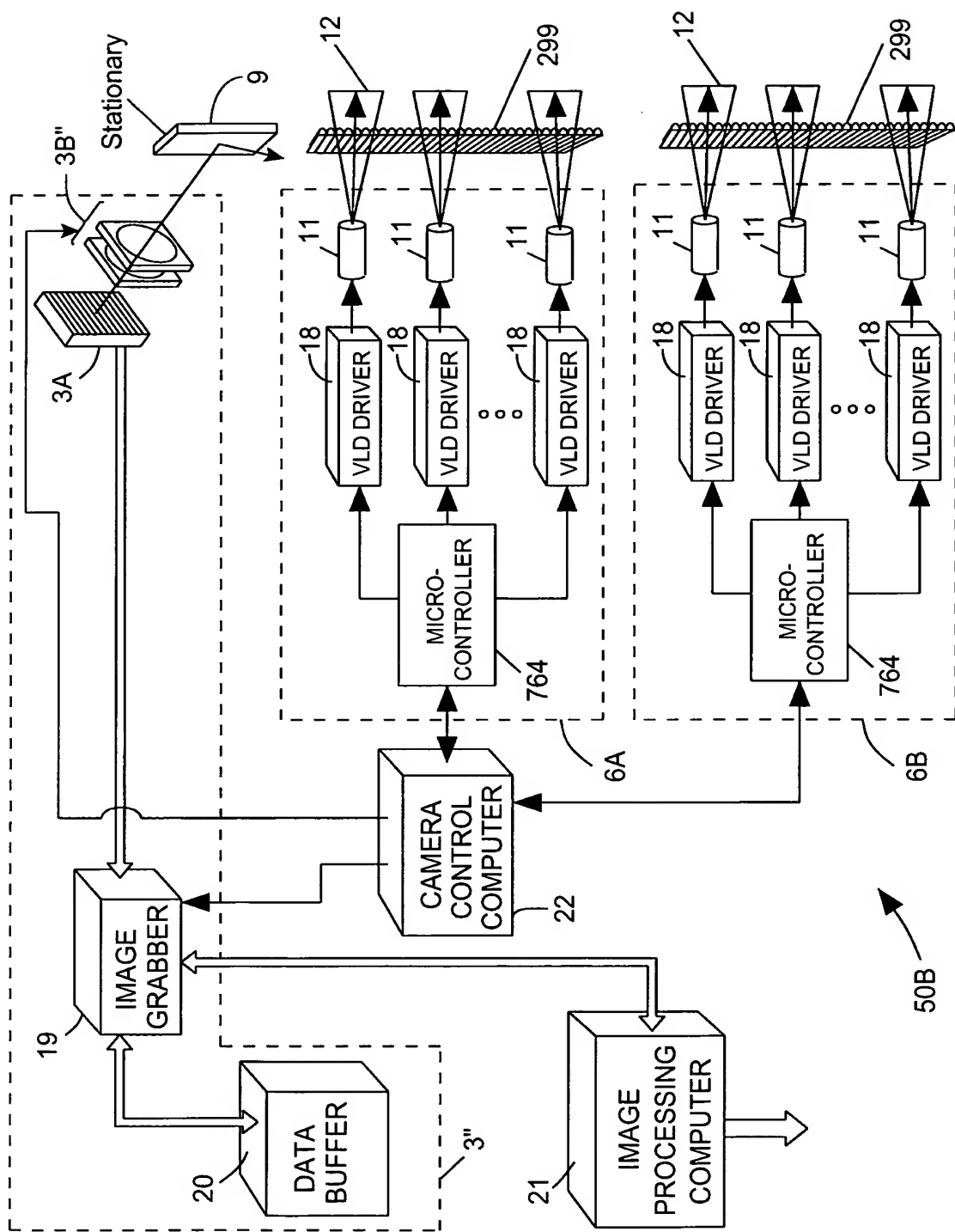


FIG. 3E2

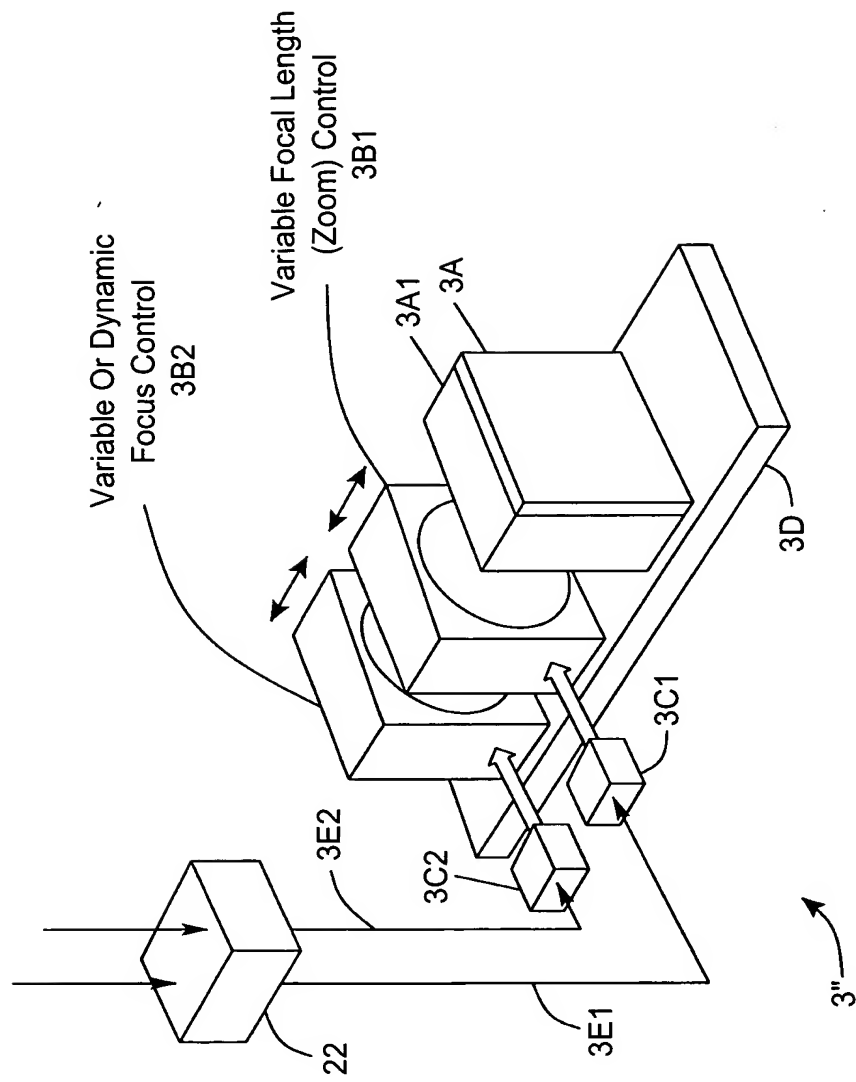


FIG. 3E3

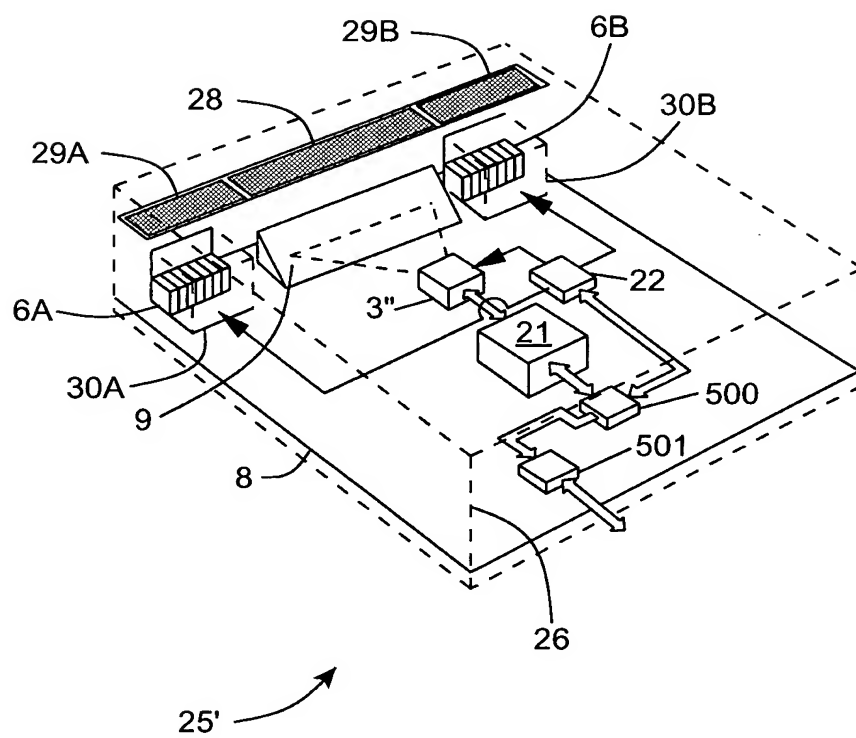


FIG. 3E4

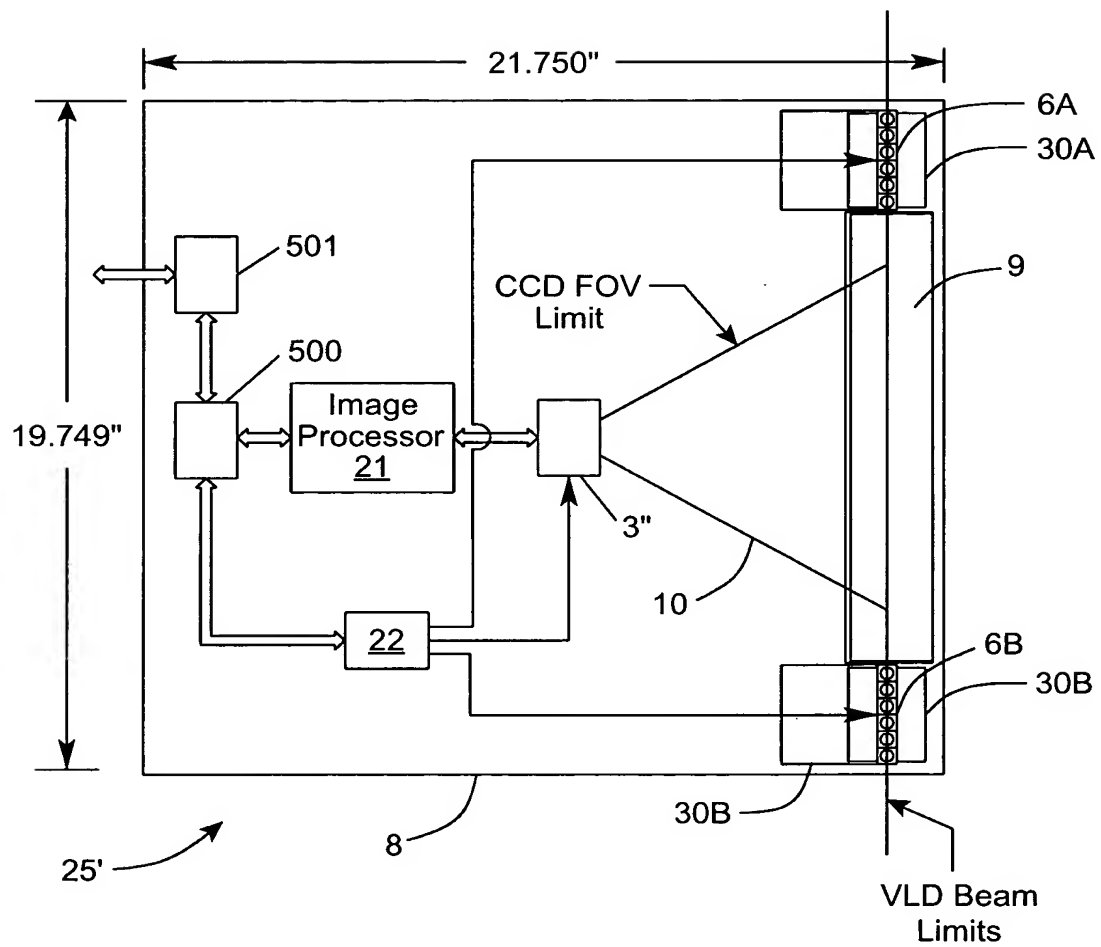


FIG. 3E5

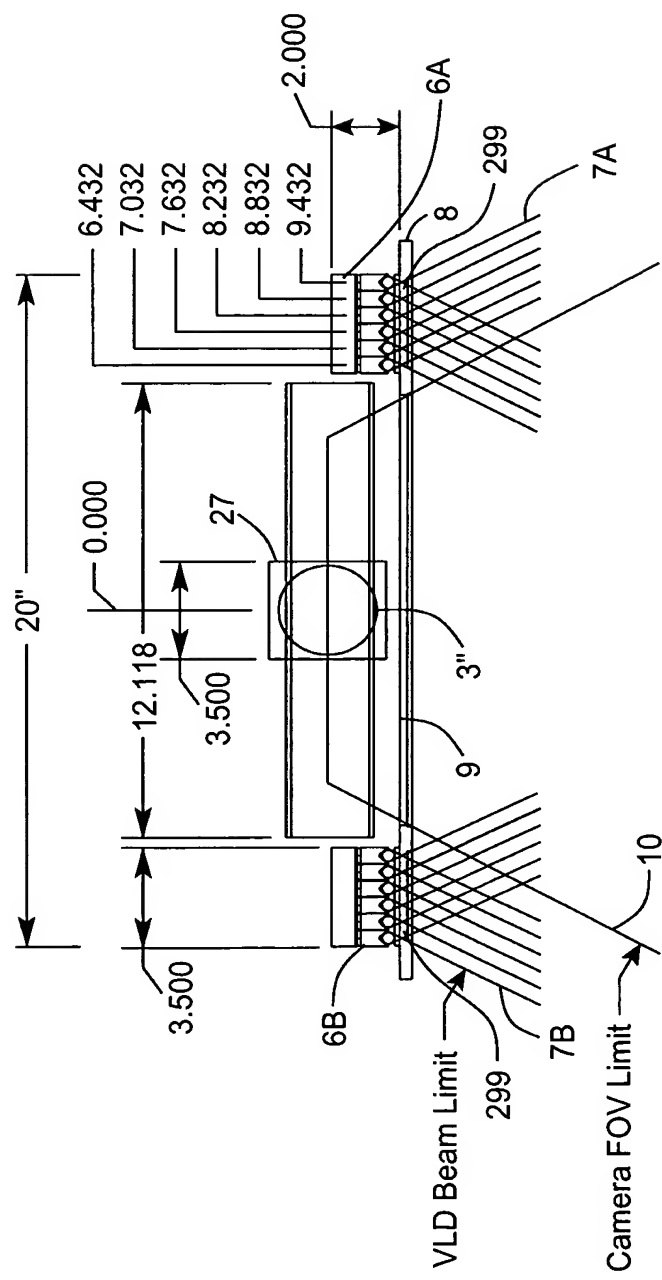


FIG. 3E6

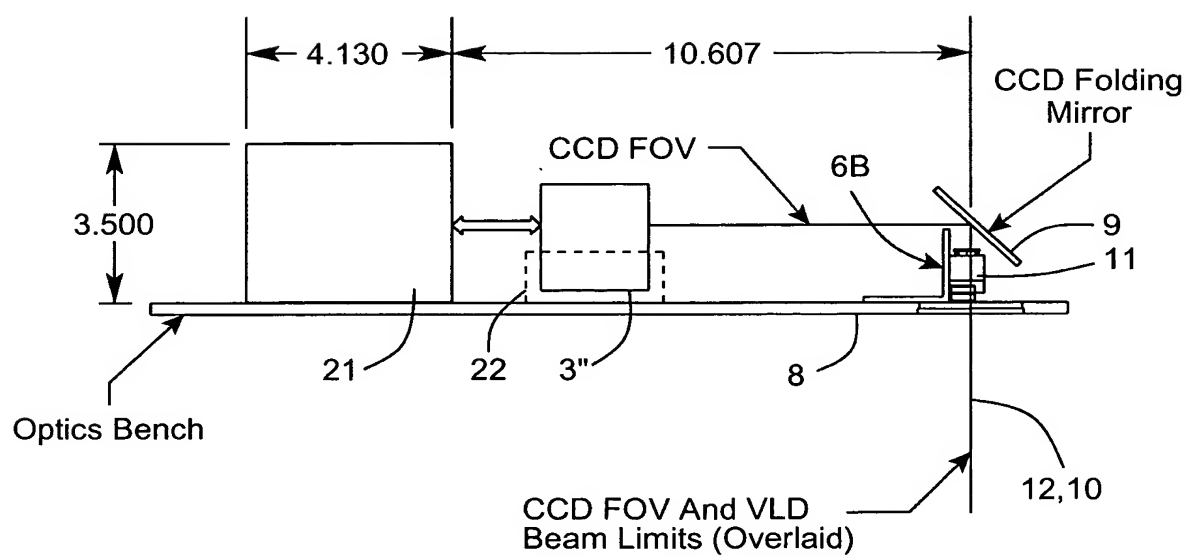


FIG. 3E7

* Variable FOV

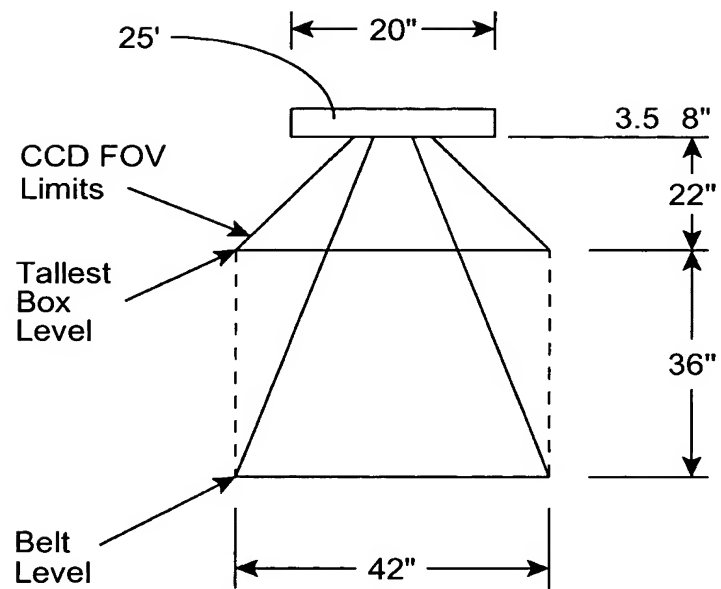


FIG. 3E8

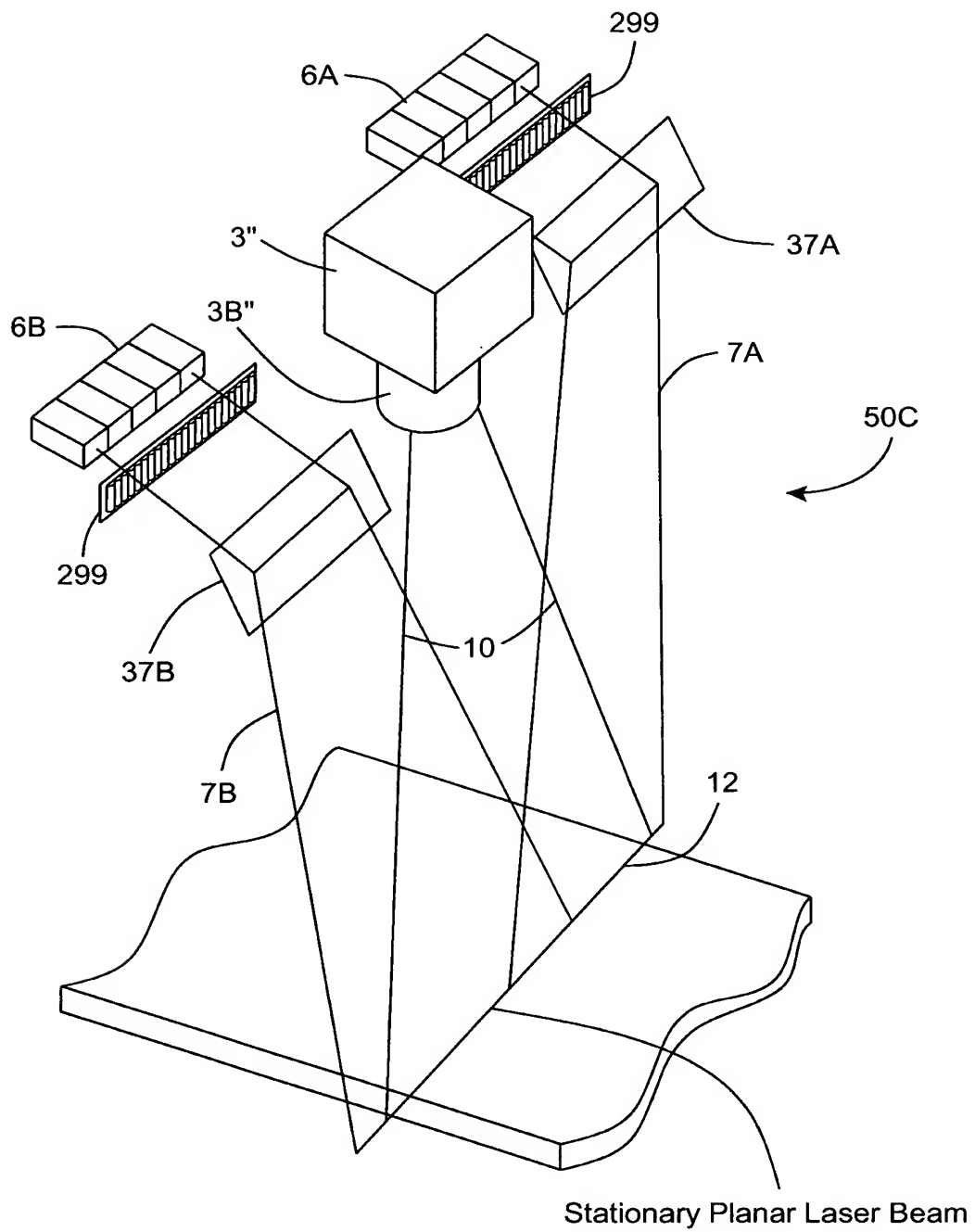


FIG. 3F1

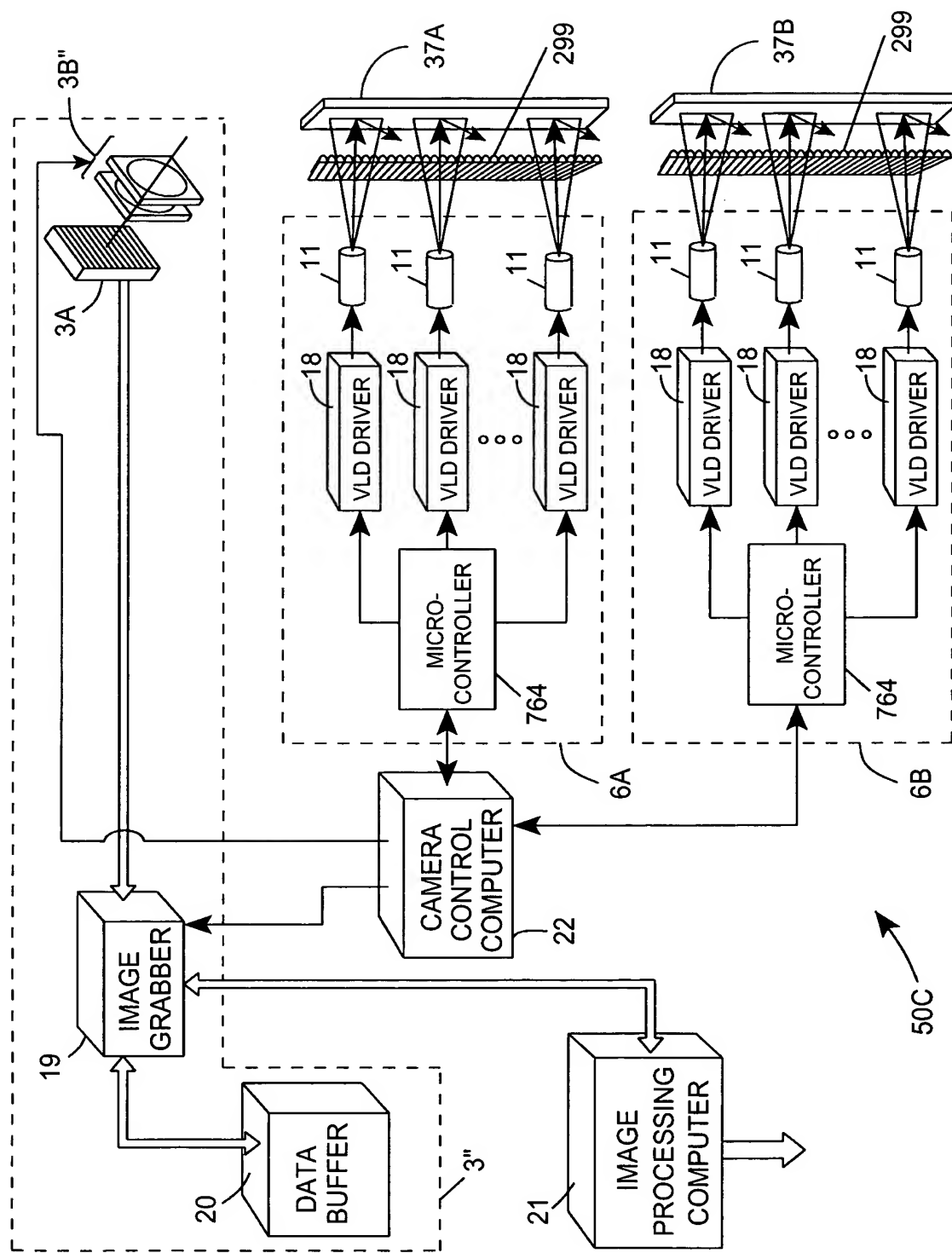


FIG. 3F2

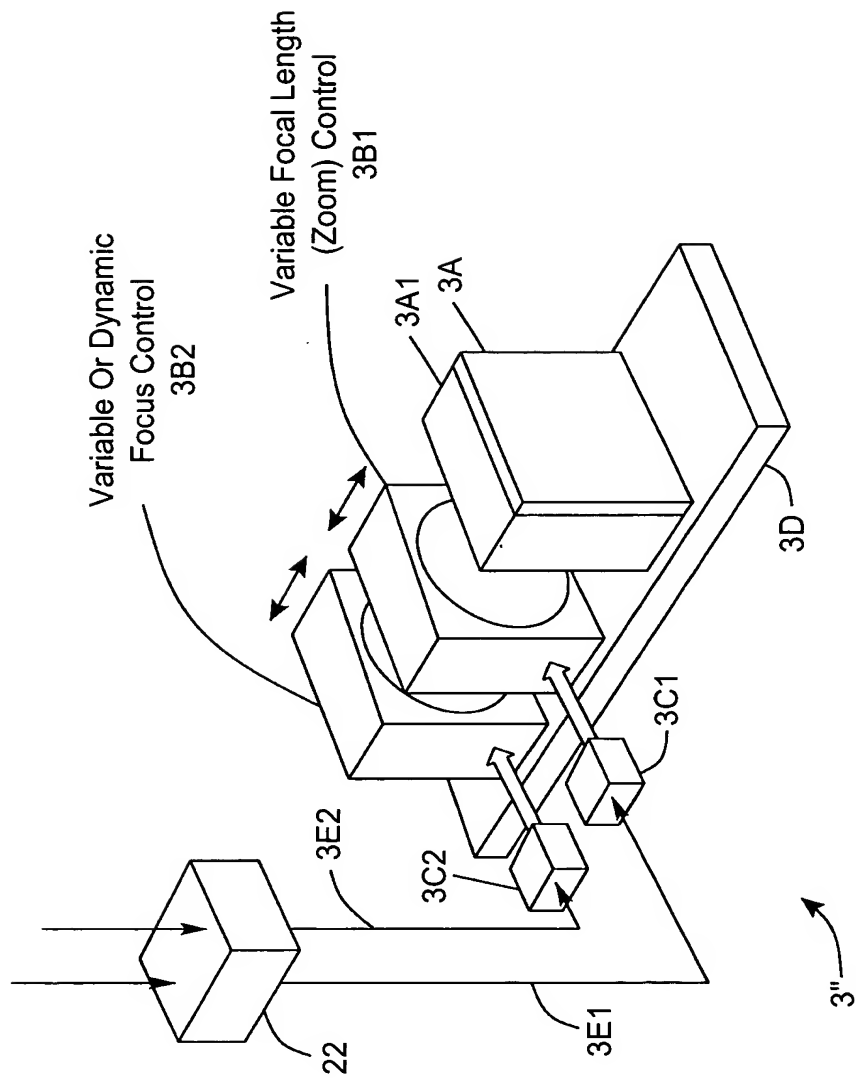


FIG. 3F3

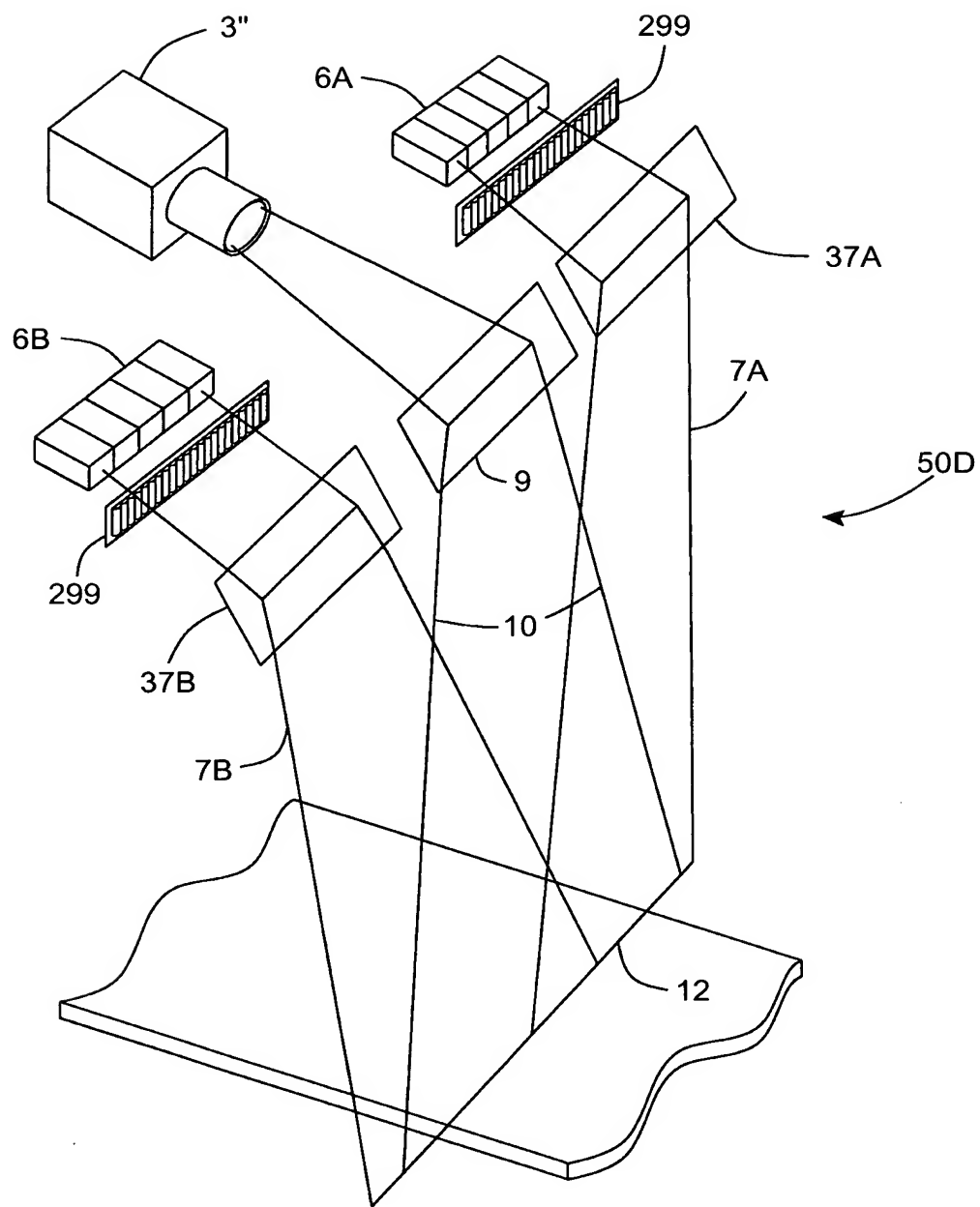


FIG. 3G1

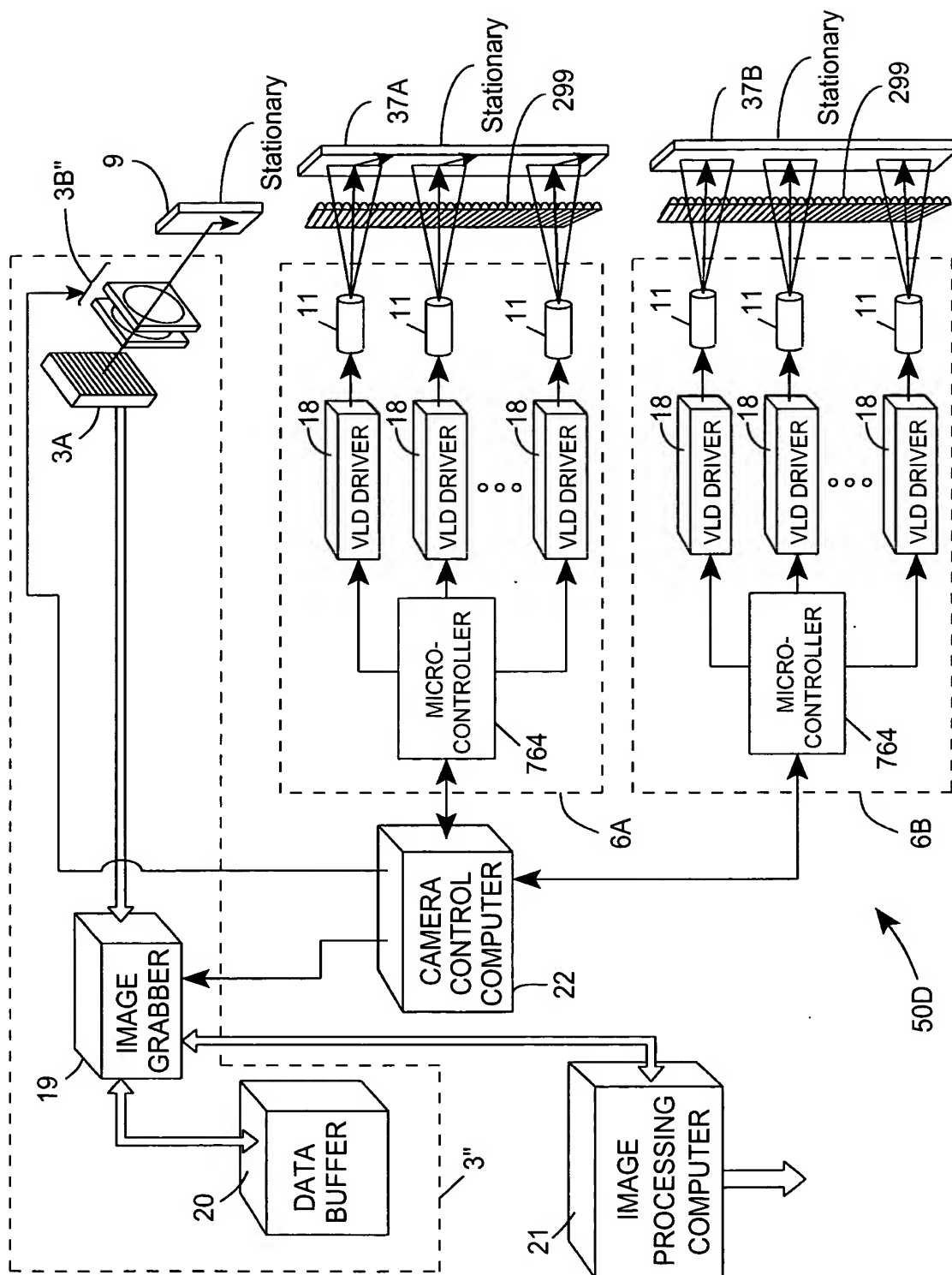


FIG. 3G2

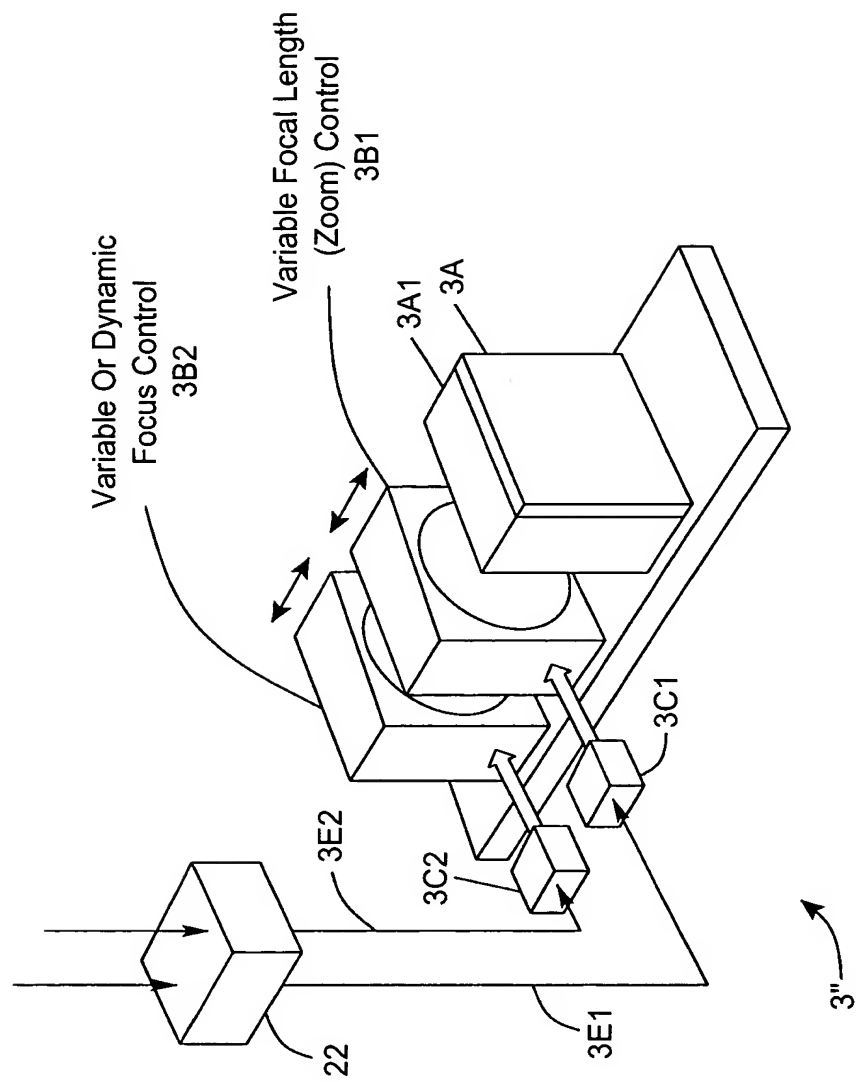


FIG. 3G3

- Variable Focal Length Imaging Lens
- Variable Focal Distance

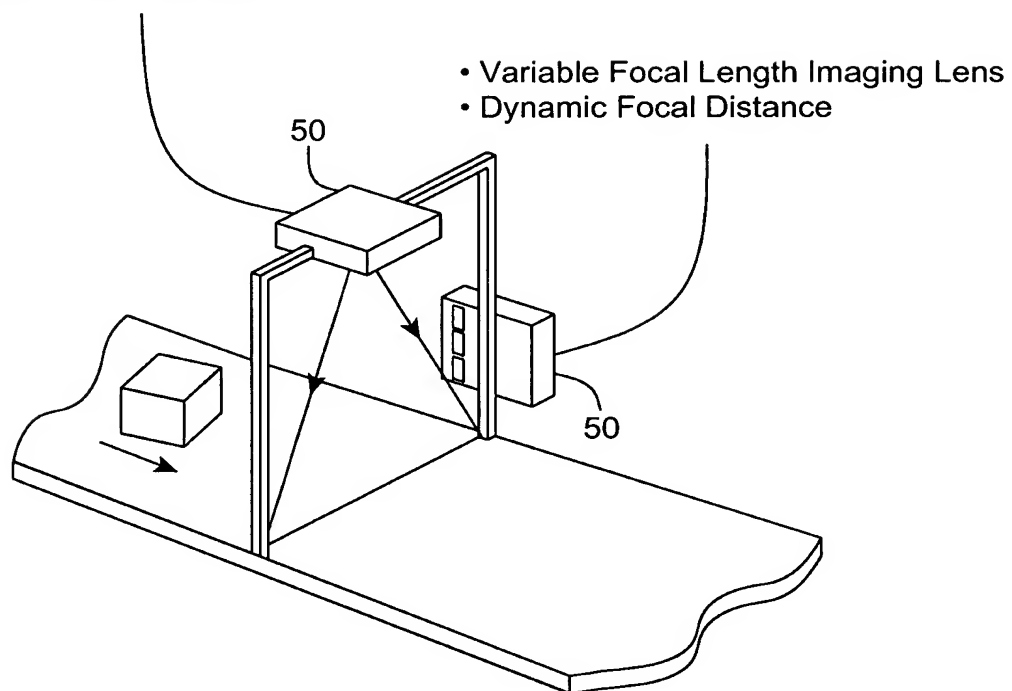


FIG. 3H

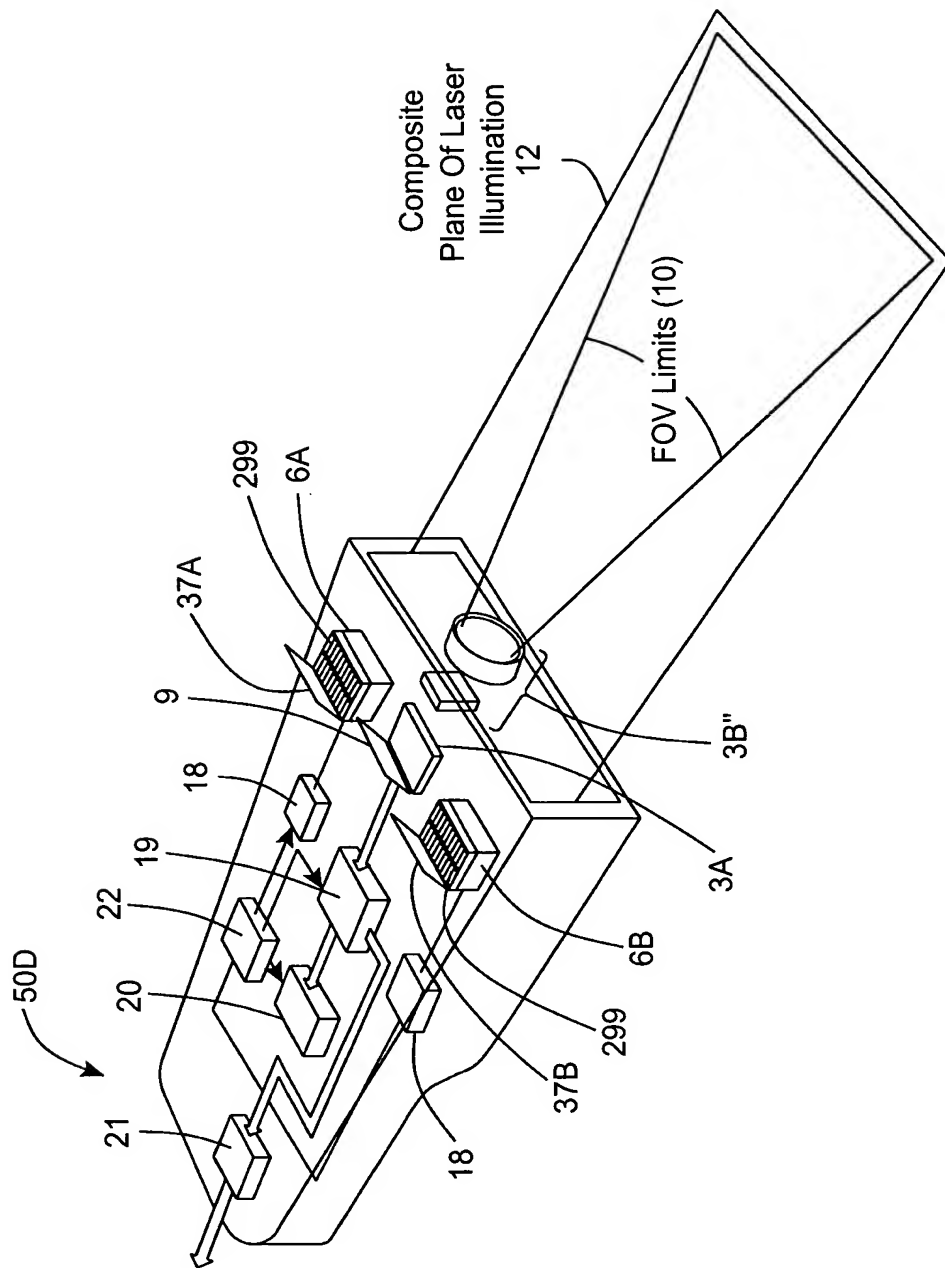


FIG. 3I

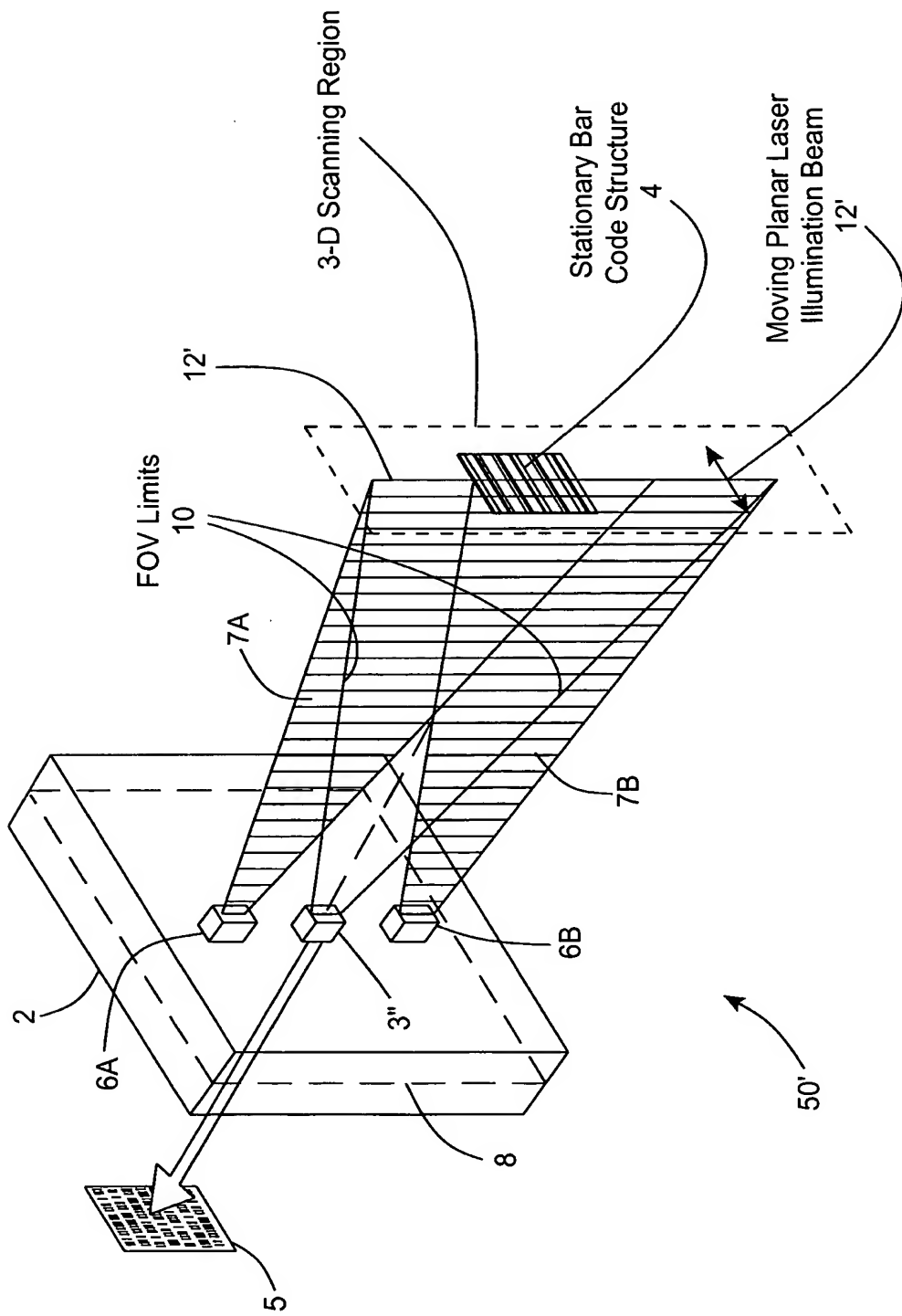


FIG. 3J1

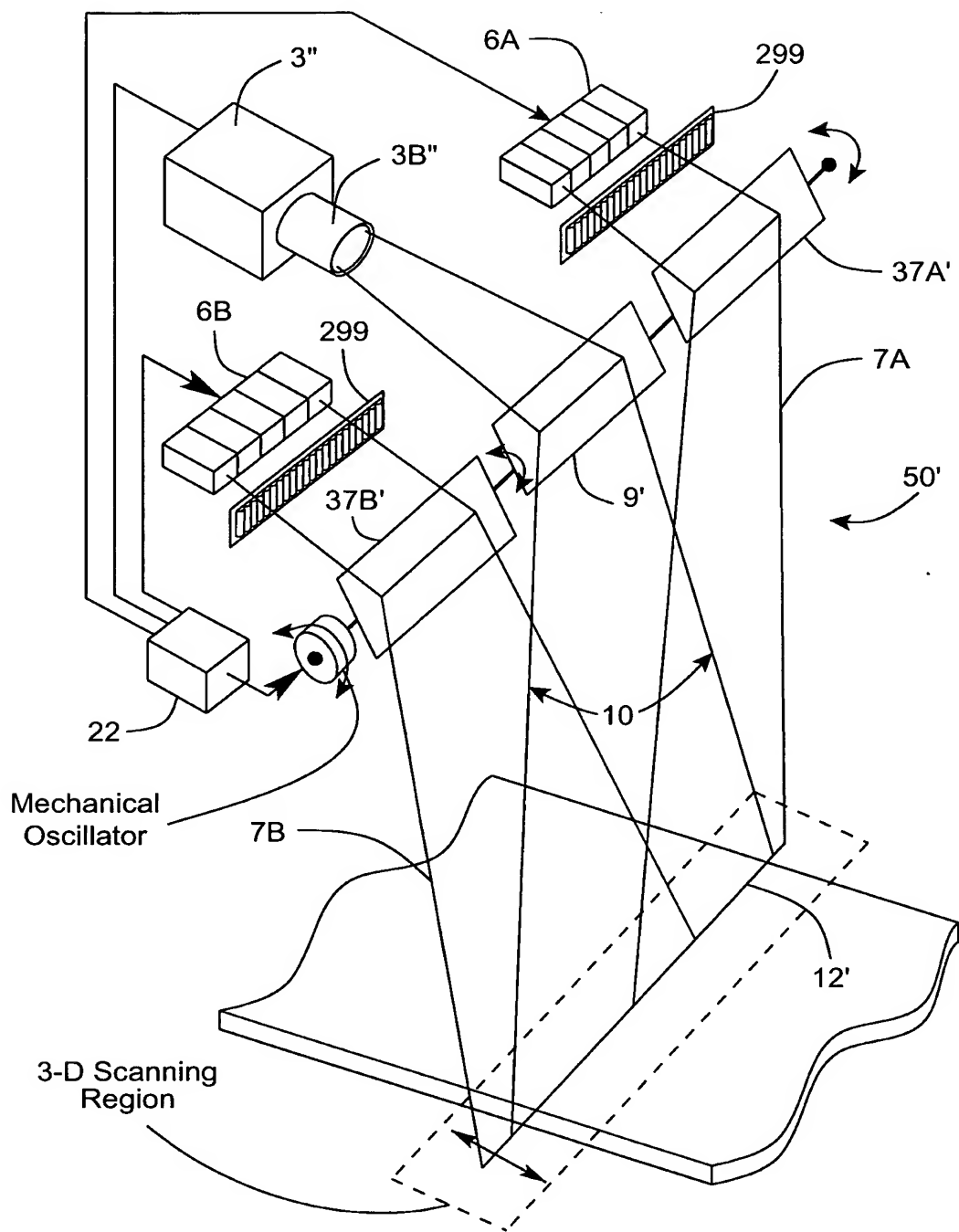


FIG. 3J2

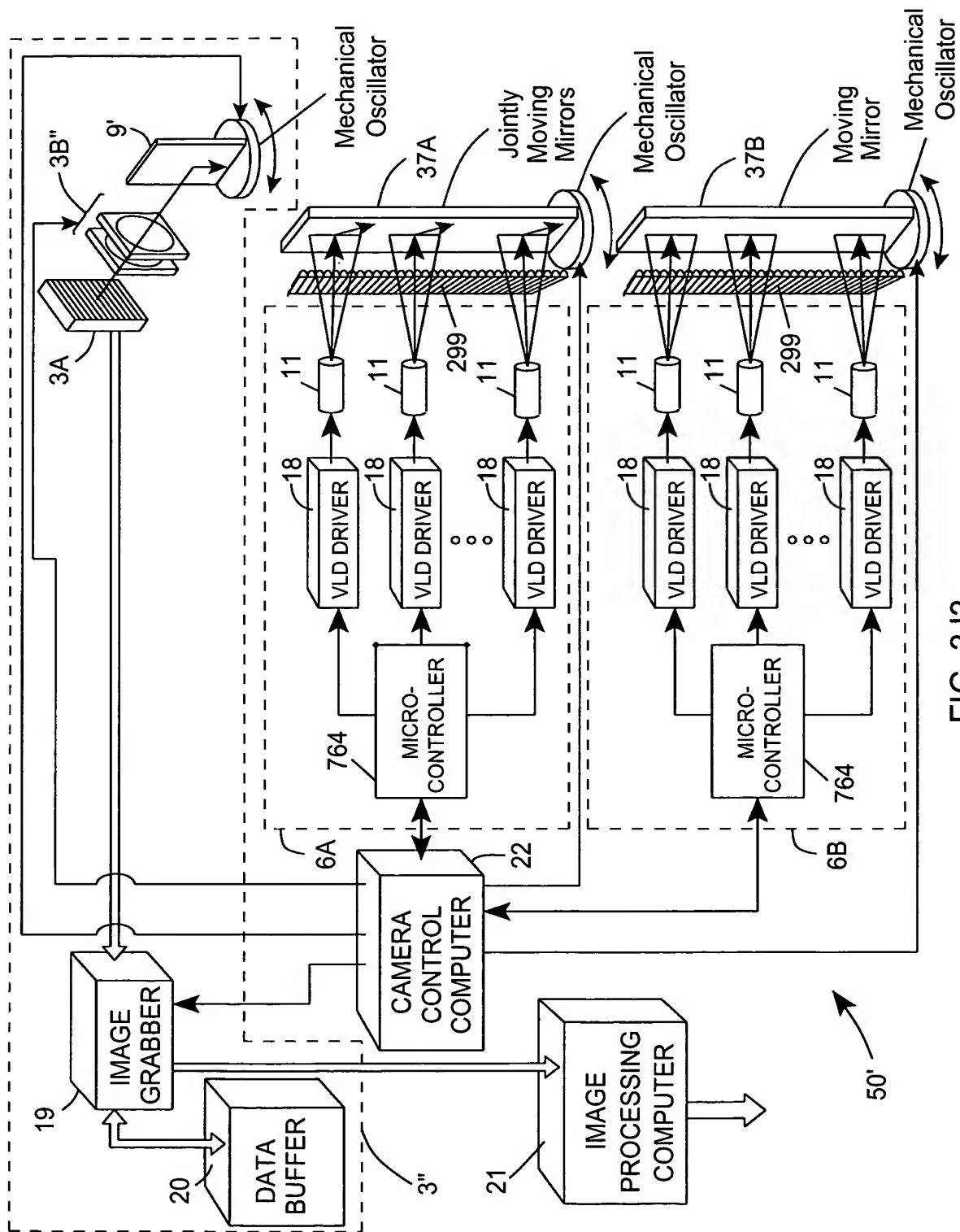


FIG. 3J3

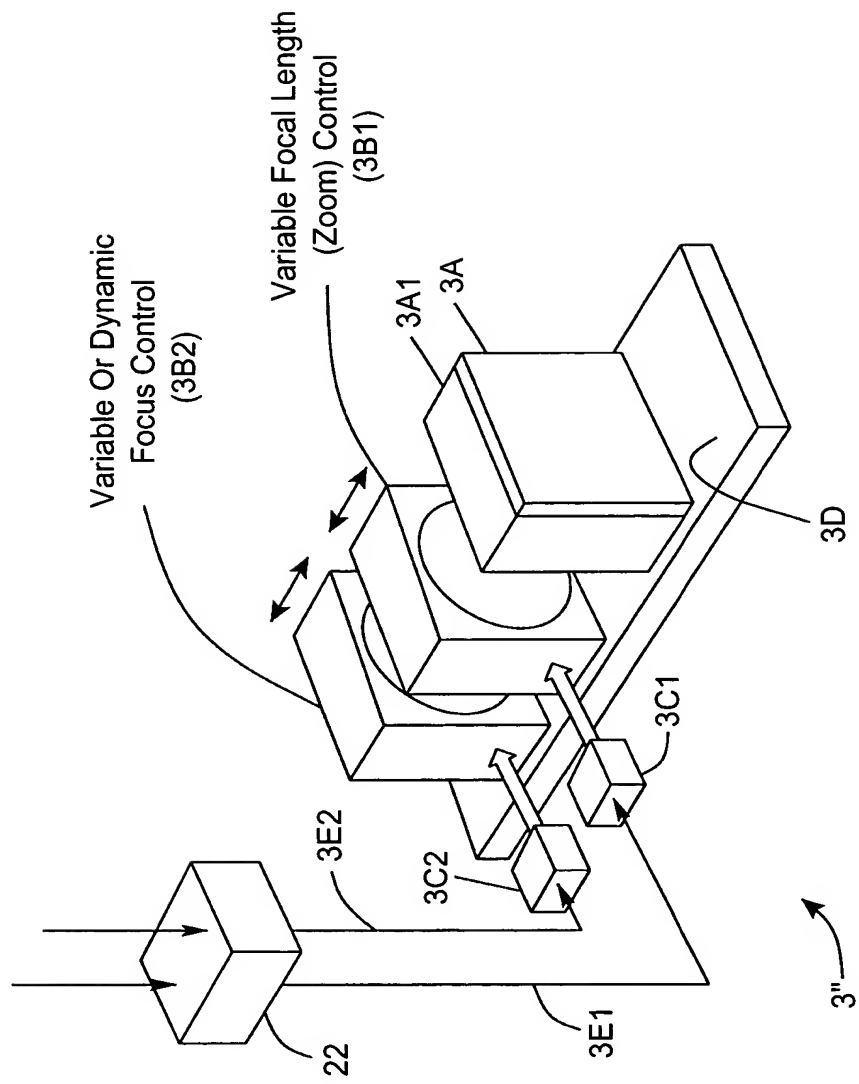
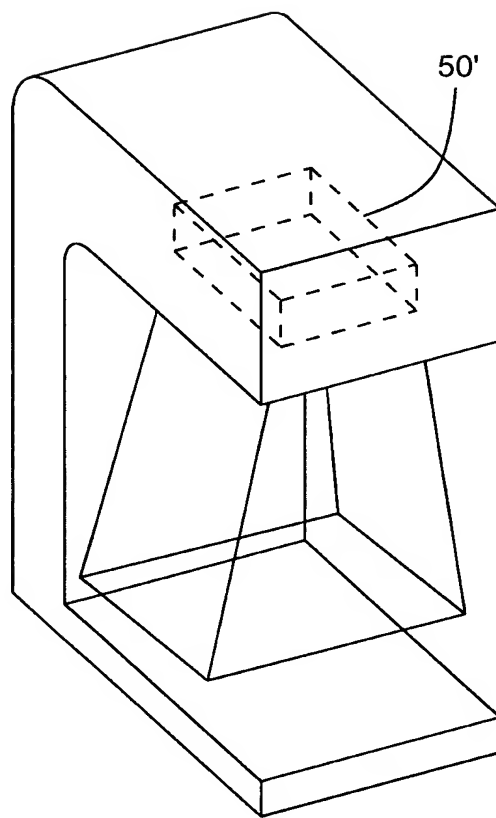


FIG. 3J4



FIG. 3J5



2-D Hold-under Scanner

FIG. 3J6

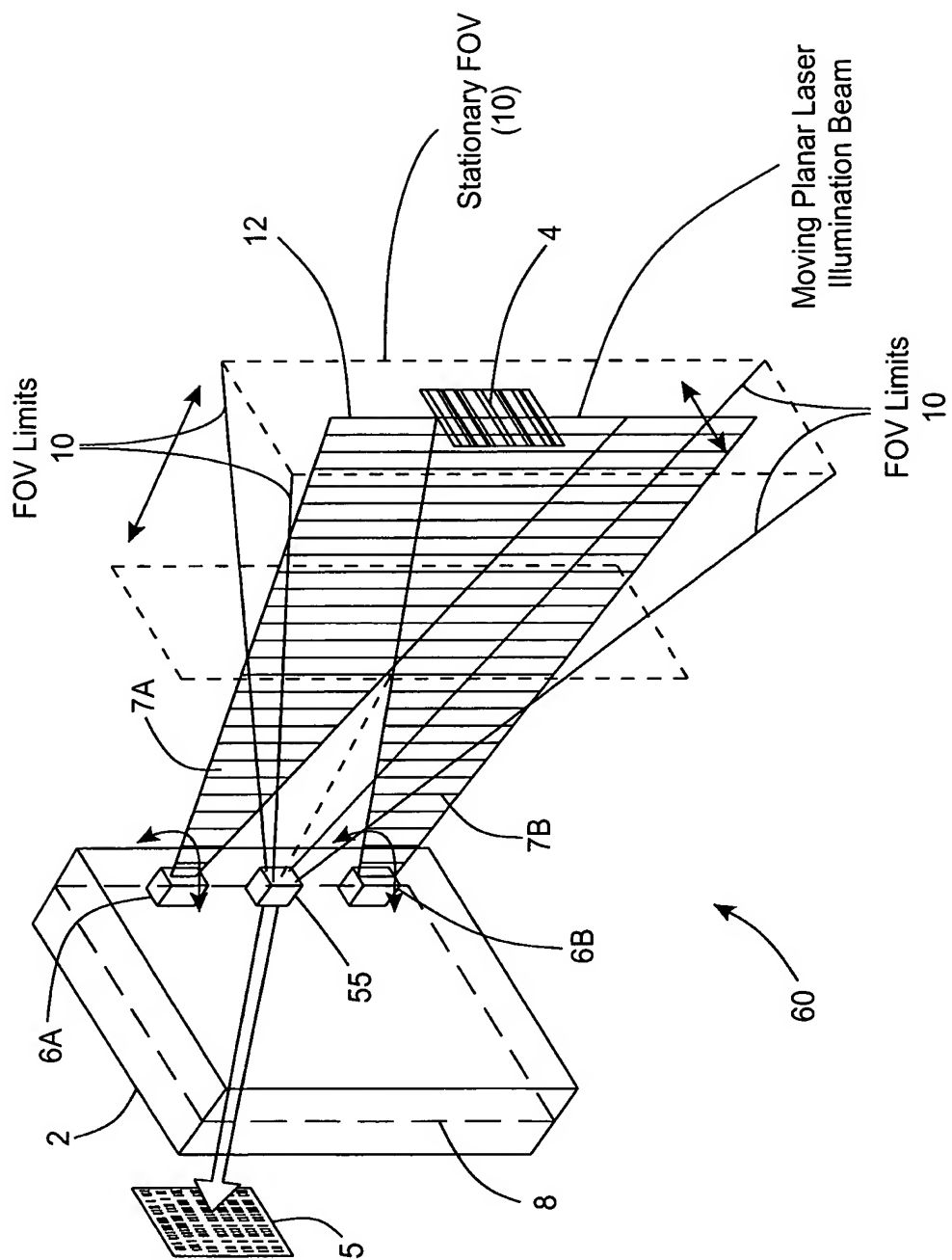


FIG. 4A

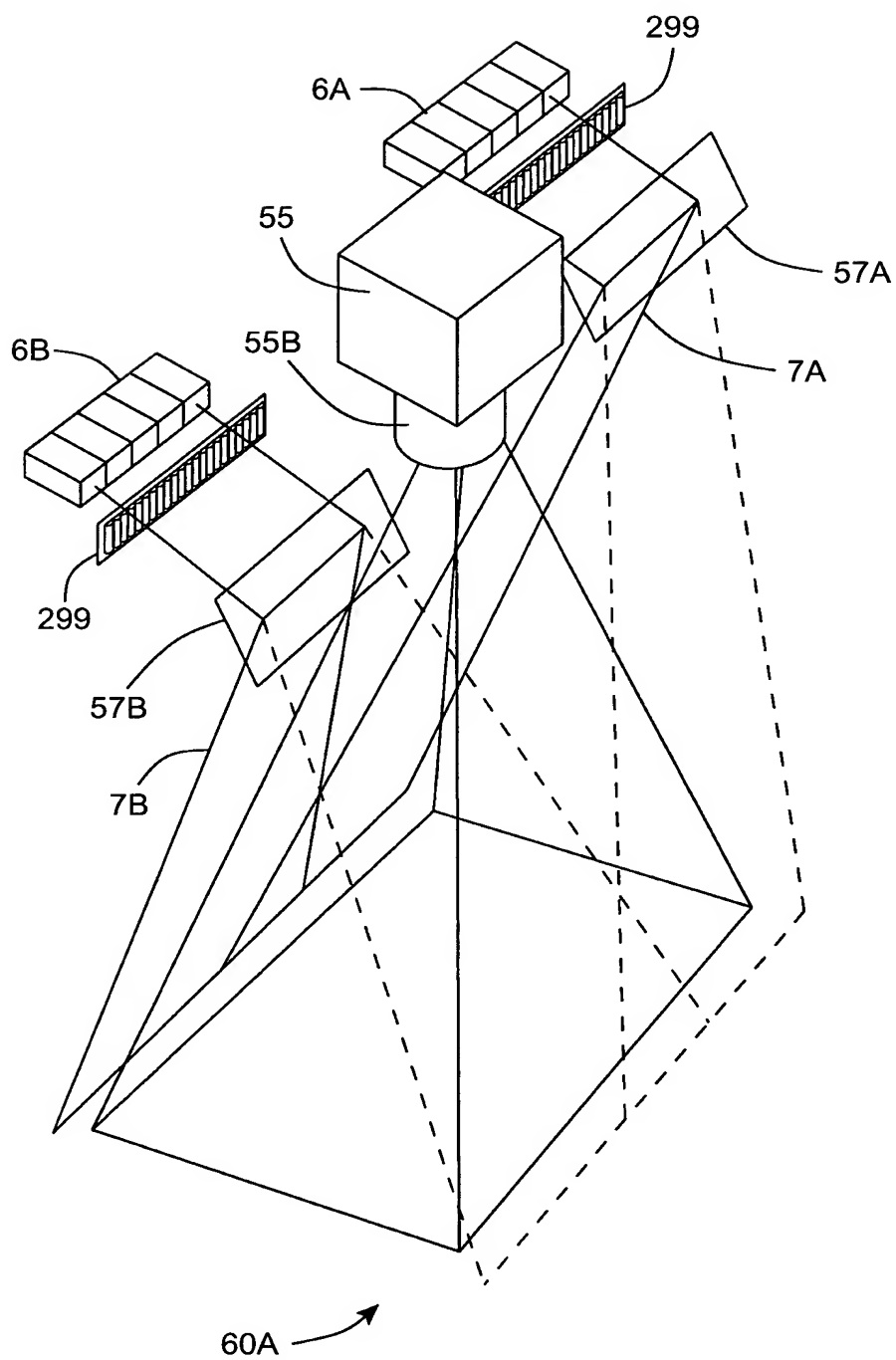


FIG. 4B1

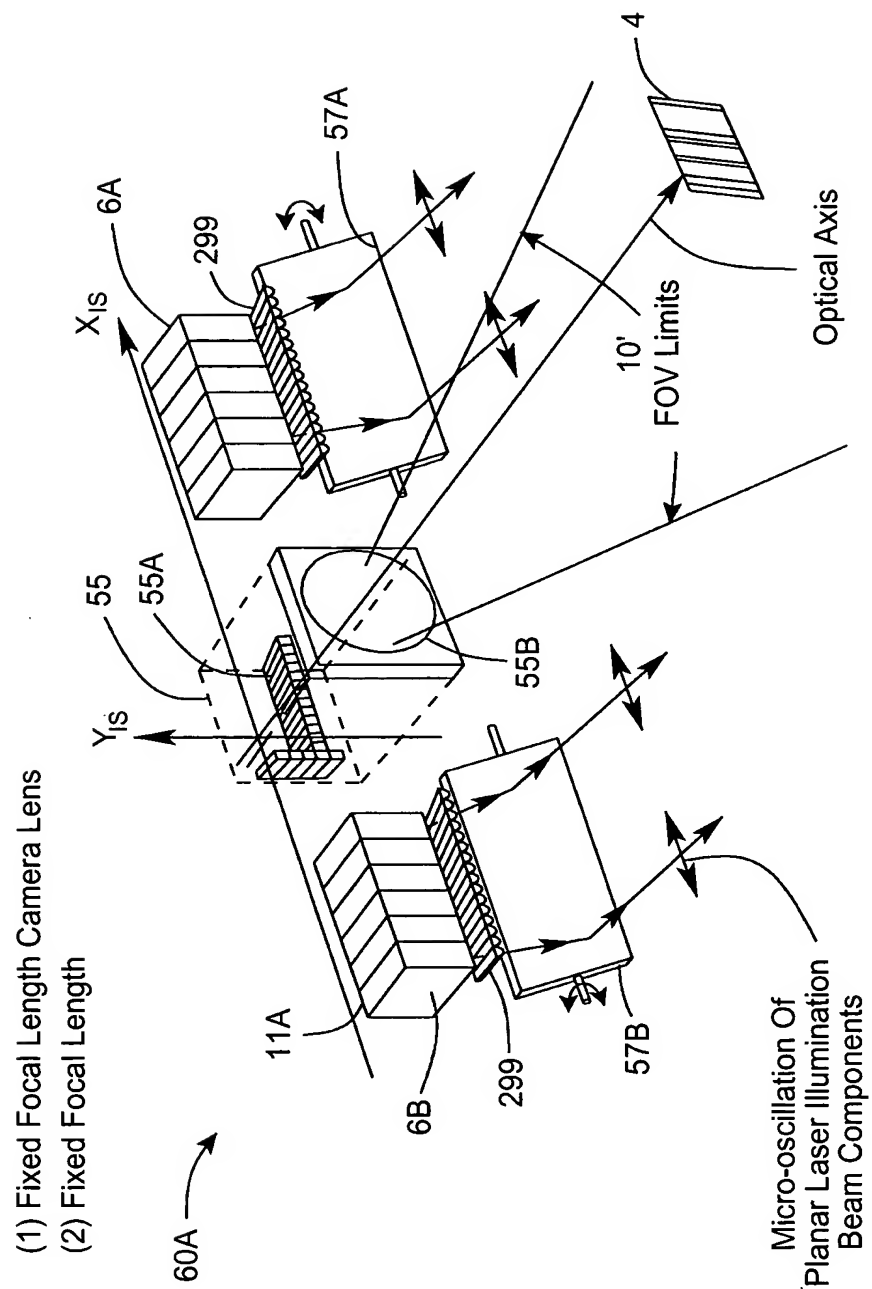


FIG. 4B2

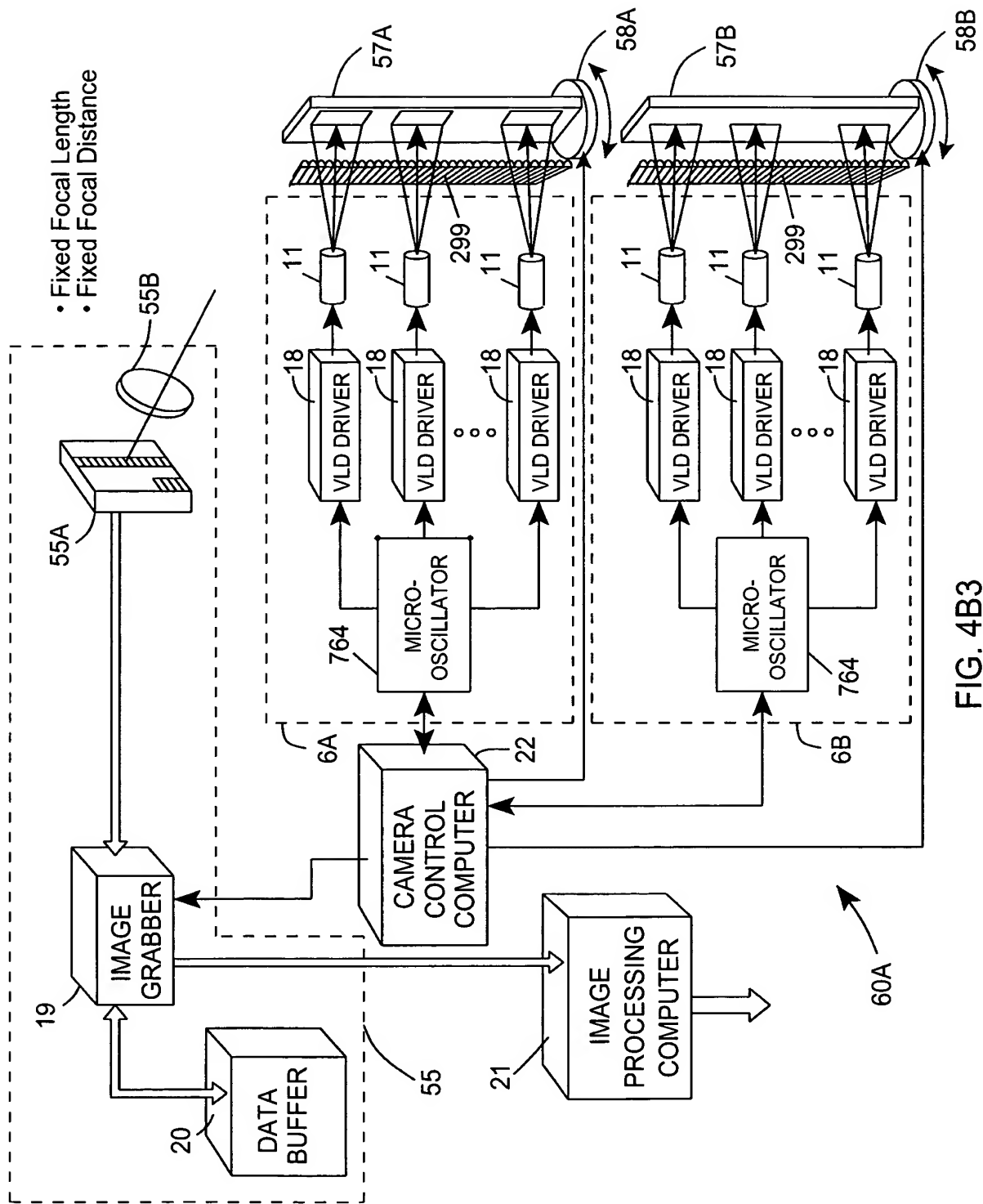


FIG. 4B3

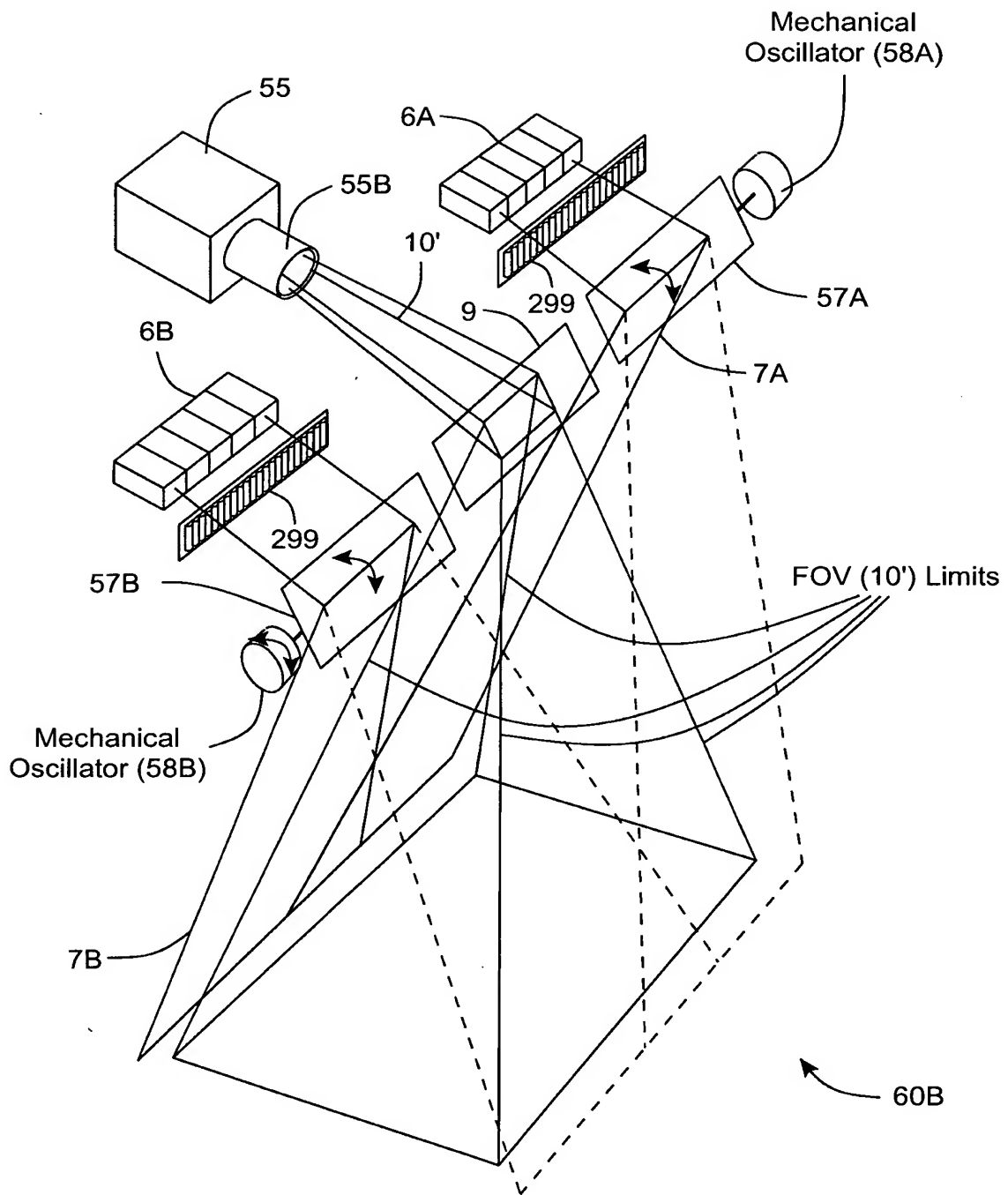
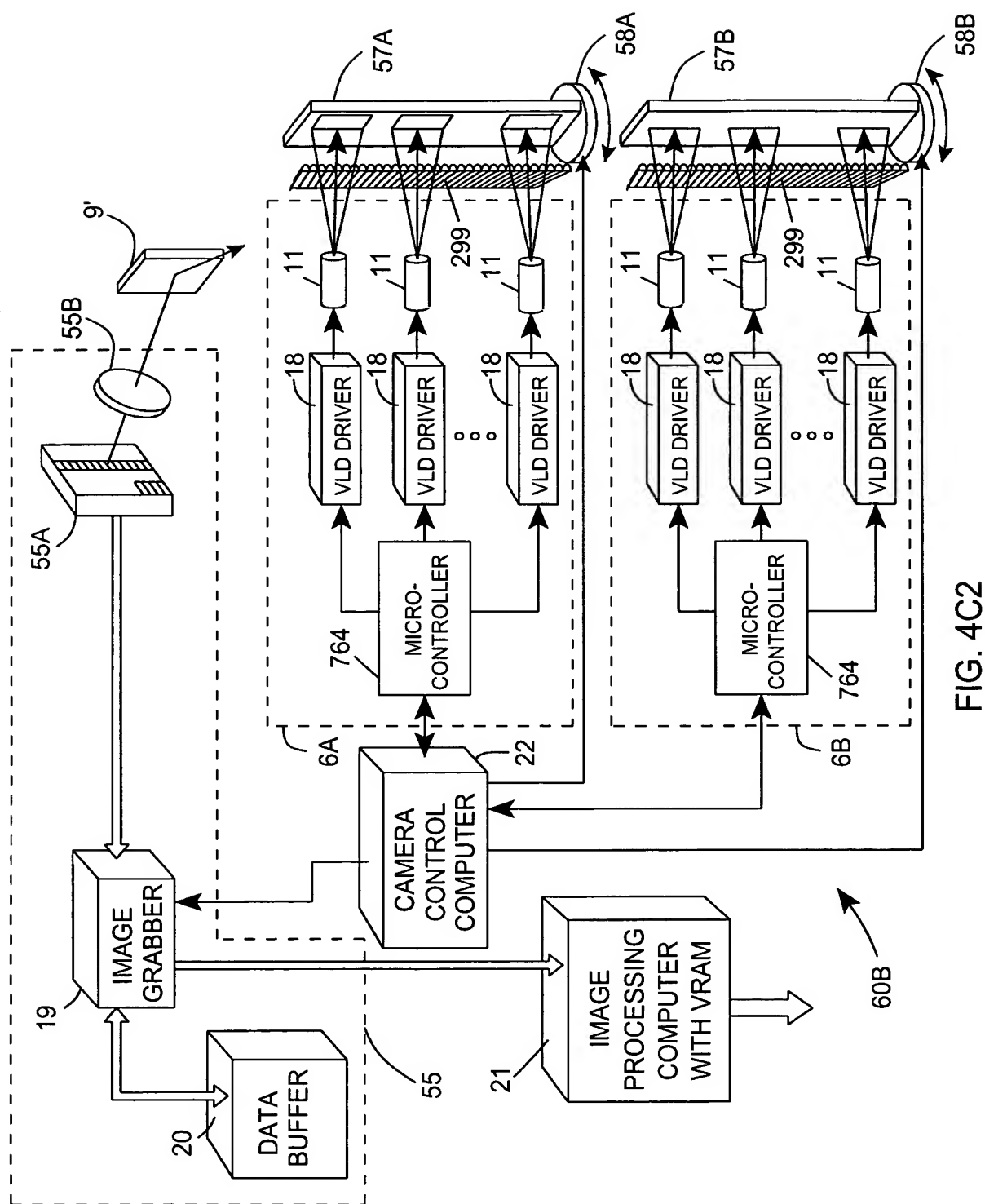
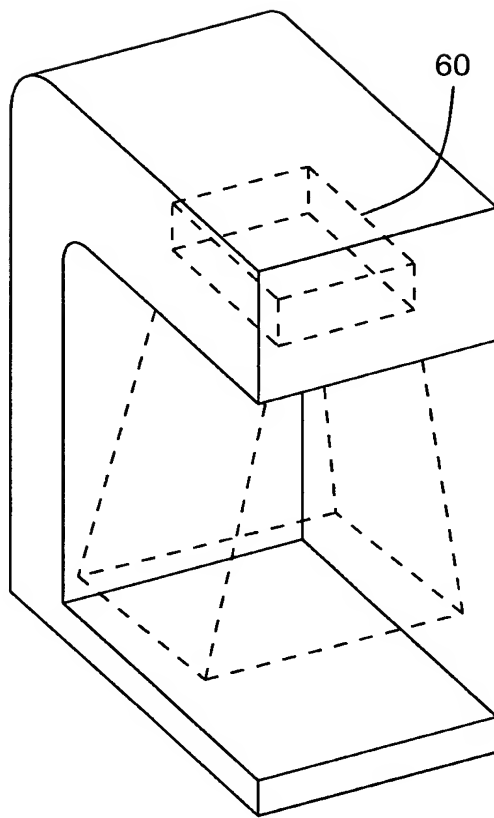


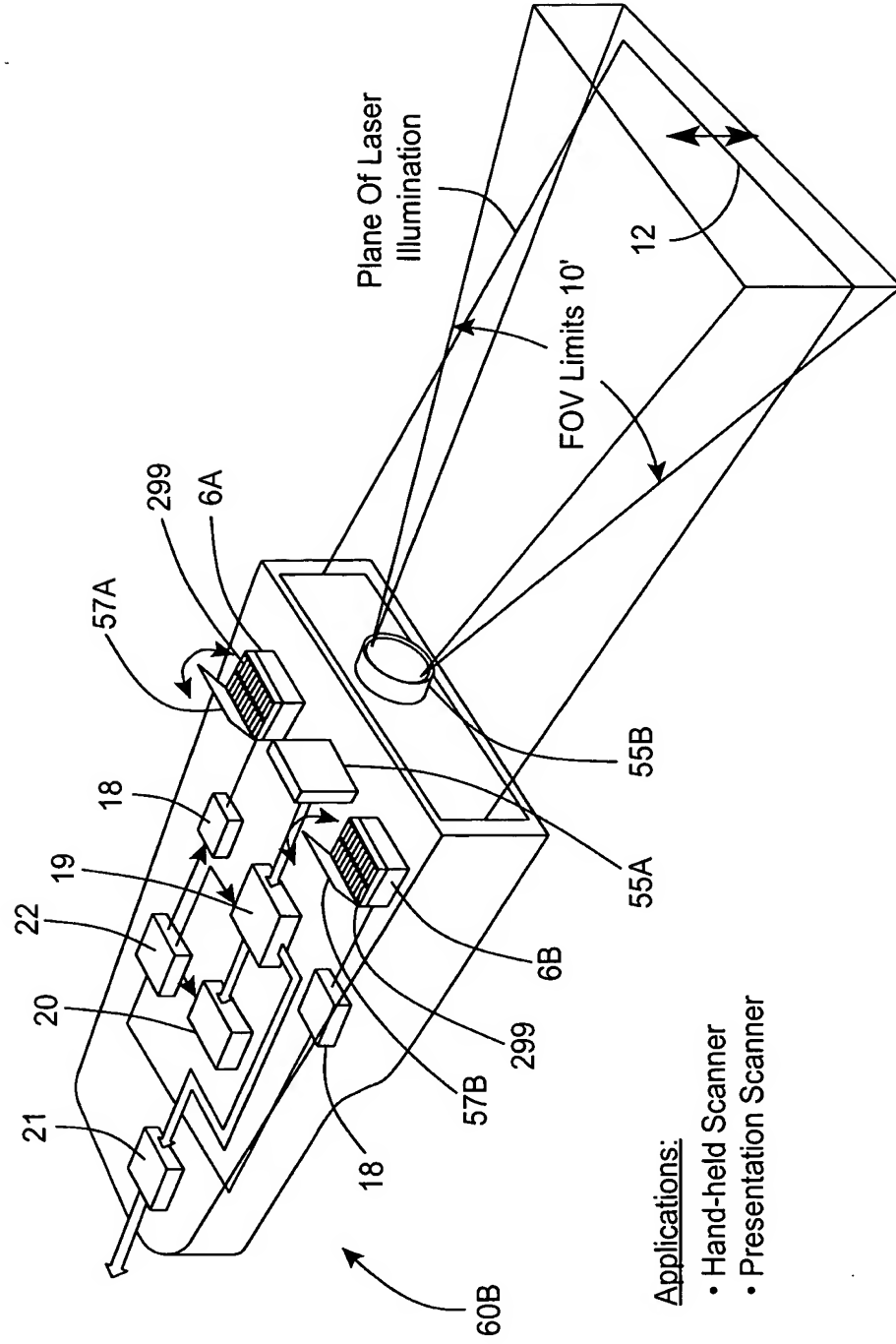
FIG. 4C1





2-D Hold-under Scanner

FIG. 4D



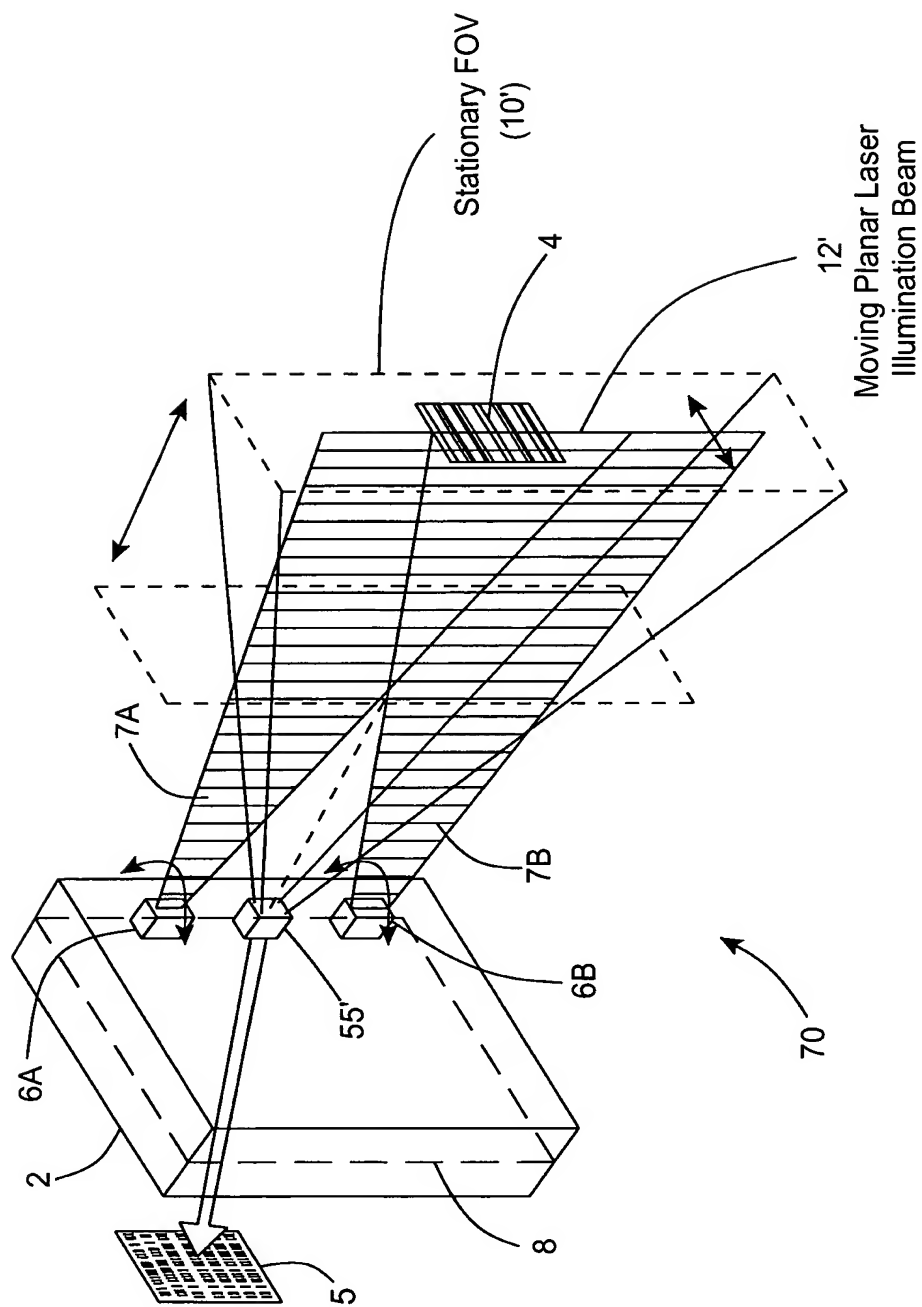


FIG. 5A

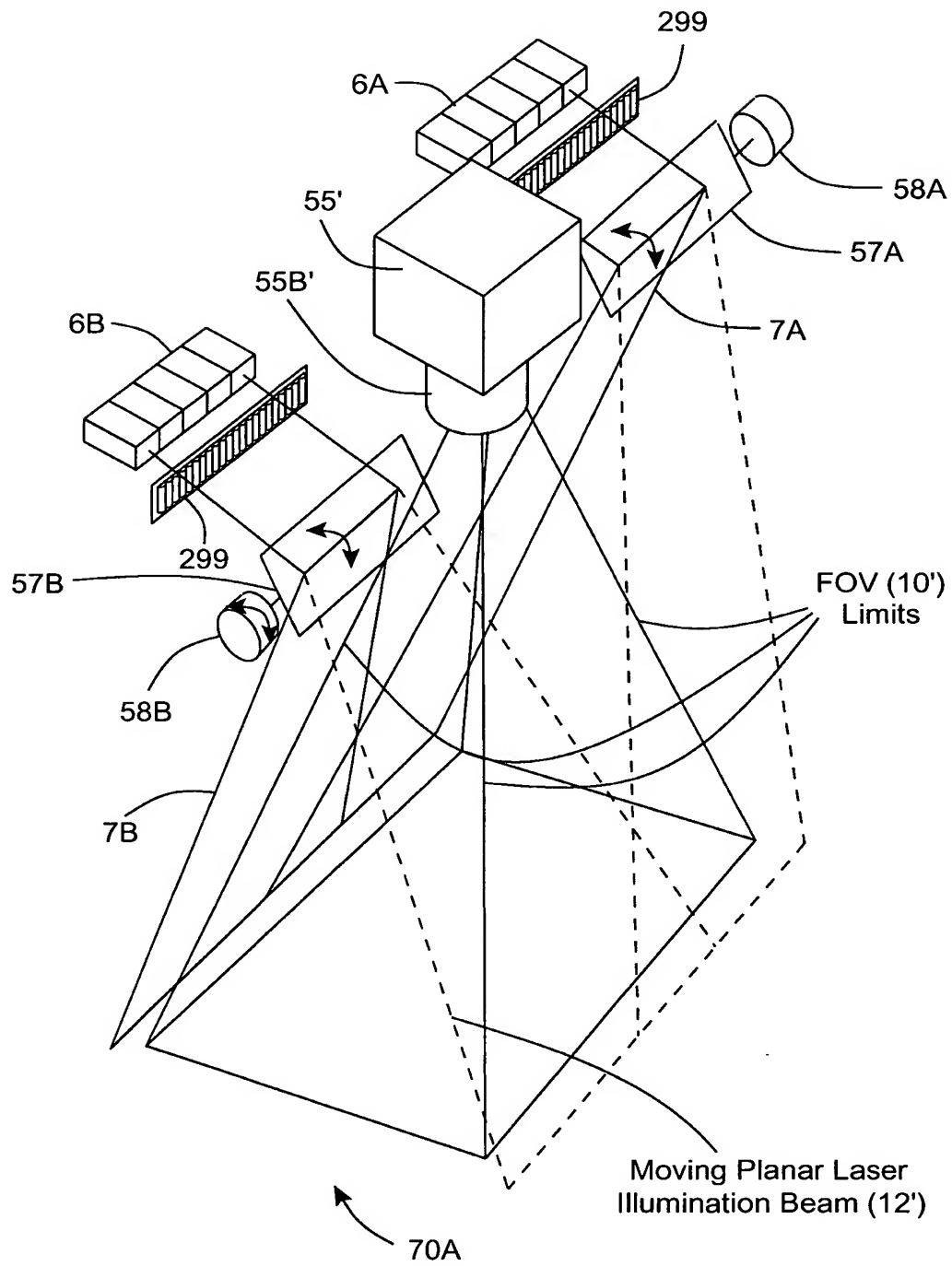


FIG. 5B1

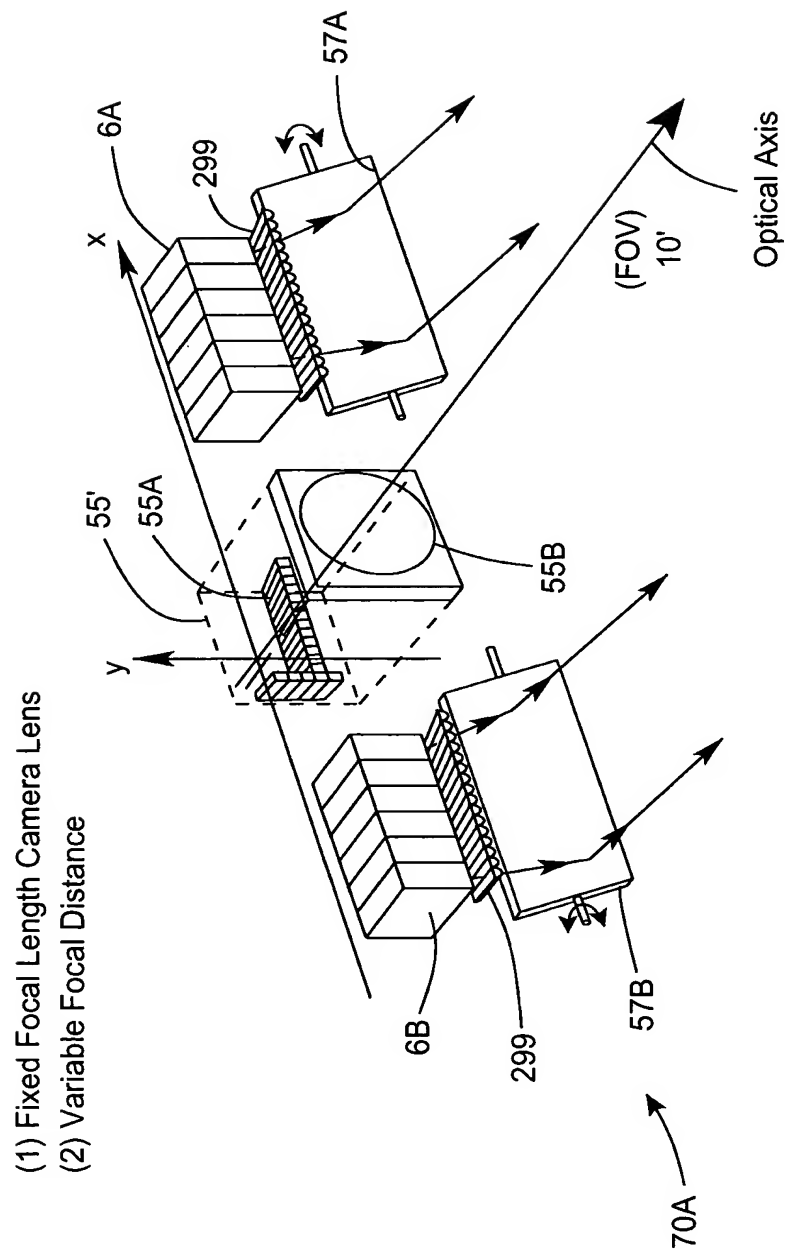


FIG. 5B2

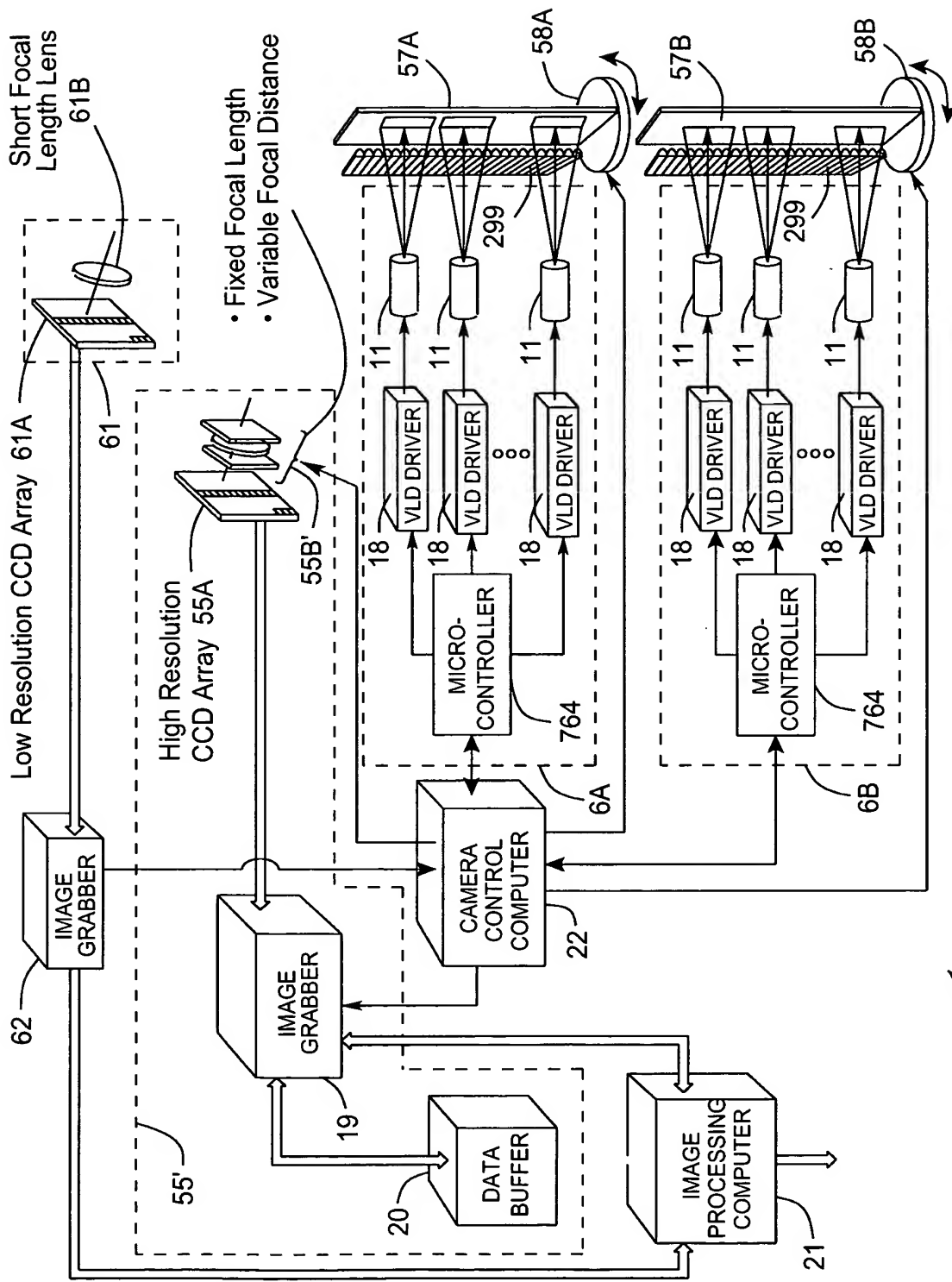


FIG. 5B3

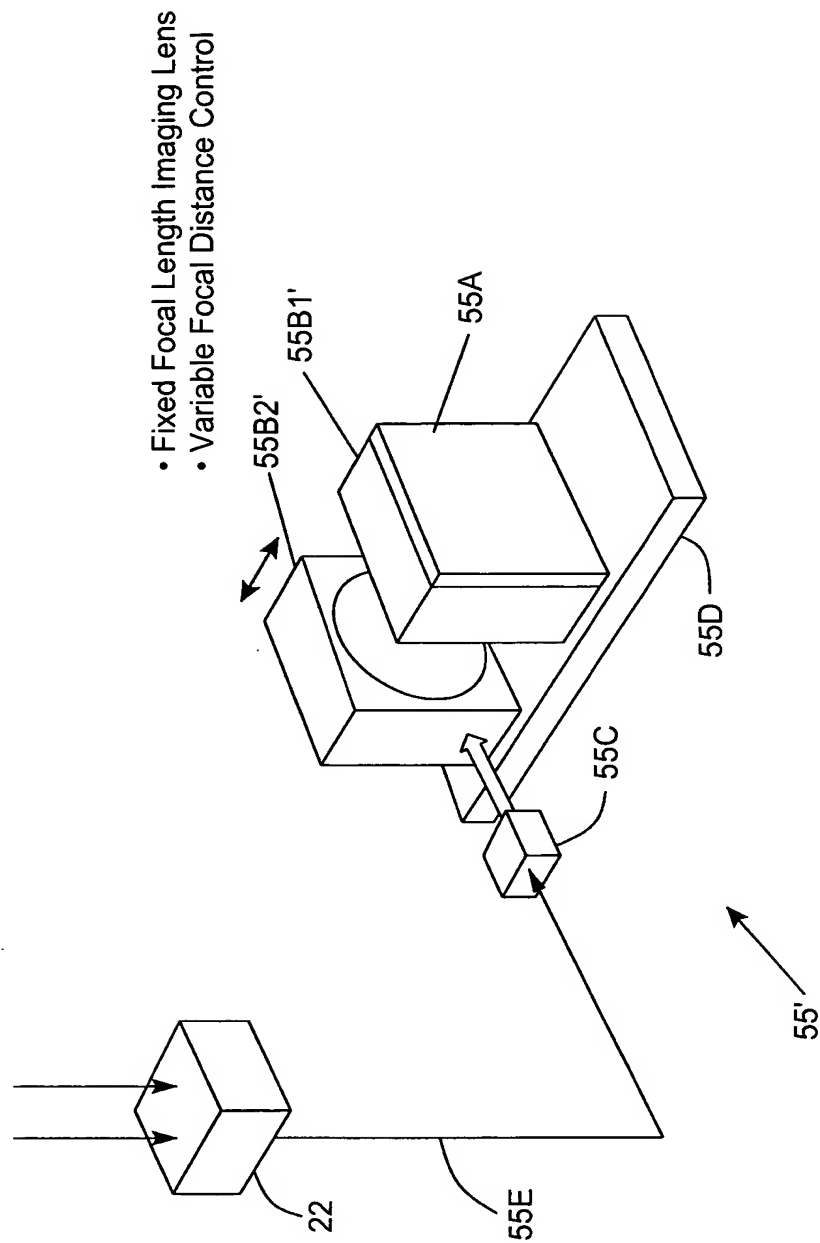


FIG. 5B4

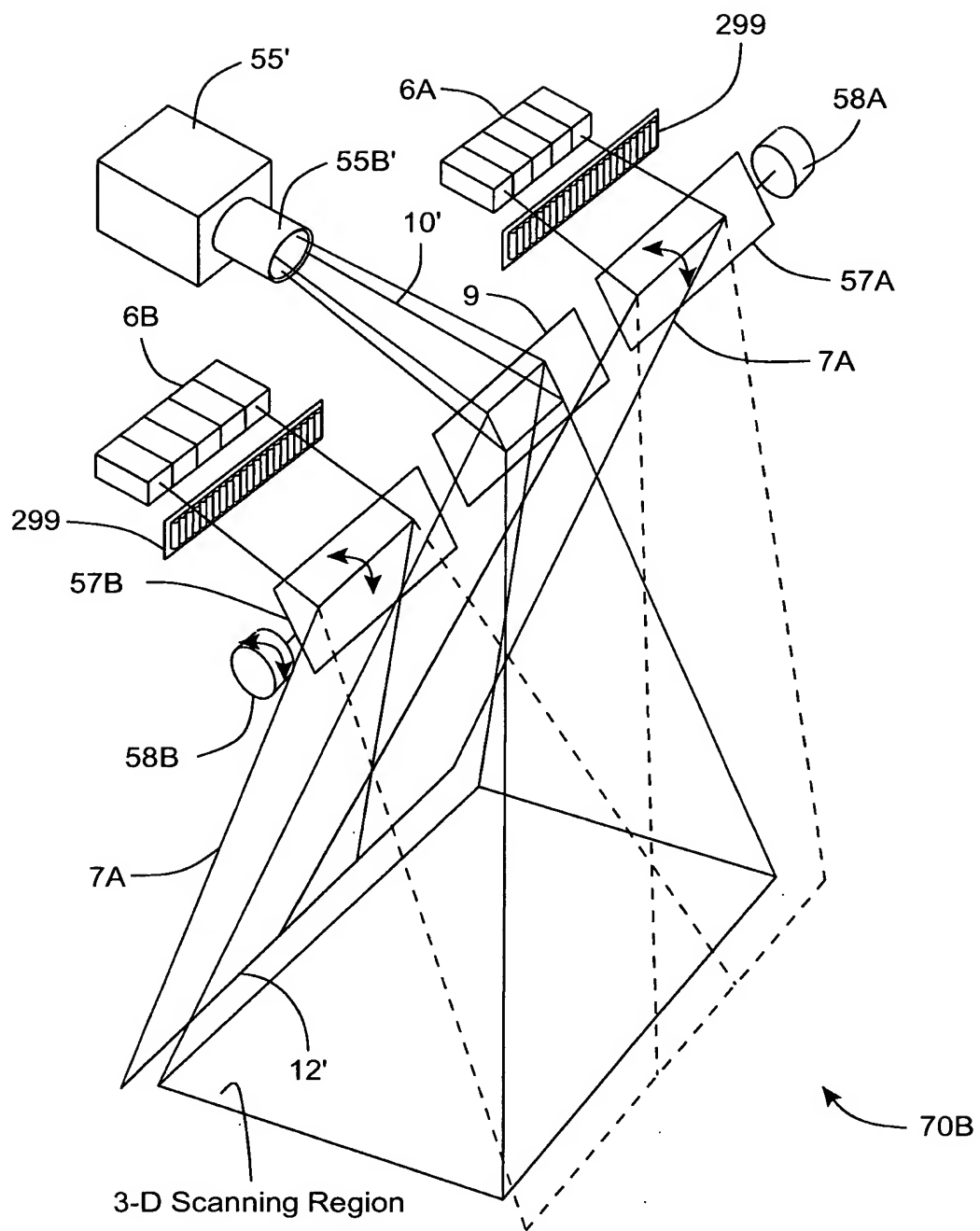


FIG. 5C1

- (1) Variable Focal Length Camera Lens
- (2) Fixed Focal Distance

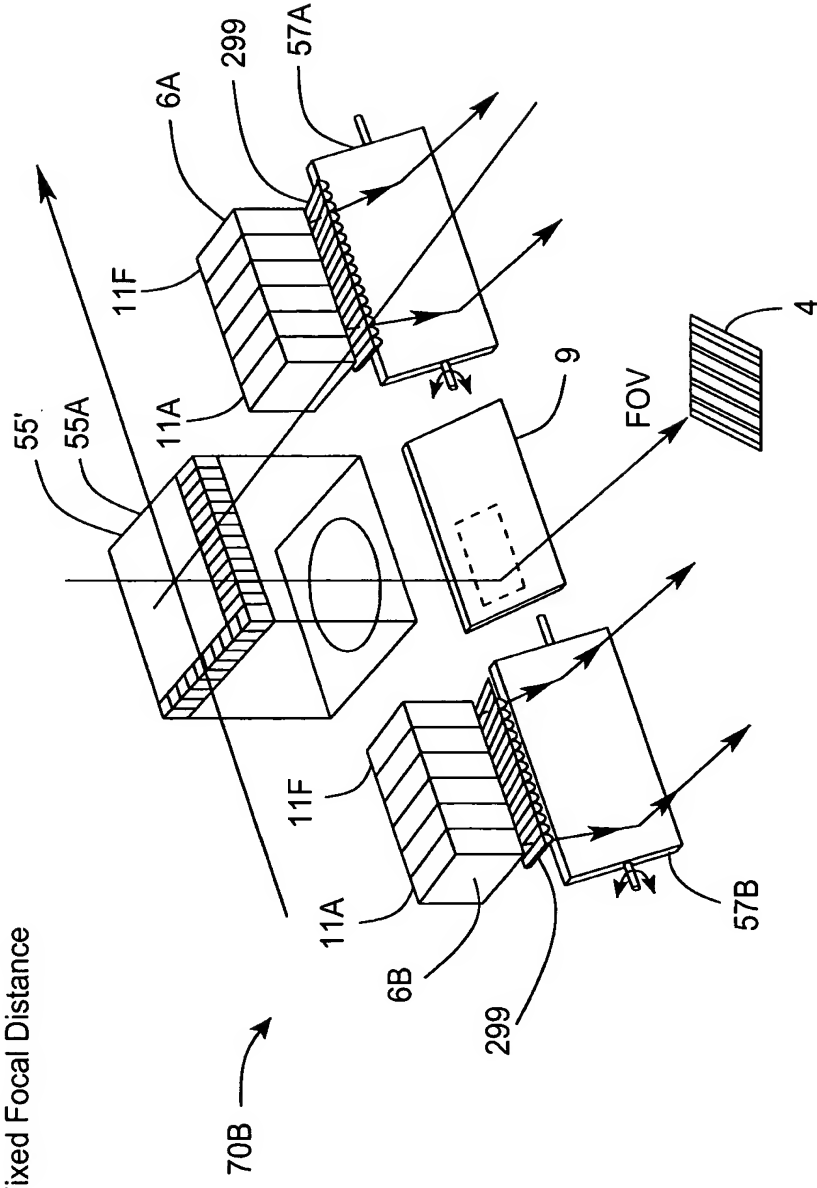


FIG. 5C2

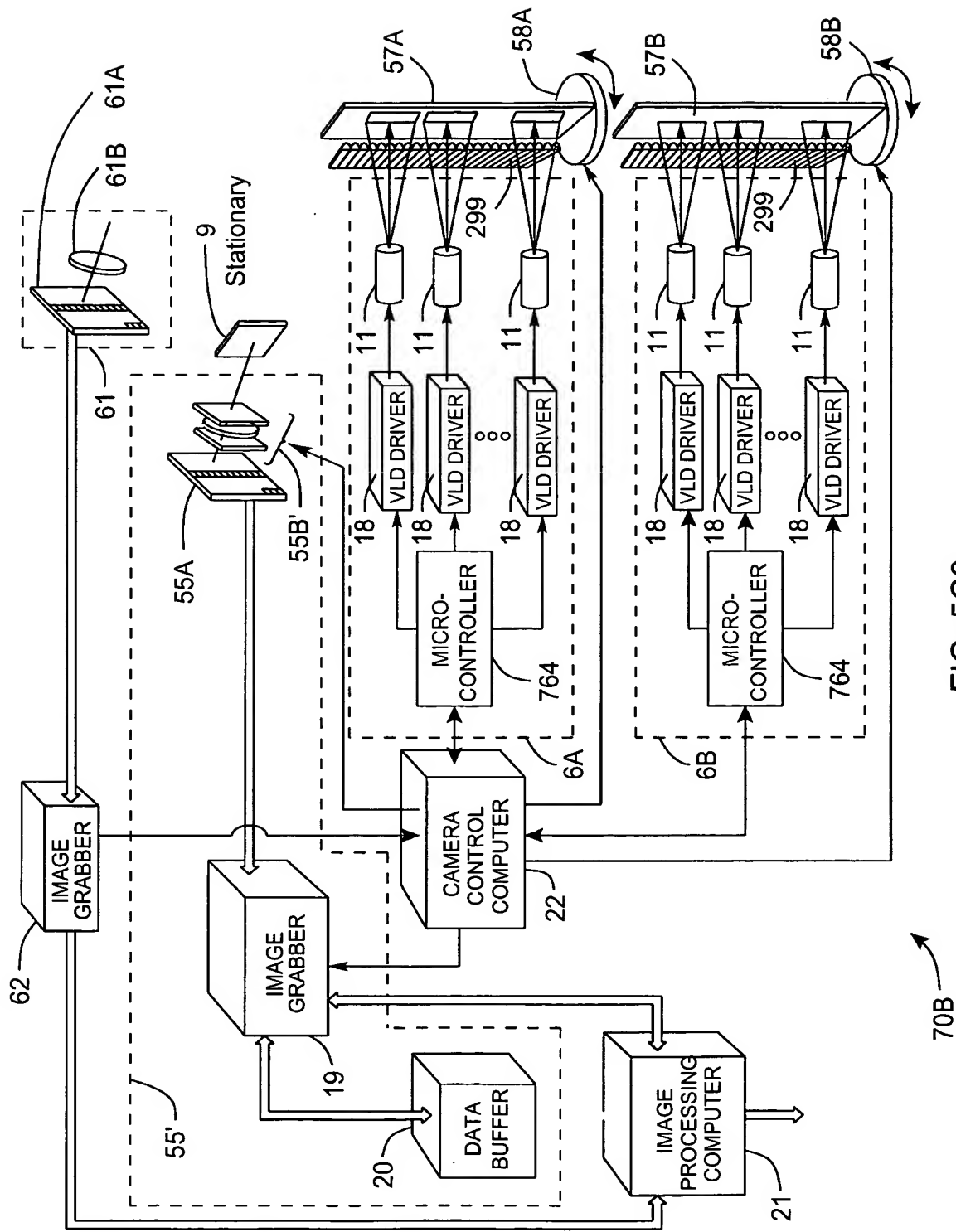


FIG. 5C3

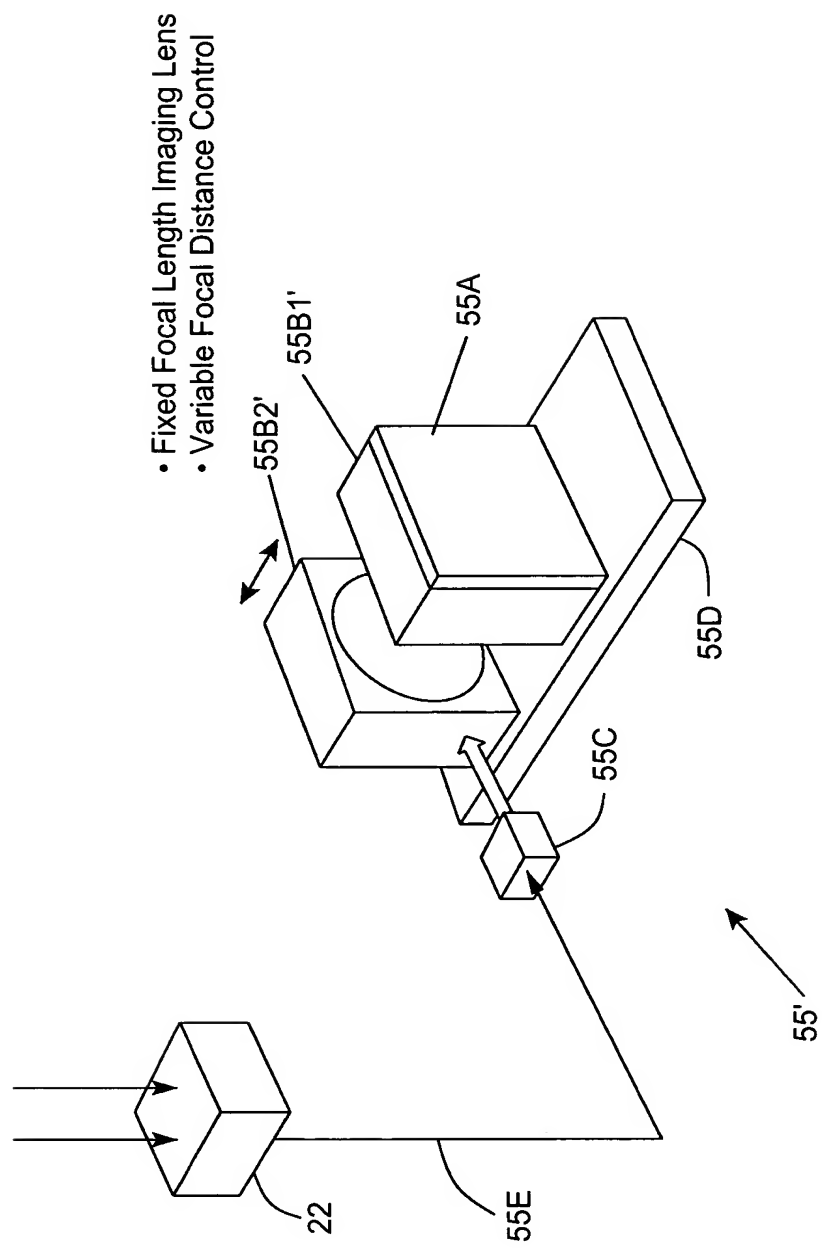


FIG. 5C4

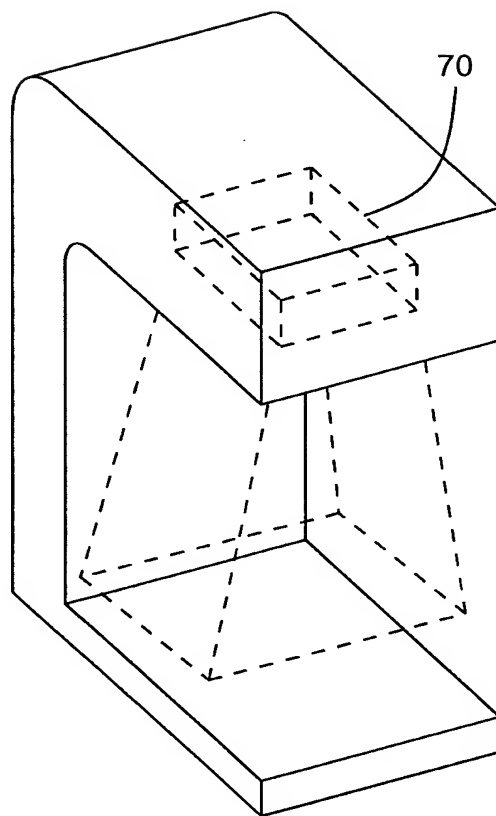


FIG. 5D

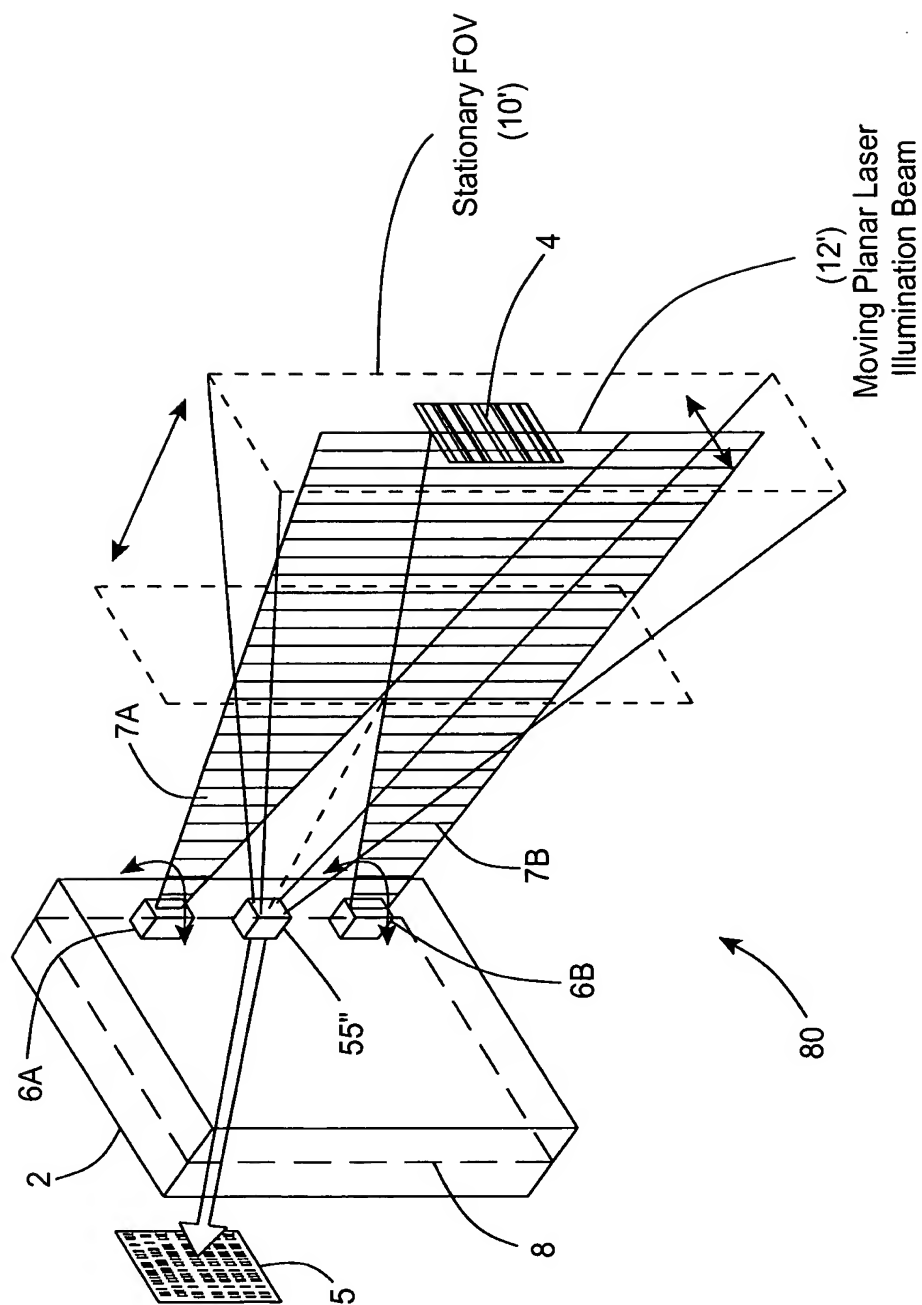
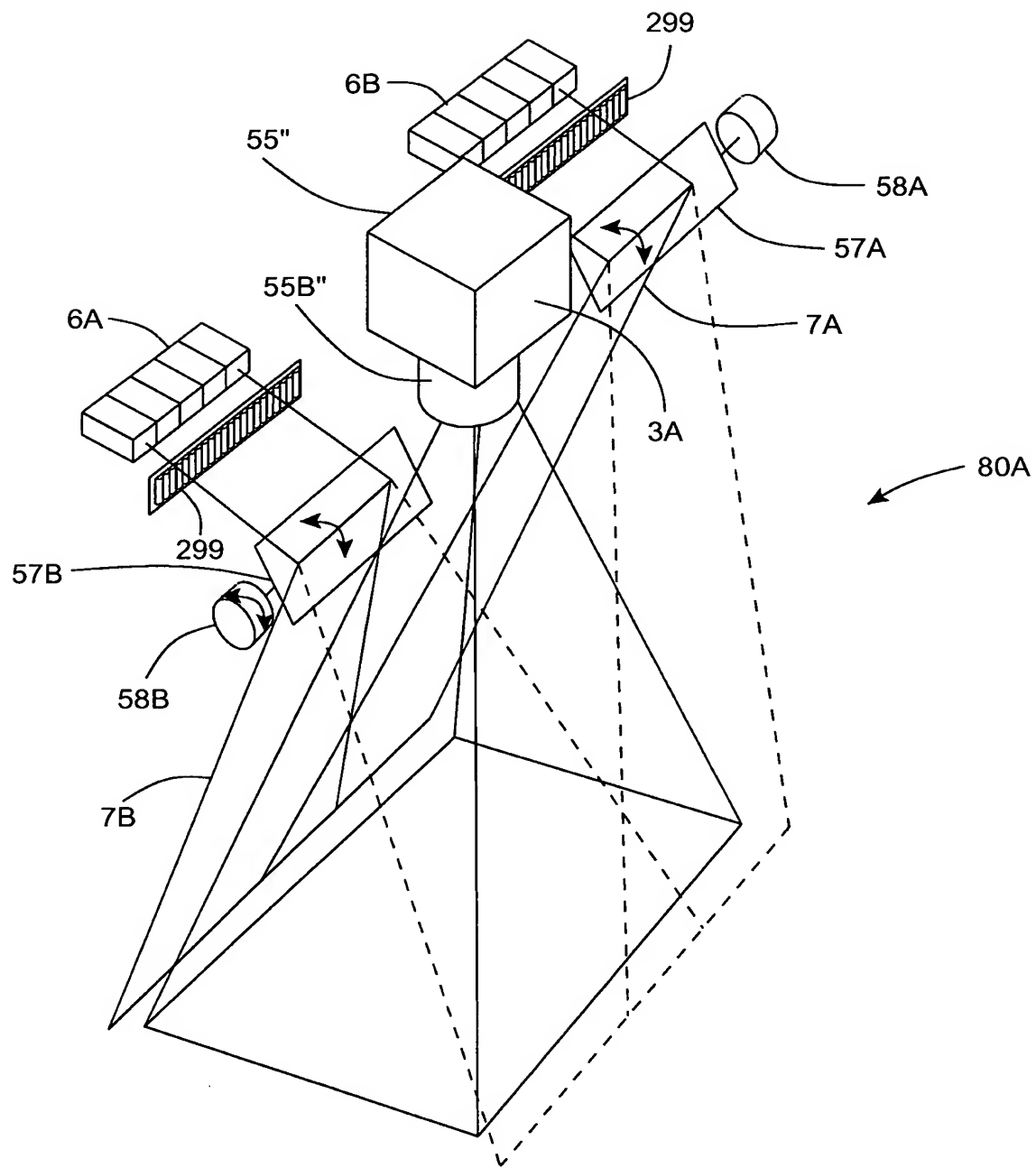


FIG. 6A



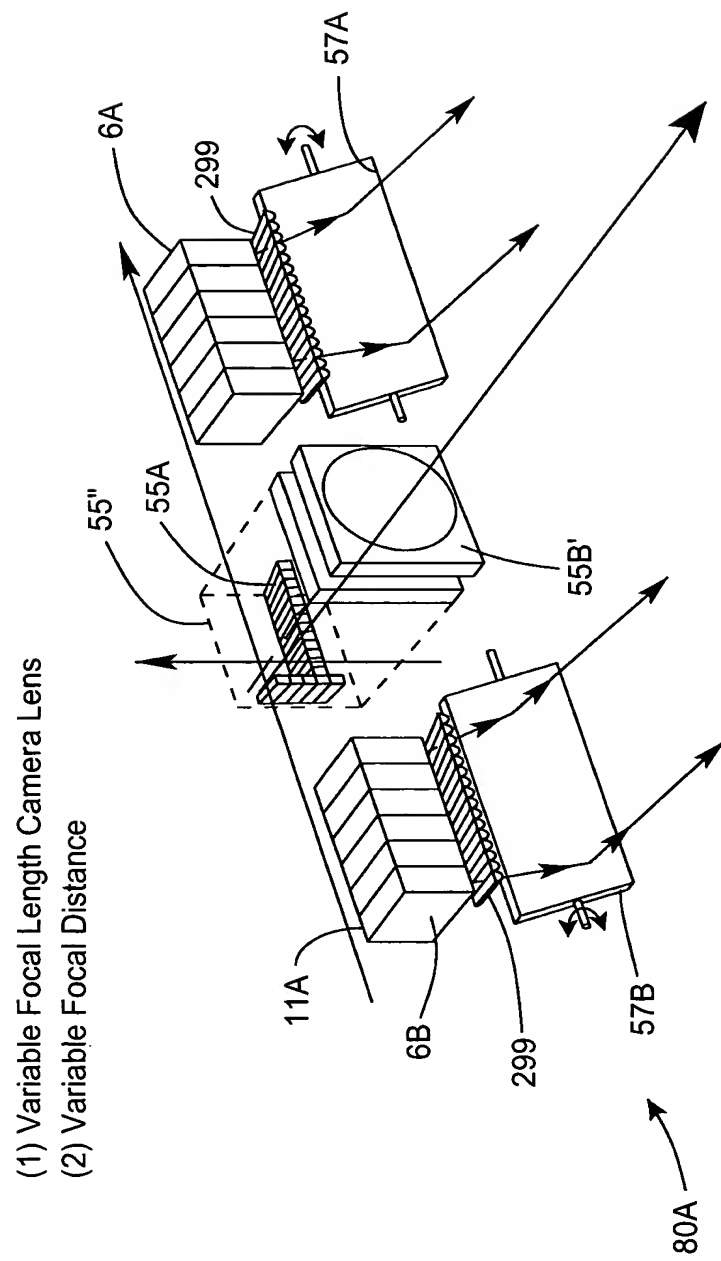


FIG. 6B2

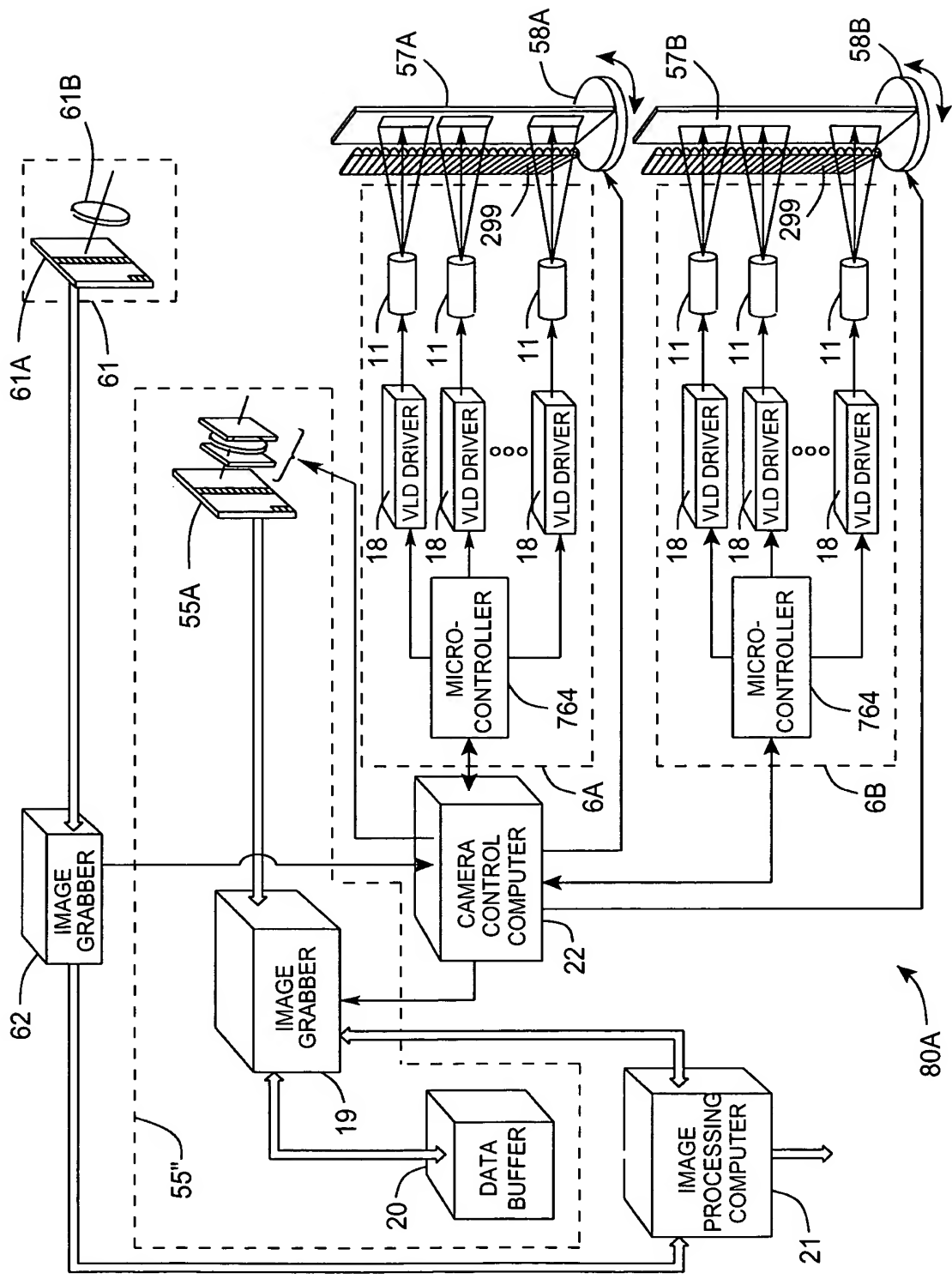


FIG. 6B3

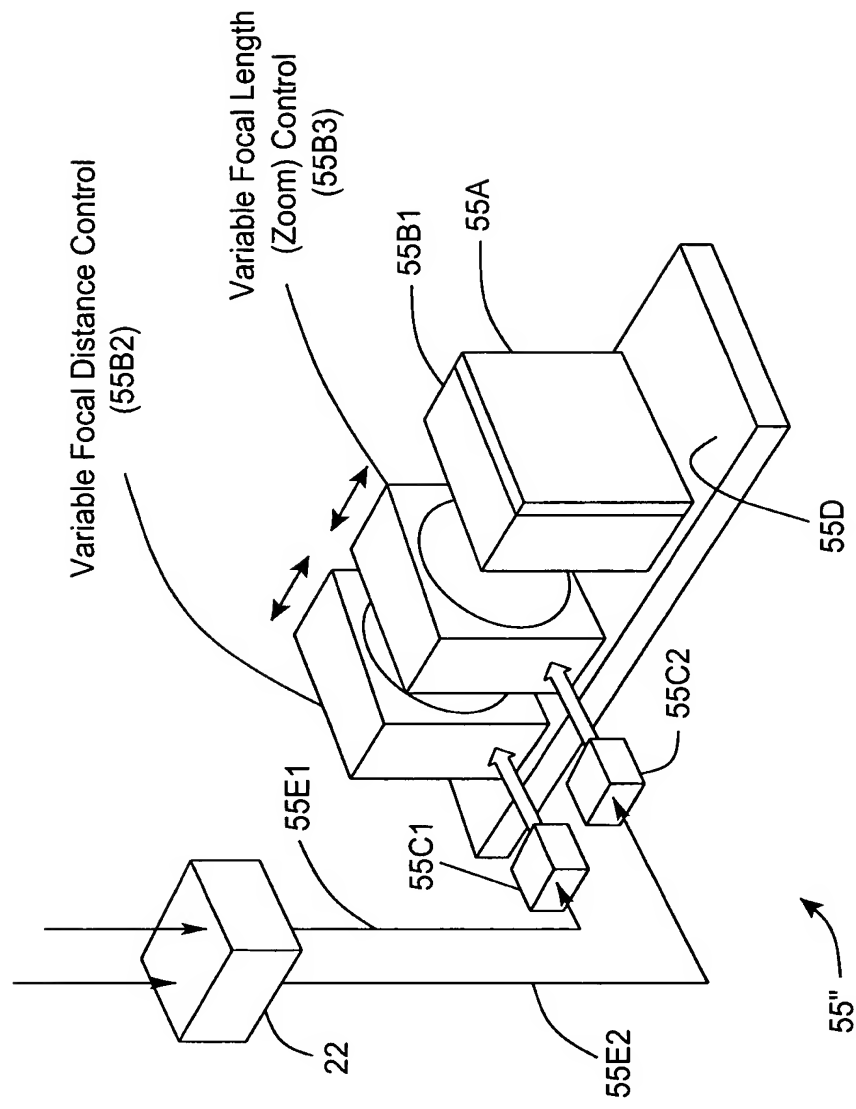


FIG. 6B4

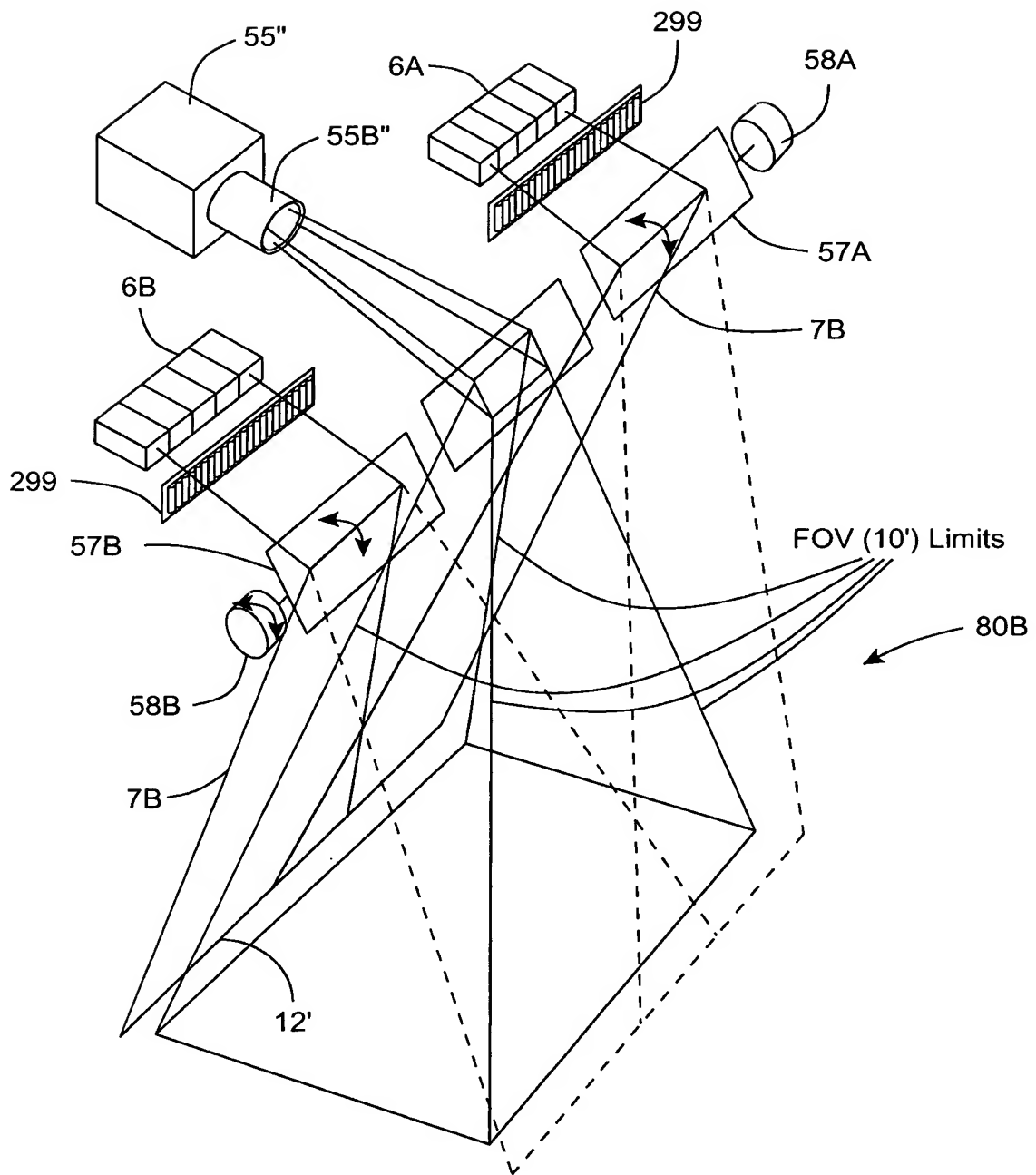


FIG. 6C1

- (1) Variable Focal Length Camera Lens
- (2) Variable Focal Distance

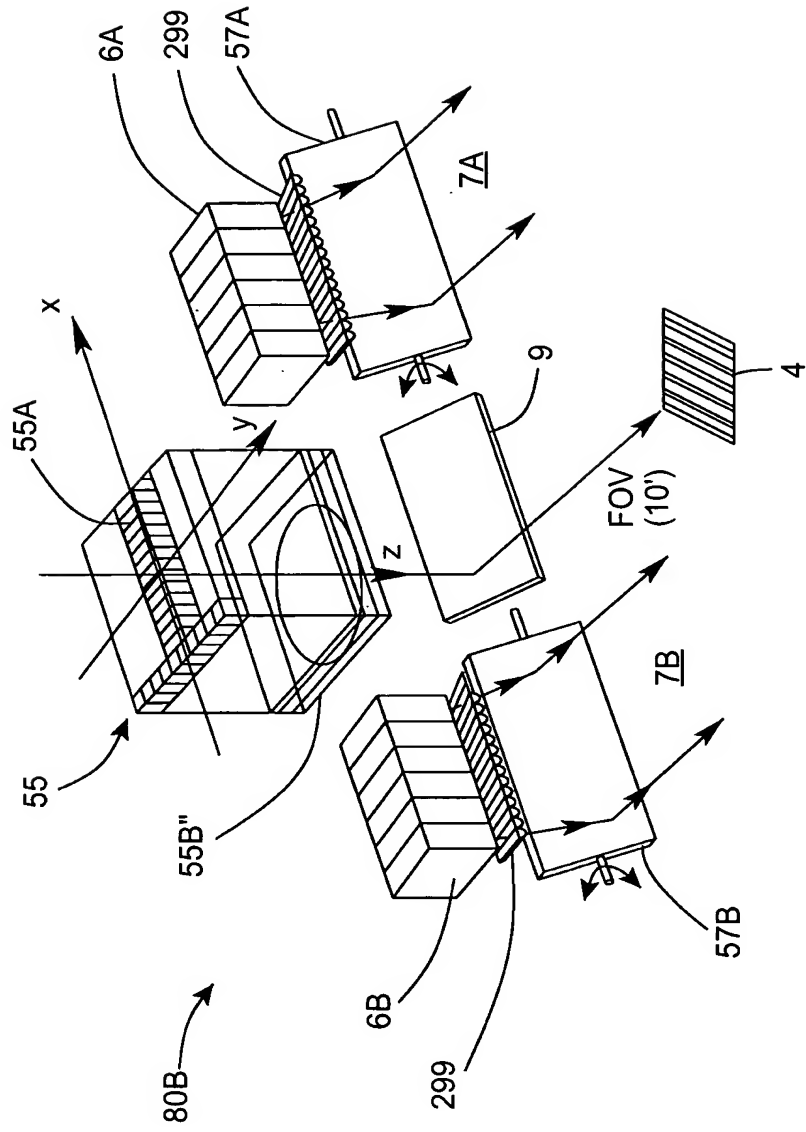


FIG. 6C2

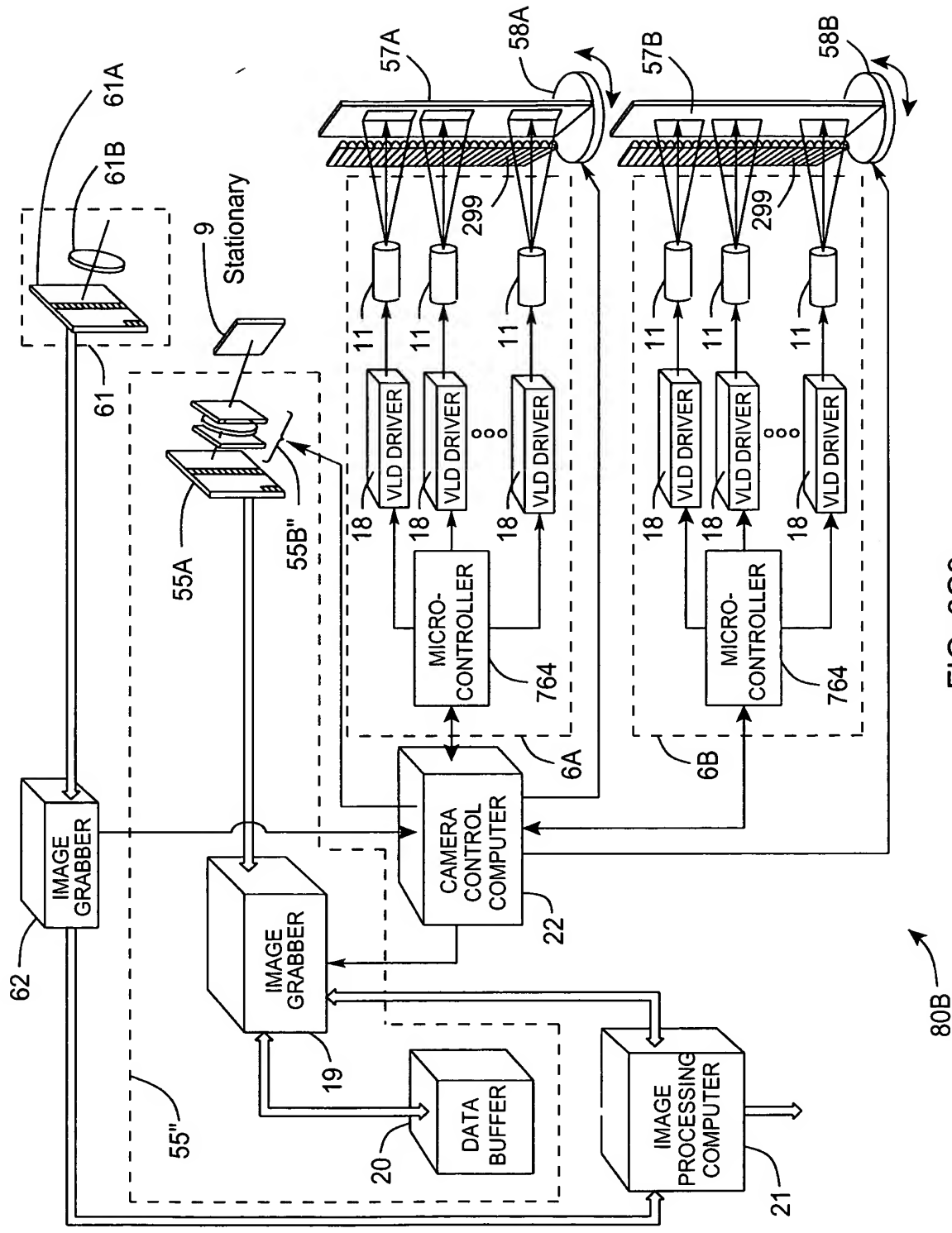


FIG. 6C3

80B

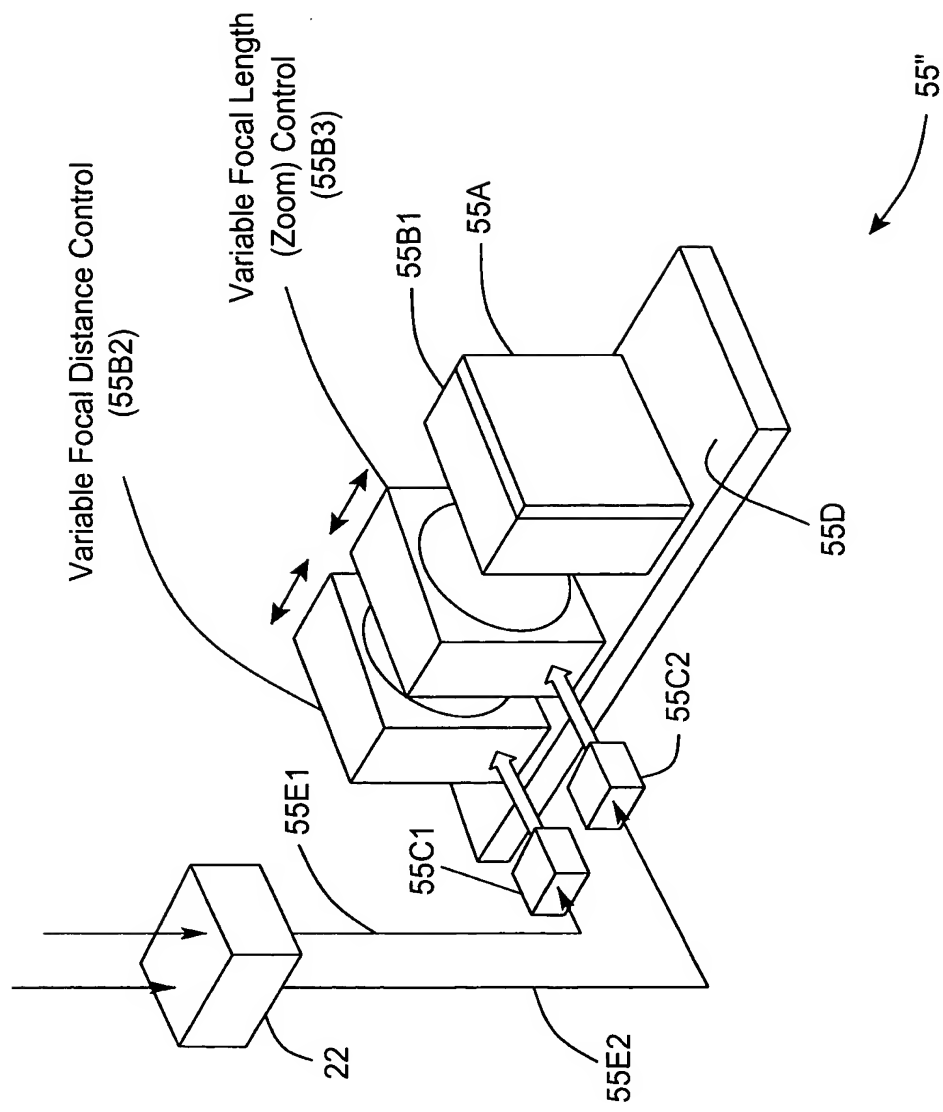


FIG. 6C4

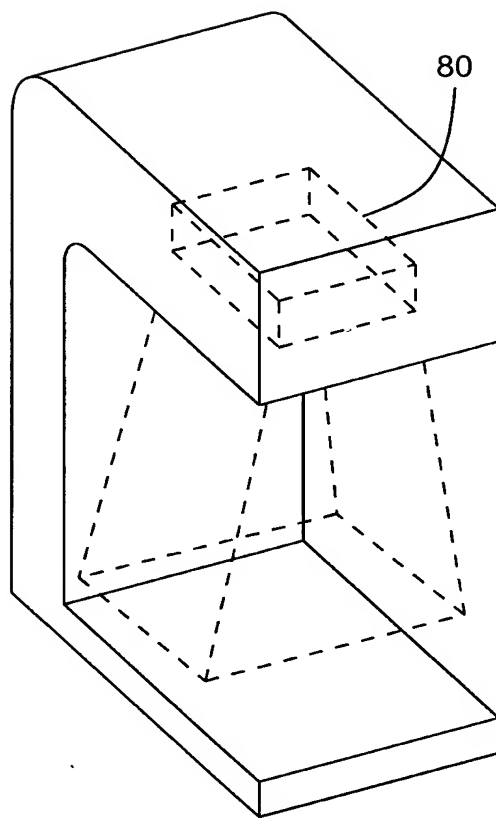


FIG. 6C5

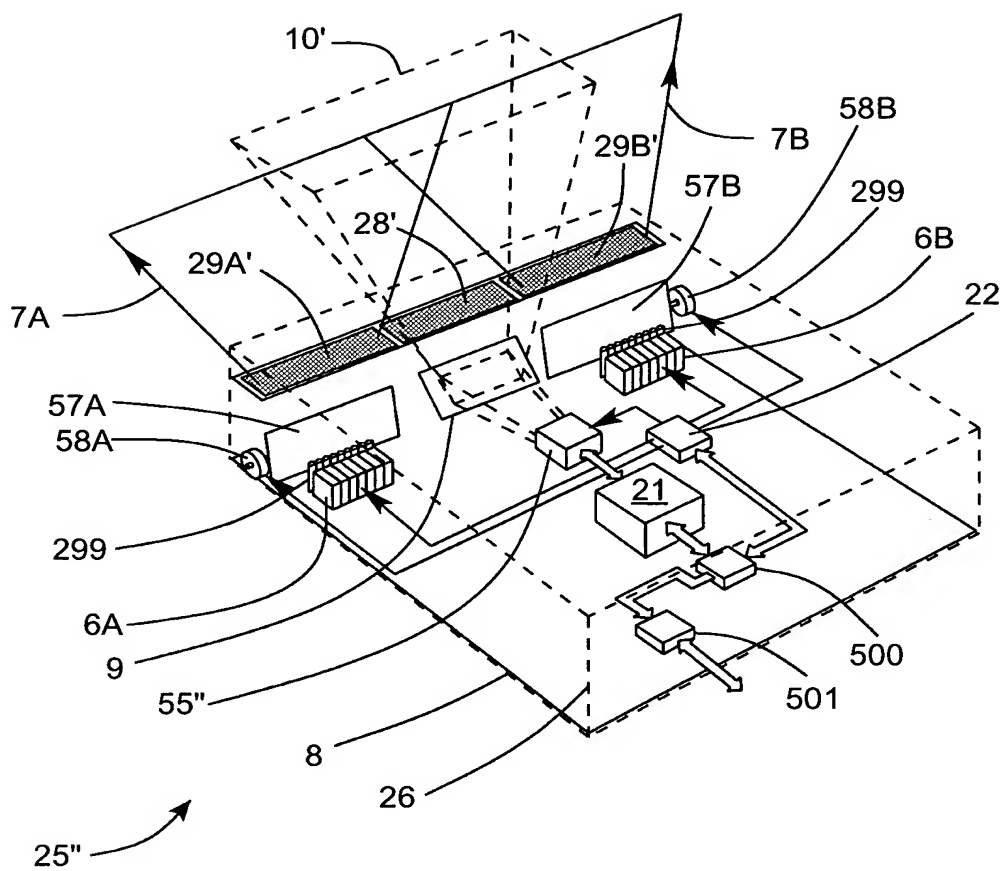


FIG. 6D1

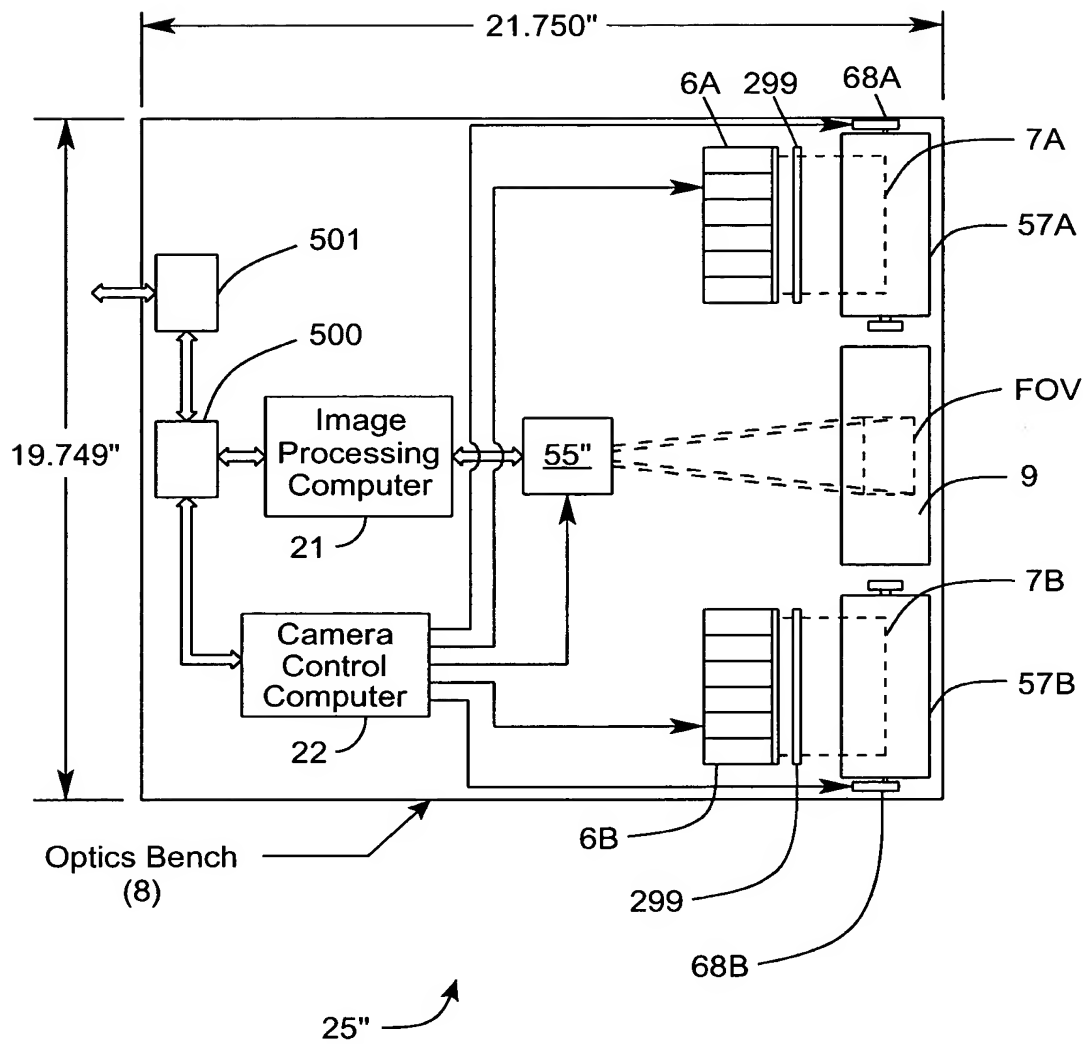


FIG. 6D2

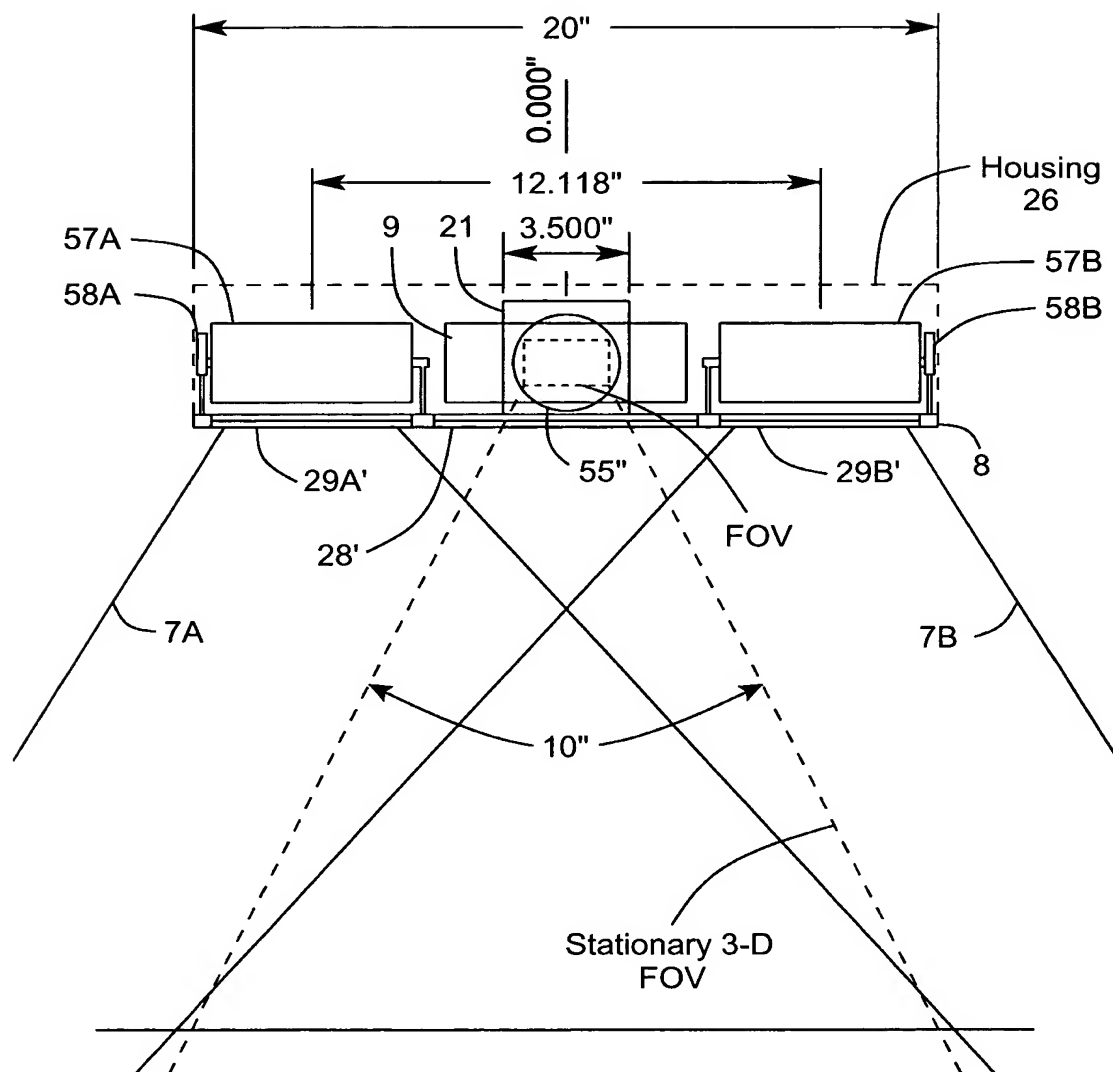
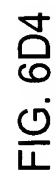


FIG. 6D3



* Variable FOV

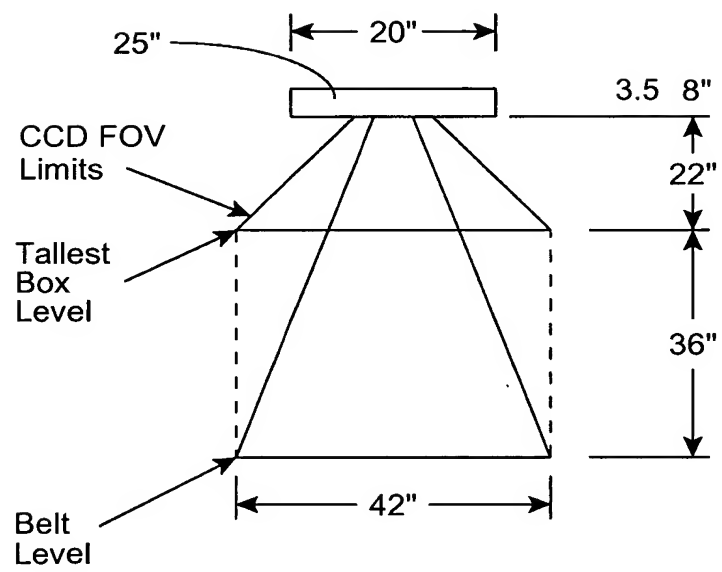


FIG. 6D5

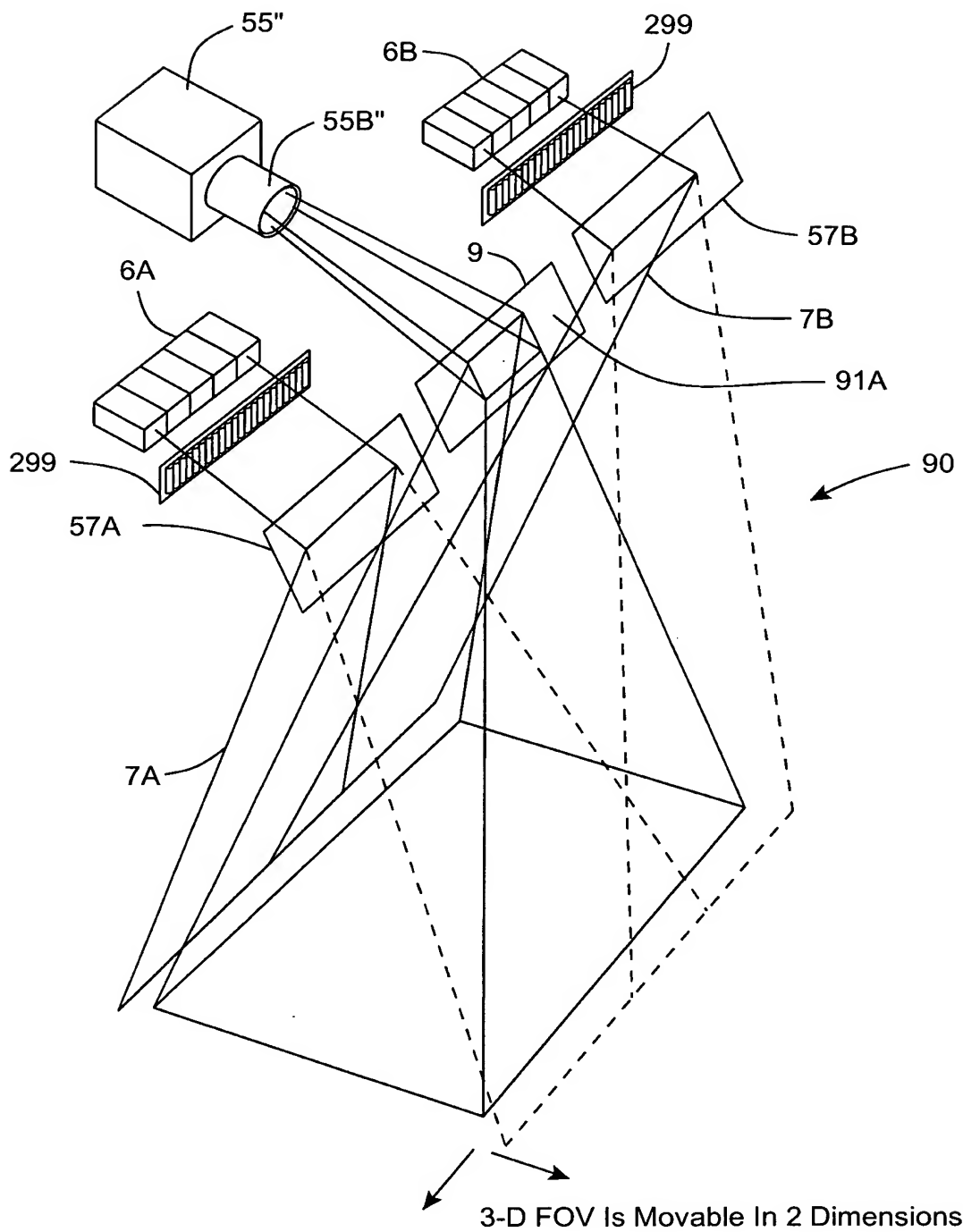


FIG. 6E1

- (1) Variable Focal Length Camera Lens
- (2) Variable Focal Distance

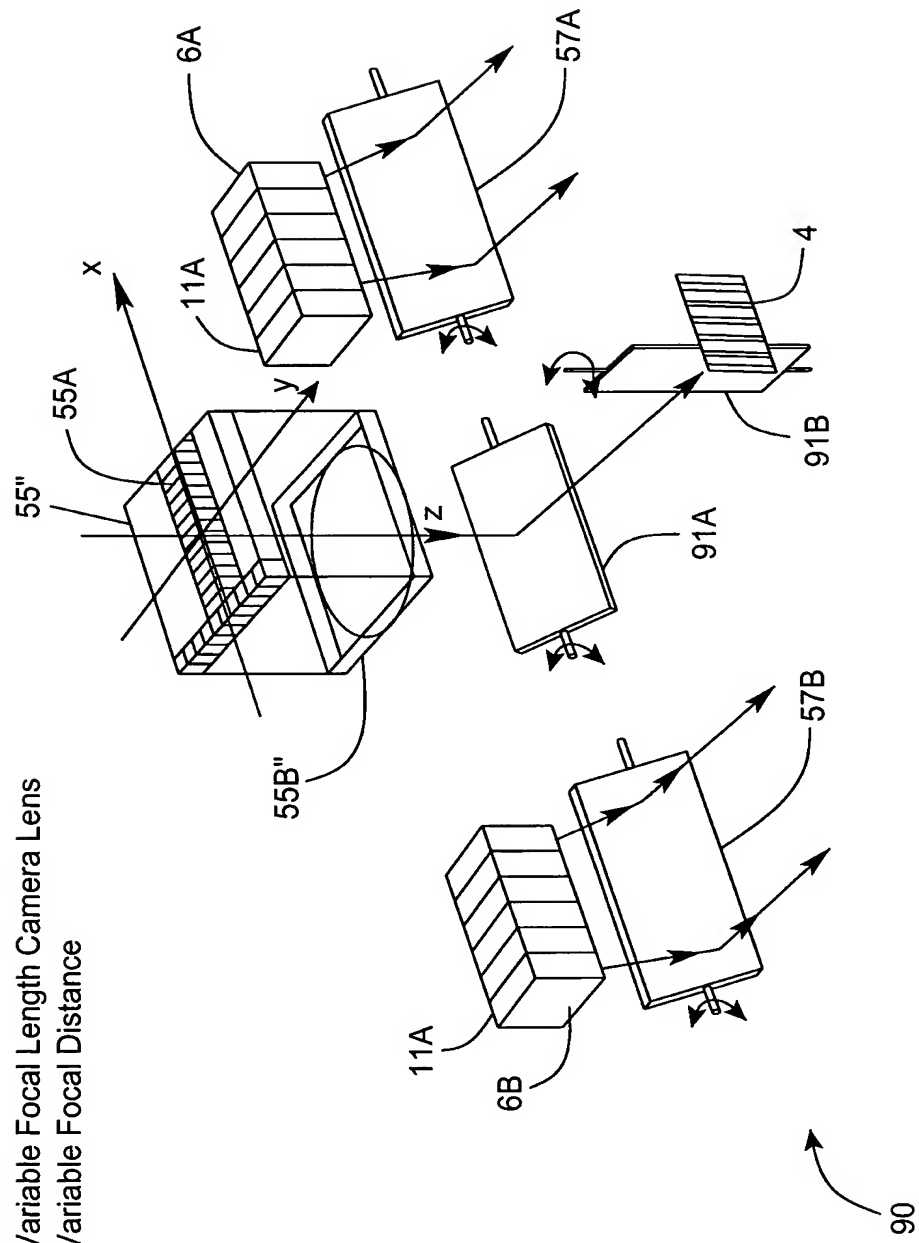


FIG. 6E2

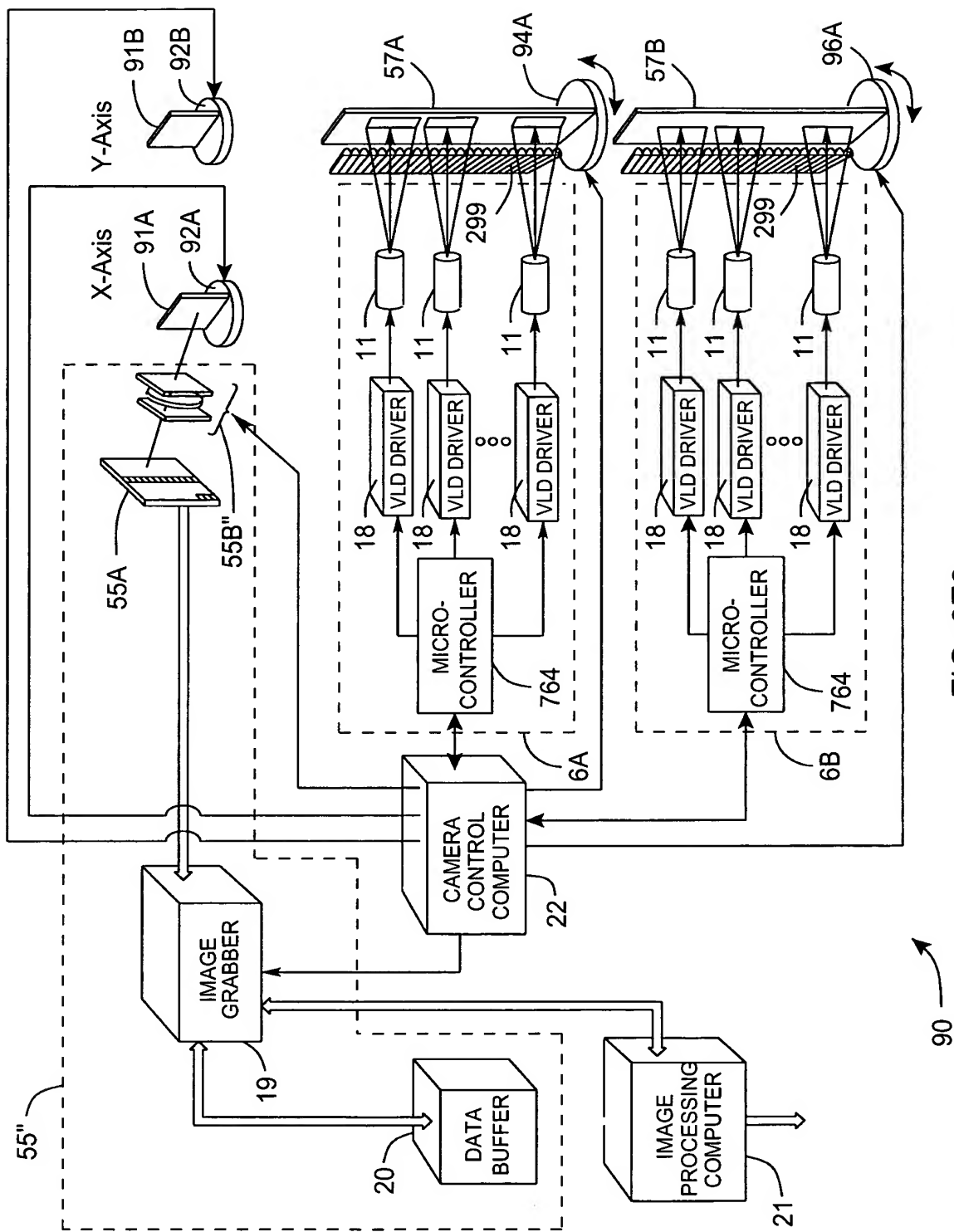


FIG. 6E3

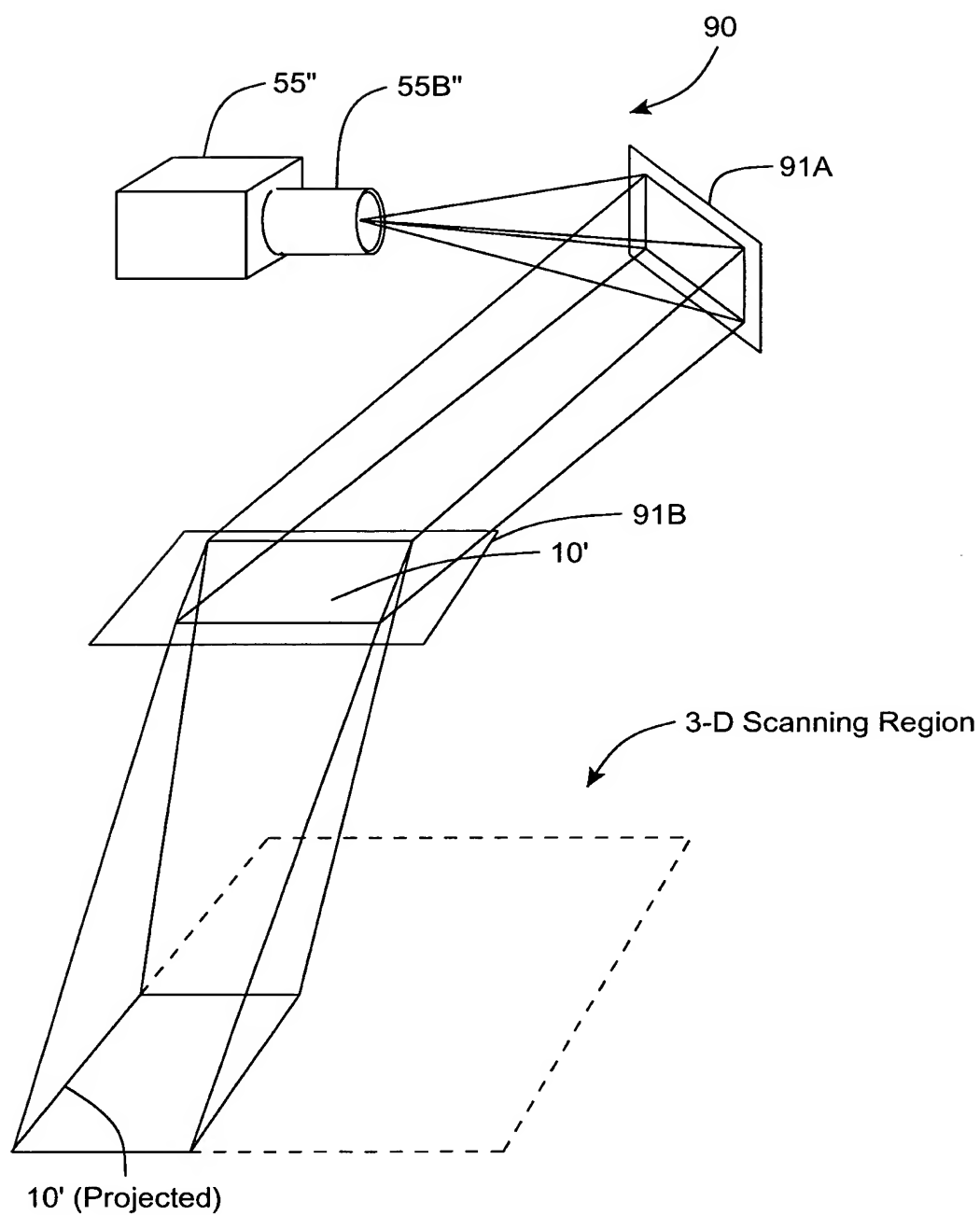


FIG. 6E4

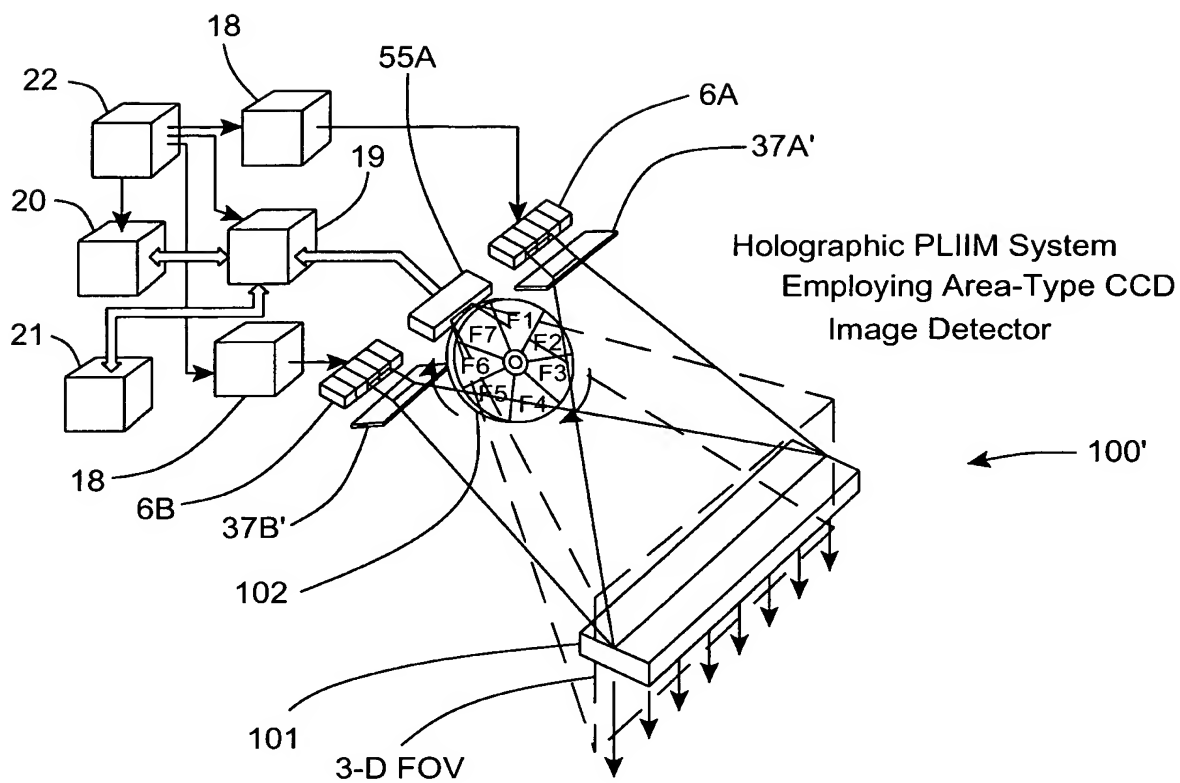


FIG. 8A

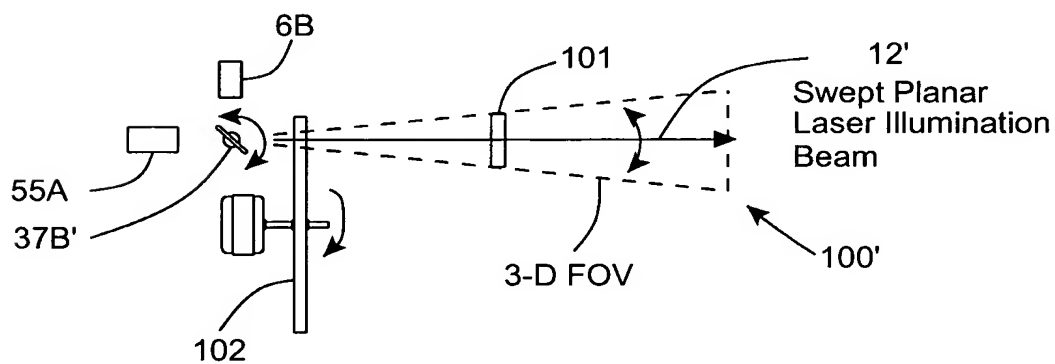


FIG. 8B

1-D Scanner Embodiment

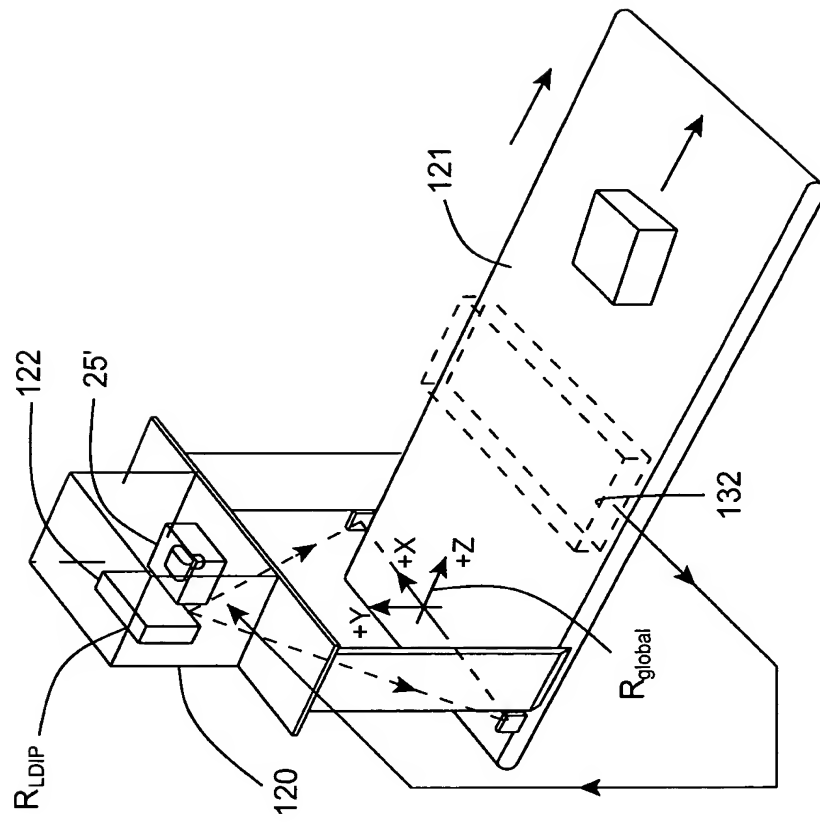


FIG. 9

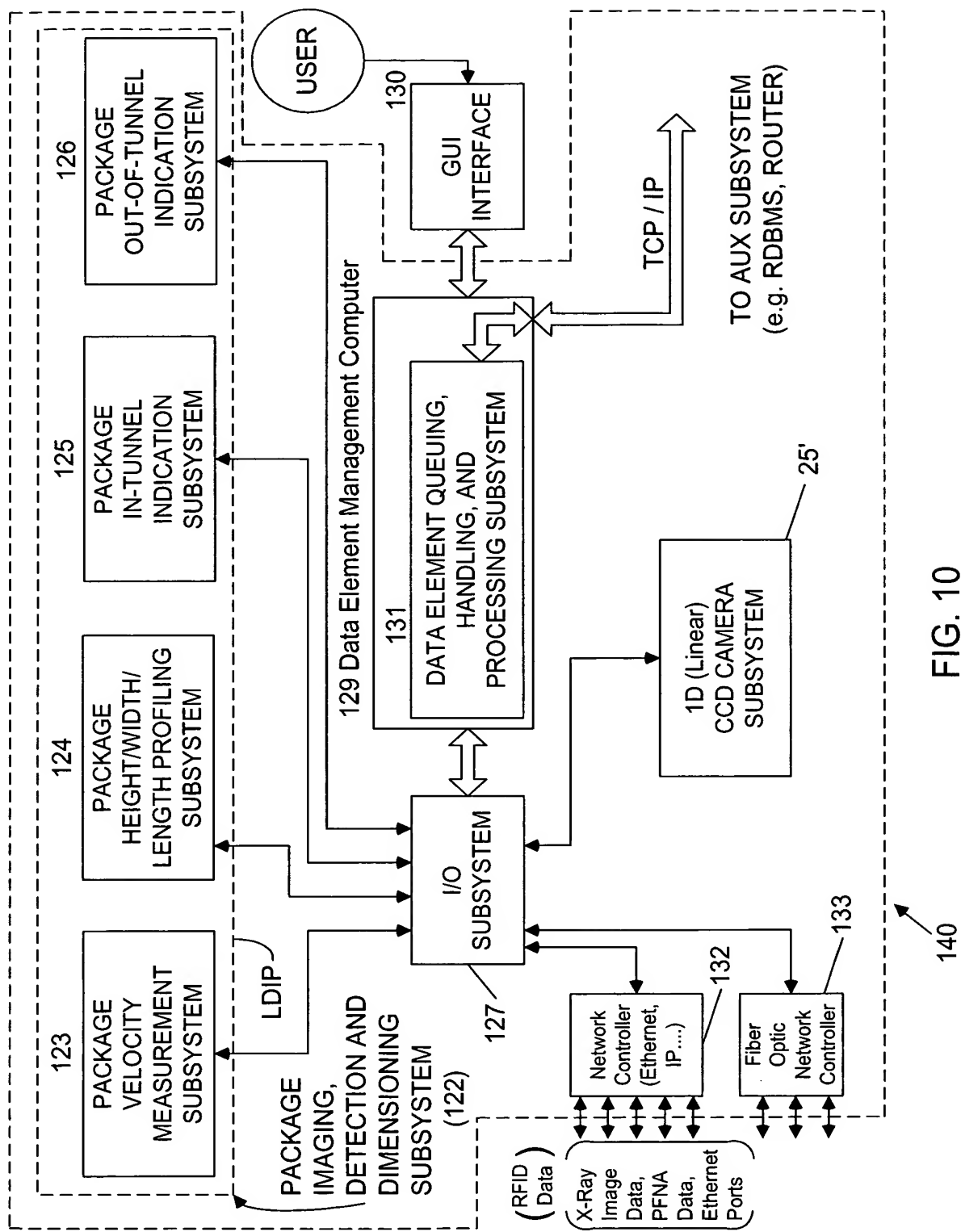


FIG. 10

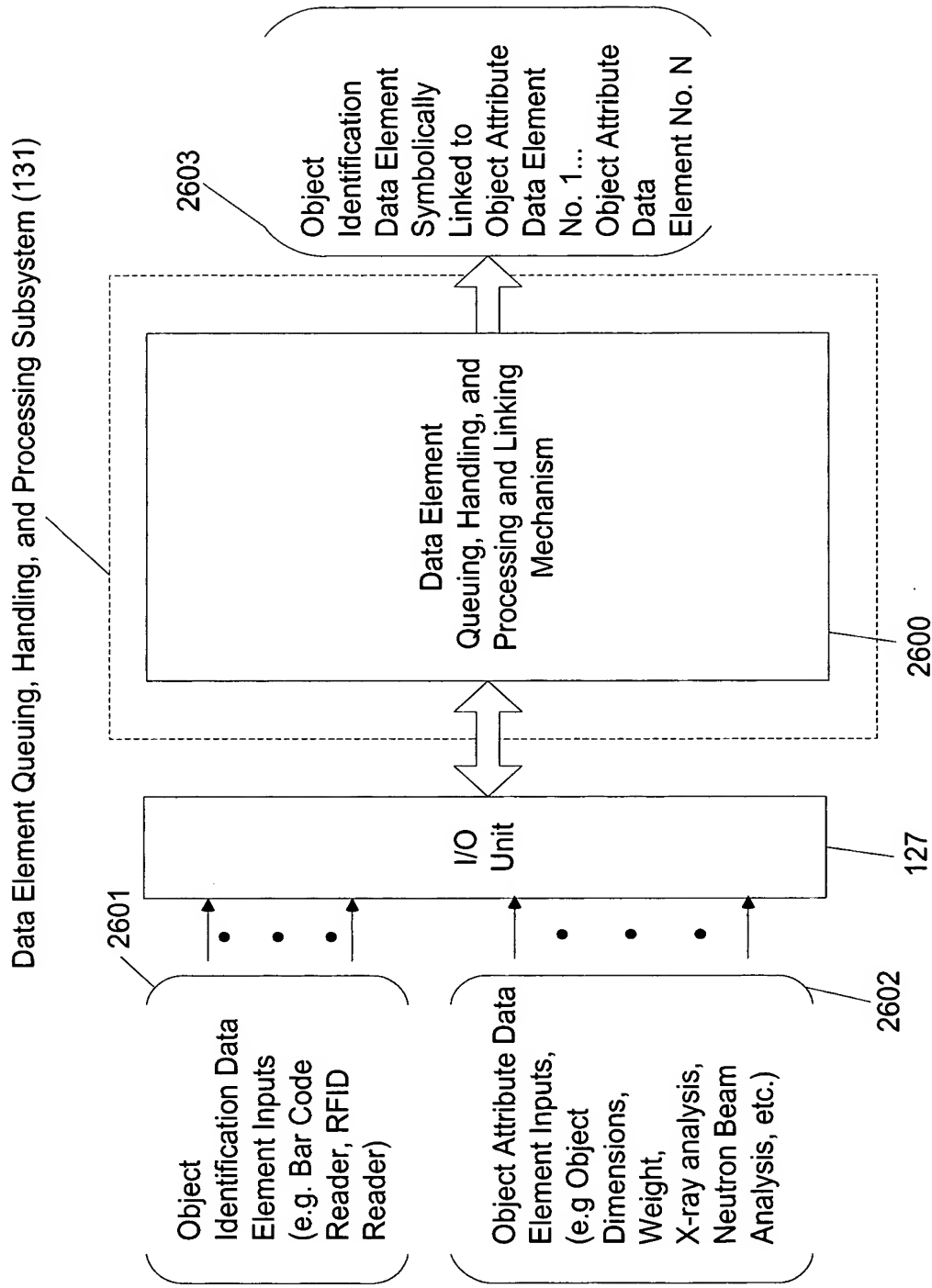


FIG. 10A

Primary Network and/ or System Functions:	
A. Specification of Object Detection and Tracking Capability of System	
B. Specification of Object Identification Capability of System	
C. Specification of Object Attribute Acquisition Capability of System	

Specification of Object Detection, Tracking, and Identification and Attribute-Acquisition Capabilities of a Configured System or Network.

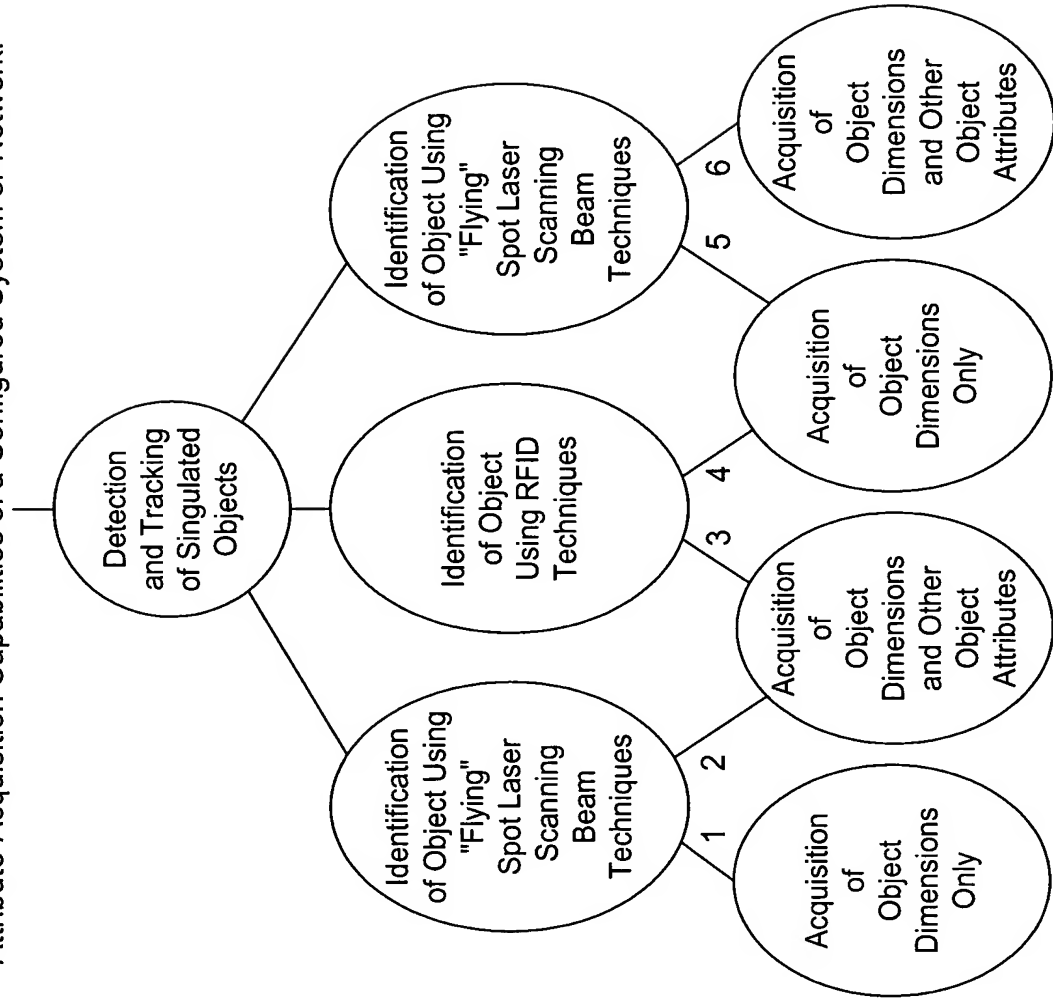


FIG. 10B-1

Primary Network and/ or System Functions:	
A.	Specification of Object Detection and Tracking Capability of System
B.	Specification of Object Identification Capability of System
C.	Specification of Object Attribute Acquisition Capability of System

Specification of Object Detection, Tracking, and Identification and Attribute-Acquisition Capabilities of a Configured System or Network.

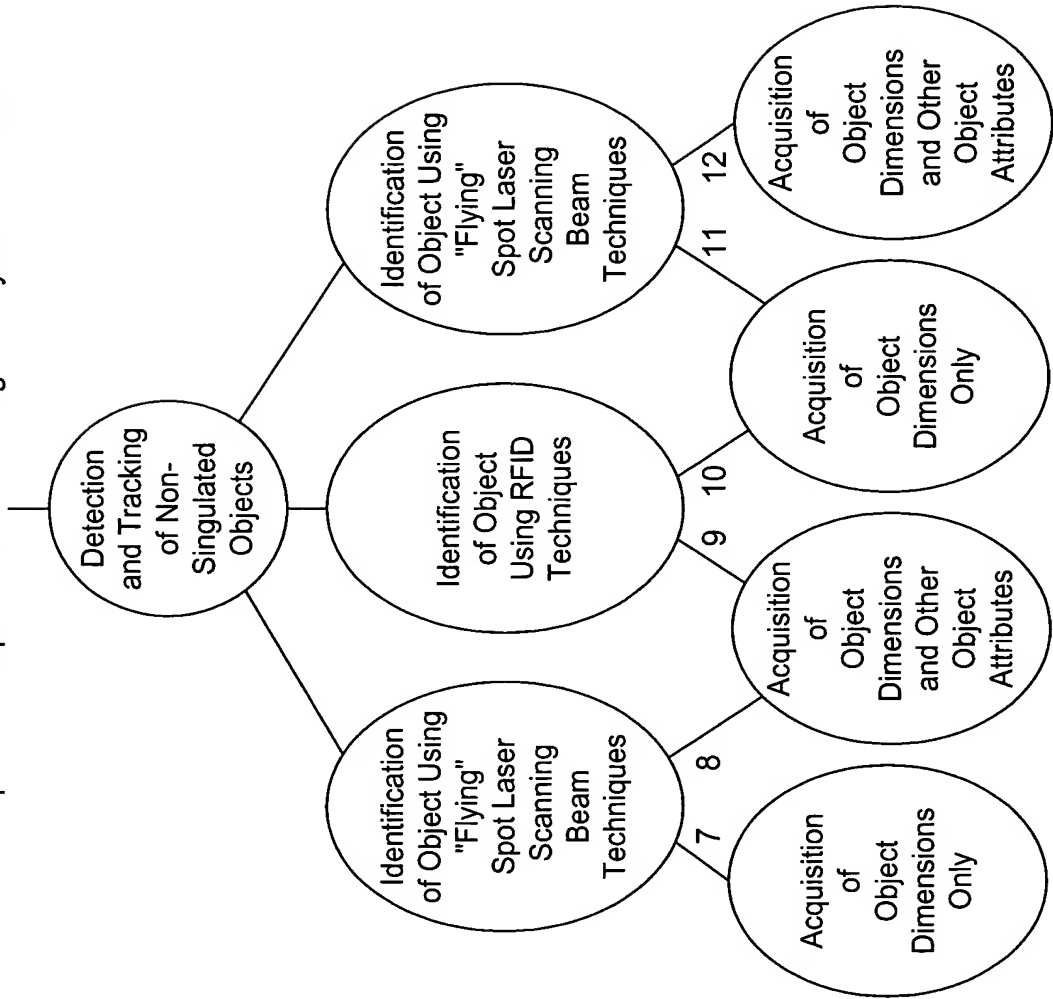


FIG. 10B-2

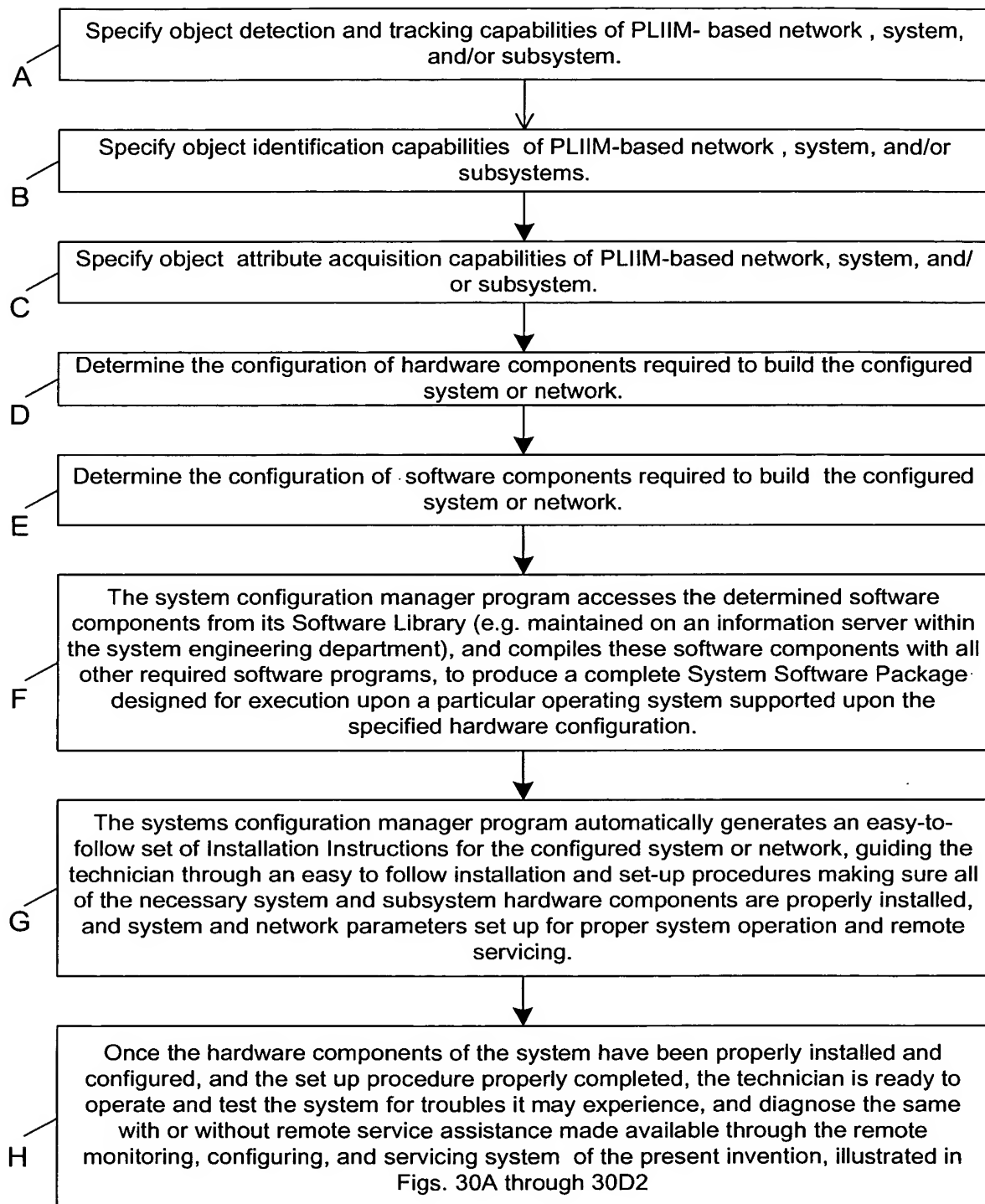


FIG. 10C

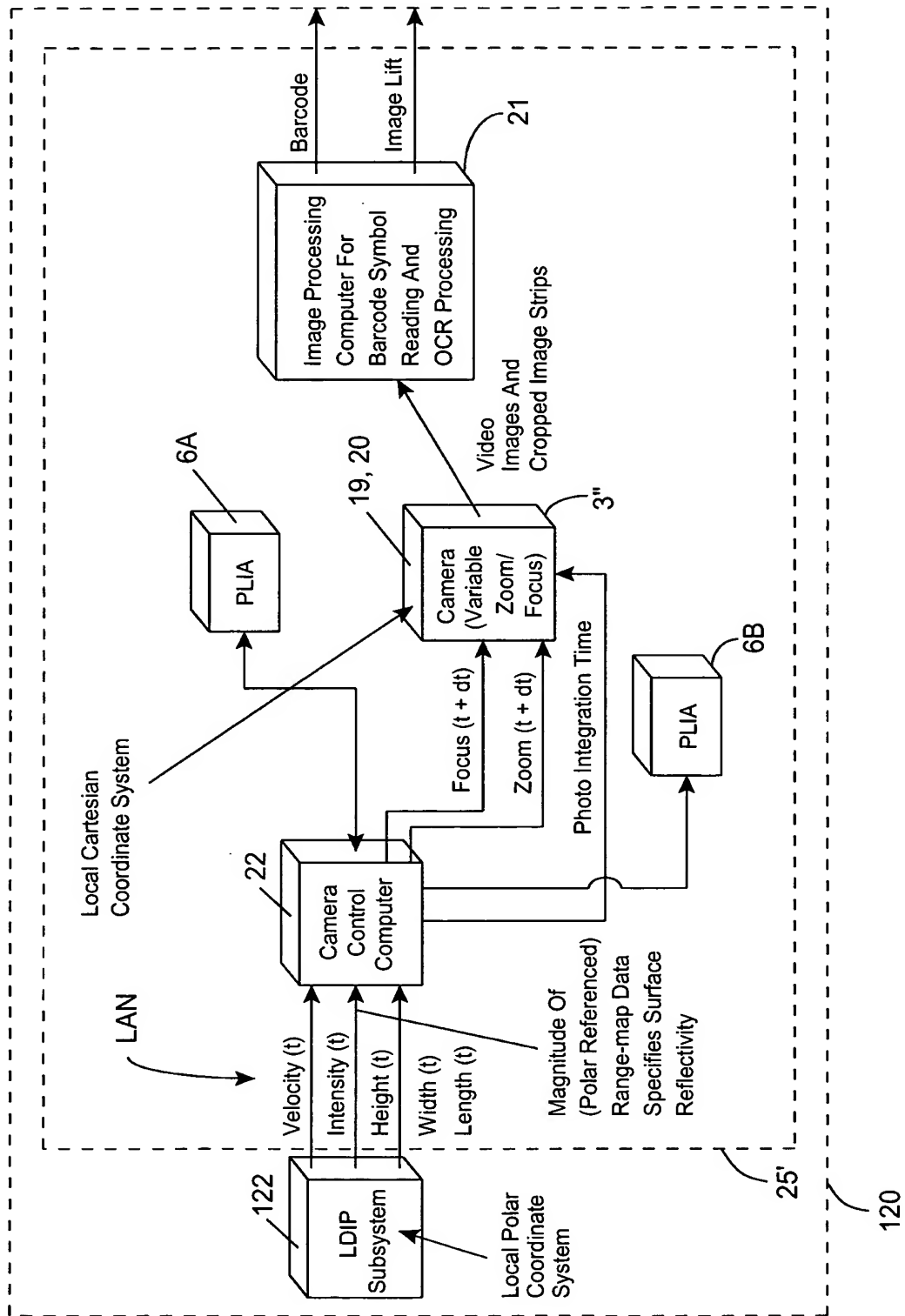


FIG. 11

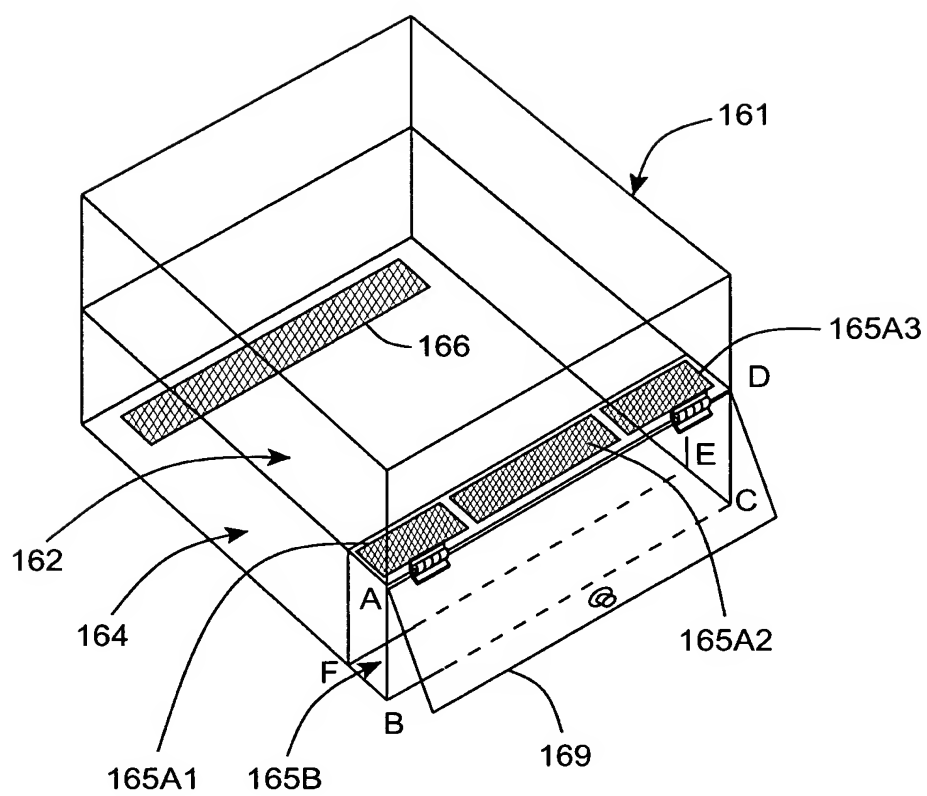


FIG. 12A

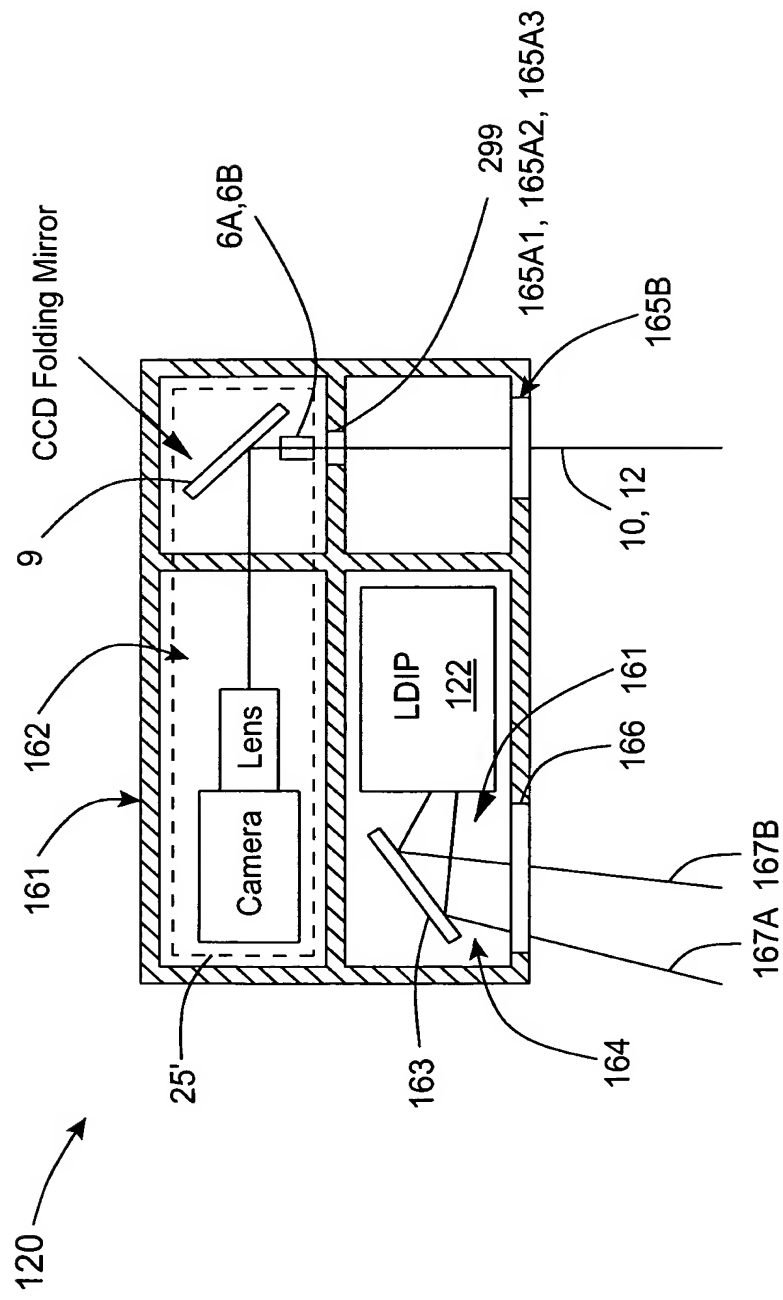


FIG. 12B

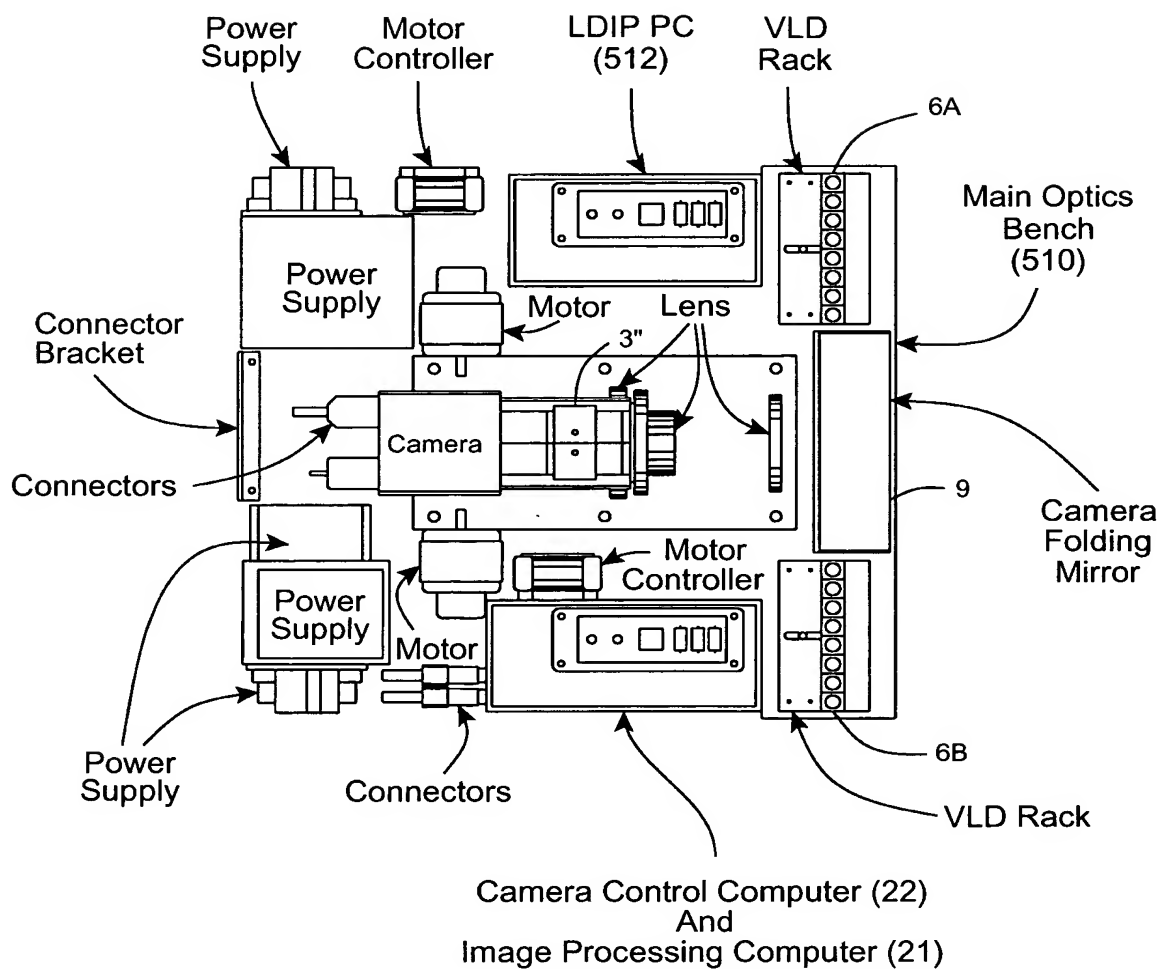


FIG. 12C

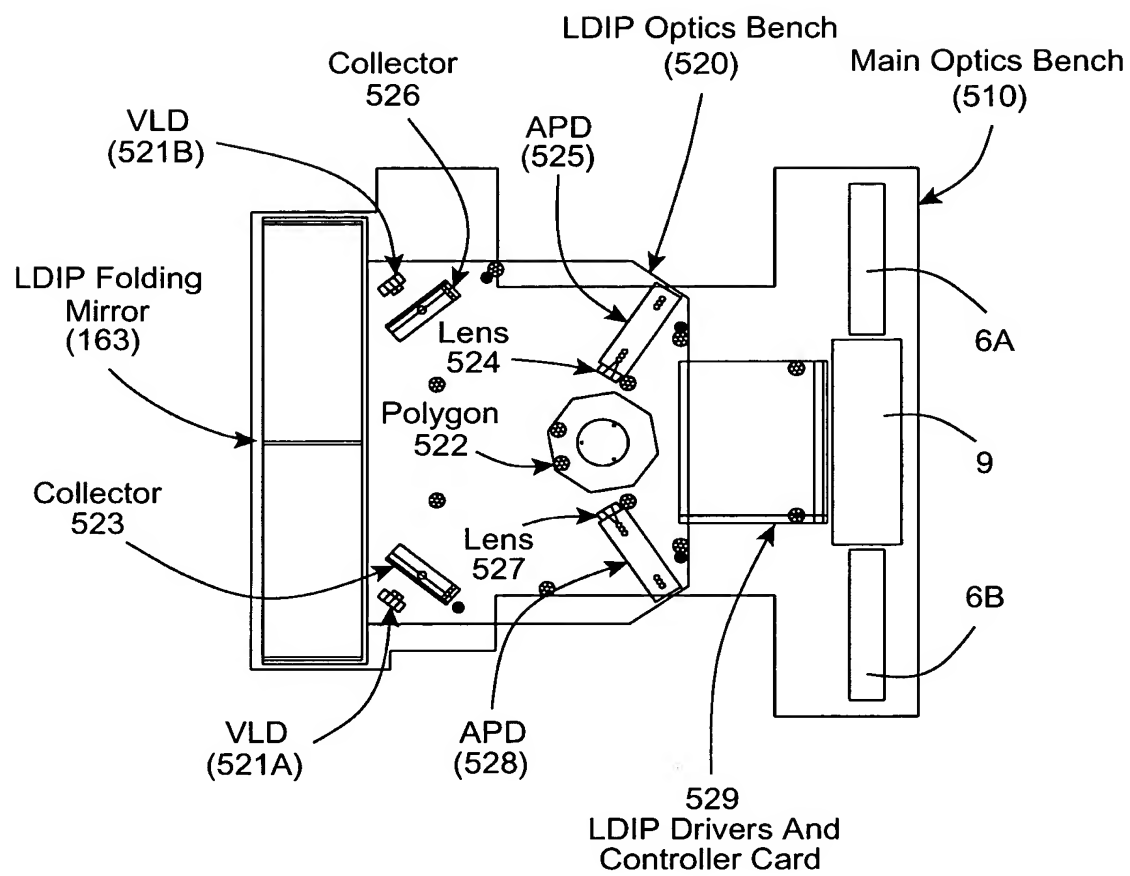
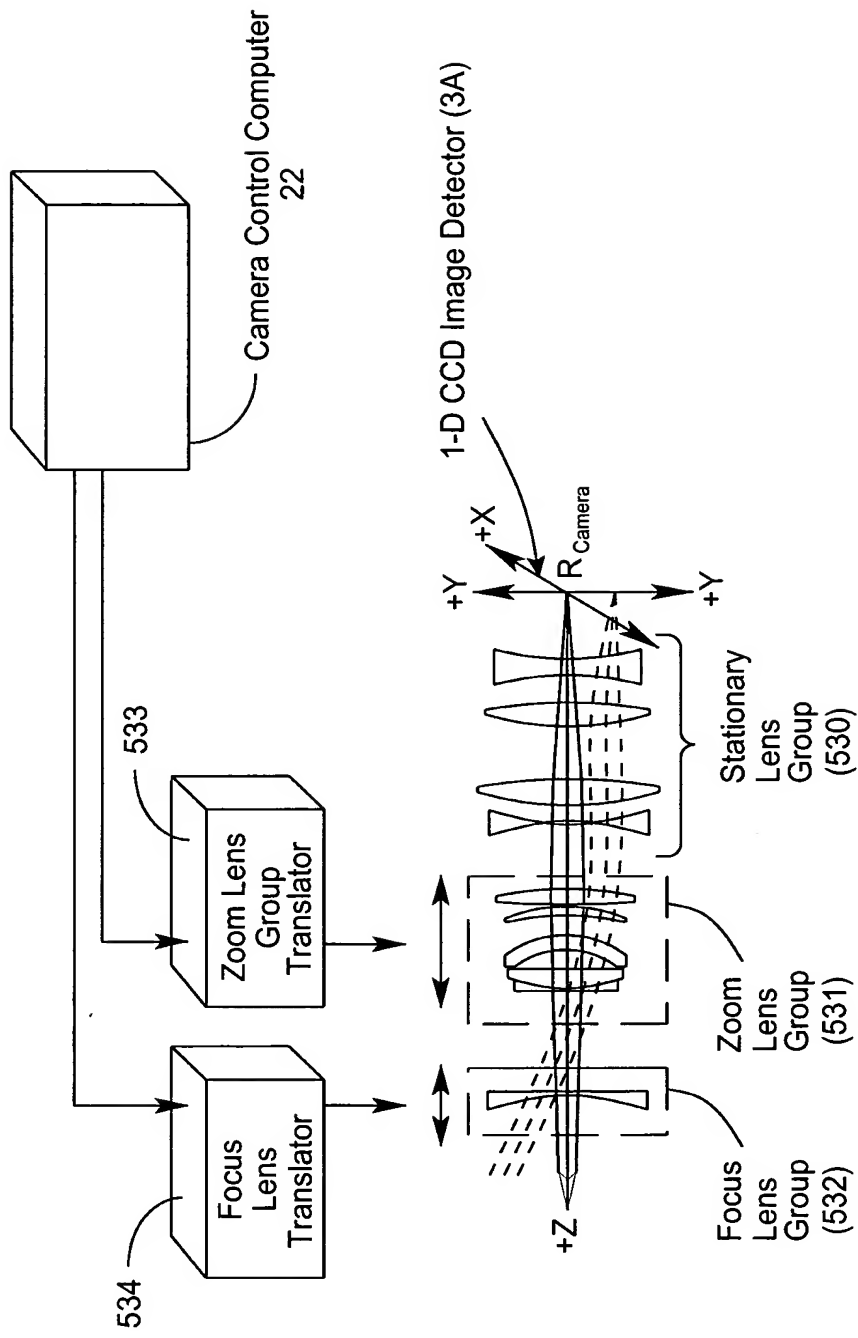


FIG. 12D



Main Optics Lens Groups

FIG. 12E

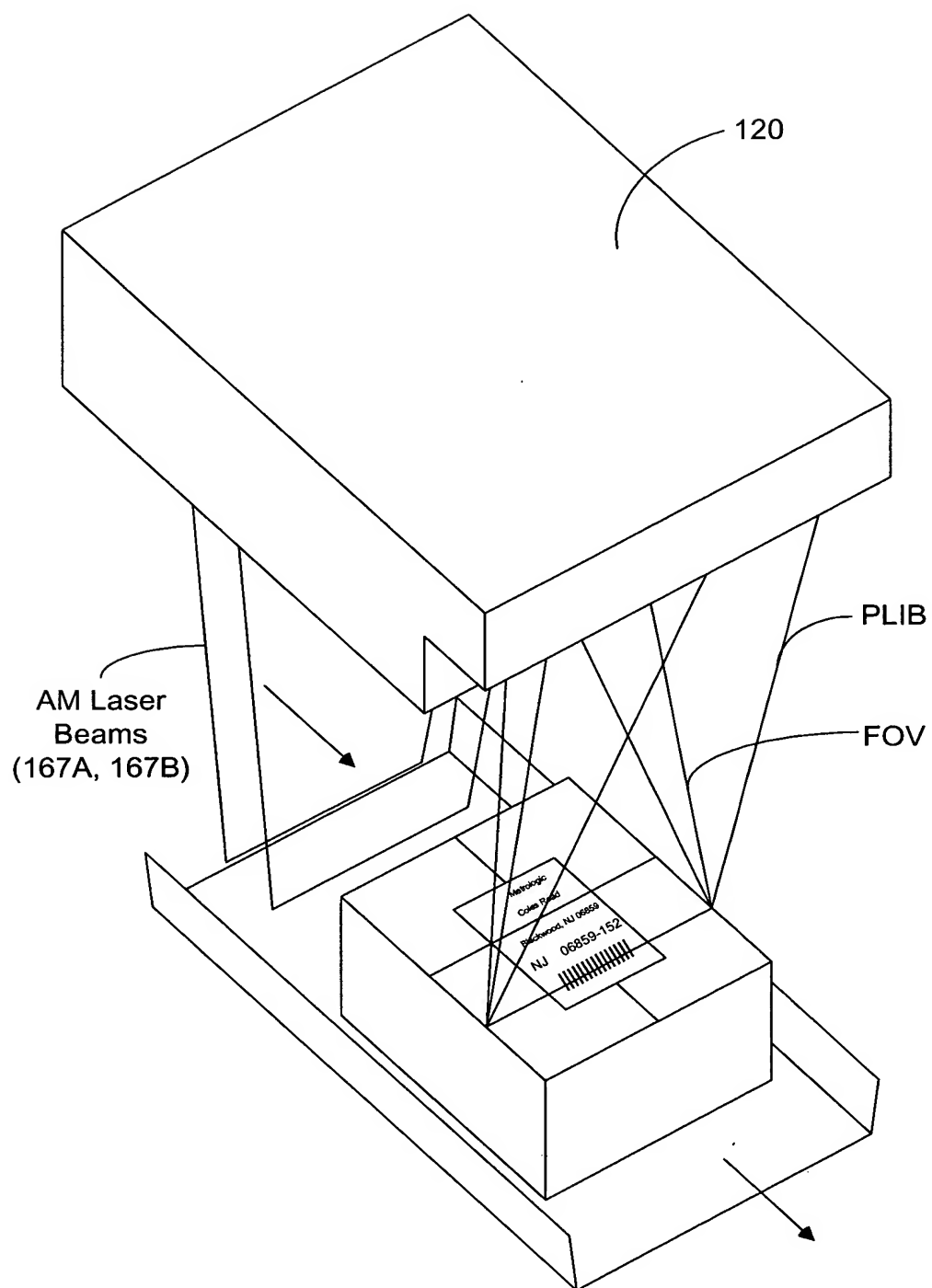


FIG. 13A

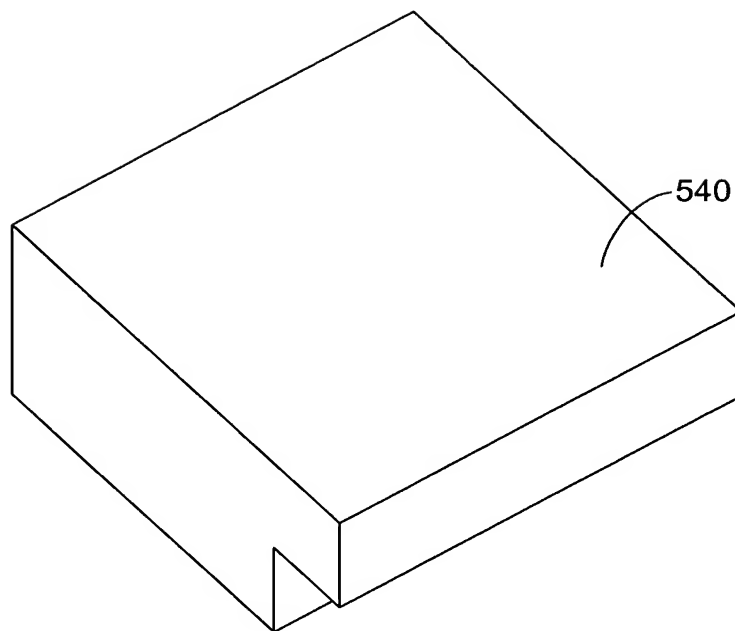


FIG. 13B

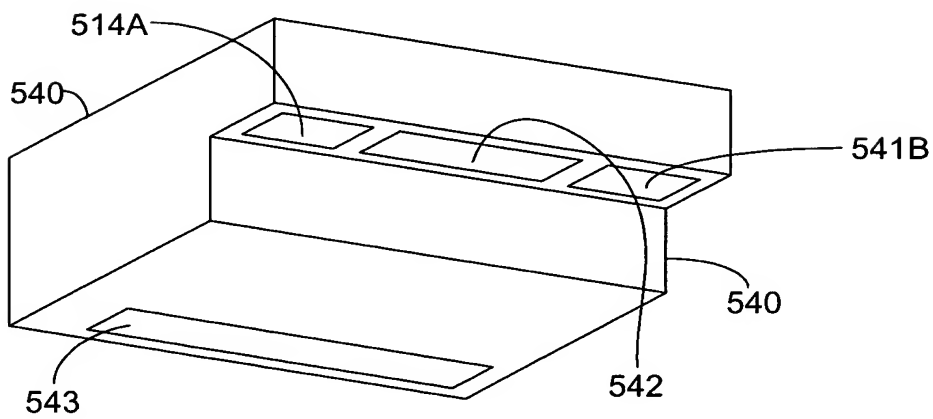


FIG. 13C

PLIIM-BASED PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION AND
DIMENSIONING (PID) SYSTEM

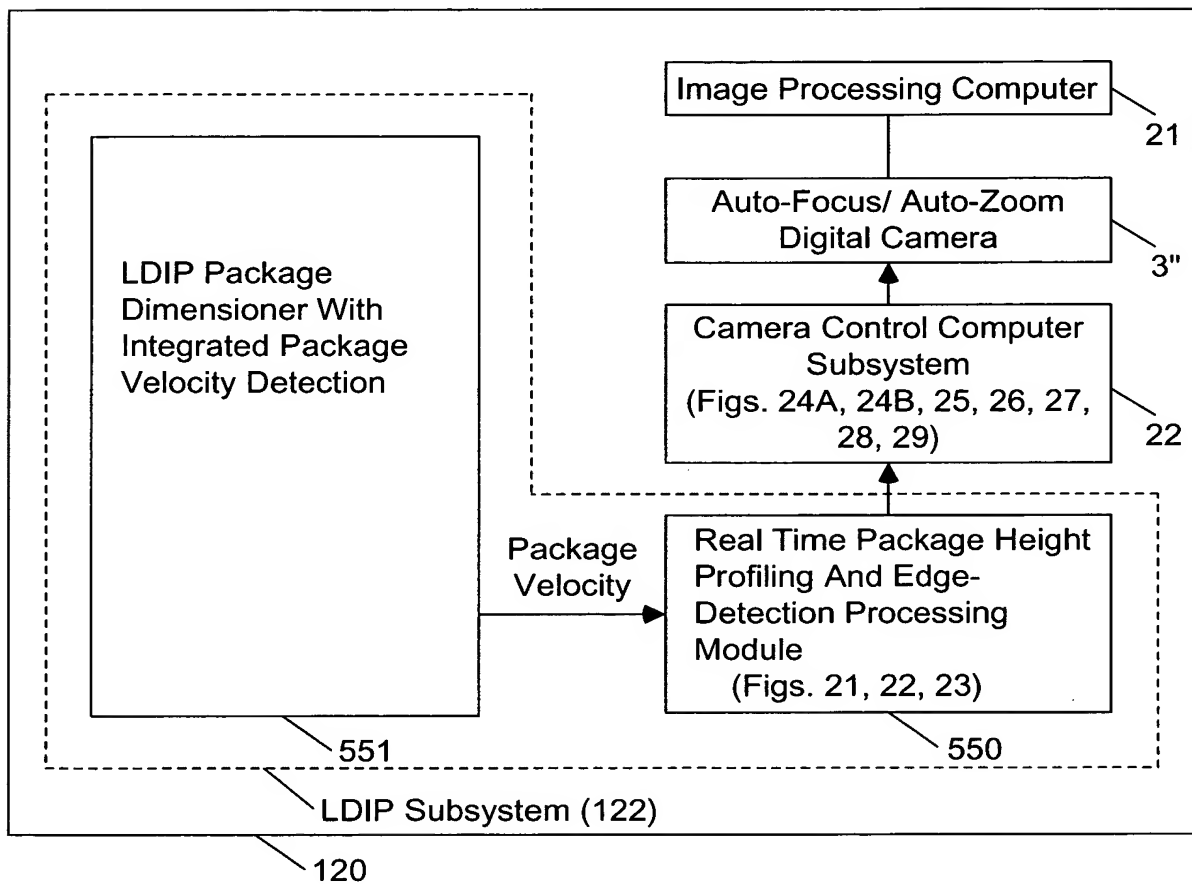


FIG. 14

LDIP REAL-TIME PACKAGE HEIGHT PROFILE AND EDGE DETECTION METHOD

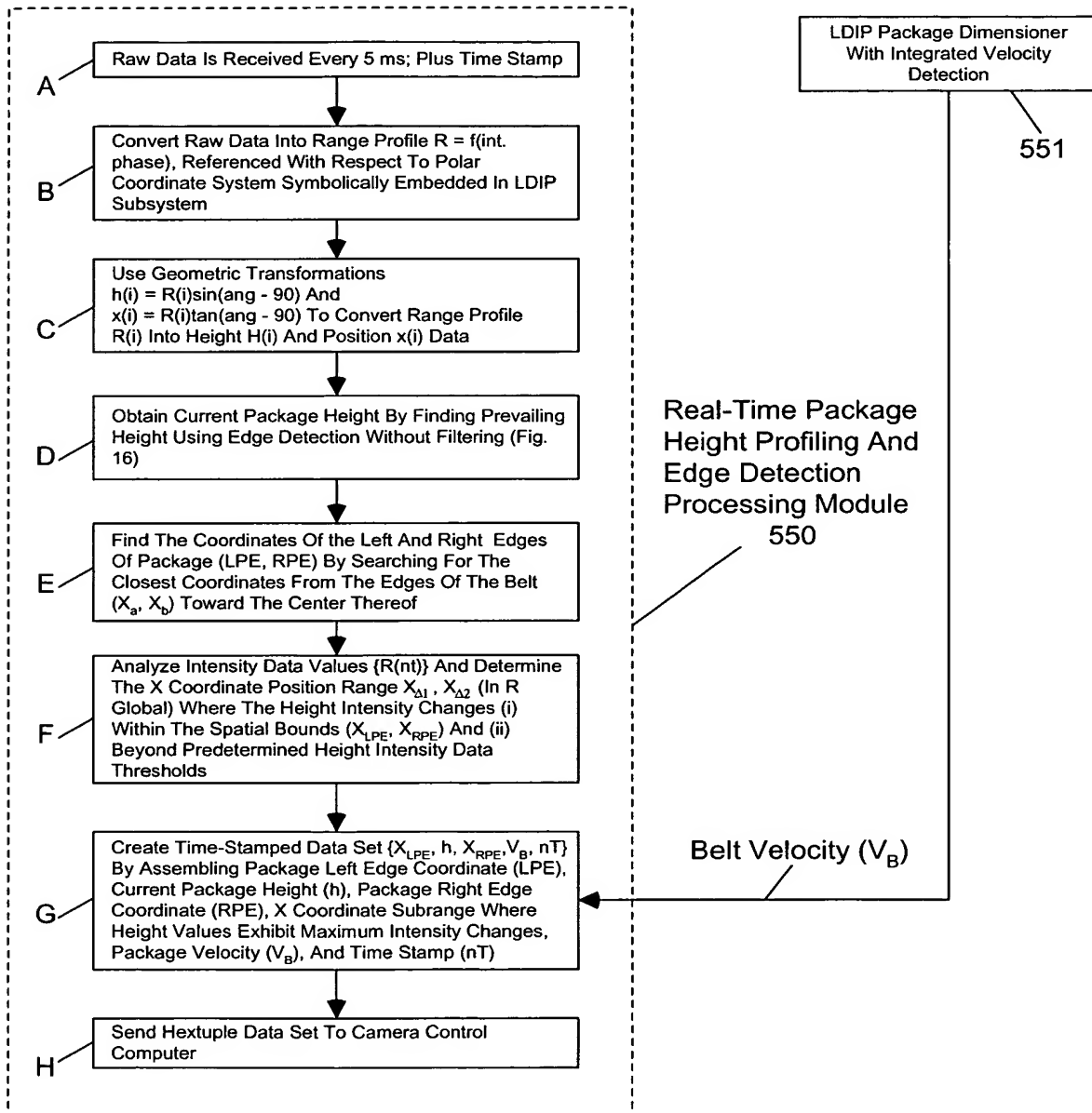
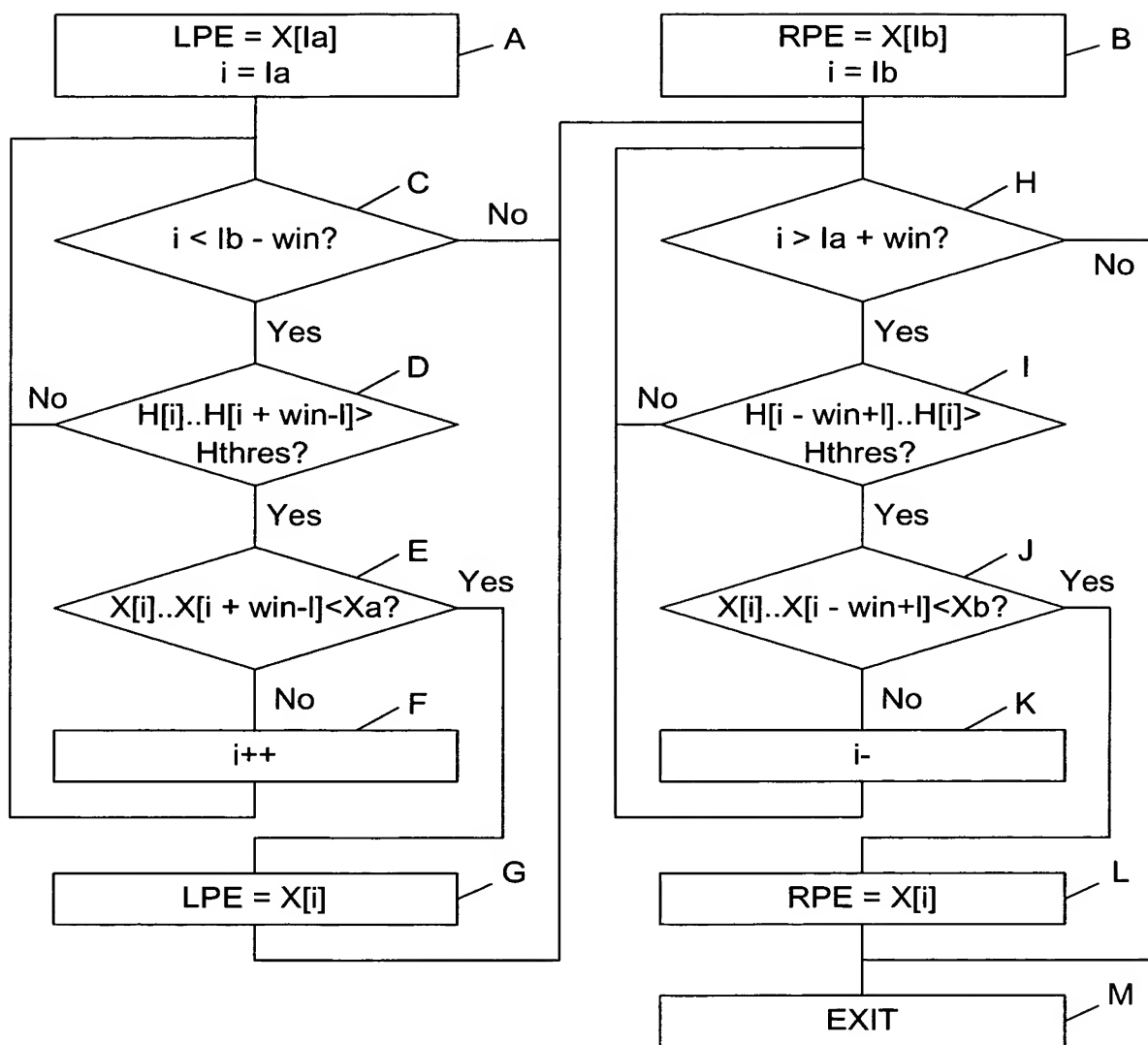


FIG. 15

LDIP REAL-TIME PACKAGE EDGE DETECTION



Xa = Location Of Belt Left Edge; Xb = Location Of Belt Right Edge
 la = Belt Left Edge Pixel; lb = Belt Right Edge Pixel
 LPE = Left package Edge; RPE = Right Package Edge
 H[] = Pixel Height Array; X[] = Pixel Location Array
 win = Package detection Window

FIG. 16

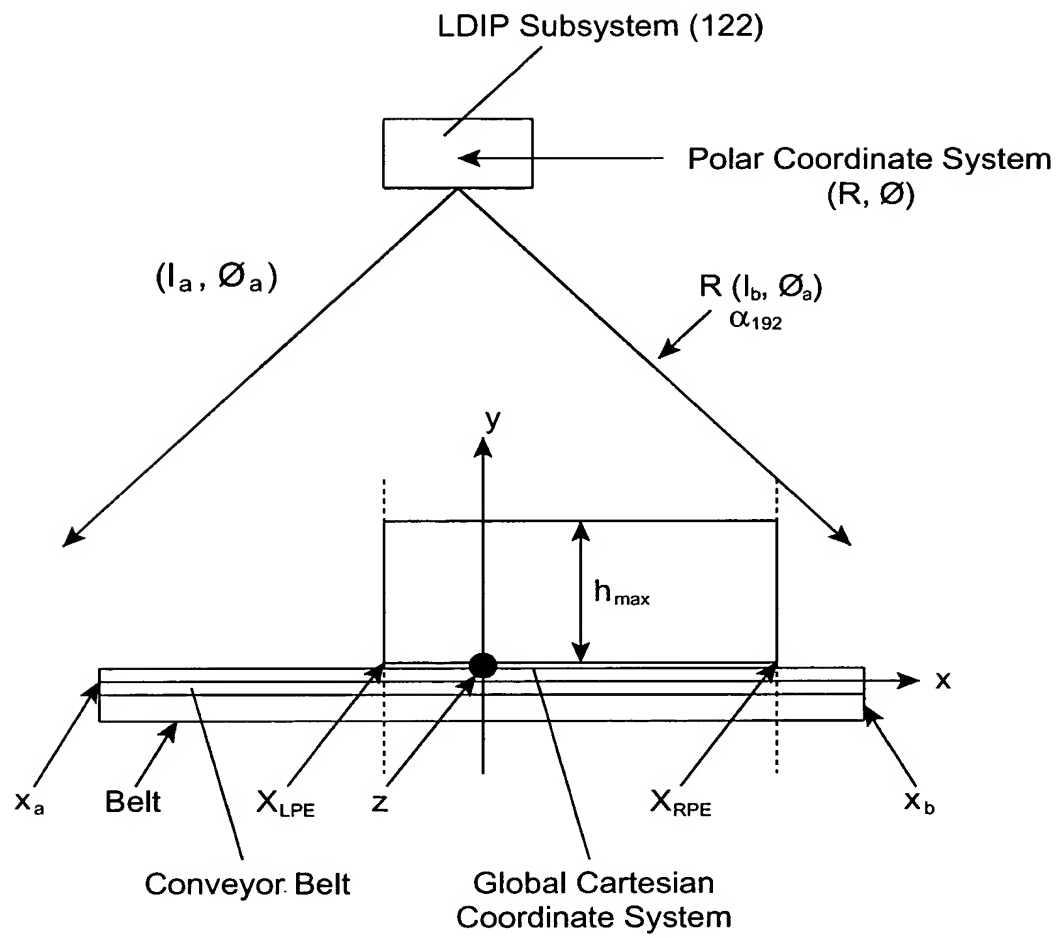


FIG. 17

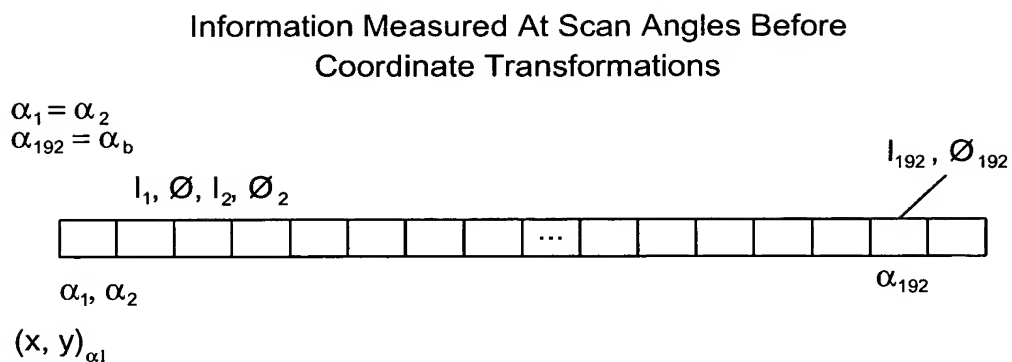


FIG. 17A

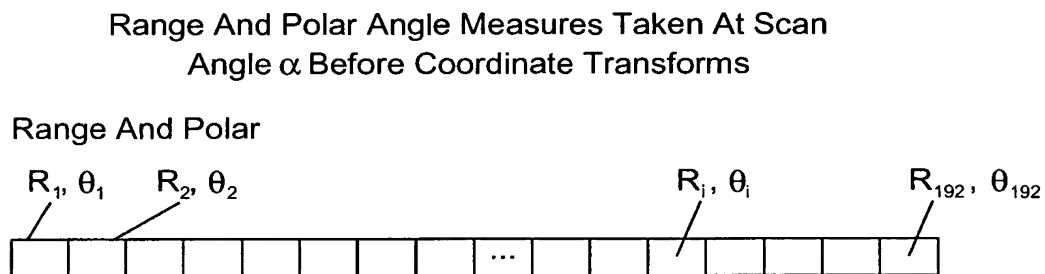


FIG. 17B

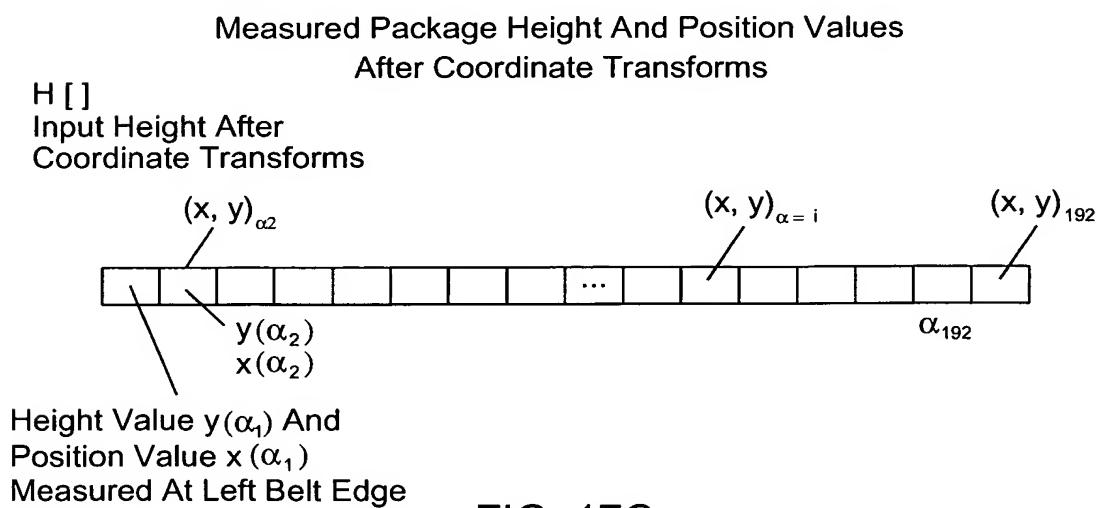


FIG. 17C

CAMERA CONTROL PROCESS CARRIED OUT WITHIN THE CAMERA
CONTROL SUBSYSTEM OF EACH OBJECT IDENTIFICATION AND
ATTRIBUTE ACQUISITION SYSTEM OF PRESENT INVENTION

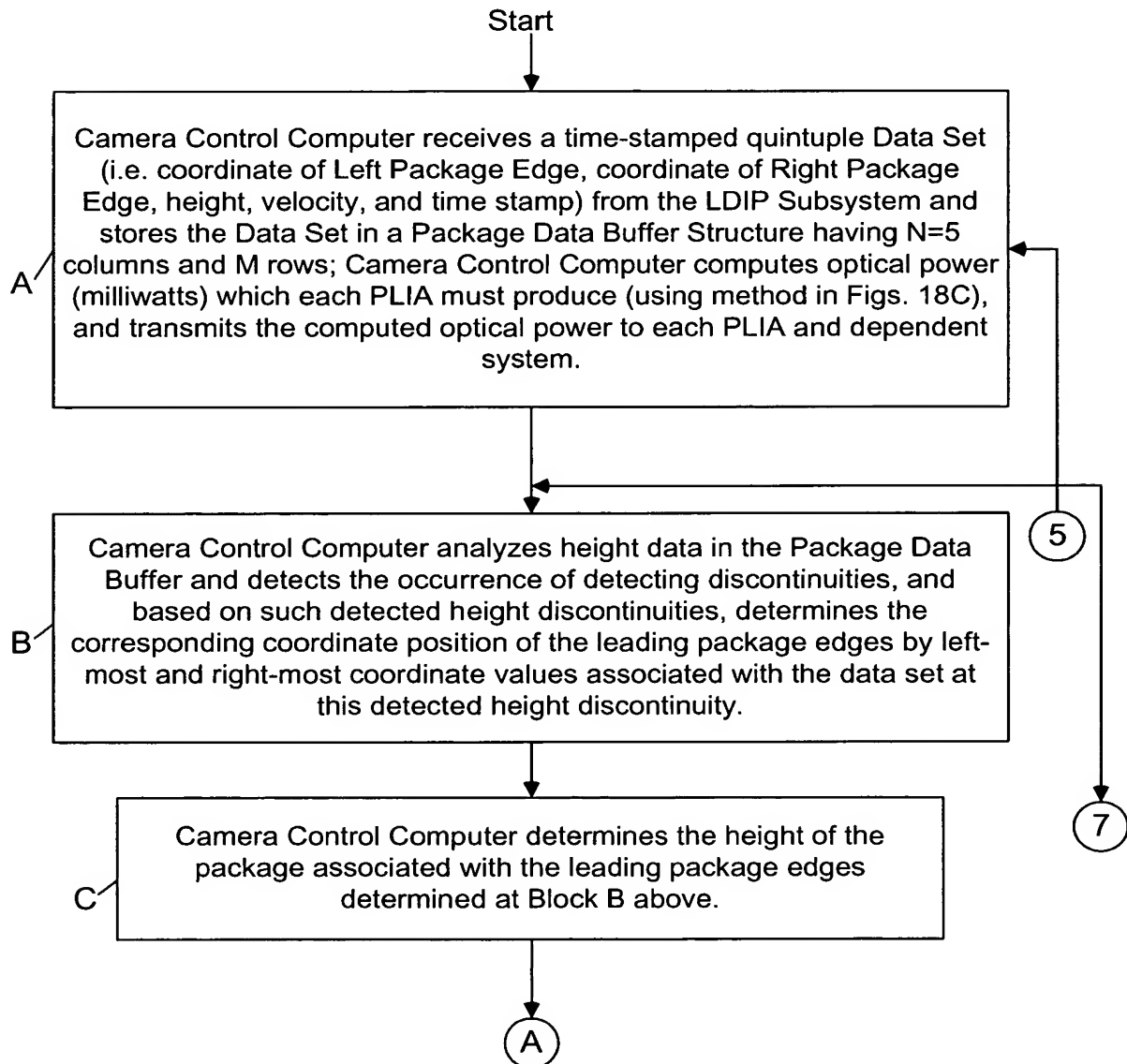


FIG. 18A-1

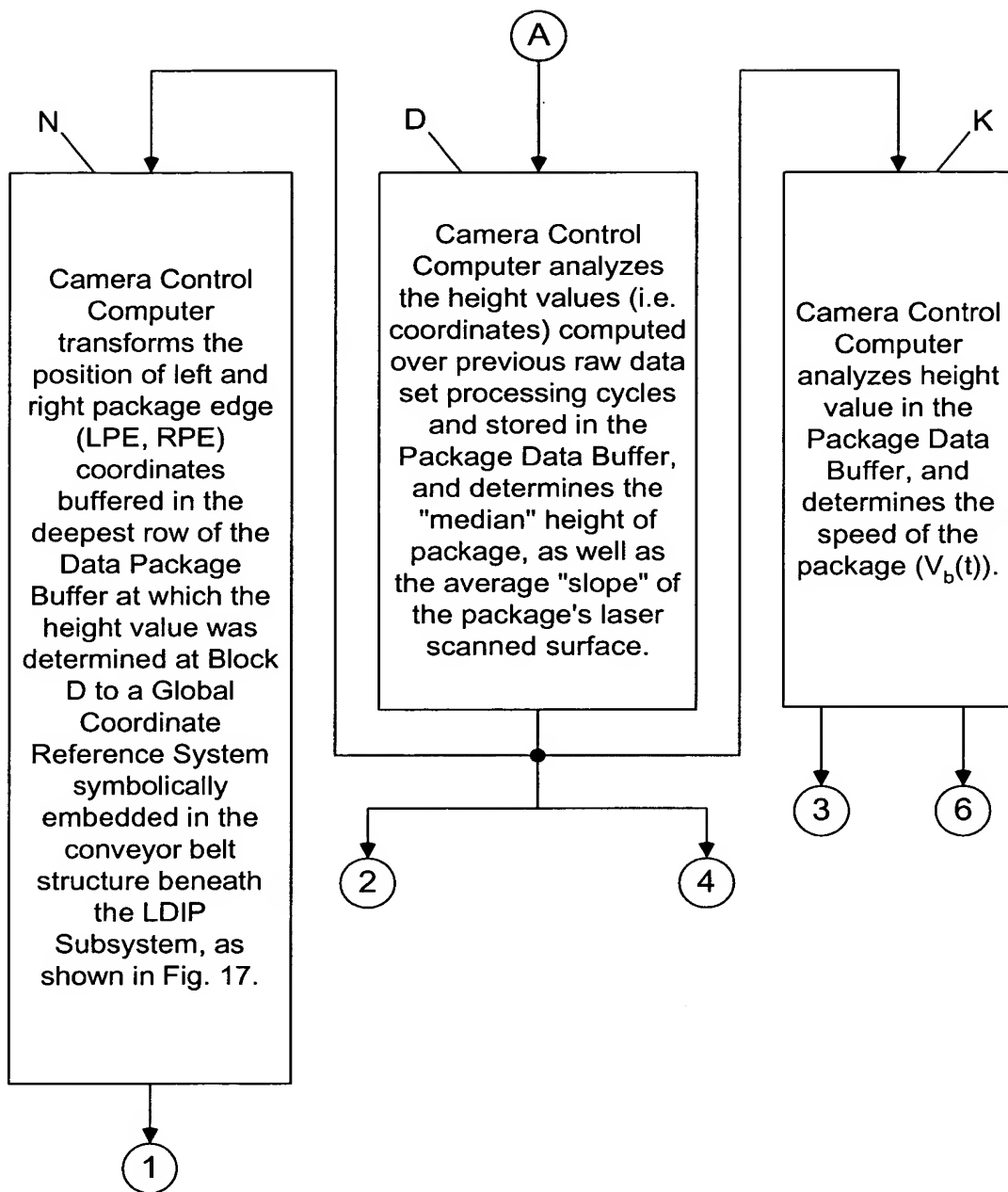


FIG. 18A-2

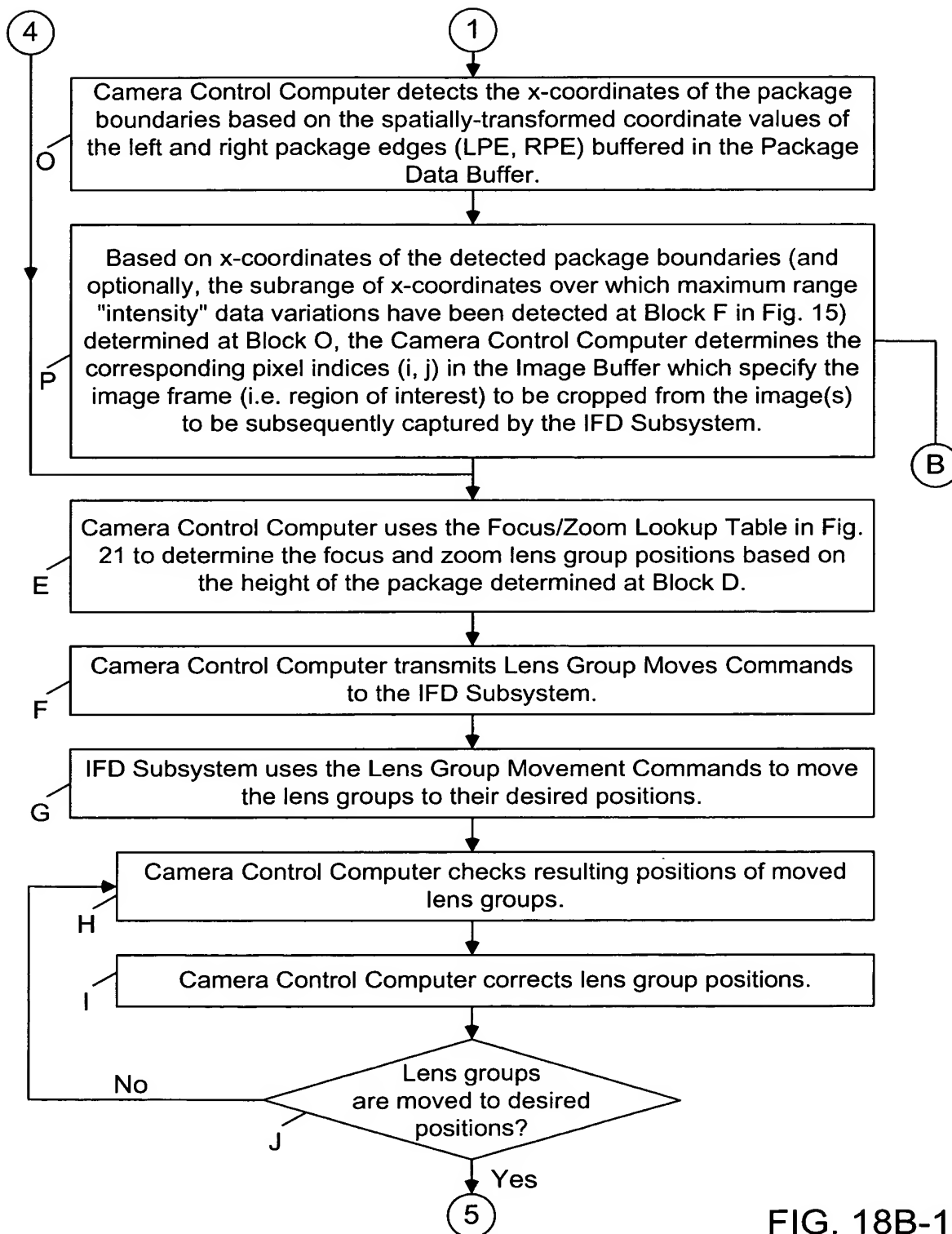


FIG. 18B-1

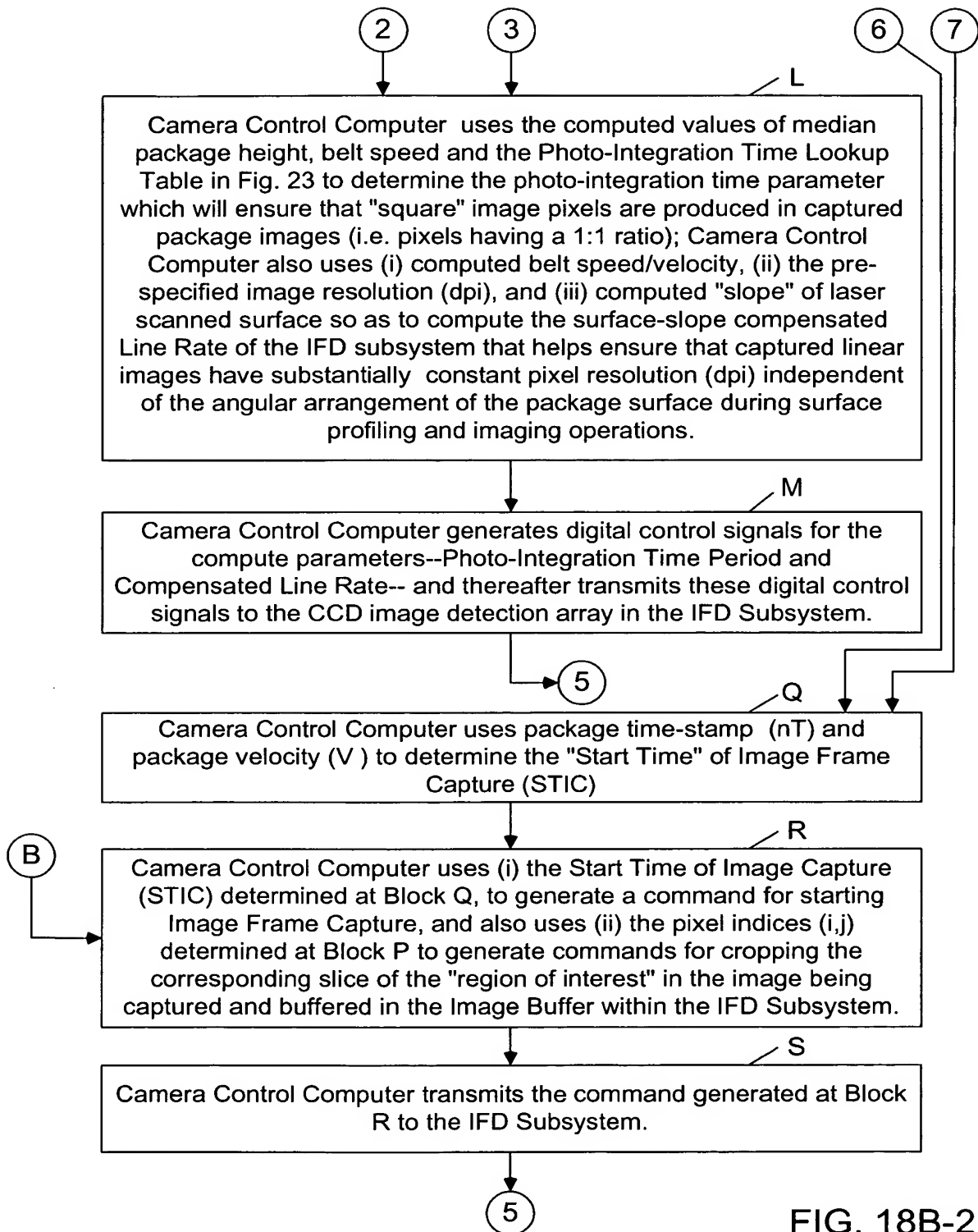


FIG. 18B-2

METHOD OF COMPUTING OPTICAL OUTPUT POWER FROM LASER
DIODES IN A PLANAR LASER ILLUMINATION ARRAY (PLIA) FOR
CONTROLLING THE CONSTANT WHITE-LEVEL IN IMAGE PIXELS
CAPTURED BY A PLIIM-BASED LINEAR IMAGER

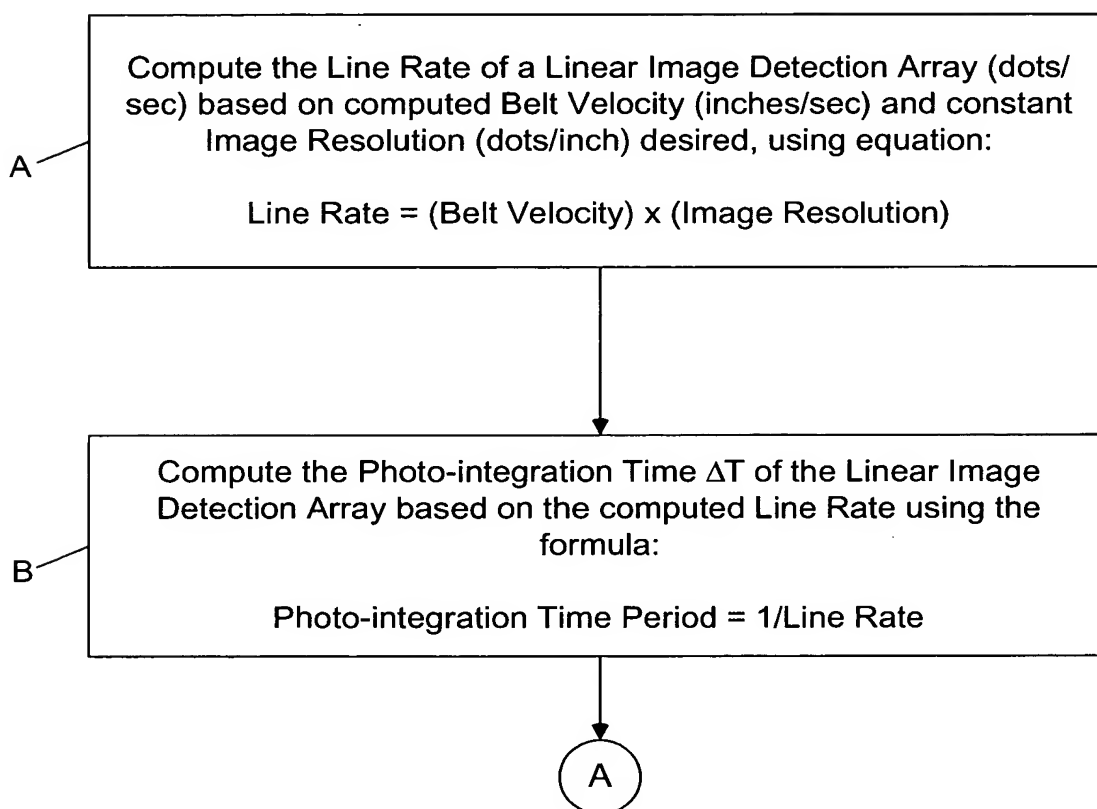


FIG. 18C1

A



Compute the Optical Power (milliwatts) of each PLIA based on the computed Photo-integration Time Period (ΔT) using the following formula:

$$\text{Optical Power of VLD (milliwatts)} = \frac{\text{constant}}{\text{Photo-integration Time Period } \Delta T}$$

FIG. 18C2

METHOD OF COMPUTING COMPENSATED LINE RATE FOR CORRECTING
VIEWING-ANGLE DISTORTION OCCURING IN IMAGES OF OBJECT
SURFACES CAPTURED AS OBJECT SURFACES MOVE PAST A PLIIM-
BASED LINEAR IMAGER AT NON-ZERO SKEWED ANGLE

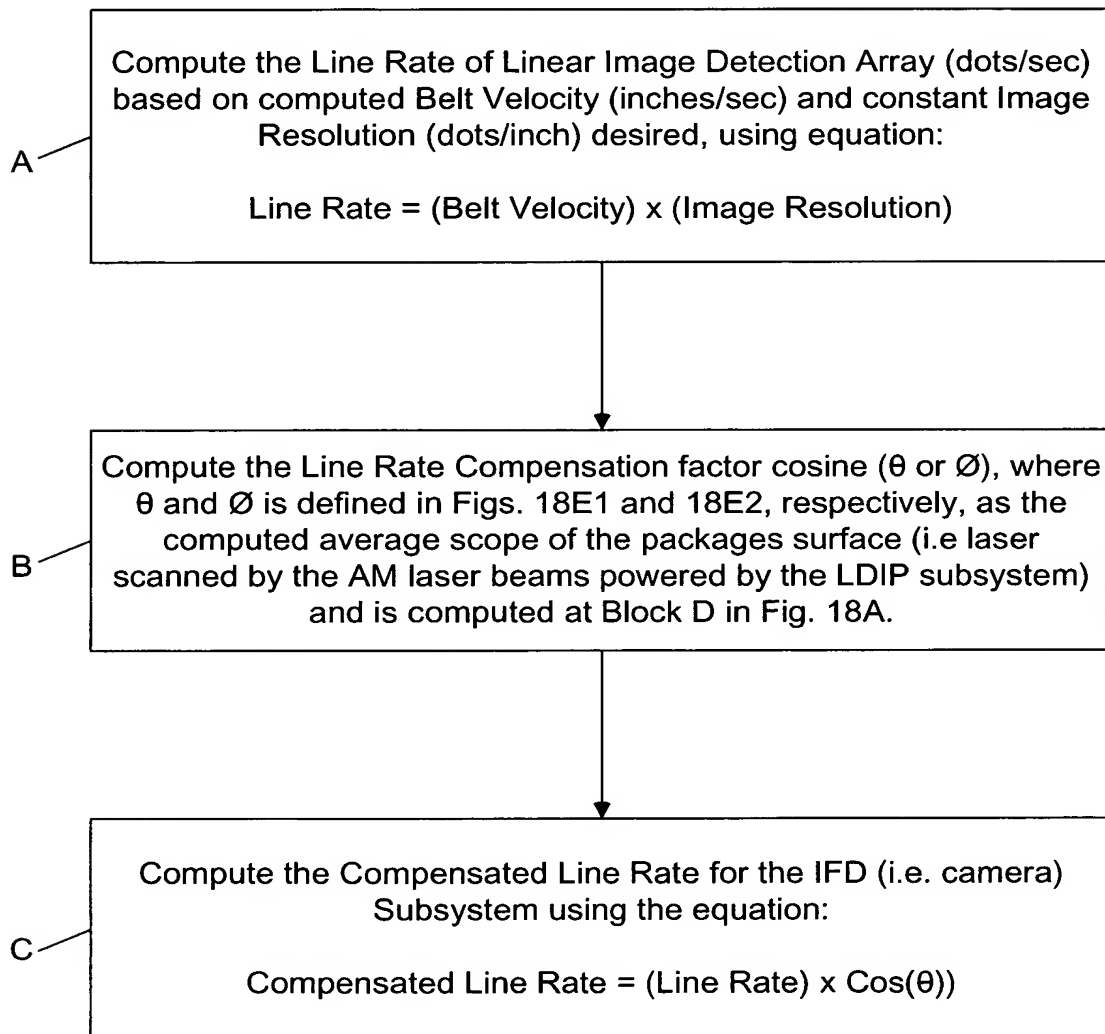


FIG. 18D

CASE 1:
Top Down Imaging

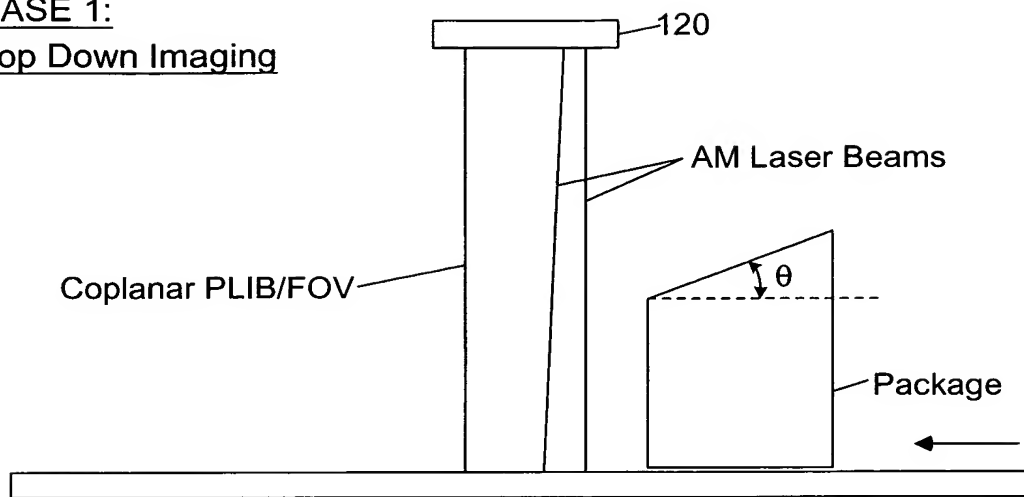


FIG. 18E1

CASE 2:
Side Imaging

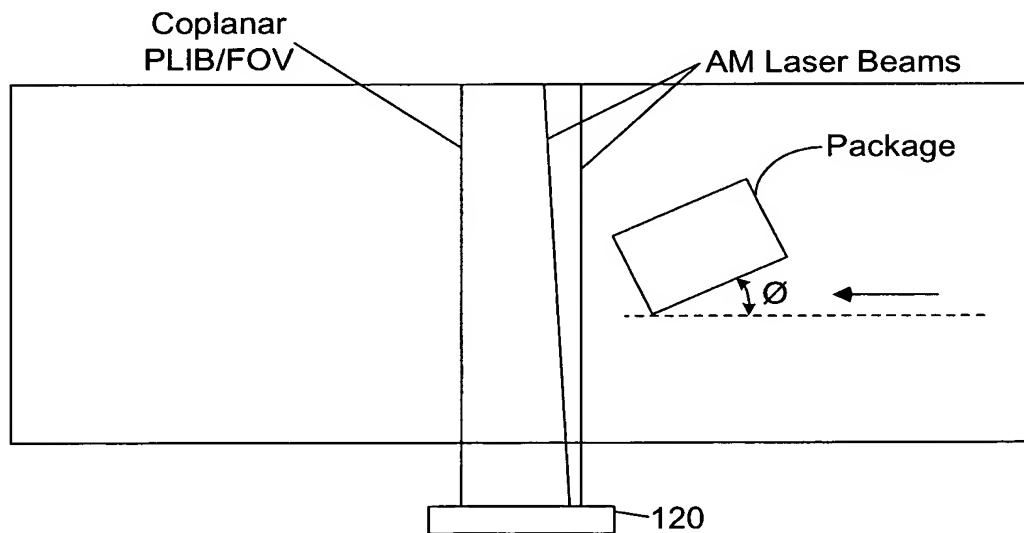


FIG. 18E2

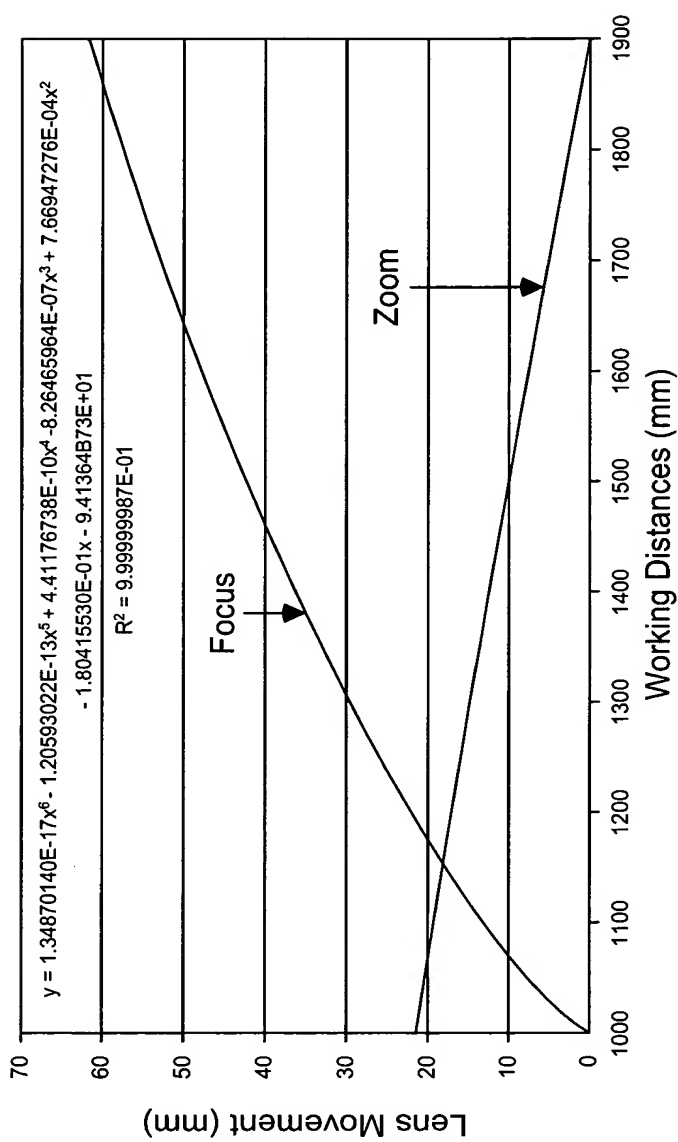
Zoom And Focus Lens Group Position
Look-Up Table

Distance From Camera H (mm)	Zoom Group Distance (mm) Y (Zoom)	Focus Group Distance (mm) Y (Focus)
1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 (Use Interpolation Techniques For Working Distances Between Listed Points In Table)	21.57489228 19.38089696 17.10673434 14.77137314 12.39153565 9.979114358 7.540639114 5.078794775 2.595989366 0.099972739	2.47E-05 10.99009783 20.65783177 29.10917002 36.47312595 42.87845436 48.44003358 53.25495831 57.40834303 60.98883615

FIG. 21

* Note: The focal distance and zoom (eff. focal length) of camera lens are coupled (inter-dependant) in this commercial embodiment.

Camera Has A Fixed Aperture F56
Focus And Zoom Lens Movement vs. Working Distances



$y = 2.84791608E-18x^6 - 2.35121571E-14x^5 + 7.847795370E-11x^4 - 1.33426085E-07x^3 + 1.16929778E-04x^2 + 6.85049995E-02x + 4.87609108E+01$
 $R^2 = 9.9999989E-01$

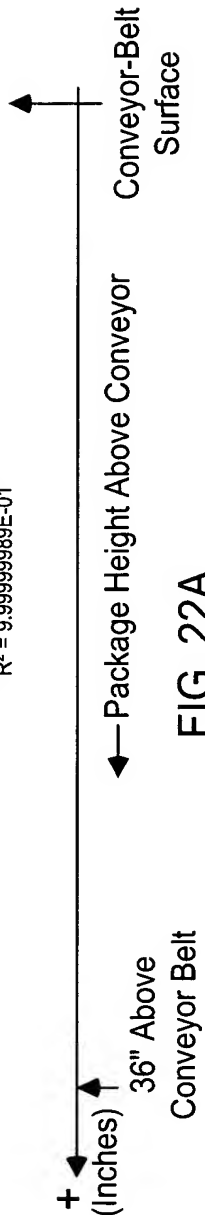
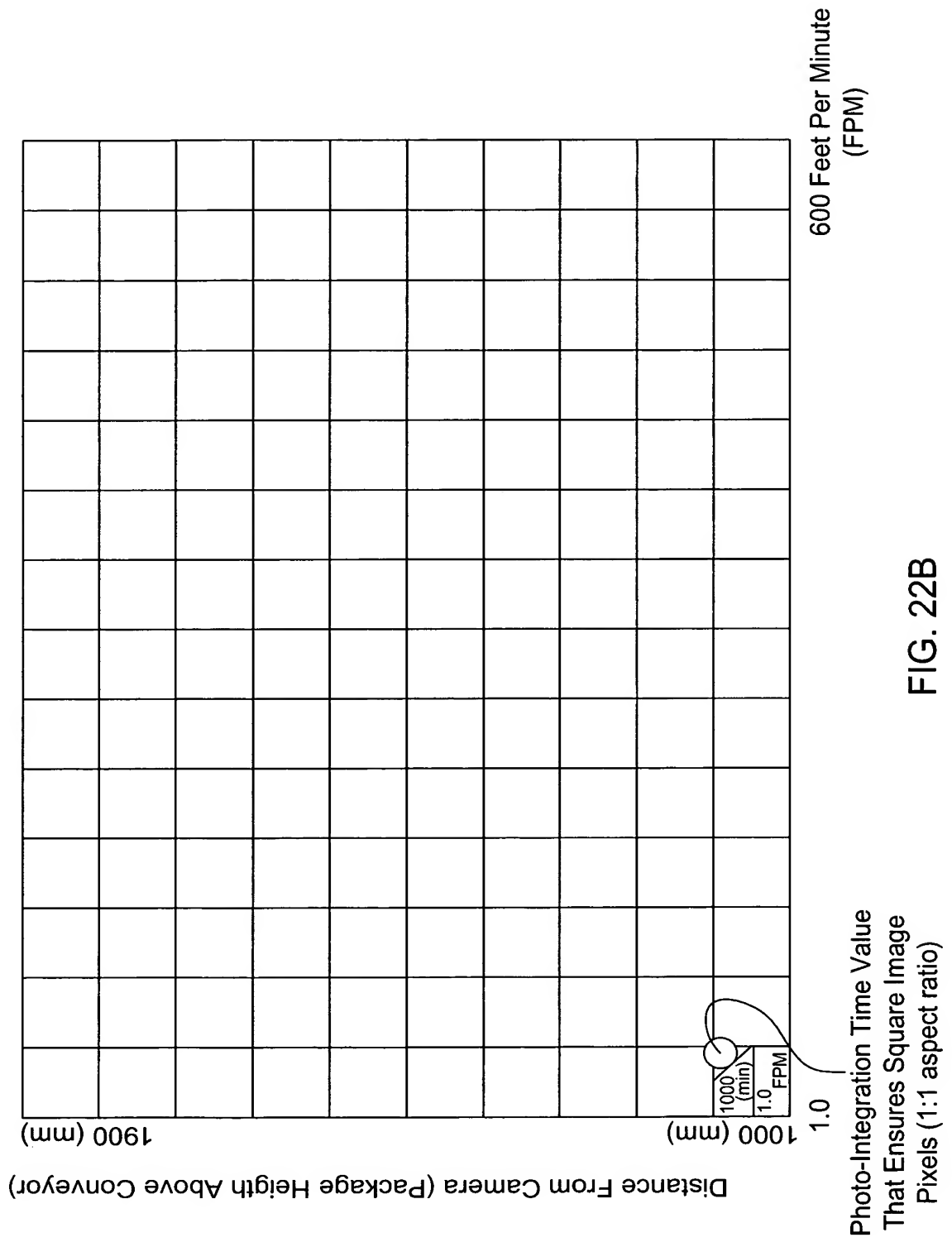


FIG. 22A

Photo-Integration Time Look-Up Table



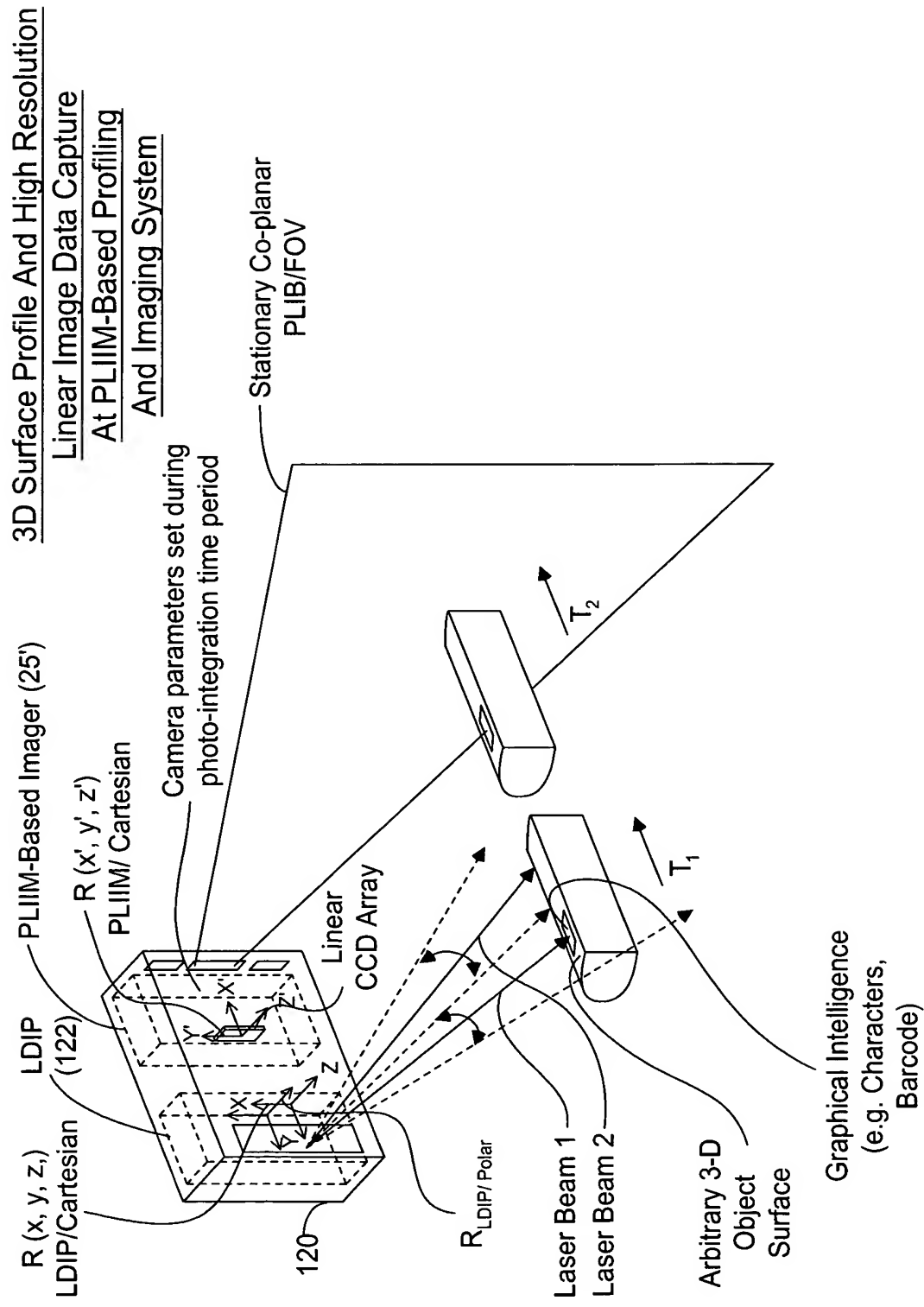


FIG. 23A

Geometrical Modelling Of Arbitrary 3-D Object Surface At Image Processing Computer

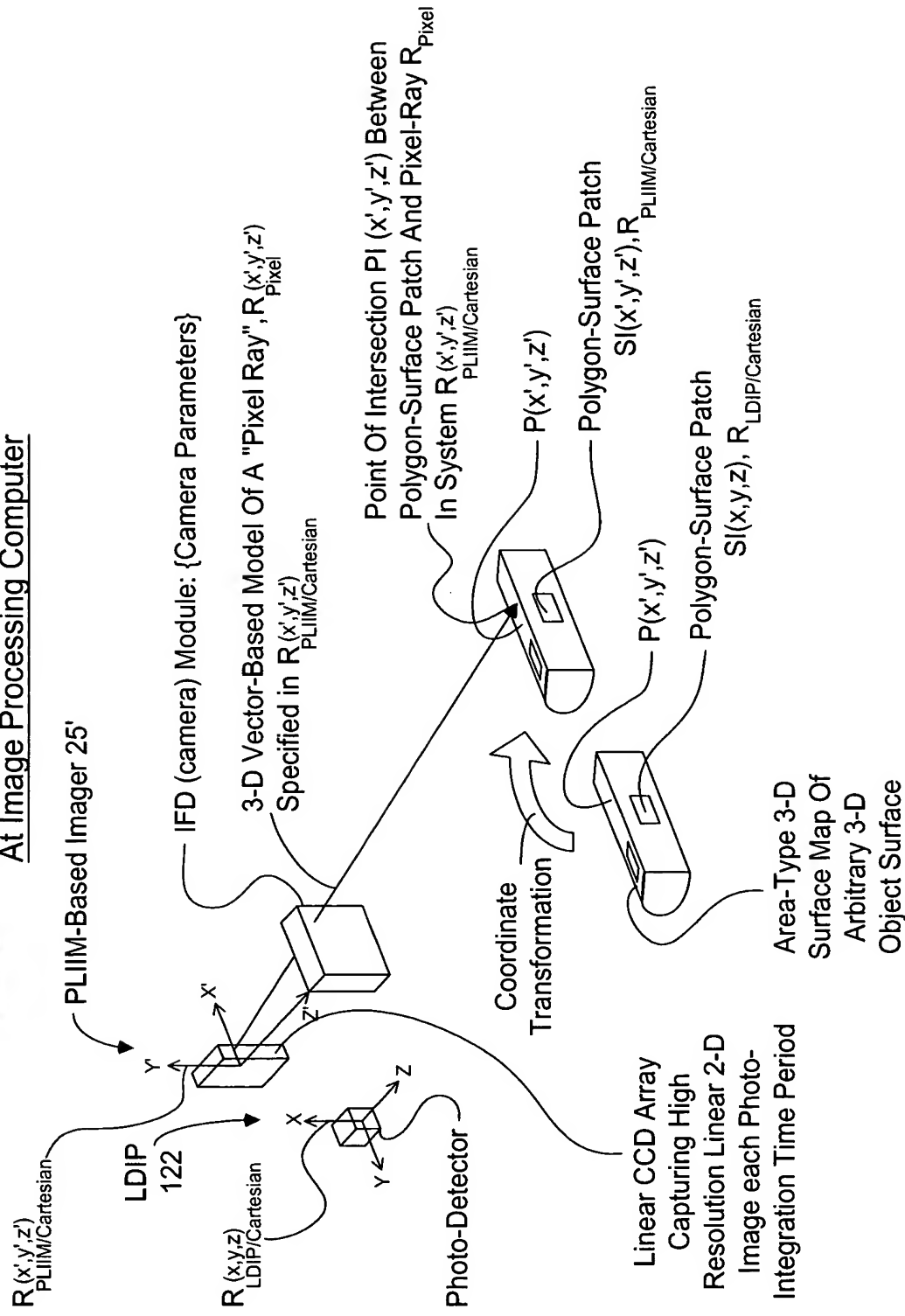


FIG. 23B

METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR PERFORMING AUTOMATIC
RECOGNITION OF GRAPHICAL INTELLIGENCE CONTAINED IN 2-D
IMAGES CAPTURED FROM ARBITRARY 3-D OBJECT SURFACES

STEP 1: At the unitary PLIIM-based object imaging and profiling system, use the laser doppler imaging and profiling (LDIP) subsystem employed therein to (i) consecutively capture a series of linear 3-D surface profile maps on a targeted arbitrary (e.g. non-planar or planar) 3-D object surface bearing forms of graphical intelligence and (ii) measure the velocity of the arbitrary 3-D object surface, wherein the polar coordinates of each point in the captured linear 3-D surface profile map are specified in a local polar coordinate system $R_{LDIP/polar}$, symbolically embedded within the LDIP subsystem.

A

STEP 2: At the unitary PLIIM-based object imaging and profiling system, use coordinate transforms to automatically convert the polar coordinates of each point $p(\alpha, R)$ in the captured linear 3-D surface profile map into x, y, z Cartesian coordinates specified as $p(x, y, z)$ in a local Cartesian coordinate system $R_{LDIP/Cartesian}$, symbolically embedded within the LDIP subsystem.

B

STEP 3: At the unitary PLIIM-based object imaging and profiling system, use the PLIIM-based imager employed therein to consecutively capture high-resolution linear 2-D images of the arbitrary 3-D object surface bearing forms of graphical intelligence (e.g. symbol character strings), wherein (i) the x', y' coordinates of each pixel in each said captured high-resolution linear 2-D image is specified in local Cartesian coordinate system $R_{PLIIM/Cartesian}$ symbolically embedded within the PLIIM-based imager, and (ii) the intensity value of the pixel $I(x', y')$ is associated with the x', y' Cartesian coordinates of the image detection element in the linear image detection array at which the pixel is detected, and (iii) wherein also the planar laser illumination beam (PLIB) of the PLIIM-based imager is spaced from the amplitude modulated (AM) laser scanning beam of the LDIP subsystem is about D centimeters.

C

A

FIG. 23C1

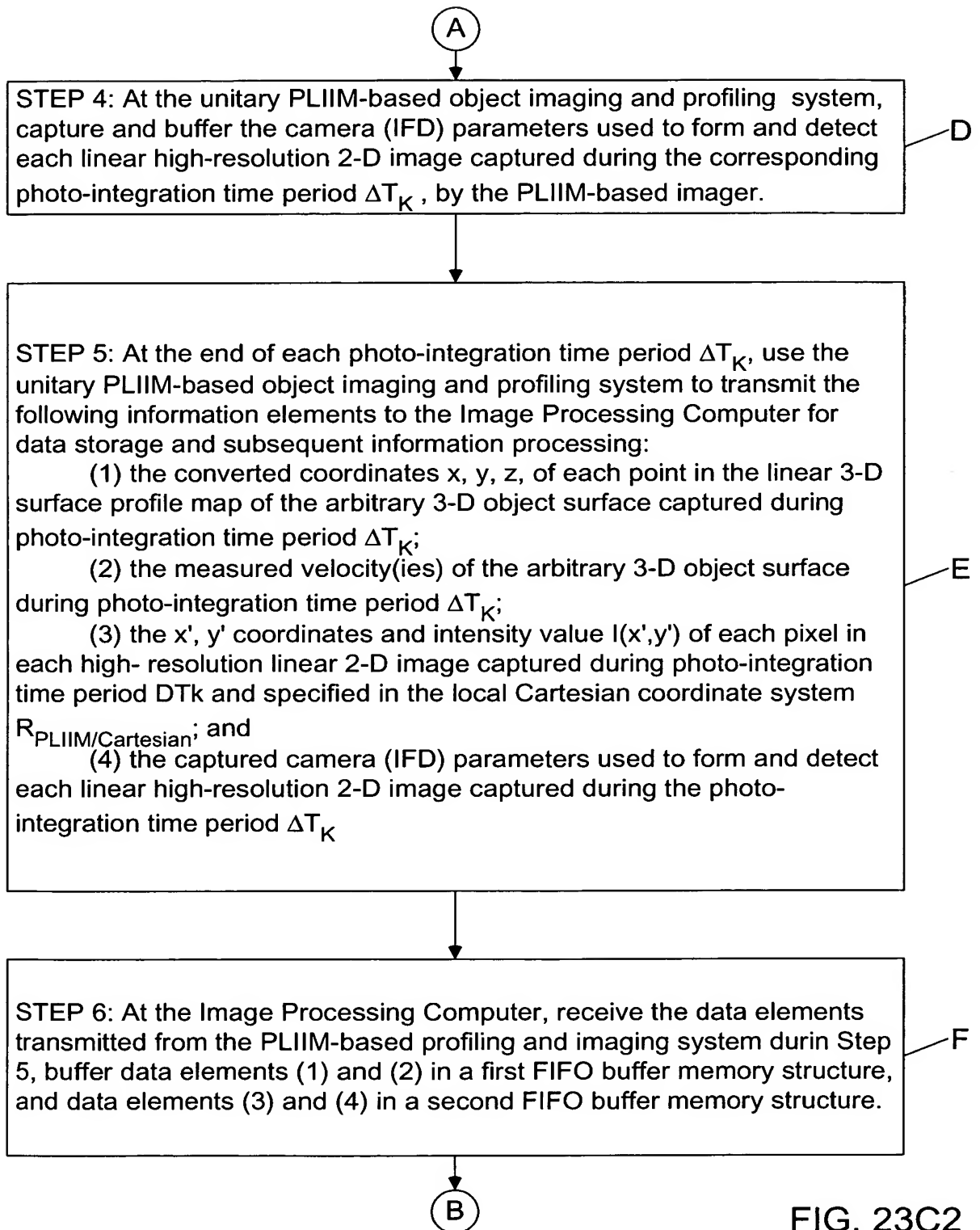


FIG. 23C2

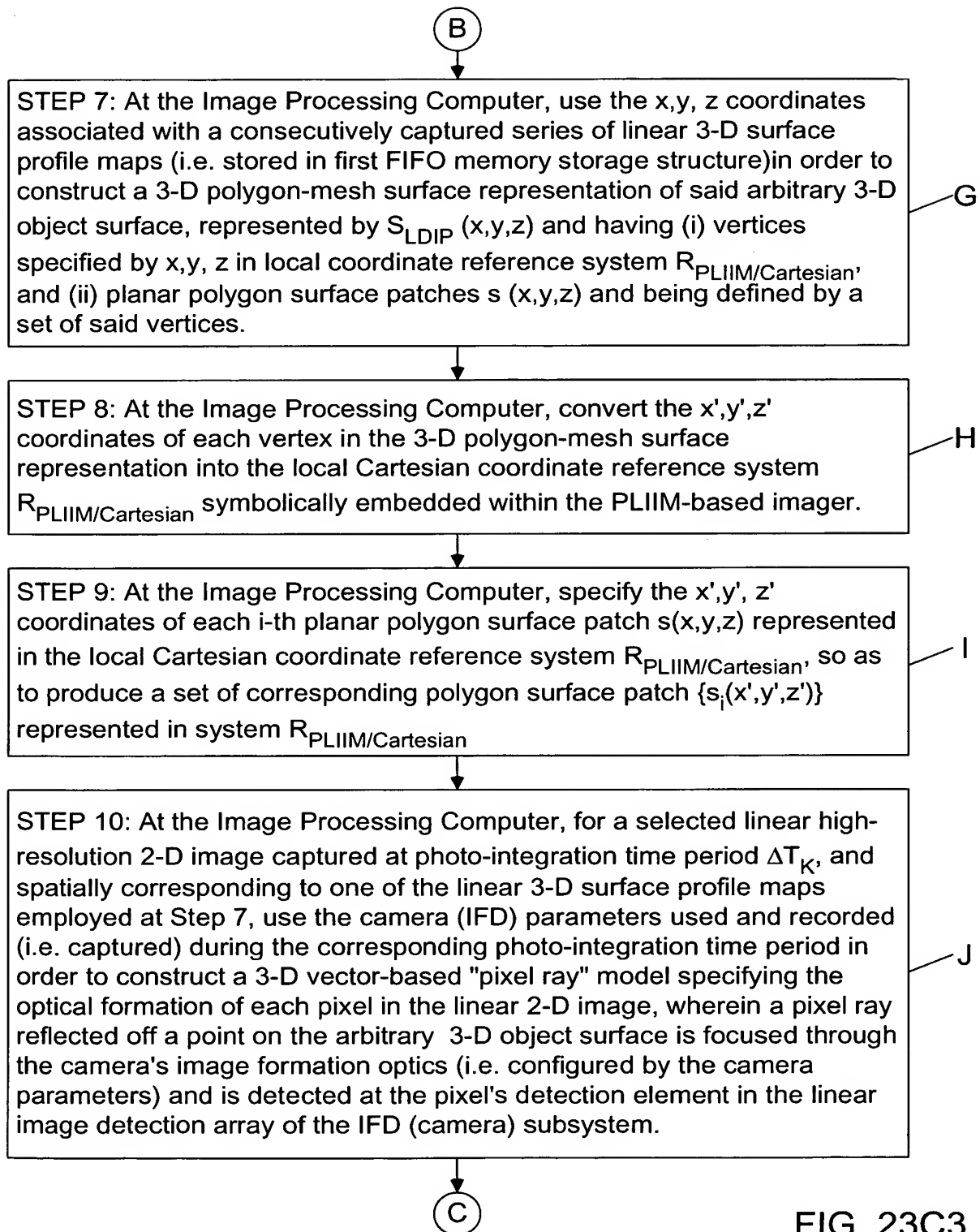
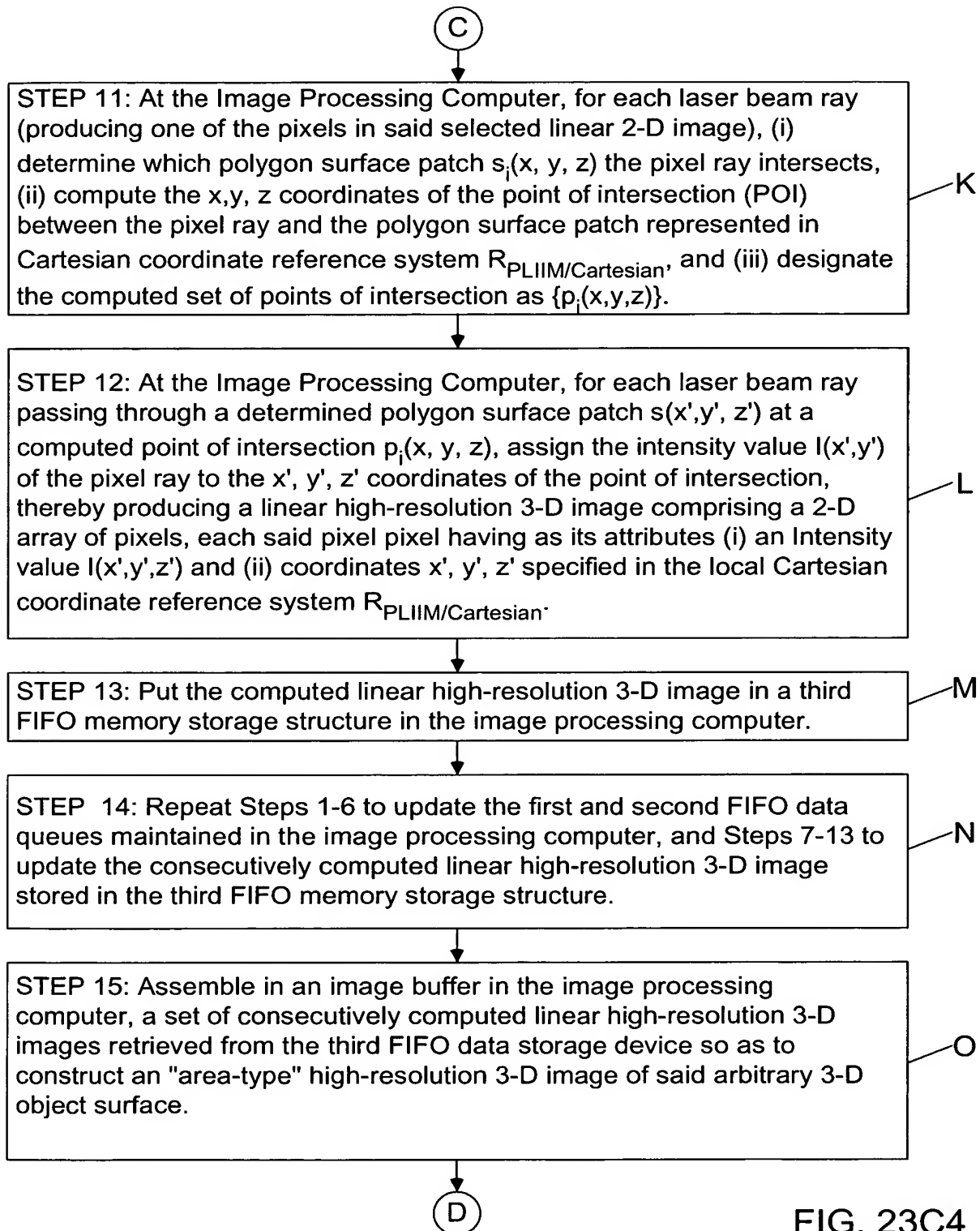


FIG. 23C3



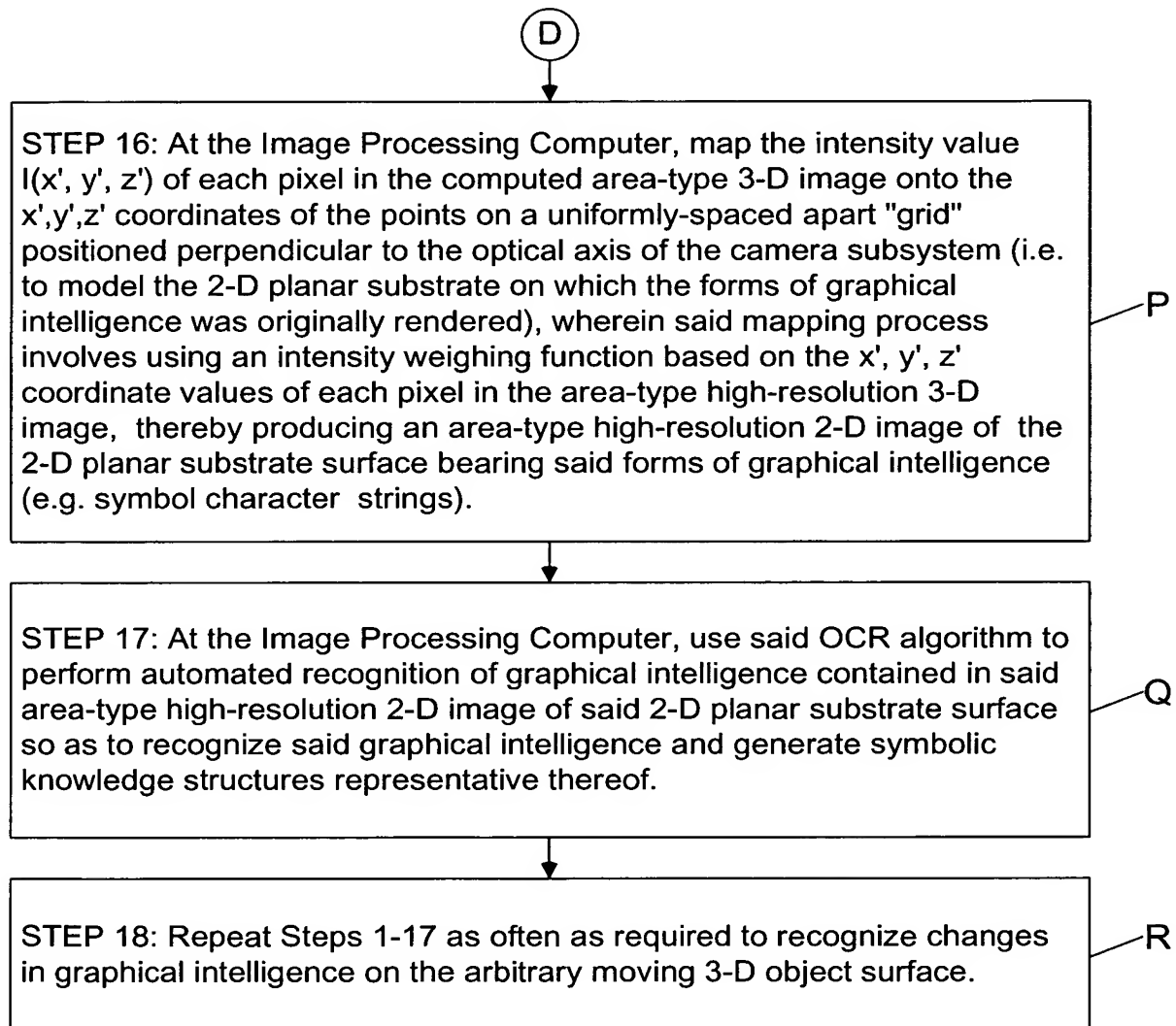


FIG. 23C5

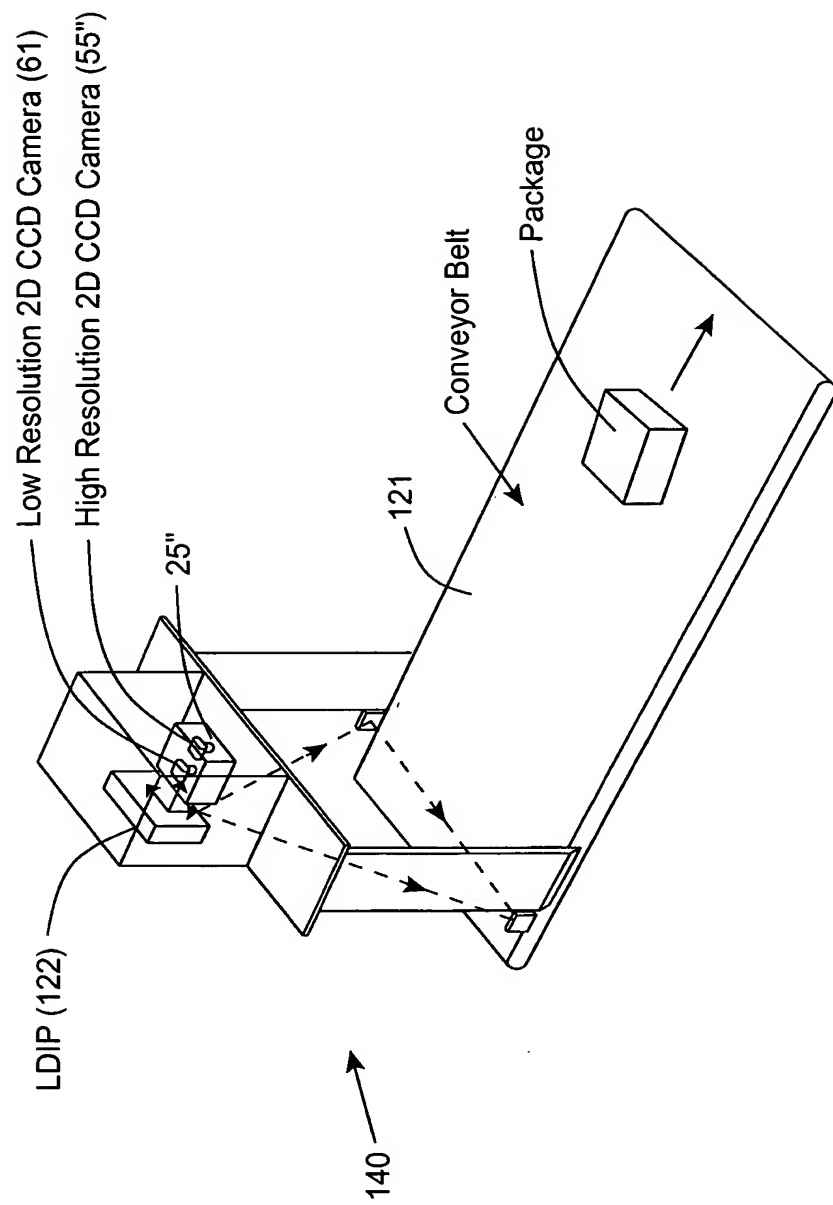
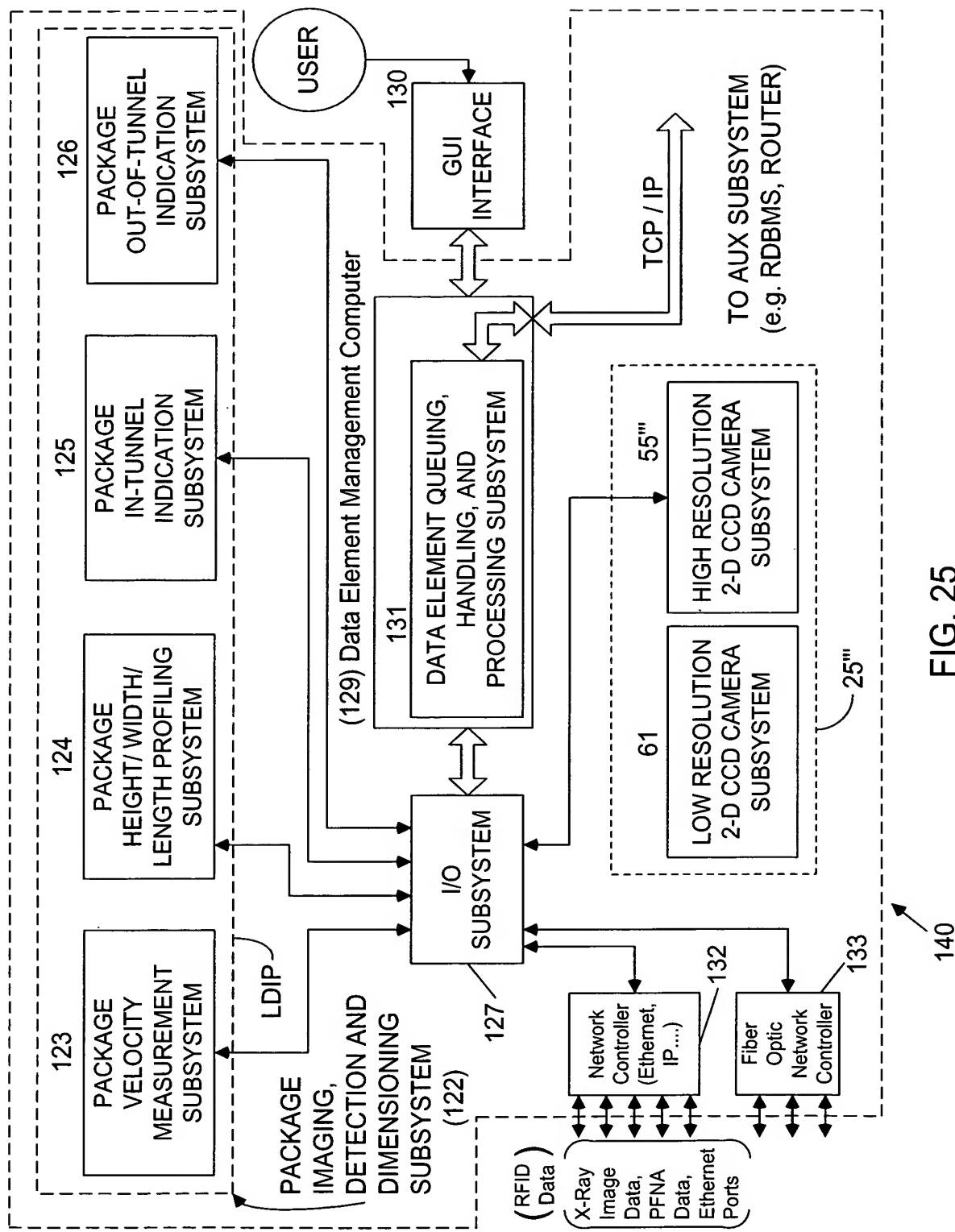


FIG. 24



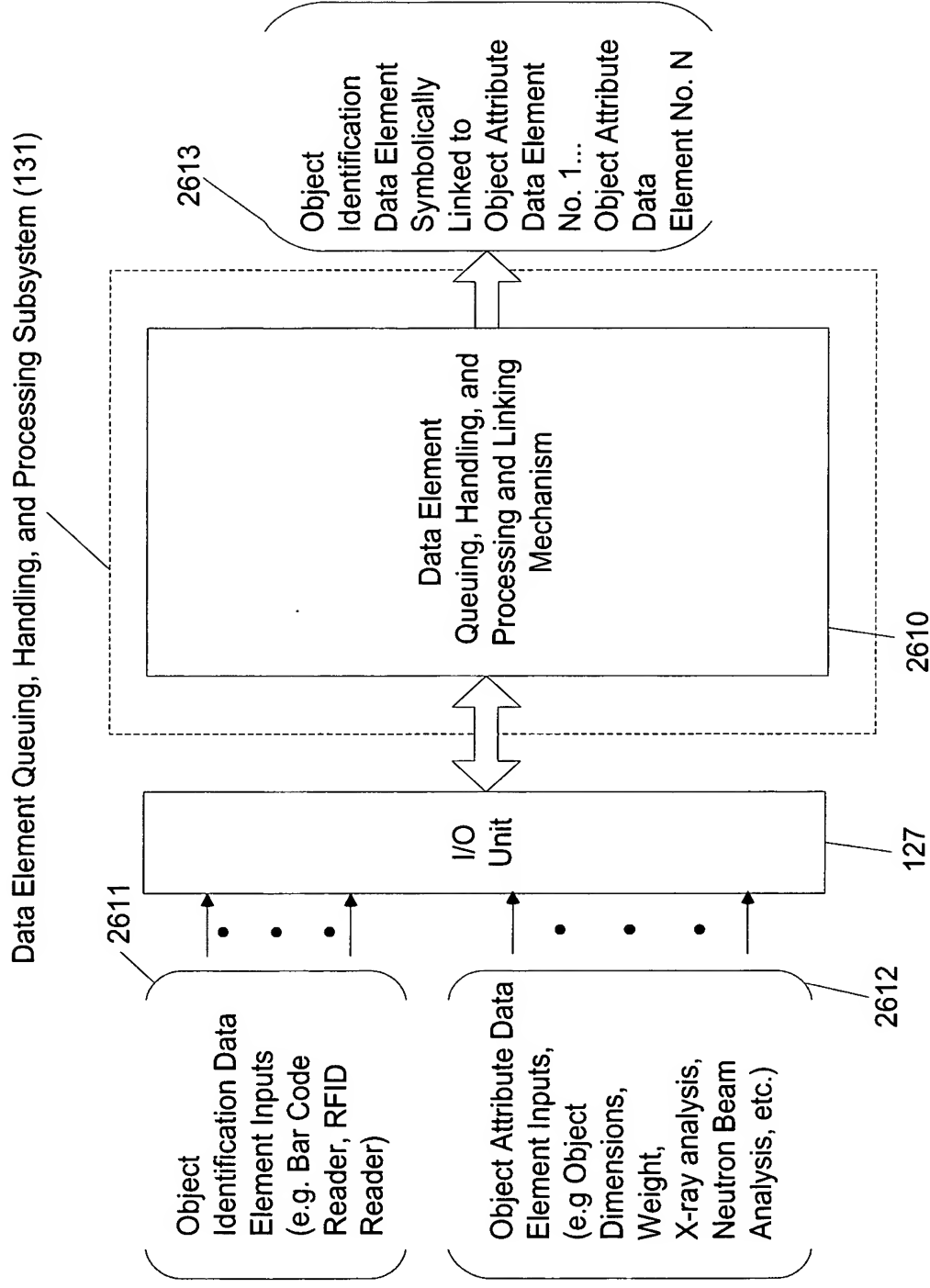


FIG. 25A

Primary Network and/ or System Functions:	
A. Specification of Object Detection and Tracking Capability of System	
B. Specification of Object Identification Capability of System	
C. Specification of Object Attribute Acquisition Capability of System	

Specification of Object Detection, Tracking, and Identification and Attribute-Acquisition Capabilities of a Configured System or Network.

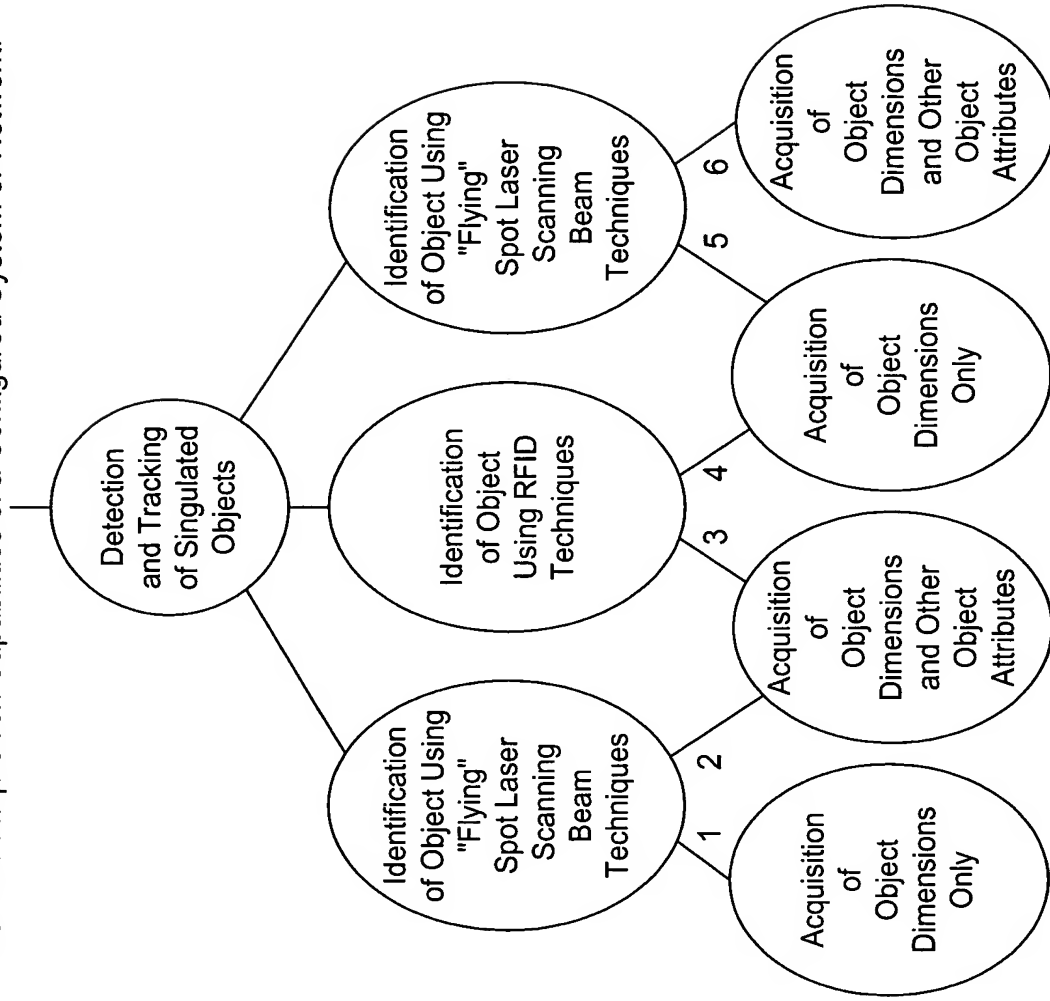


FIG. 25B-1

Primary Network and/ or System Functions:

- A. Specification of Object Detection and Tracking Capability of System
- B. Specification of Object Identification Capability of System
- C. Specification of Object Attribute Acquisition Capability of System

Specification of Object Detection, Tracking, and Identification and Attribute-Acquisition Capabilities of a Configured System or Network.

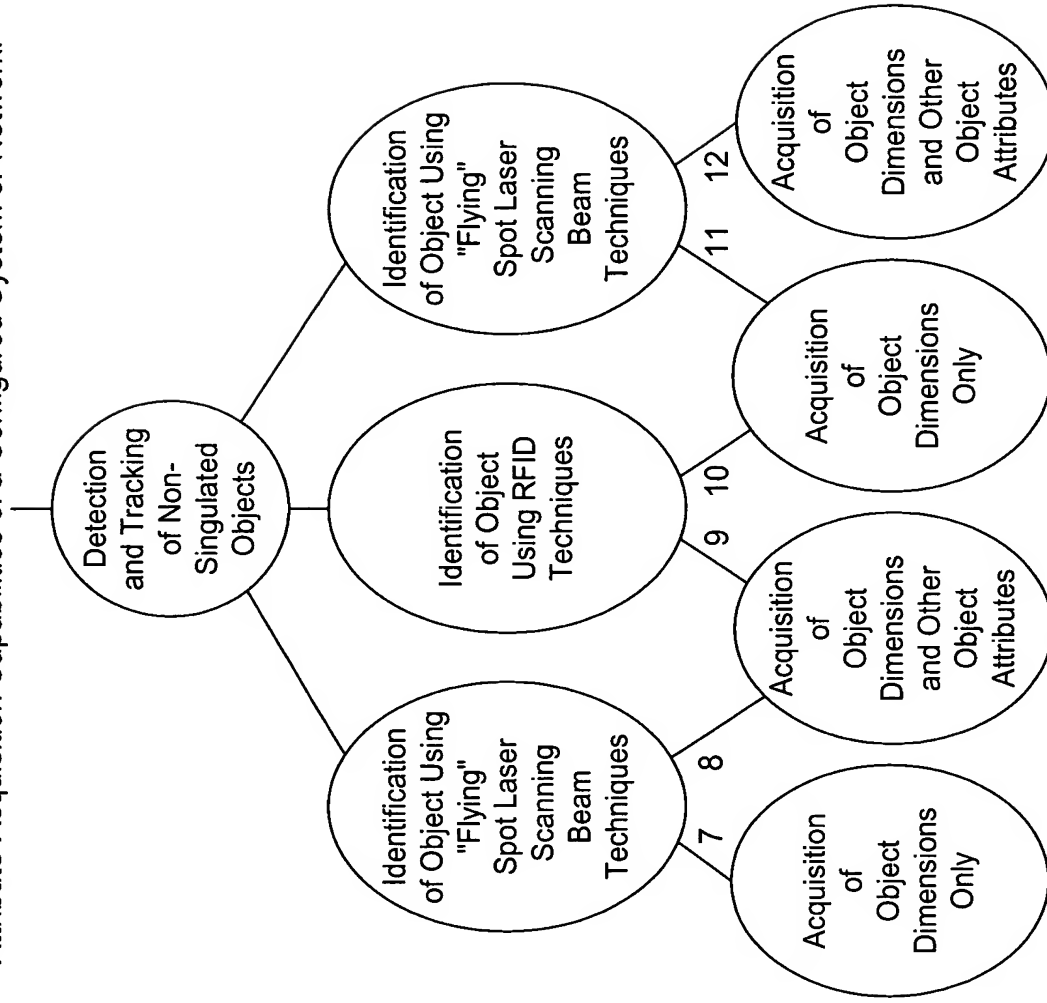


FIG. 25B-2

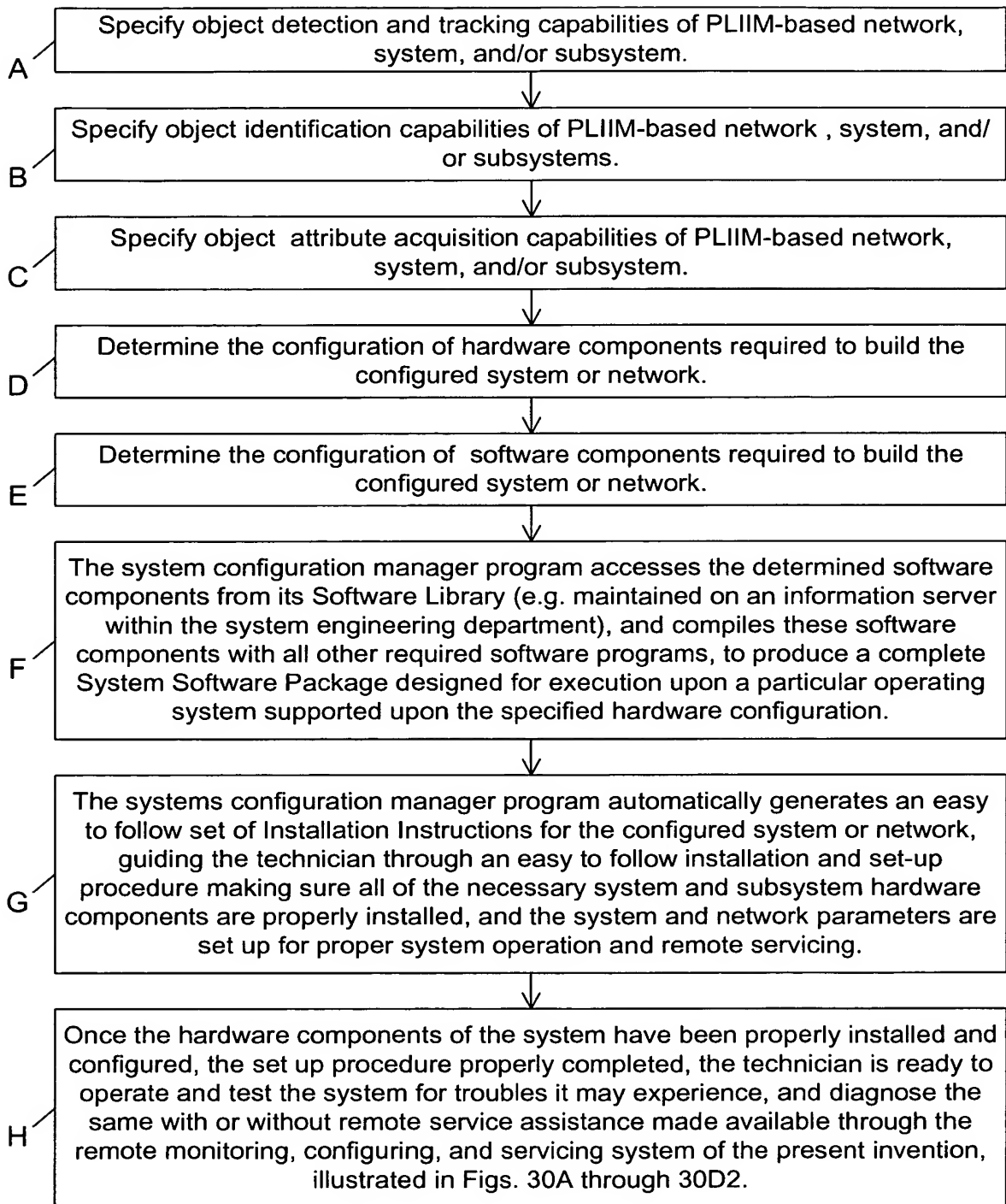


FIG. 25C

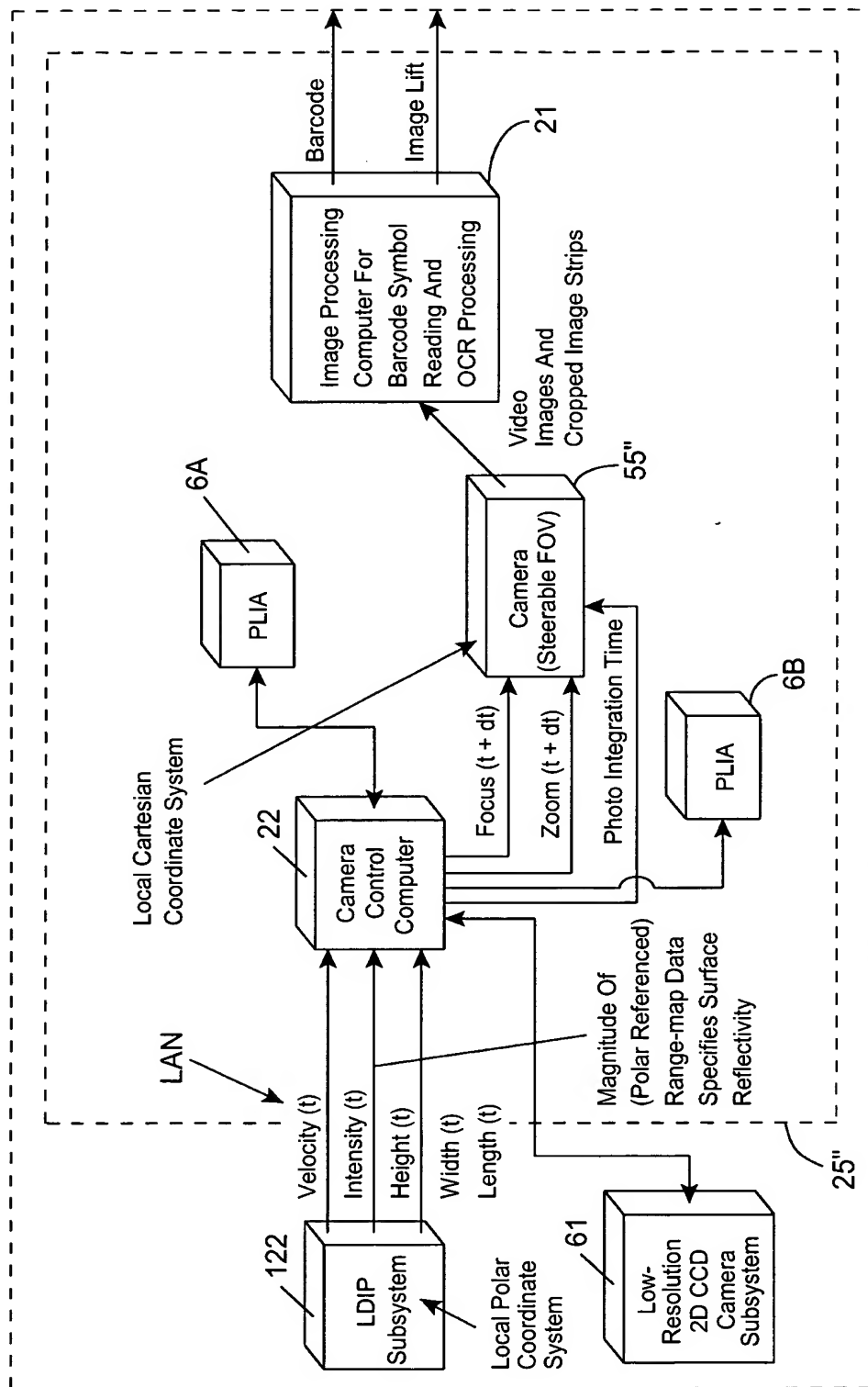


FIG. 26

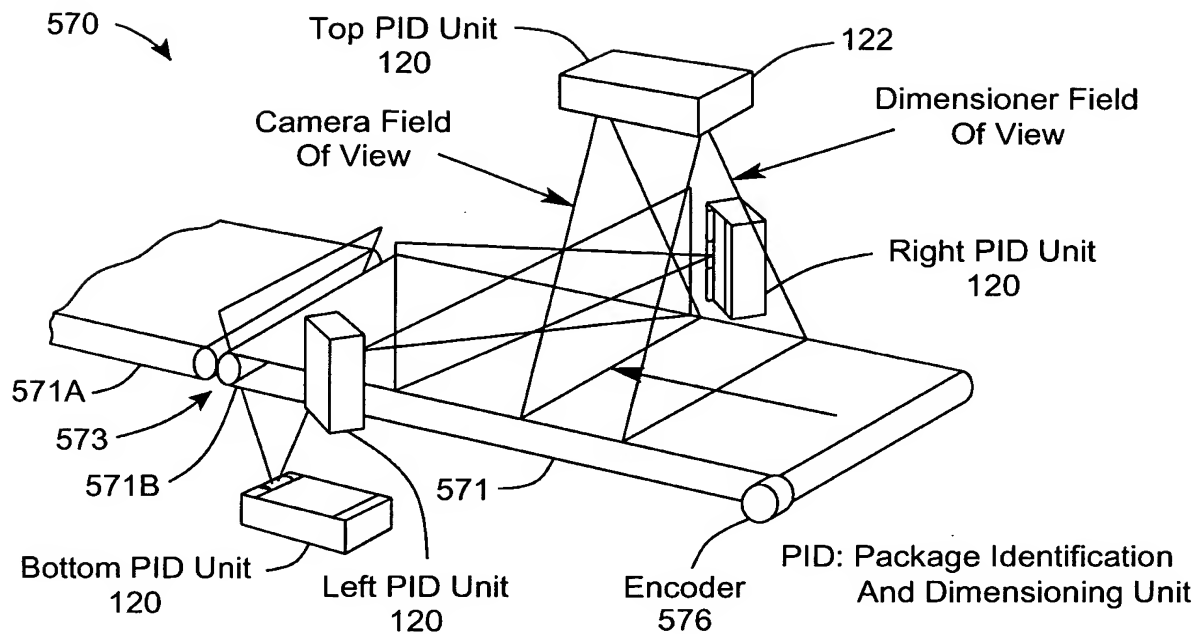


FIG. 27

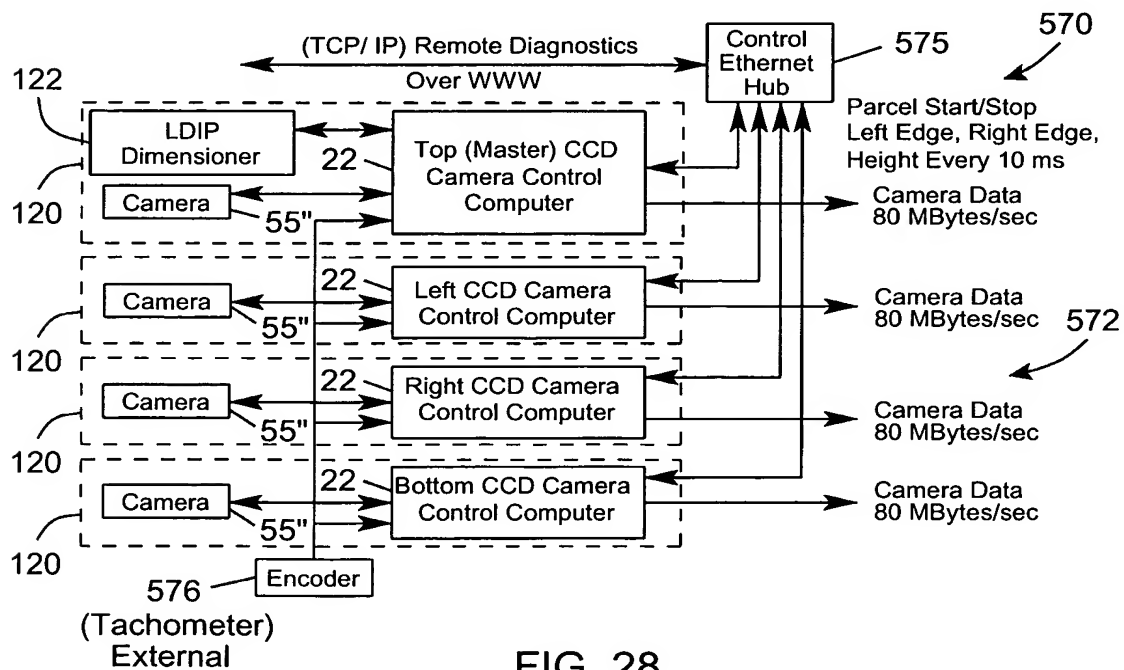


FIG. 28

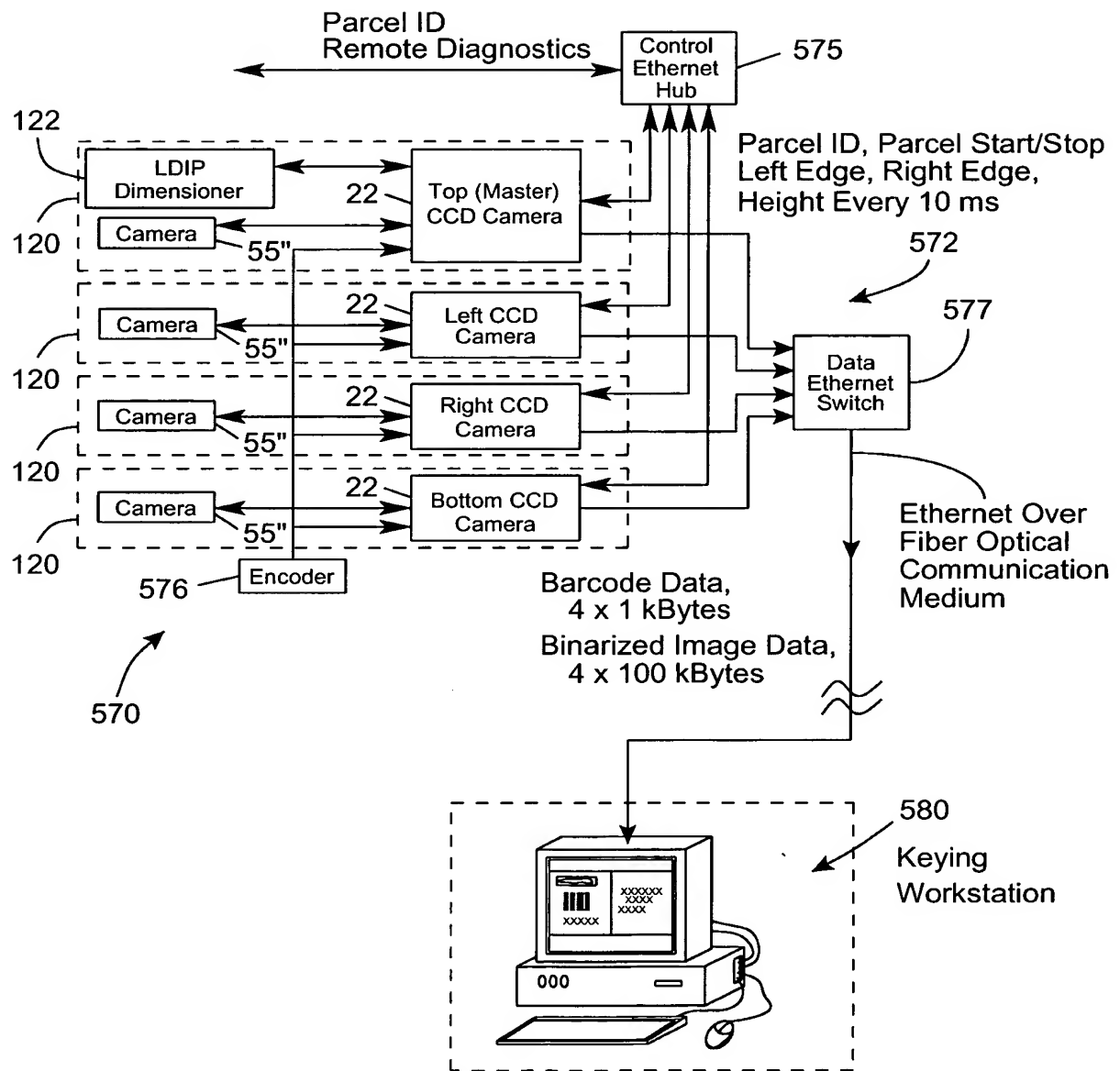


FIG. 29

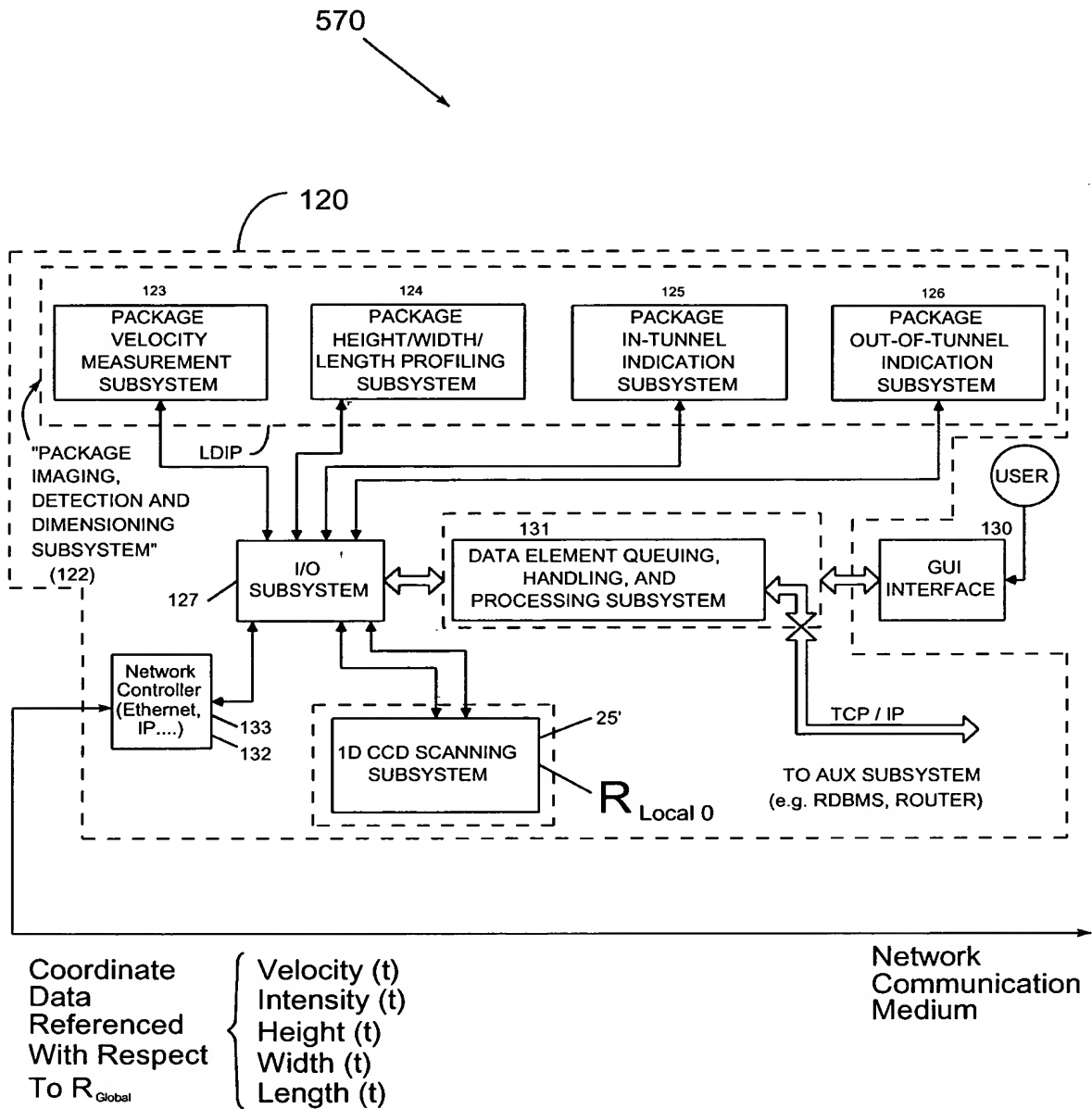


FIG. 30-1

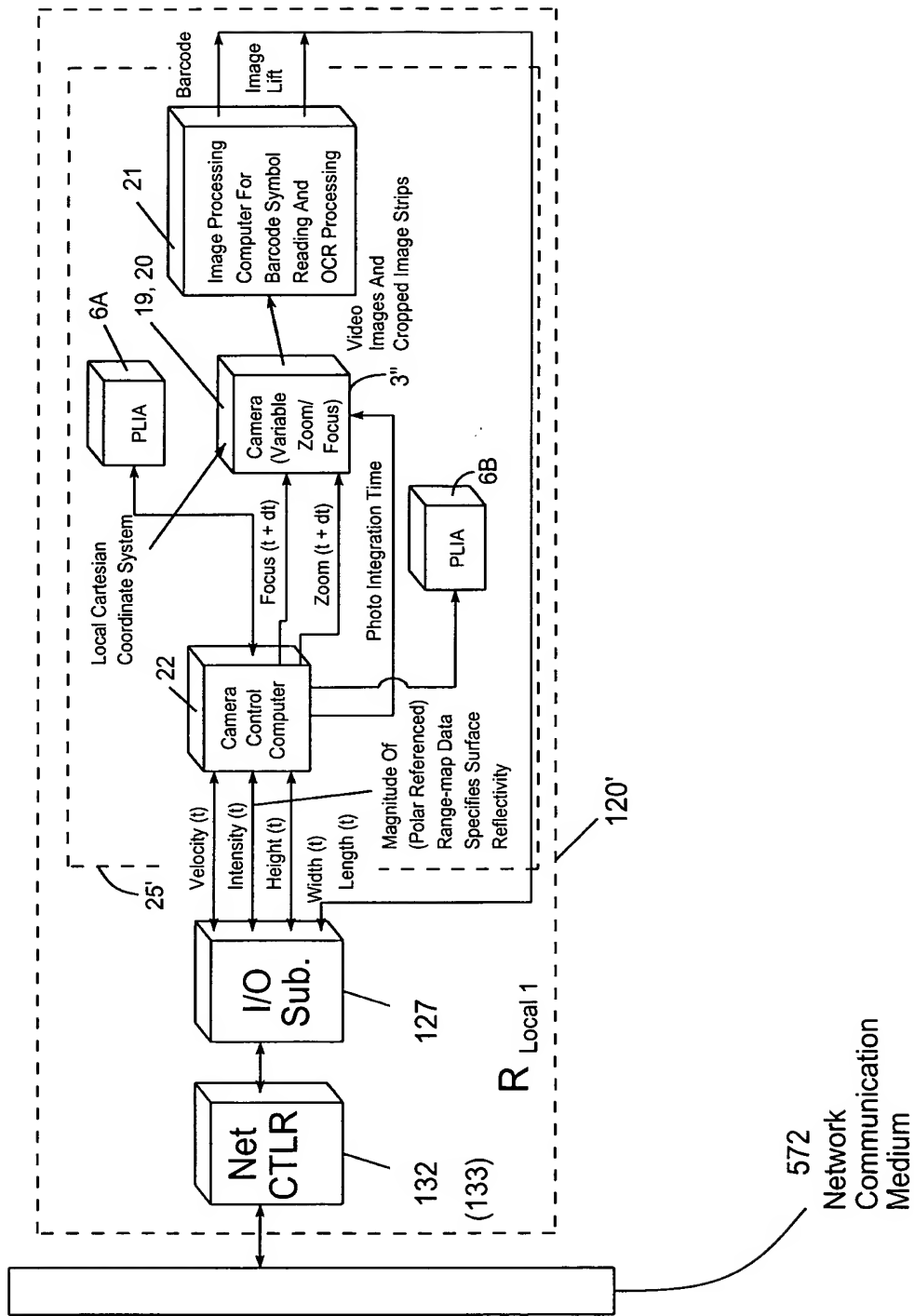
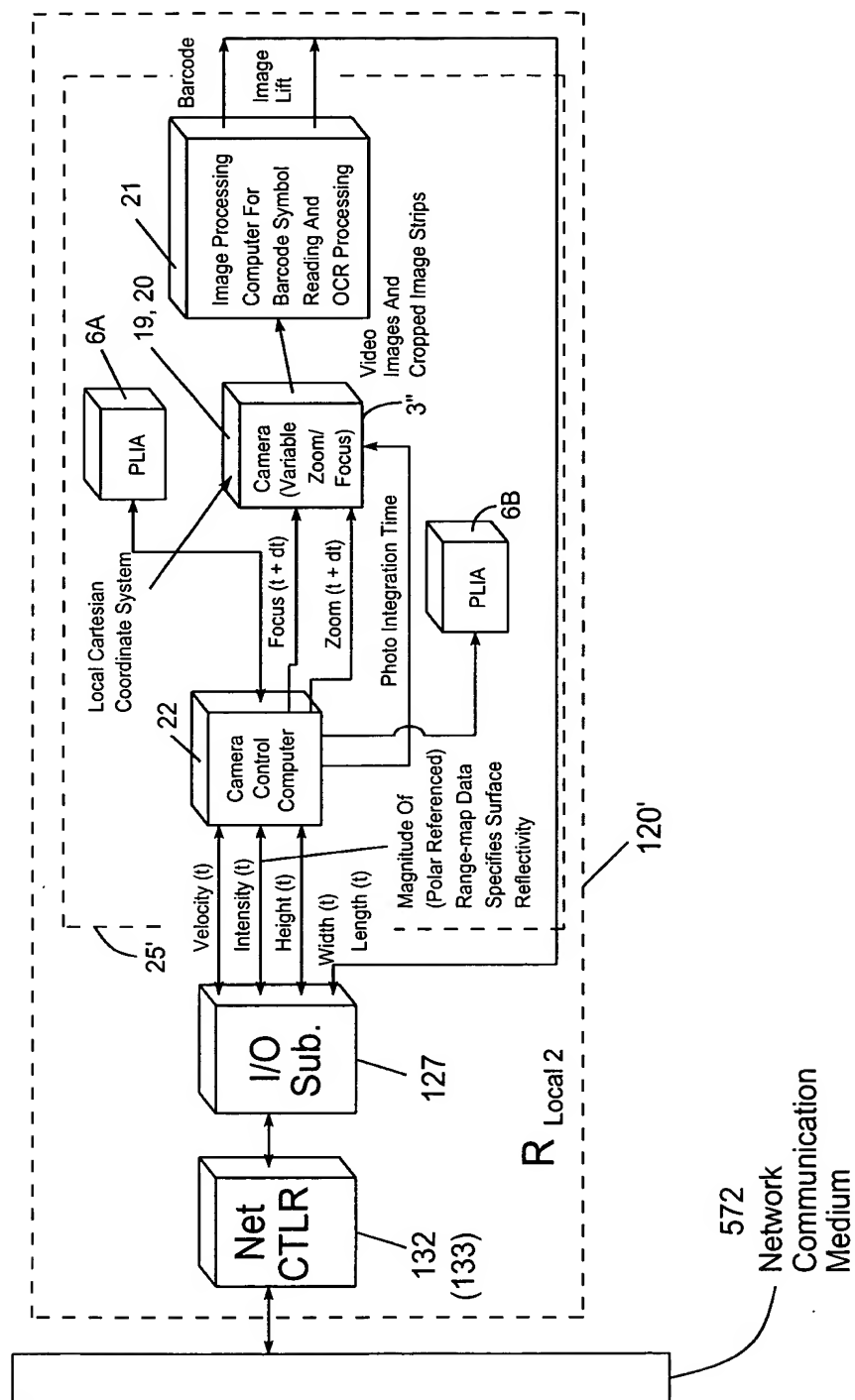


FIG. 30-2



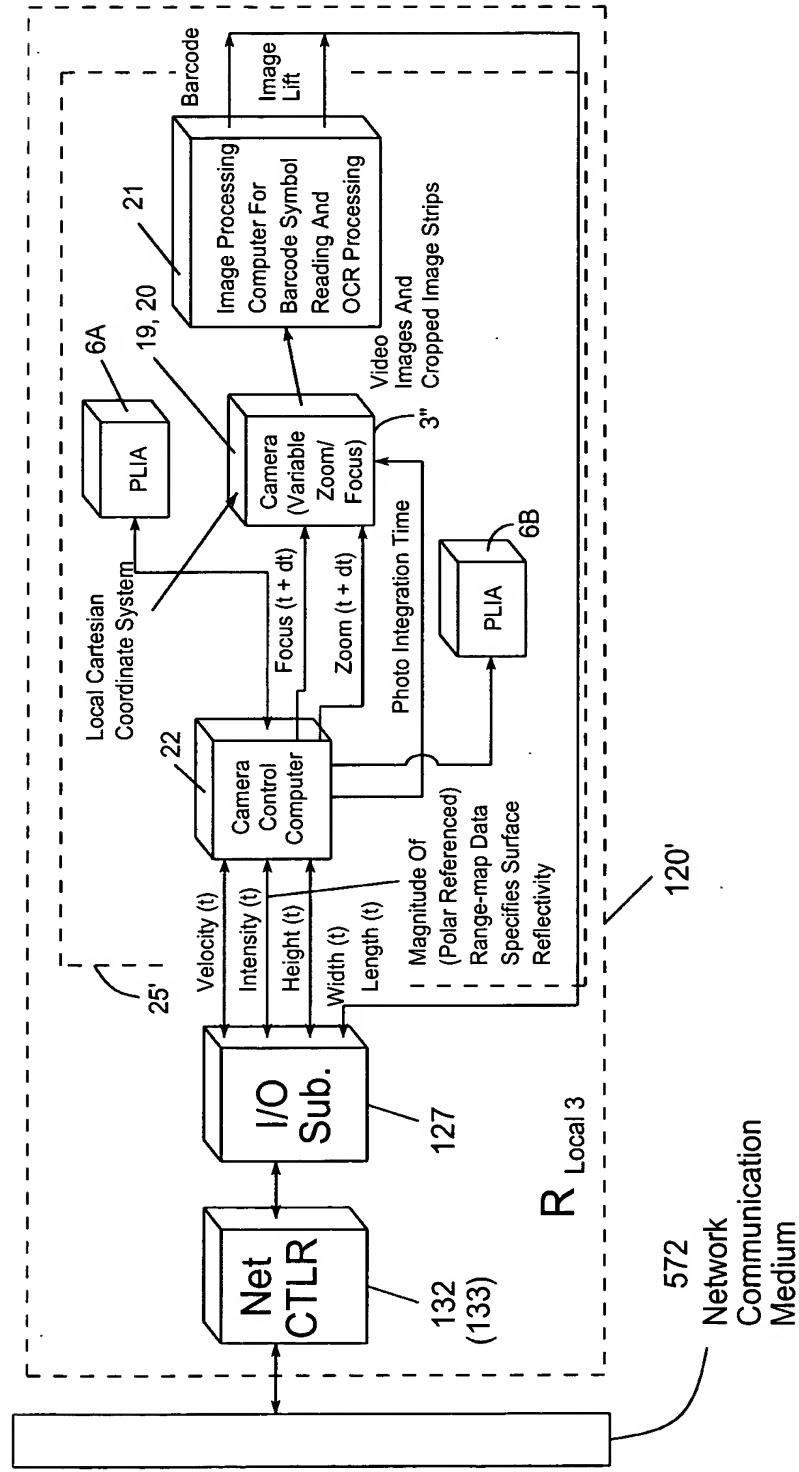
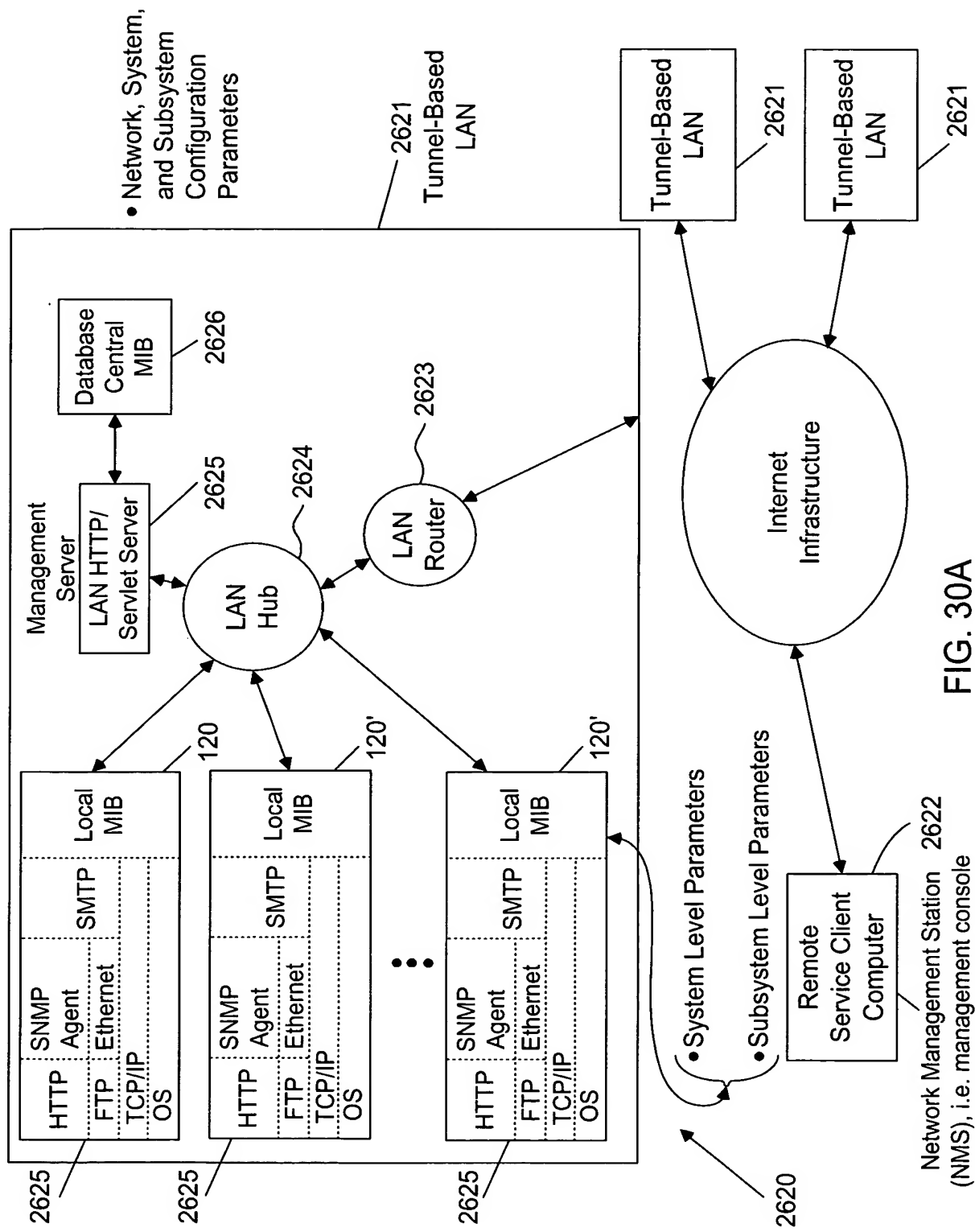


FIG. 30-4



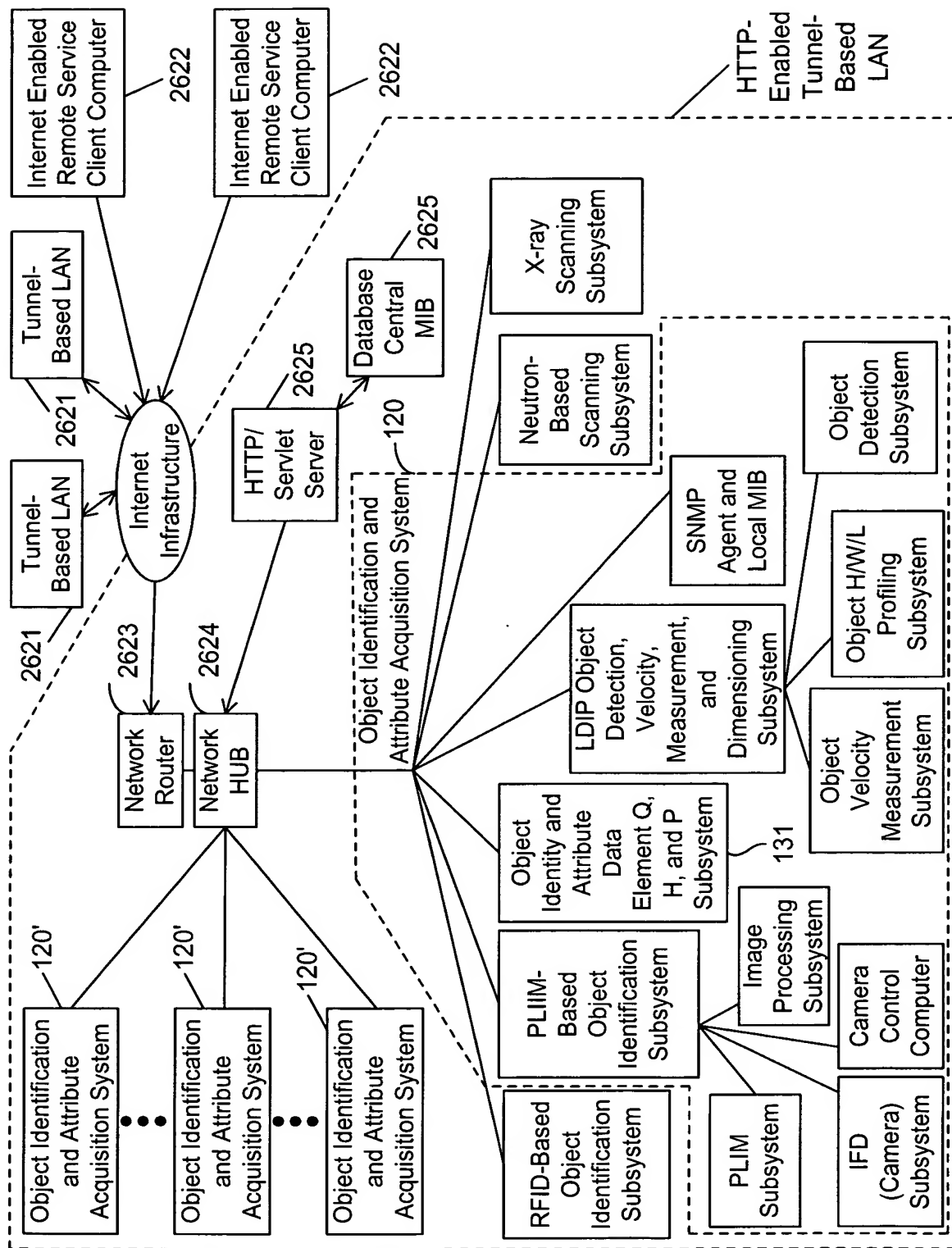


FIG. 30B

Network Configuration Parameters:

[Router IP address; no. of nodes (i.e. systems) in LAN; passwords, LAN location; name of customer facility; technical contact; phone no.; domain name; object identity codes; object attribute acquisition codes;.....]

System Configuration Parameters:

[System IP Address; passwords; object identity codes; object attribute acquisition codes;.....]

These

subsystems

generate object
identity

parameters

This system links

object attribute

data element

parameters(i.e.

object identity

data element) to

corresponding

object identity

parameters (i.e.

object attribute

data element)

These

subsystems

generate object
attribute

parameters

Monitorable and/or Configurable Parameters for Subsystems Within Each System:

- PLIIM-based object identification subsystem: [object identity code; object attribute acquisition codes;.....]
 - PLIM Subsystem: [VLD status; power VLD; TIM function; temp.;.....]
 - IFD (Camera) Subsystem: [sensor temp;]
 - Image Processing Subsystem (Computer): [processor load history; system up time; # of frames (pgs); barcode read rate; current line rate;.....]
 - Camera Contact Subsystem (Computer): [number of frames dropped; number of focused zoom commands; number and kinds of motor control errors;.....]
- RFID-based object identification subsystem: [....]
 - Object identity and attribute data element queuing, handling and processing subsystem: [....]
- LDIP object identification, velocity-measurement, and dimensioning subsystem: [....]
 - Object velocity measurement subsystem: [polygon RPM; polygon laser output X; channel X drift; channel X noise; trigger error events; instant lock reference drift; temperature]
 - Object H/W/L profiling subsystem
 - Object detection subsystem: [non- singulation/ singulation code;.....]
- X-ray scanning subsystem: [....]
- Neutron-beam scanning subsystem: [....]

FIG. 30C

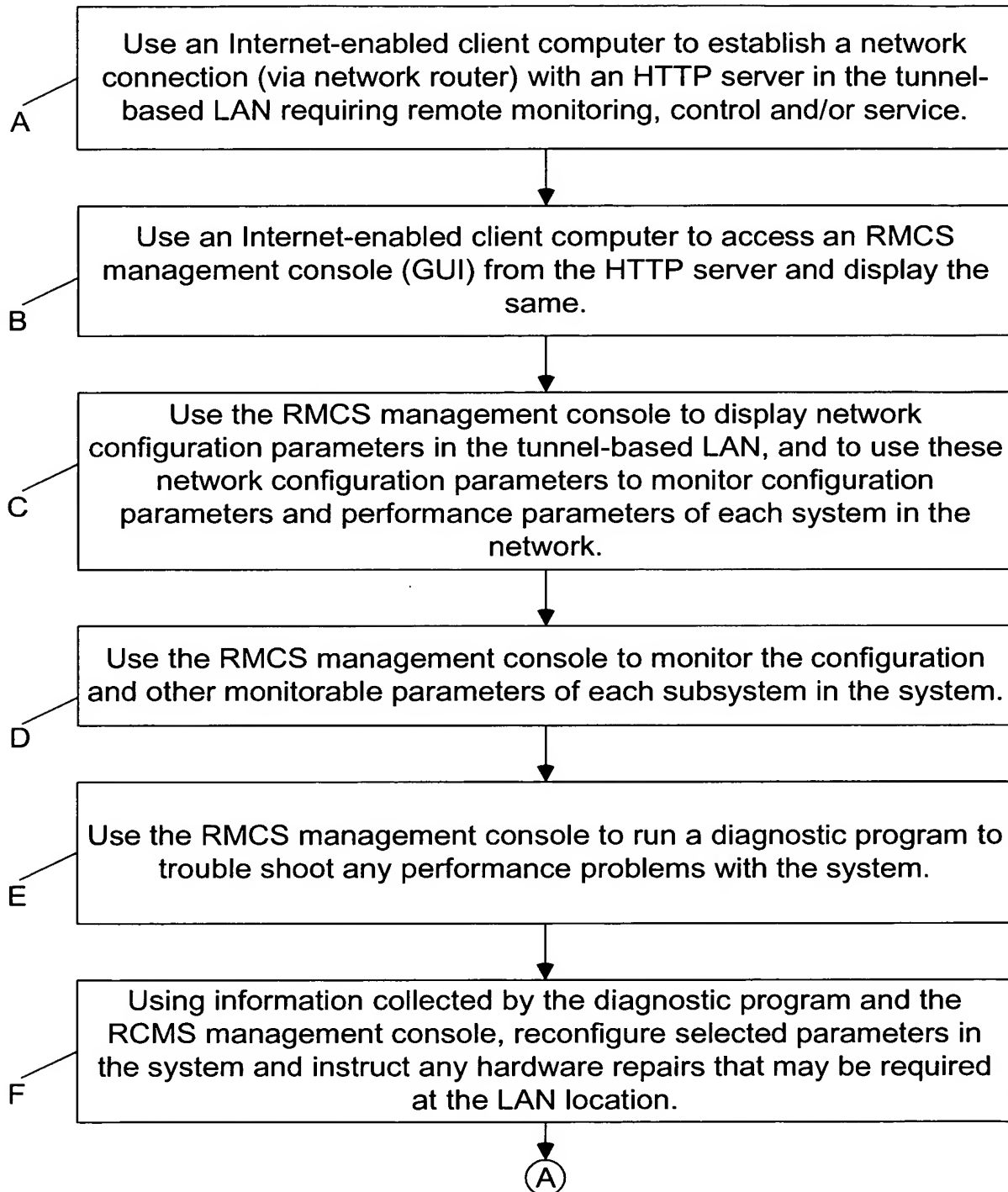


FIG. 30D1

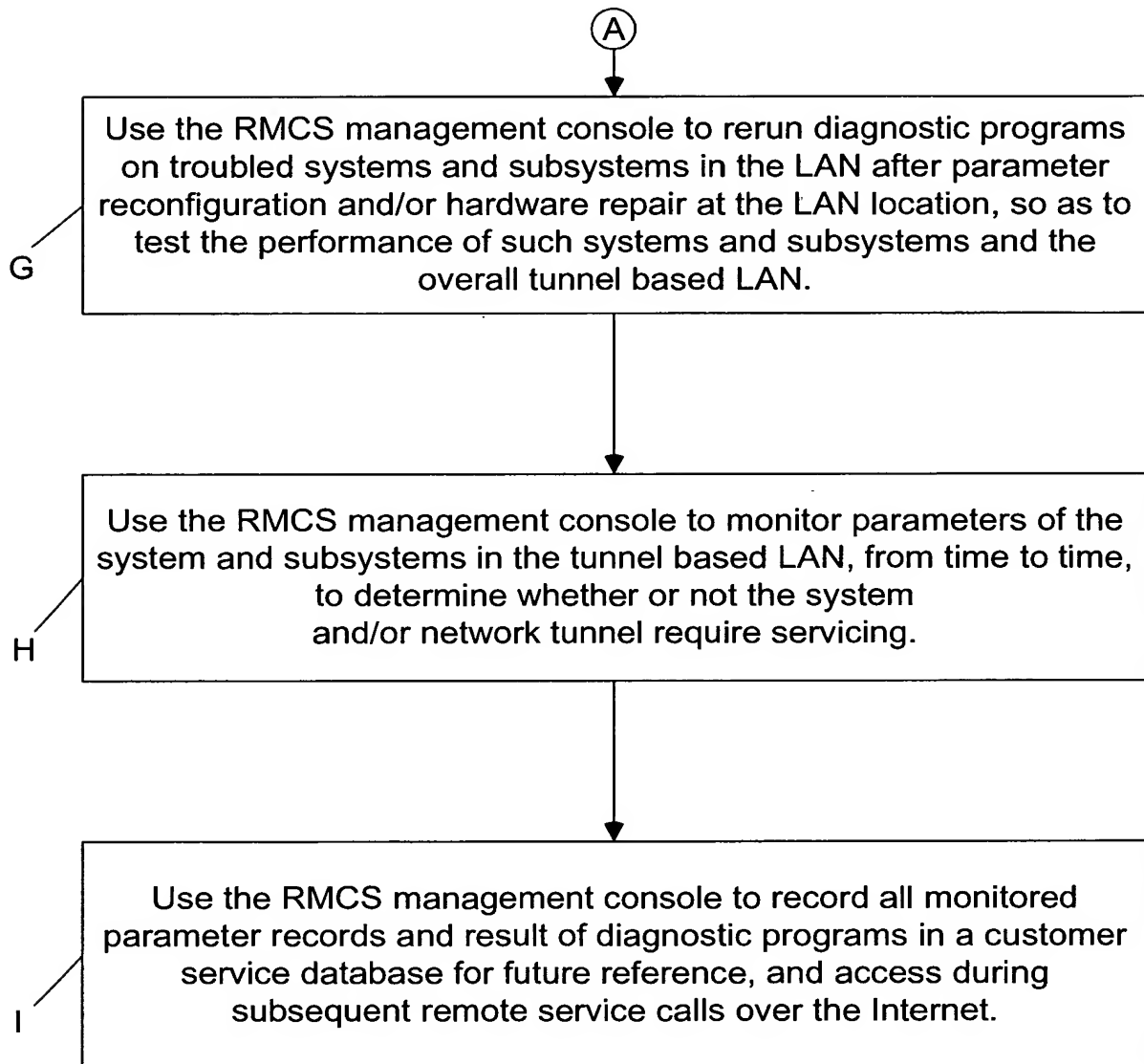


FIG. 30D2

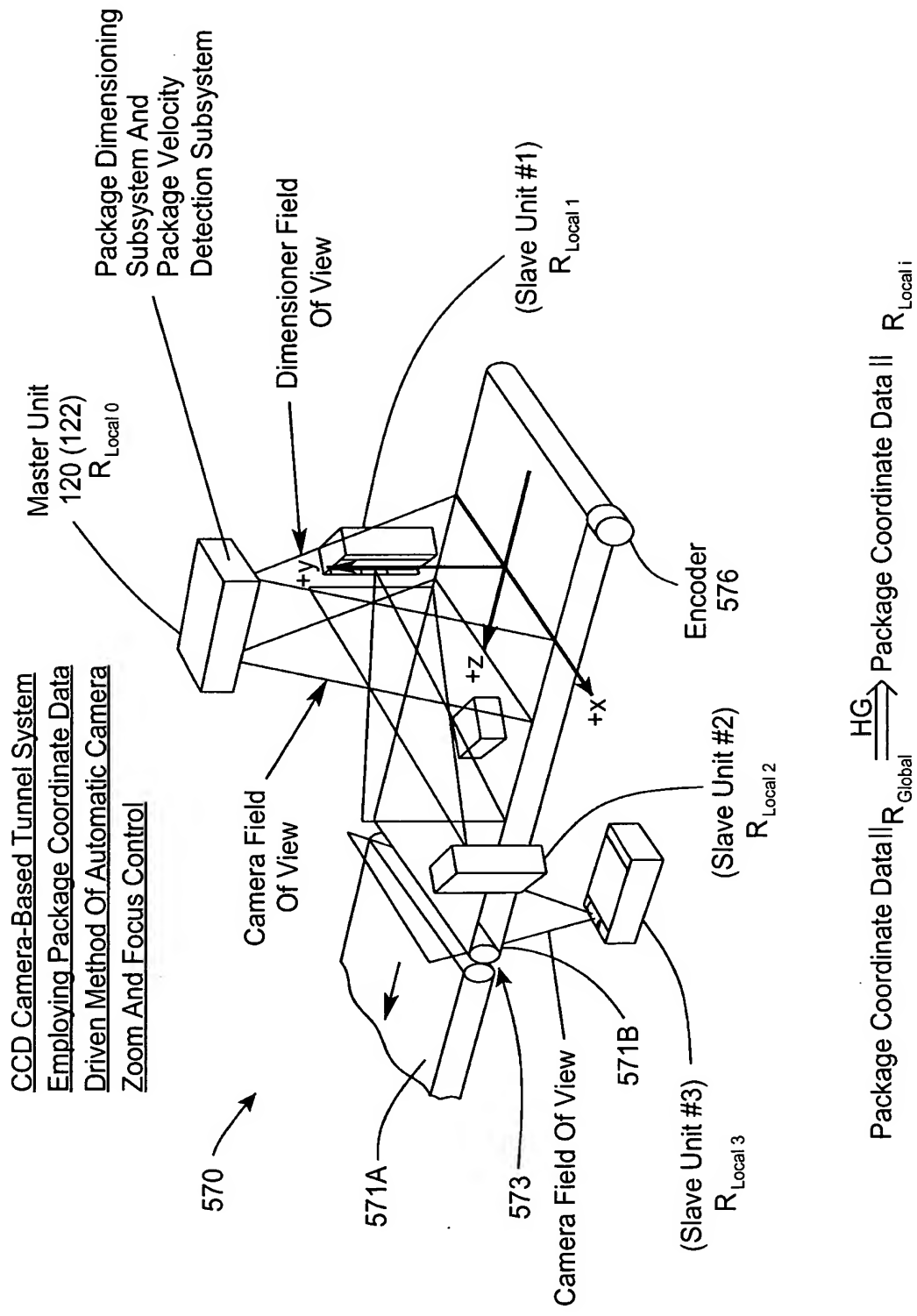


FIG. 31

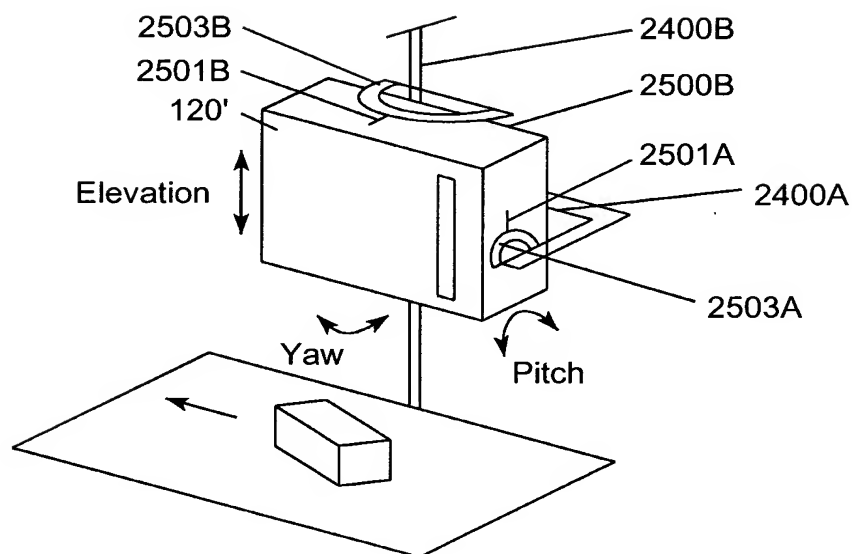


FIG. 31A

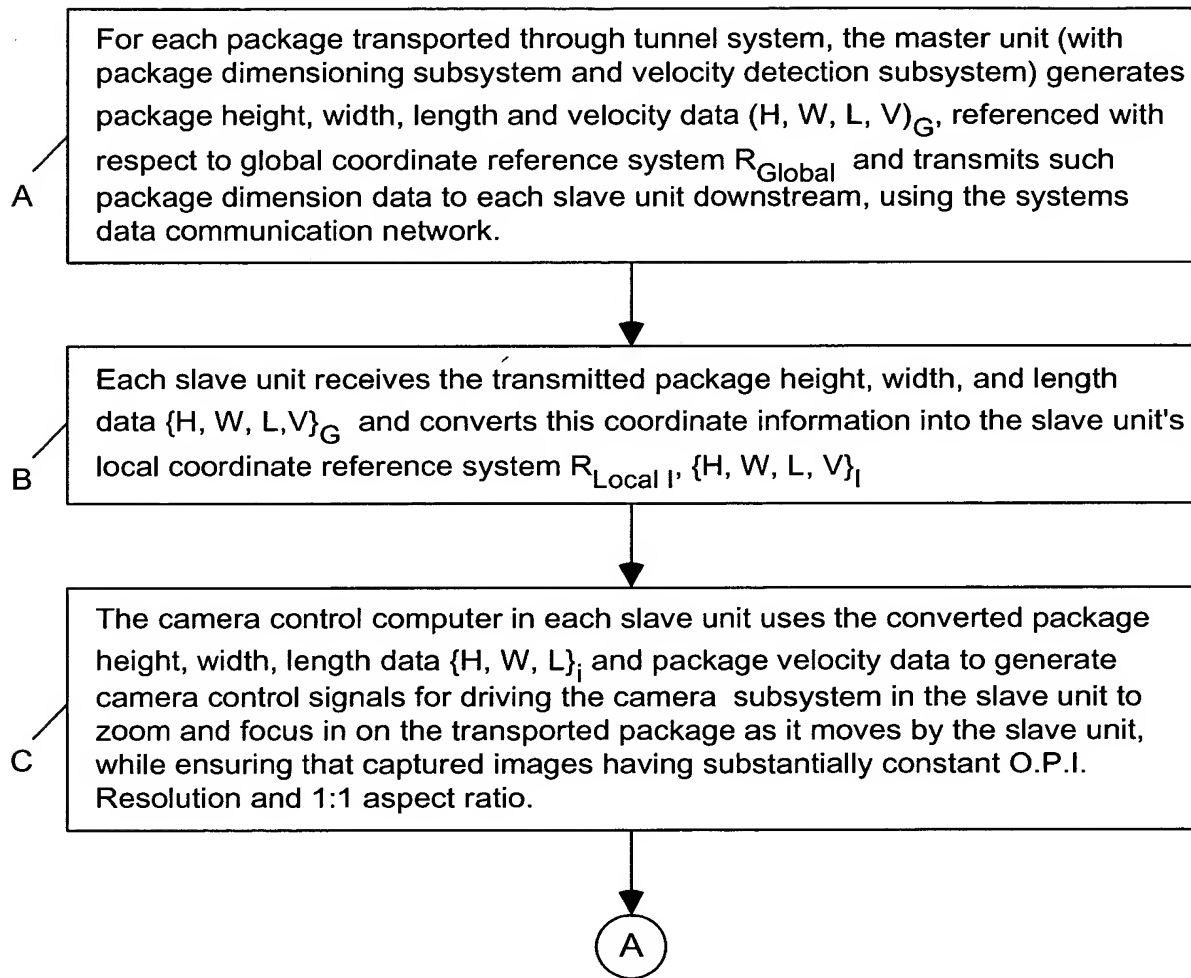


FIG. 32A

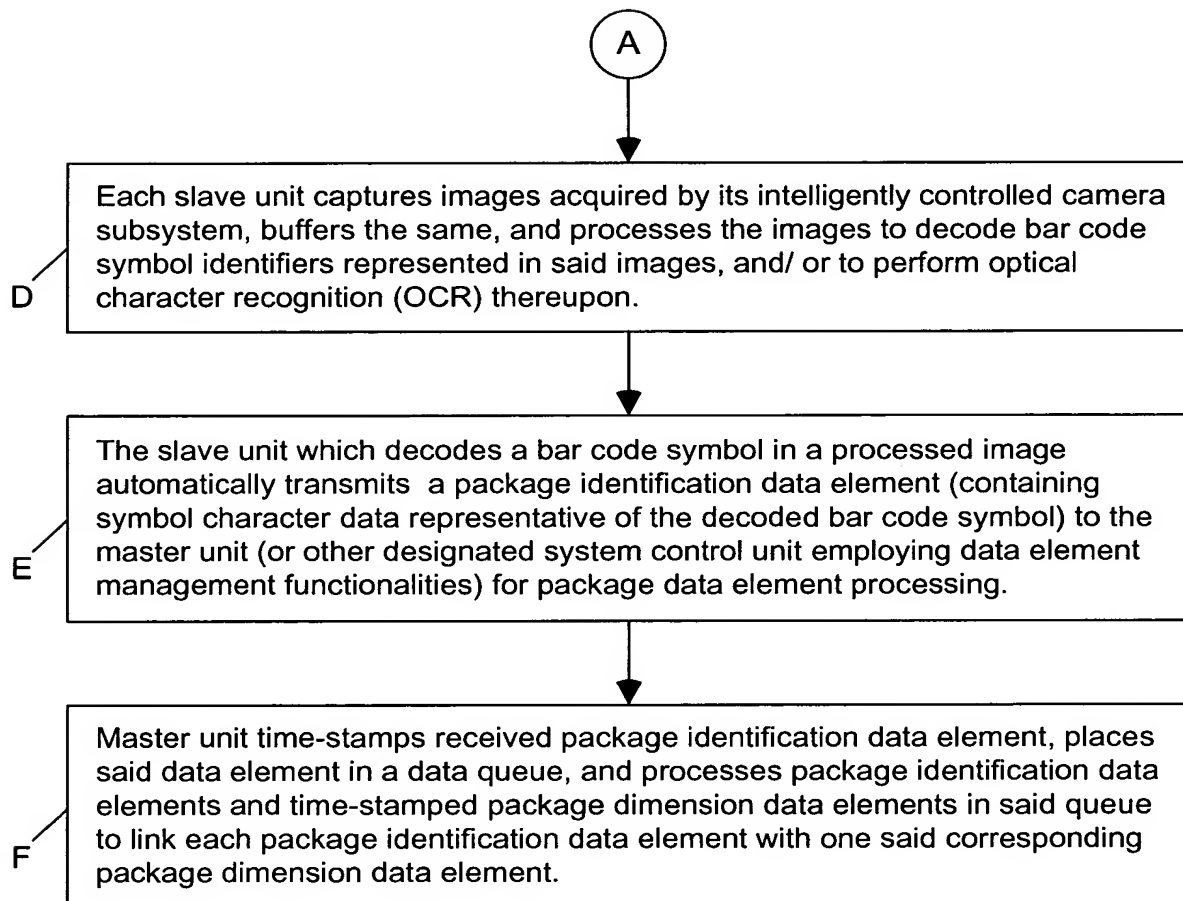


FIG. 32B

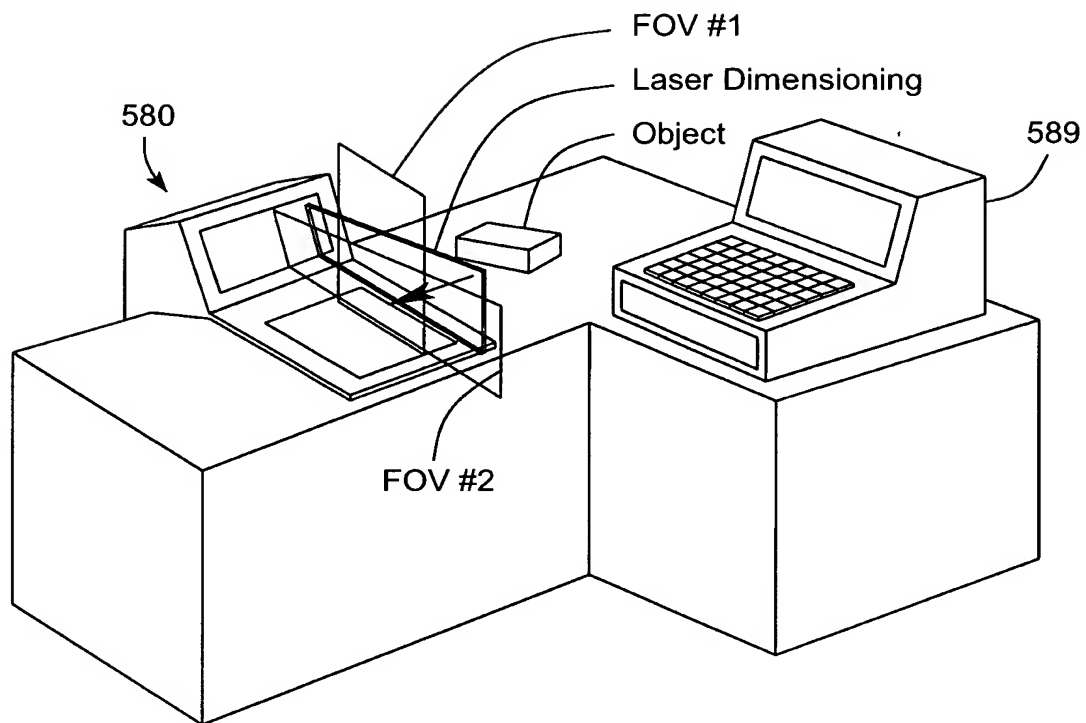


FIG. 33A

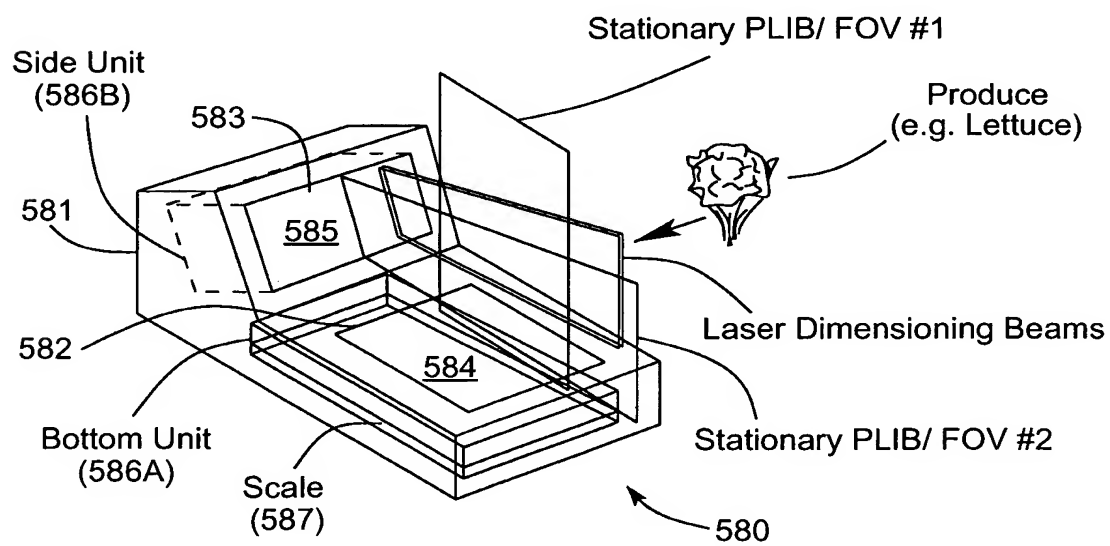


FIG. 33B

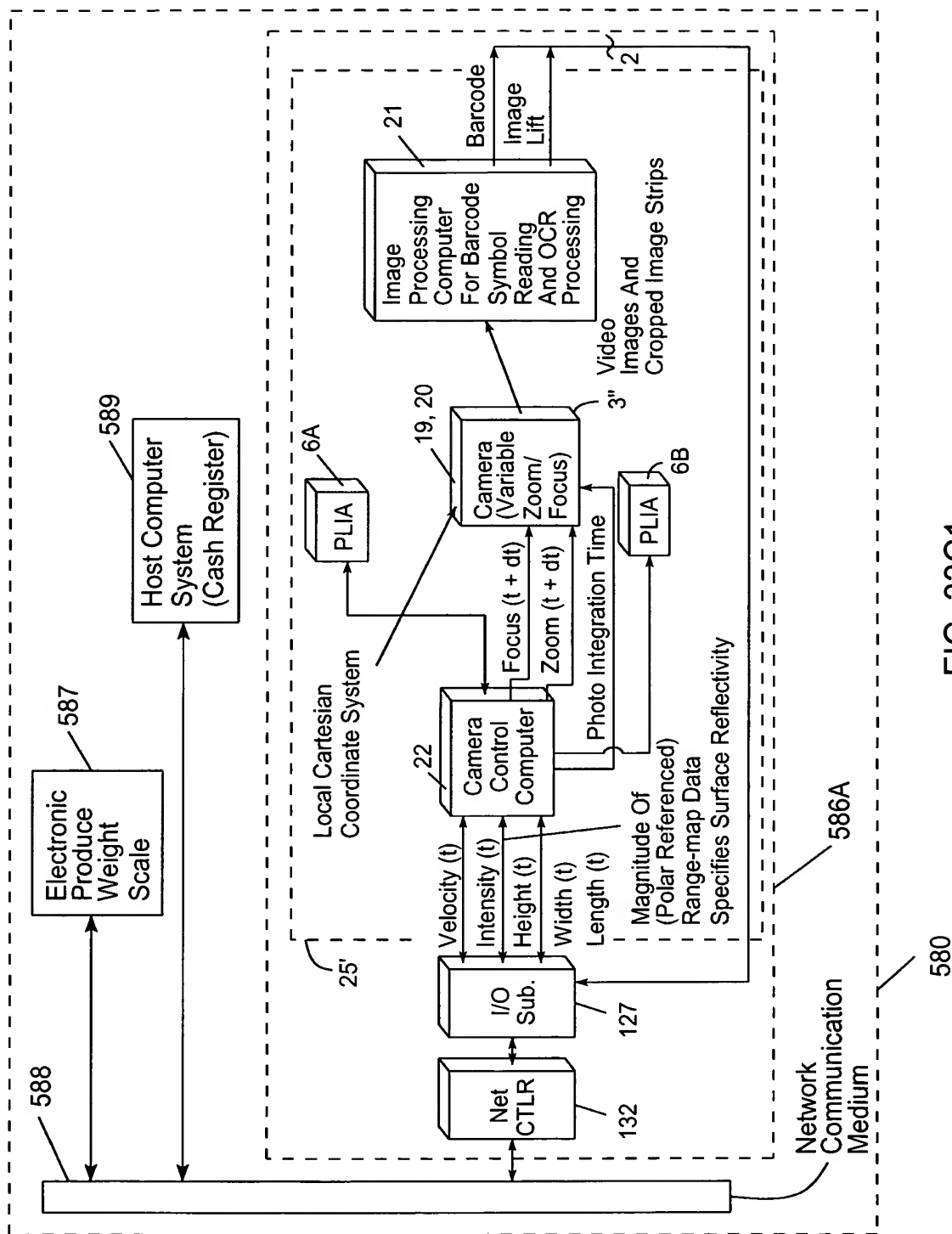


FIG. 33C1

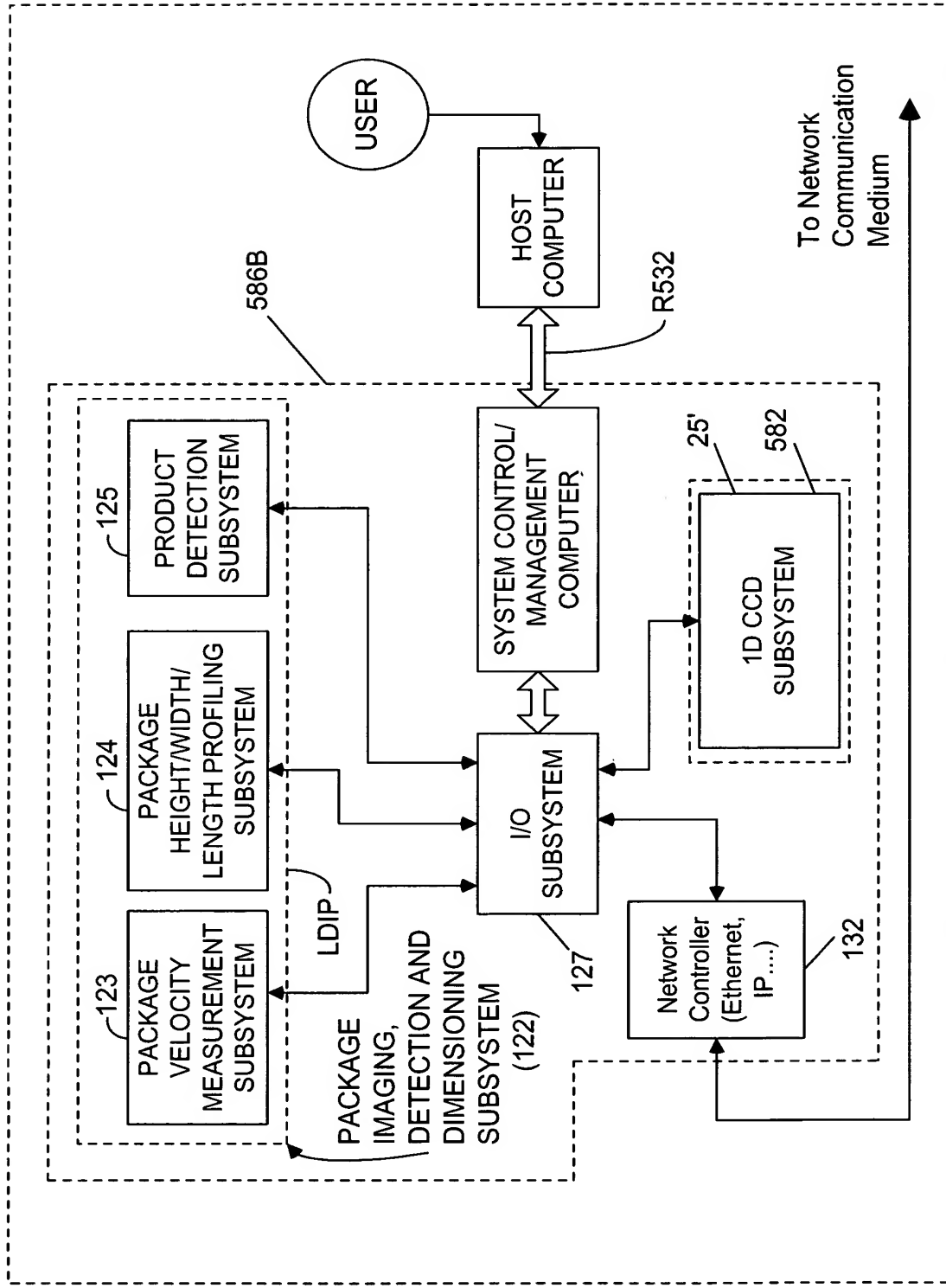


FIG. 33C2

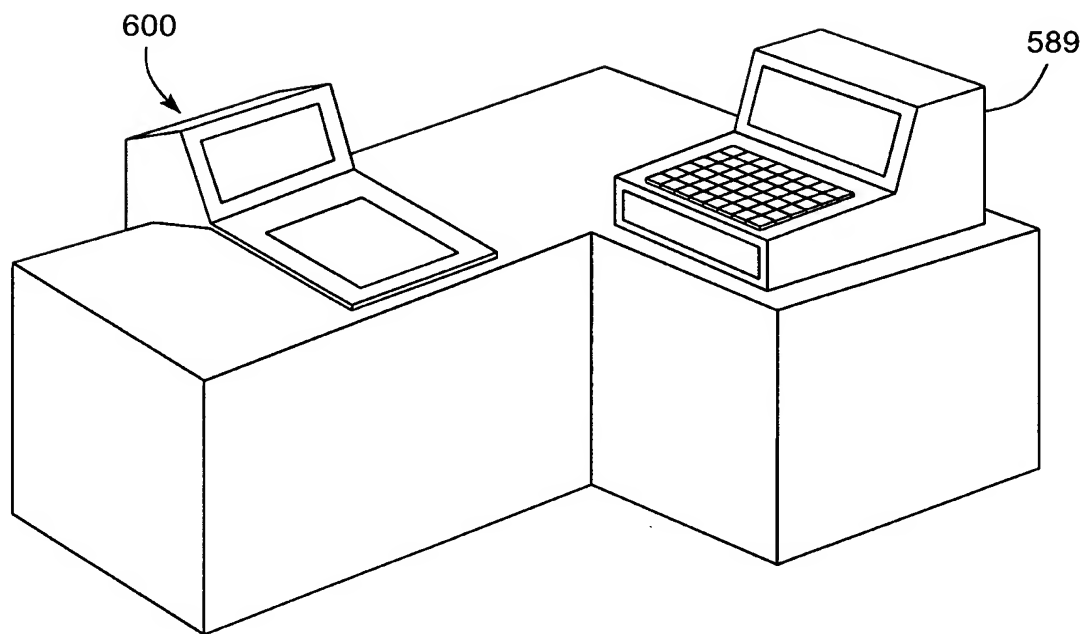


FIG. 34A

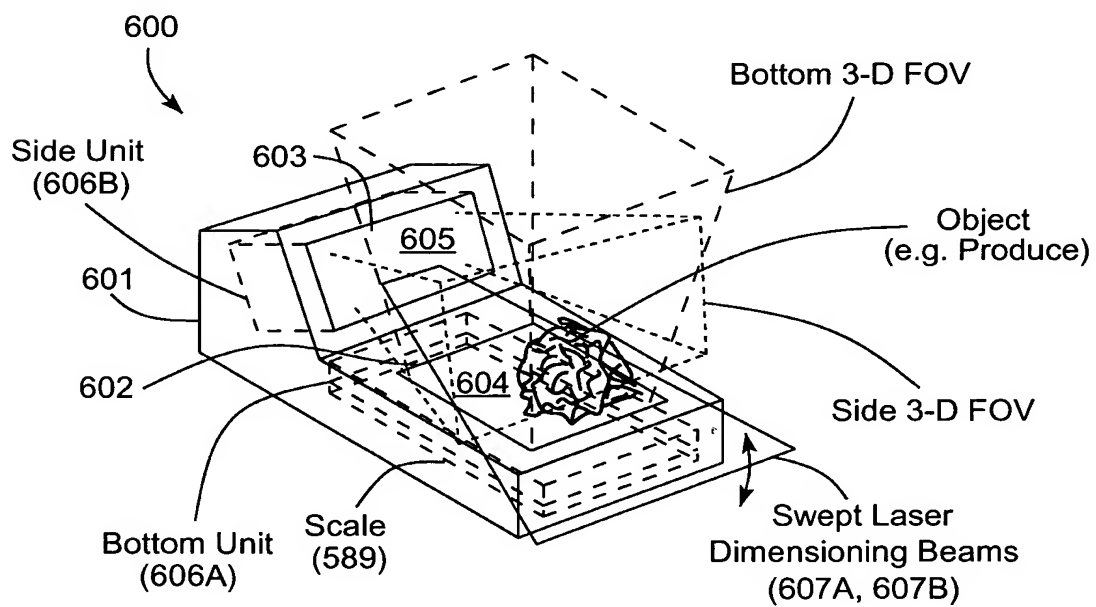


FIG. 34B

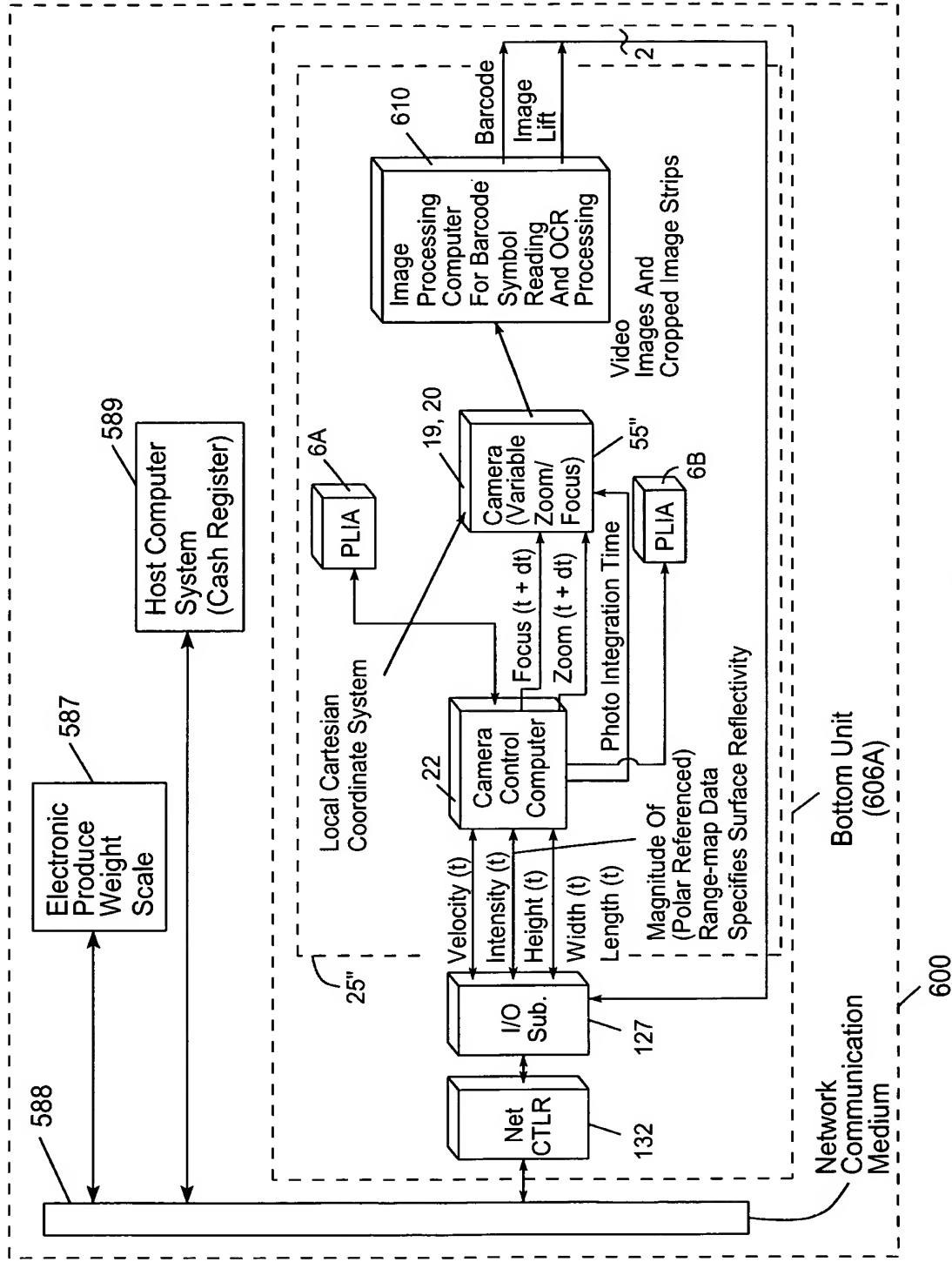


FIG. 34C1

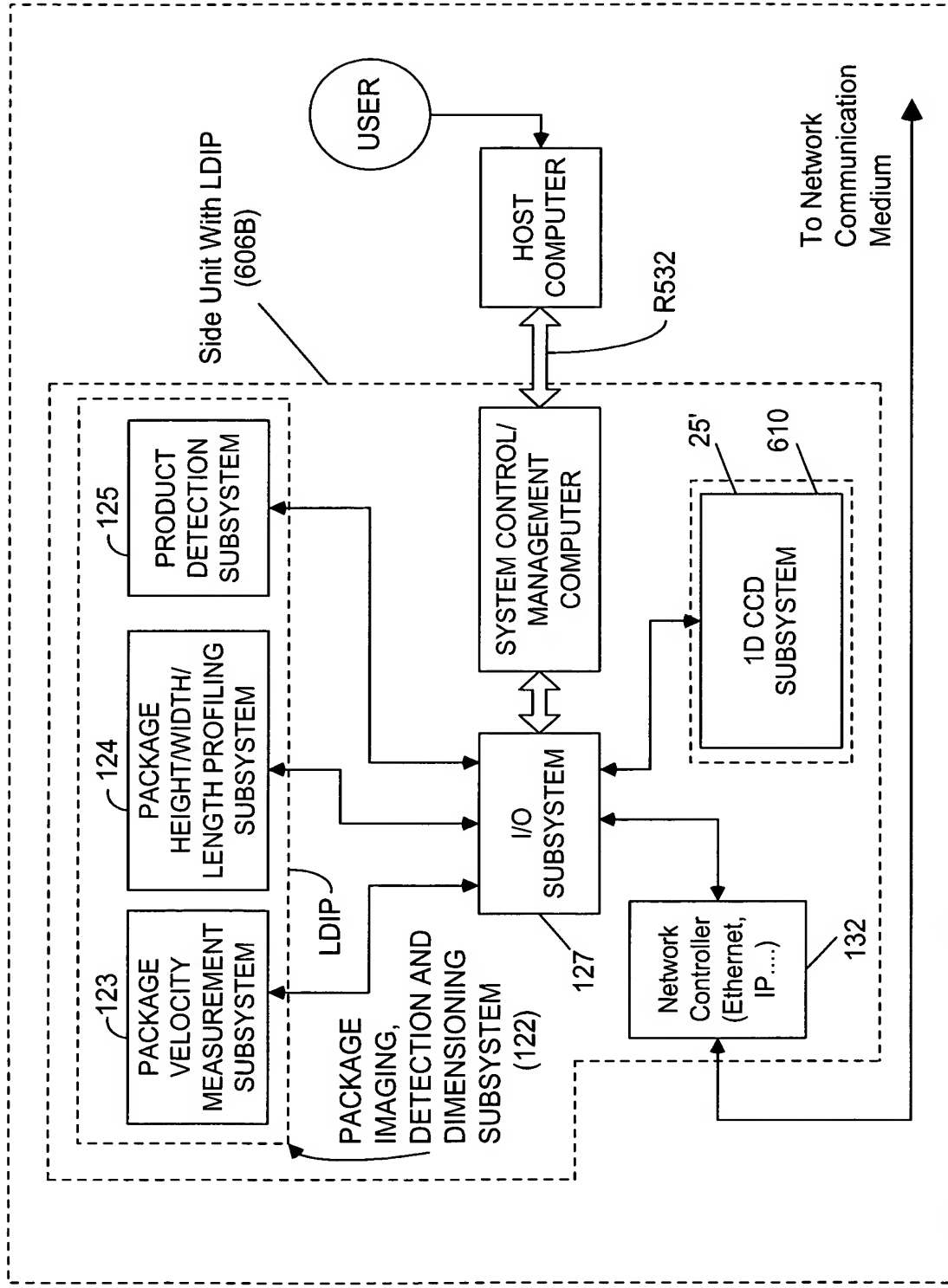


FIG. 34C2

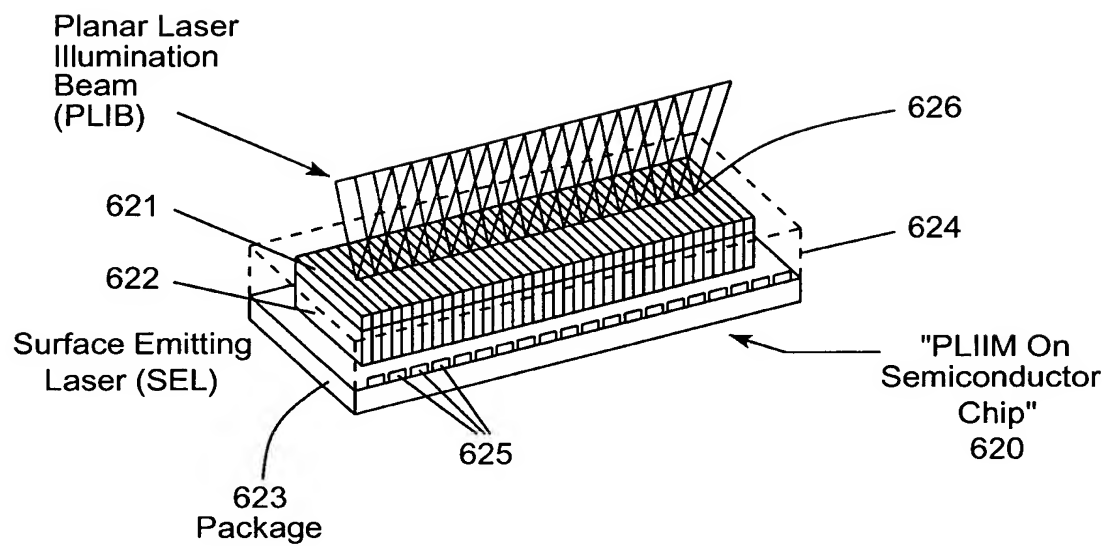


FIG. 35A

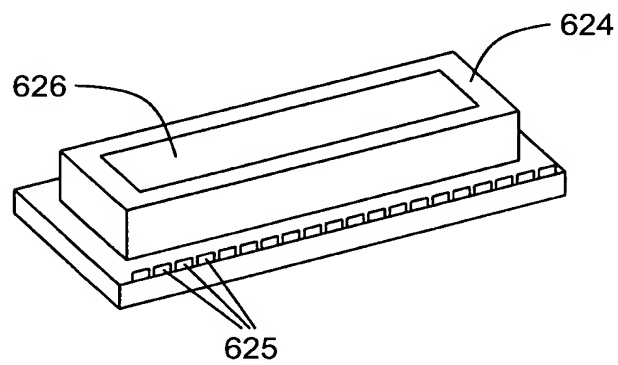


FIG. 35B

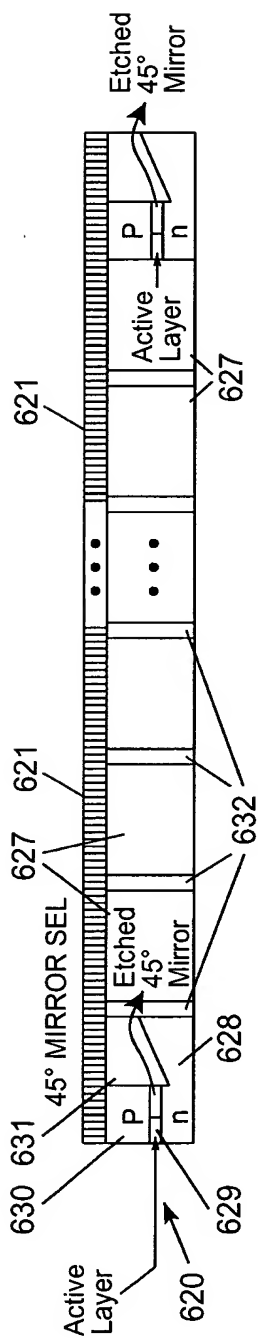


FIG. 36A

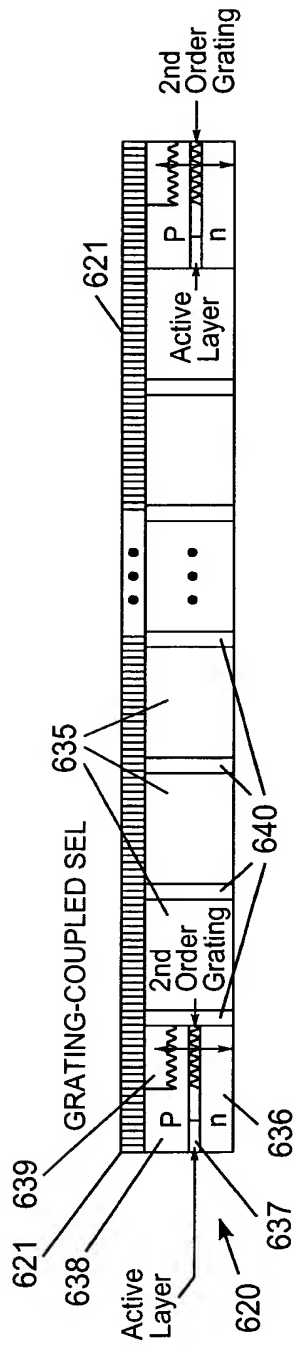


FIG. 36B

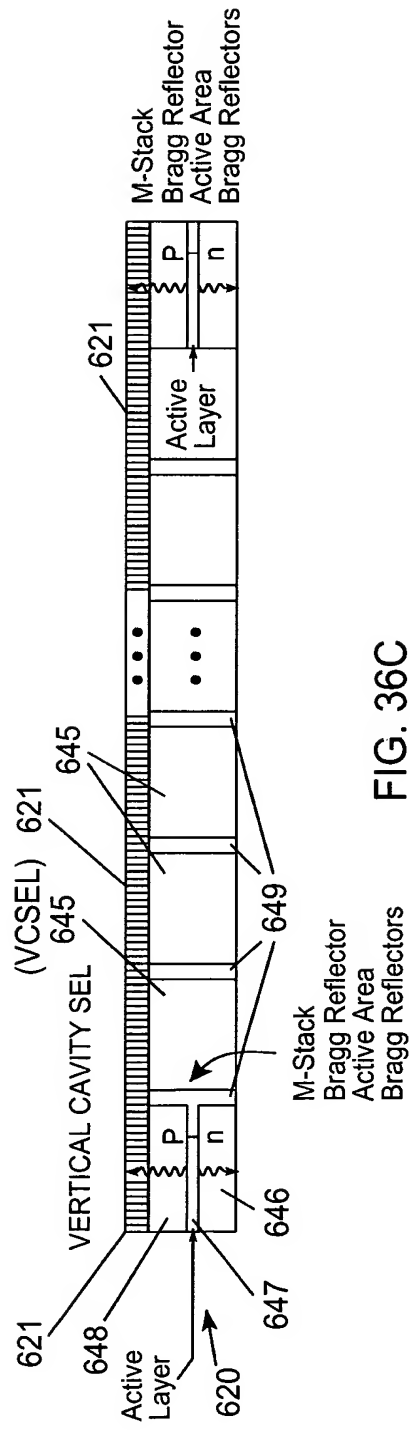


FIG. 36C

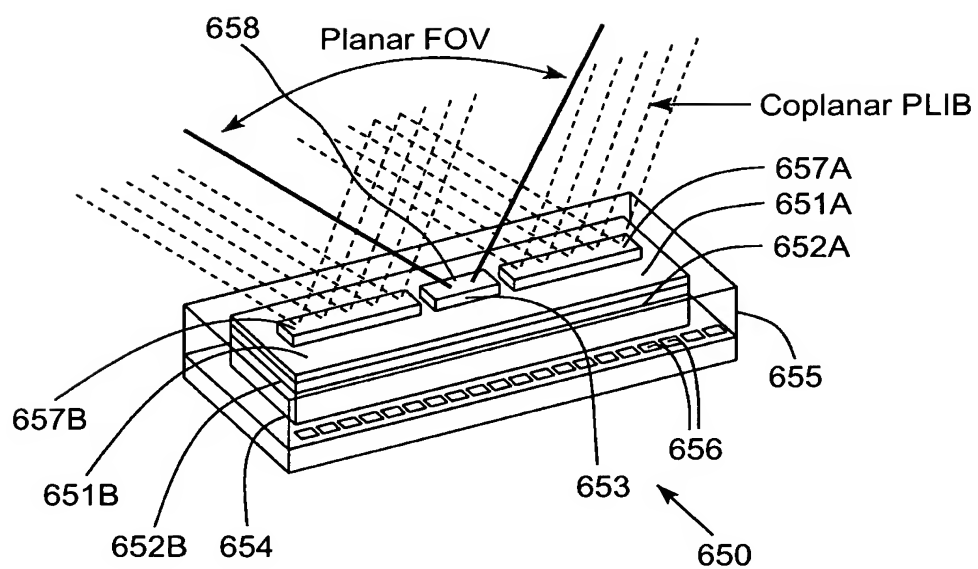


FIG. 37

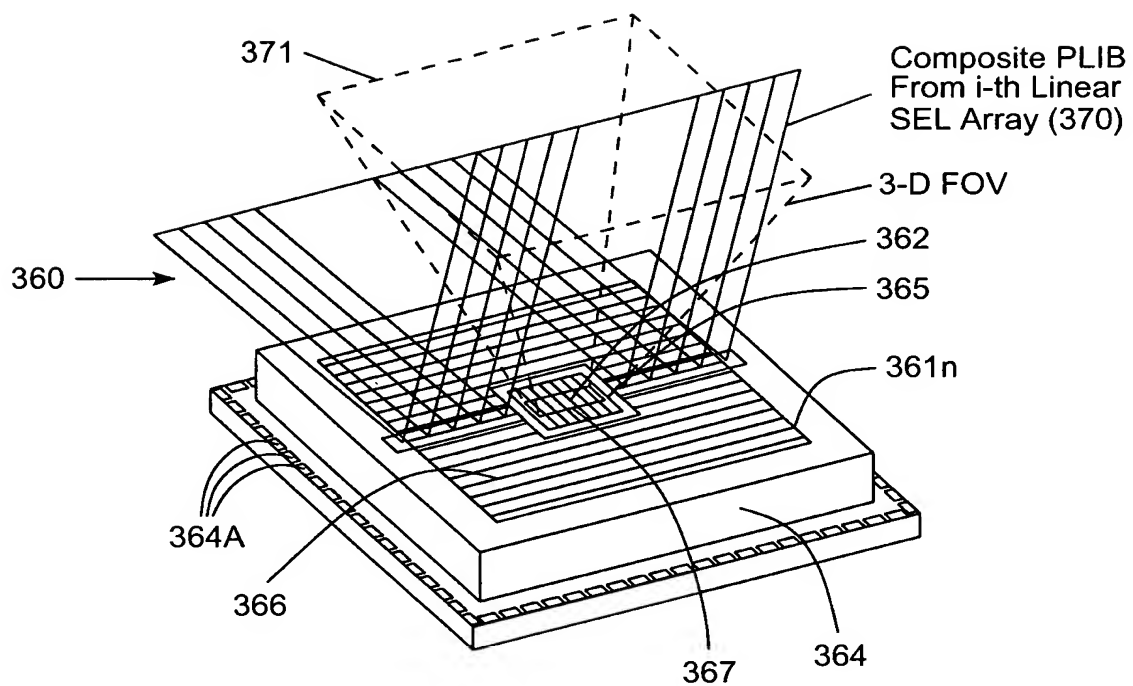


FIG. 38A

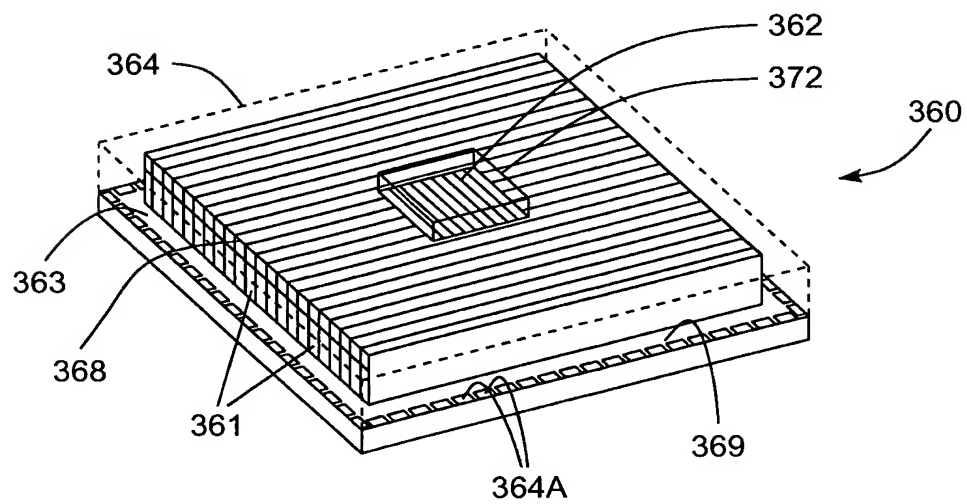


FIG. 38B

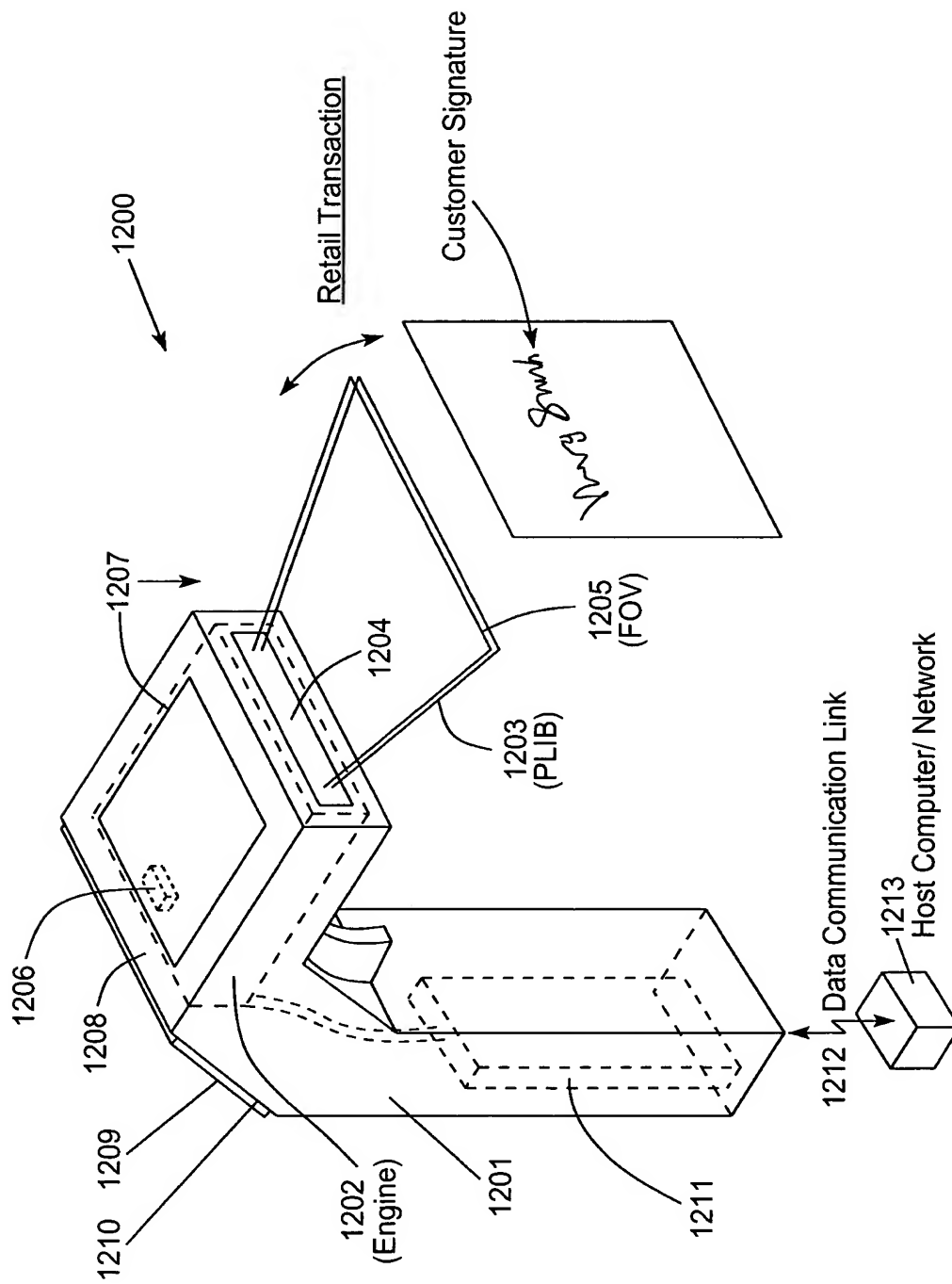


FIG. 39A

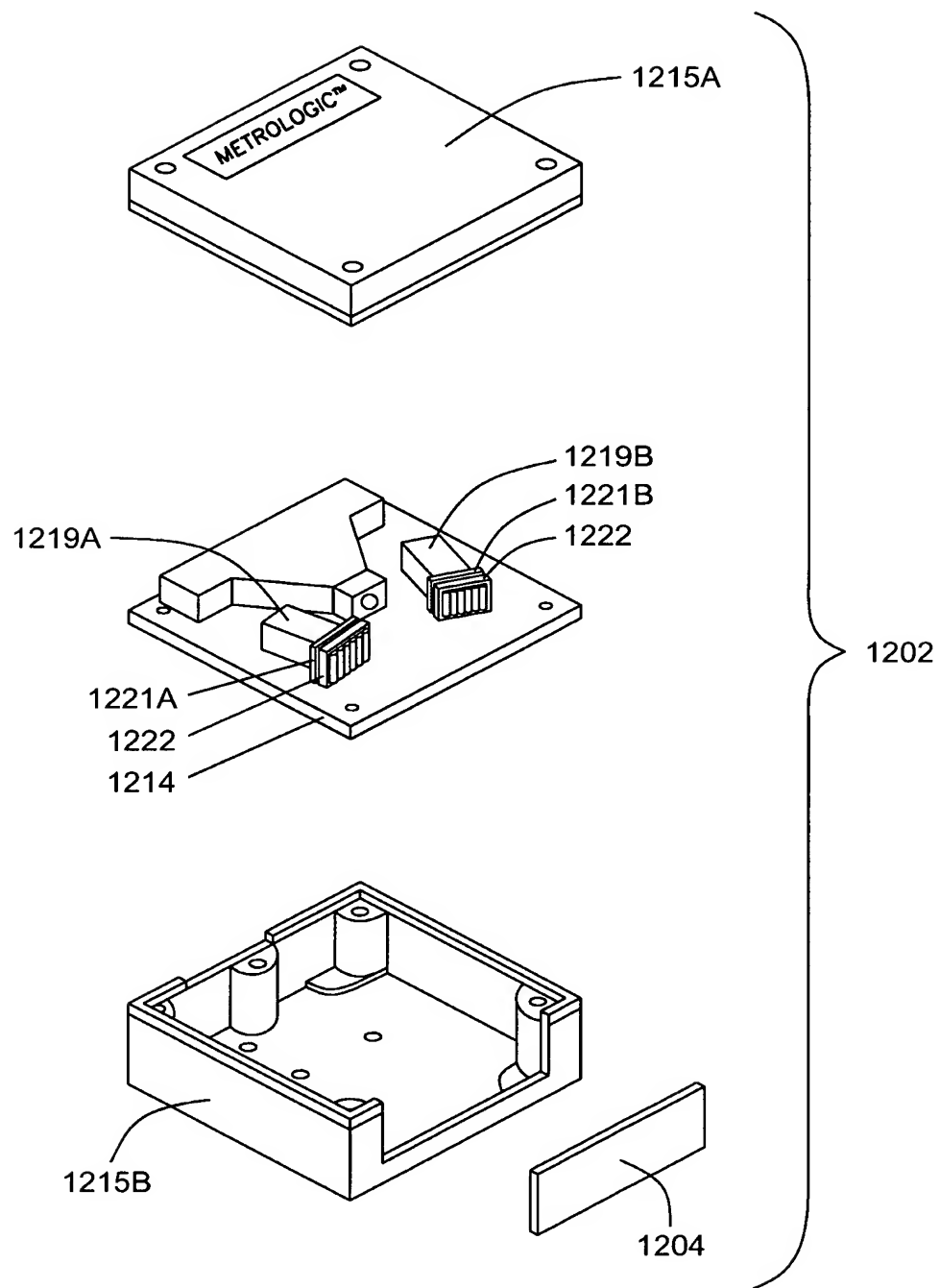


FIG. 39B

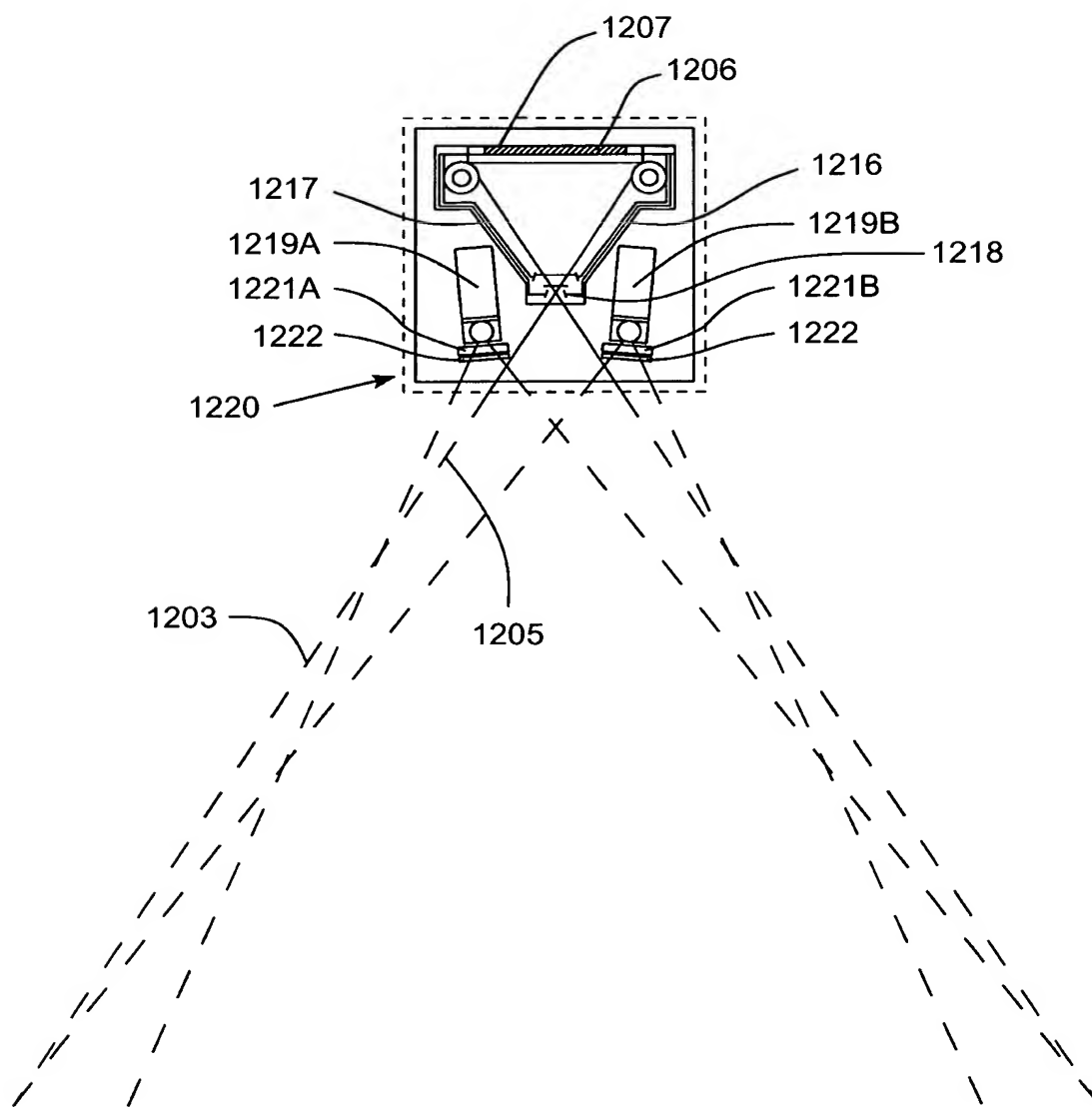


FIG. 39C

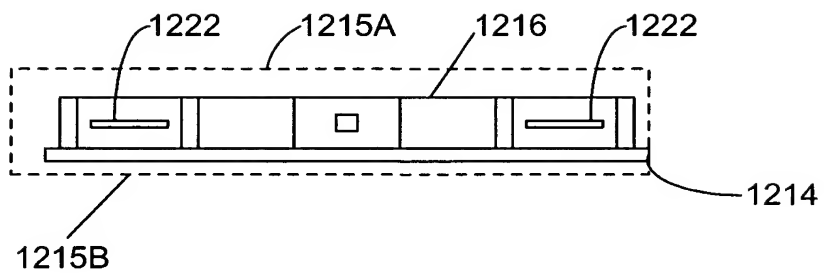


FIG. 39D

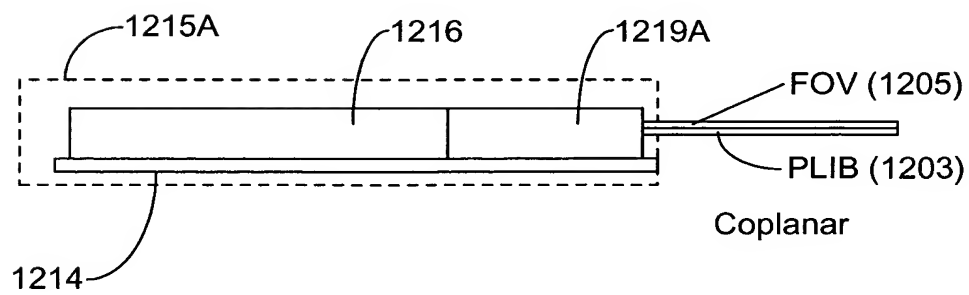


FIG. 39E

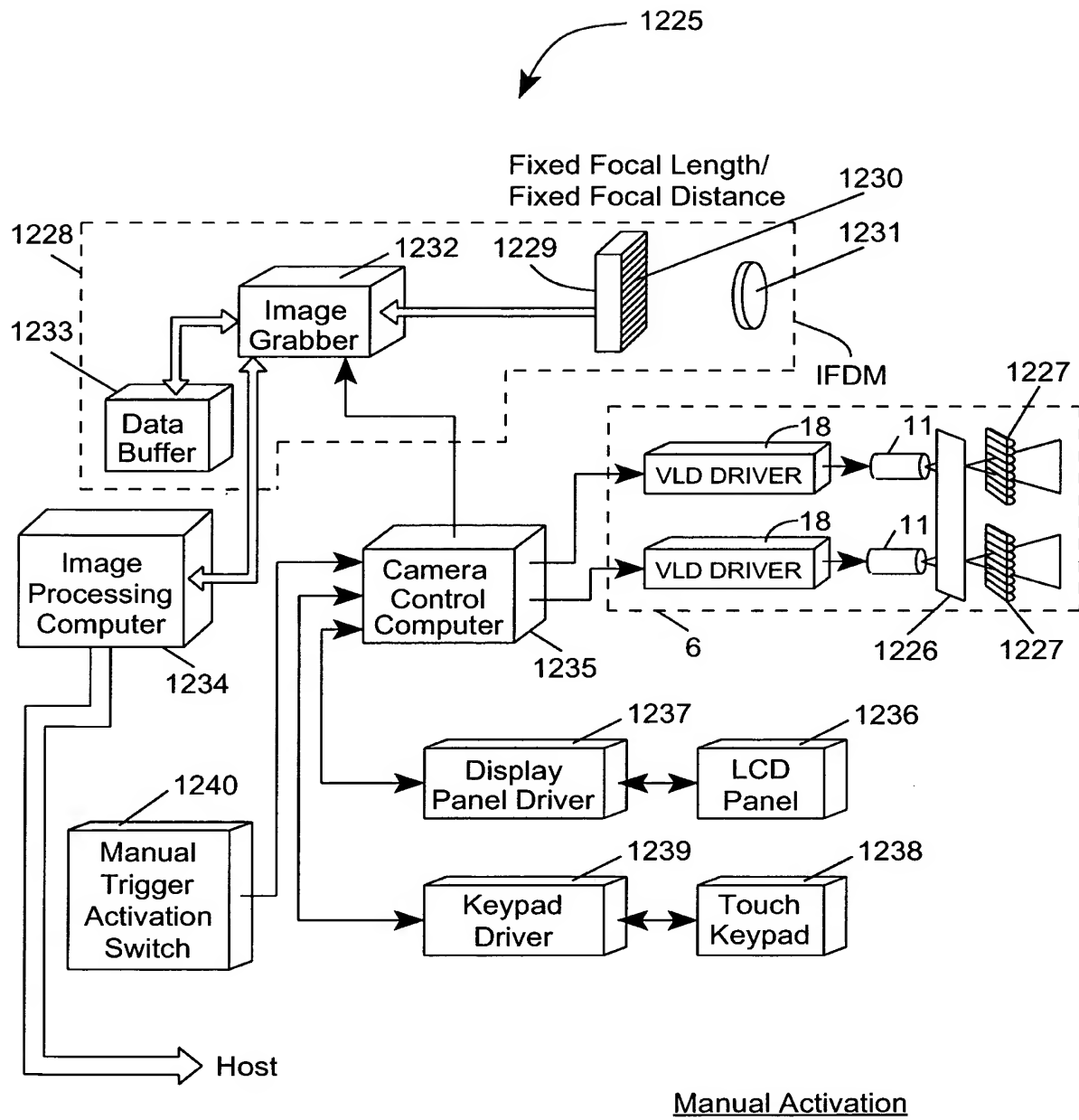
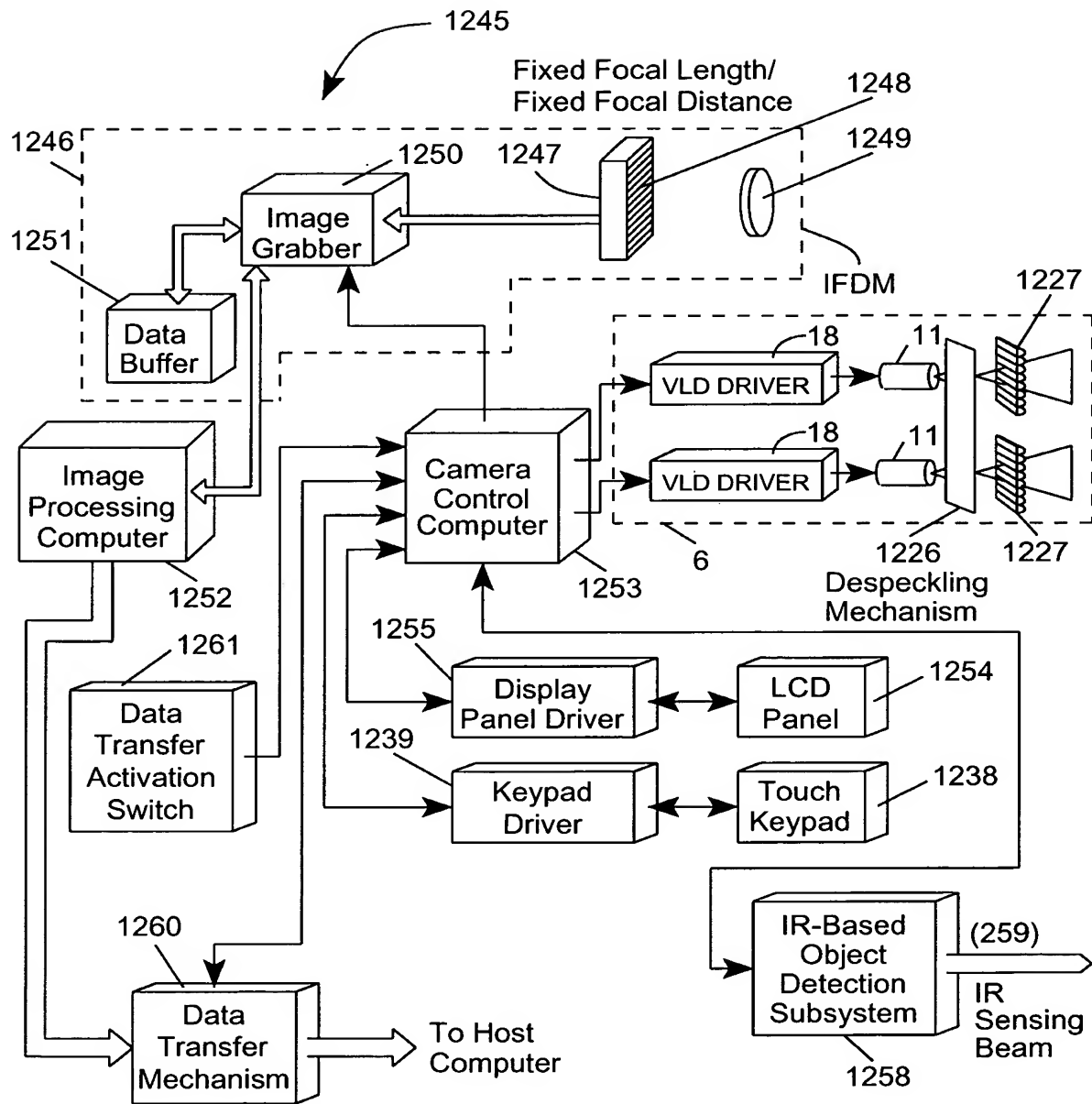
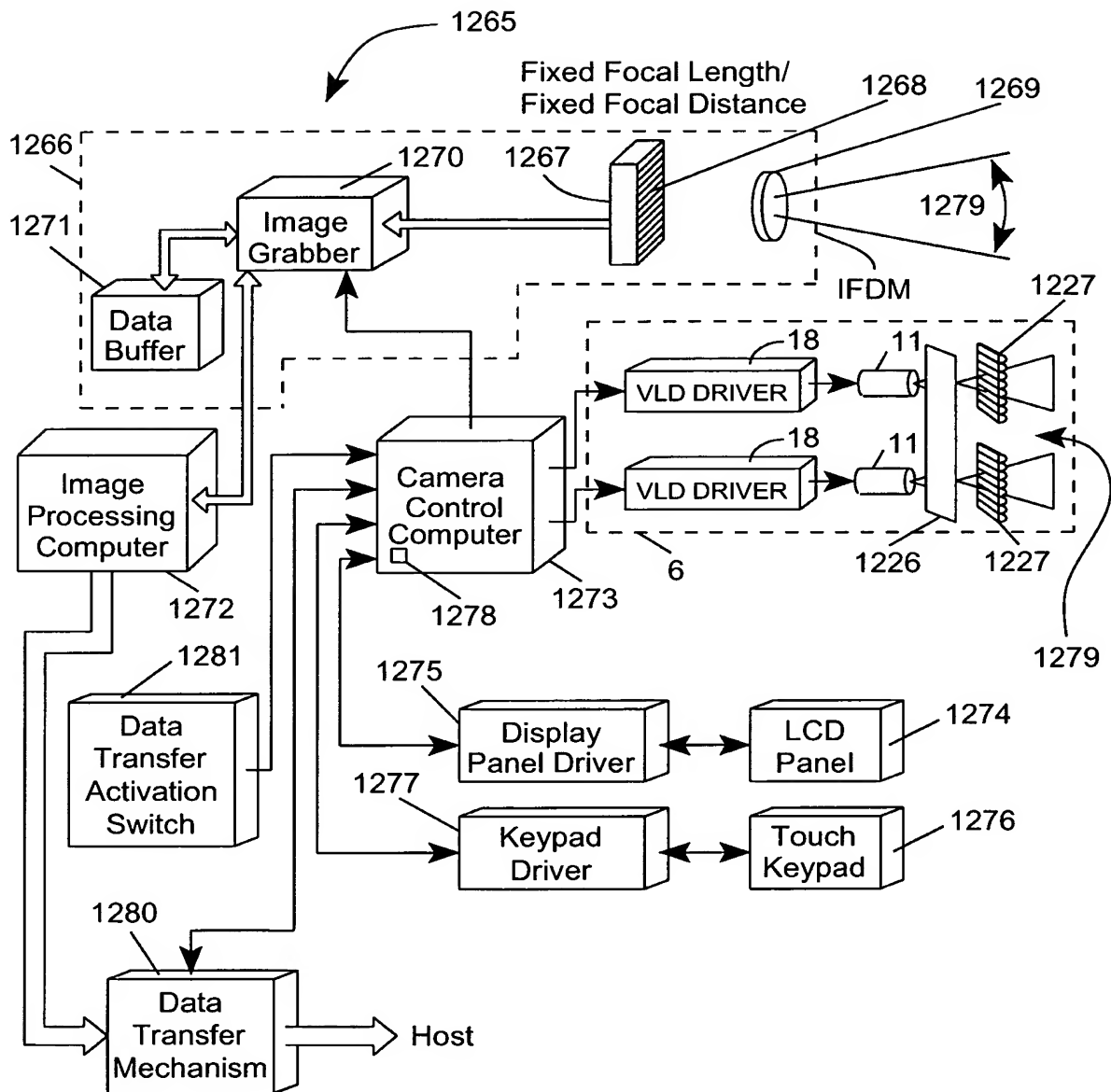


FIG. 40A1



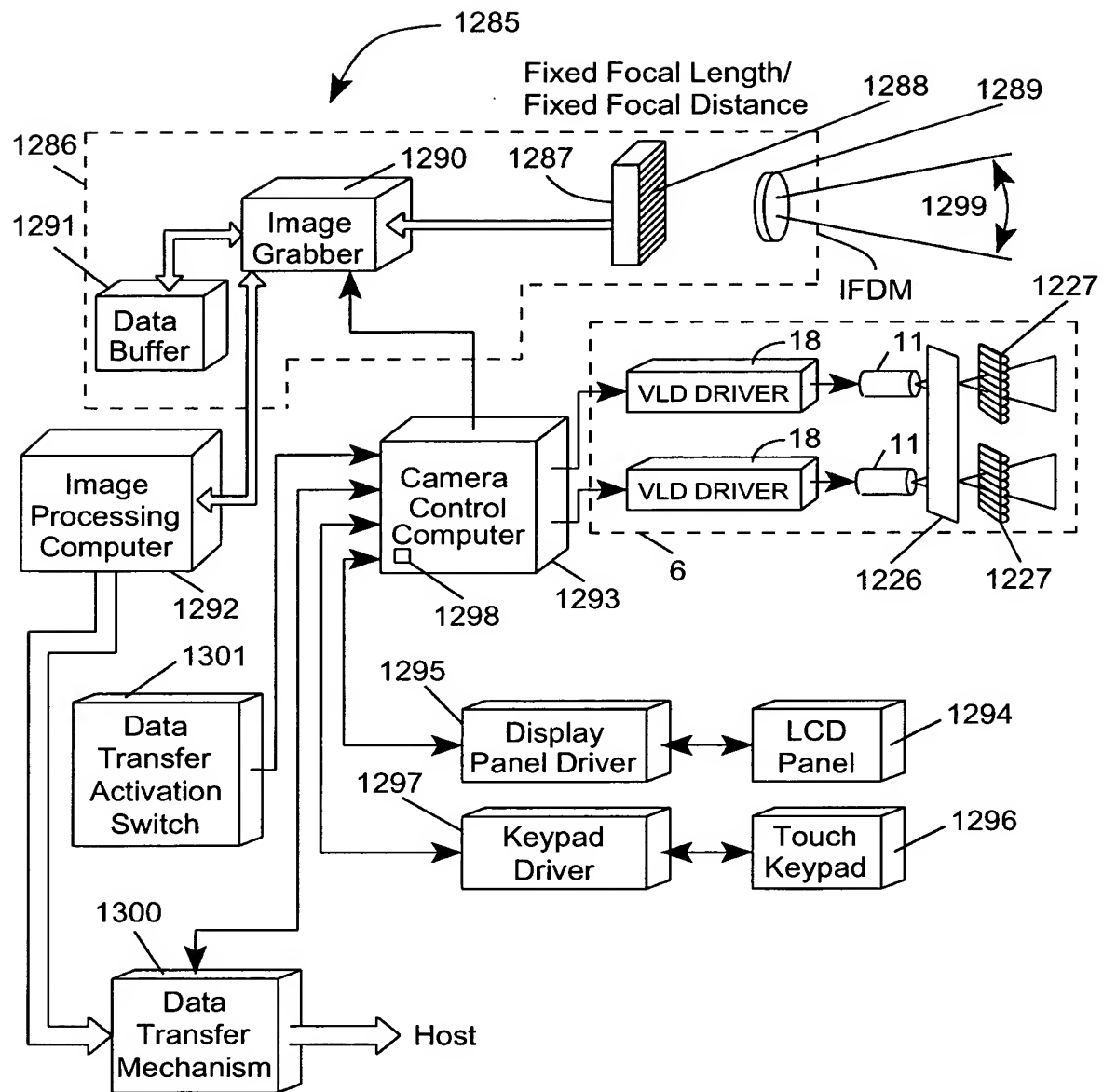
Automatic with IR Object Detection

FIG. 40A2



Automatic with Laser Based Object Detection

FIG. 40A3



Automatic with Passive CCD
Based Object Detection

FIG. 40A4

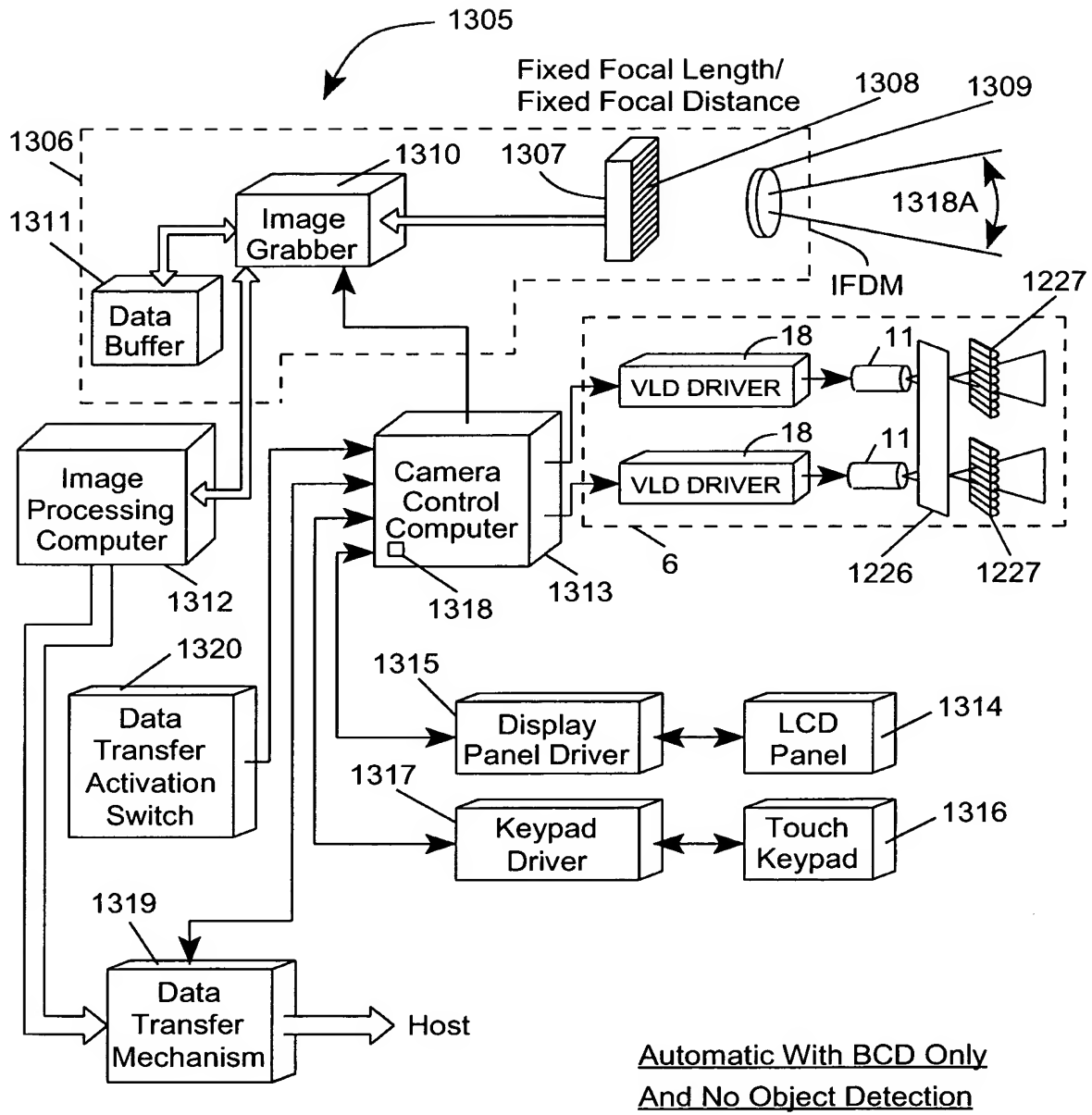


FIG. 40A5

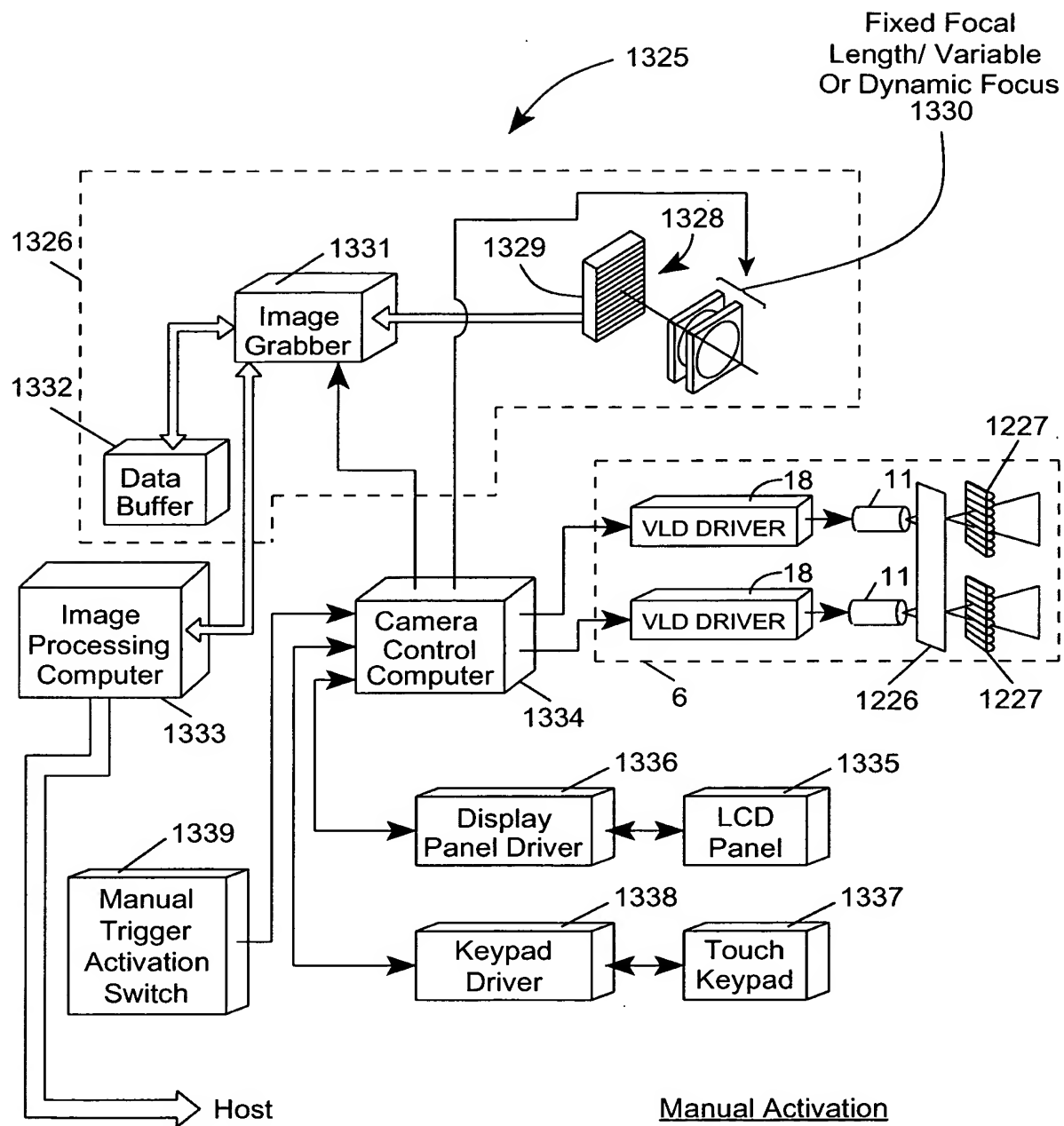
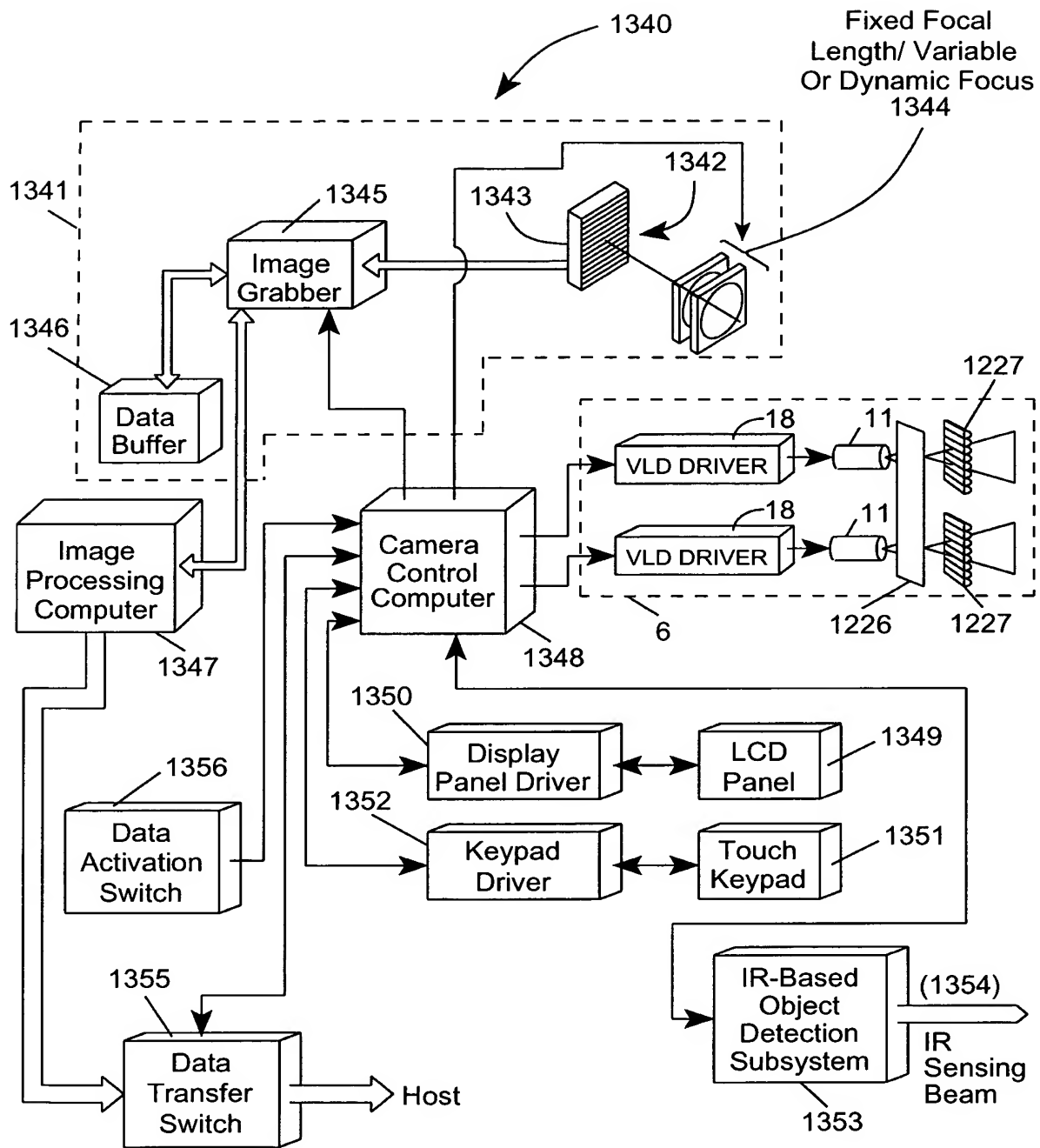


FIG. 40B1



Automatic With IR-Based
Object Detection

FIG. 40B2

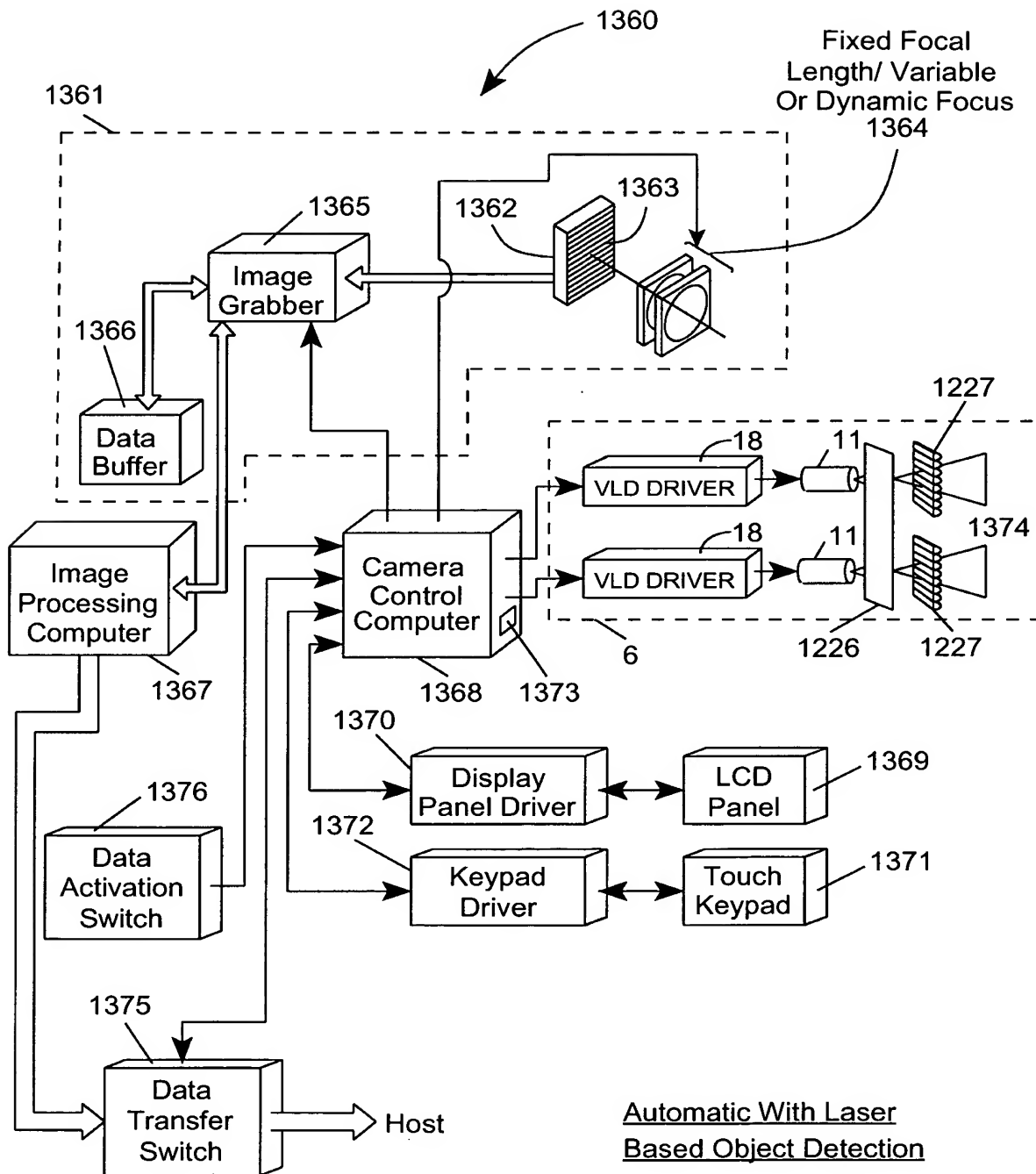


FIG. 40B3

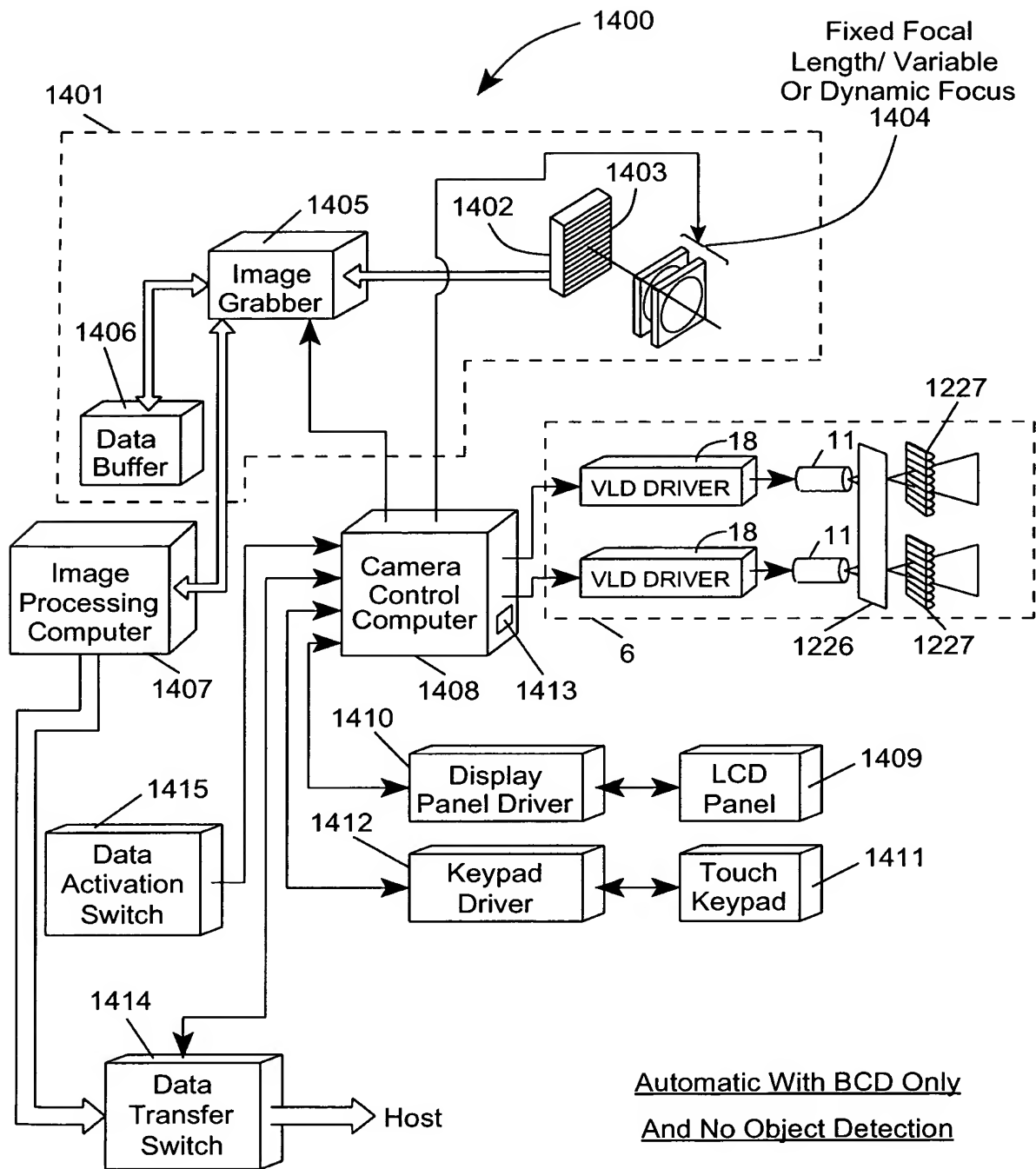


FIG. 40B5

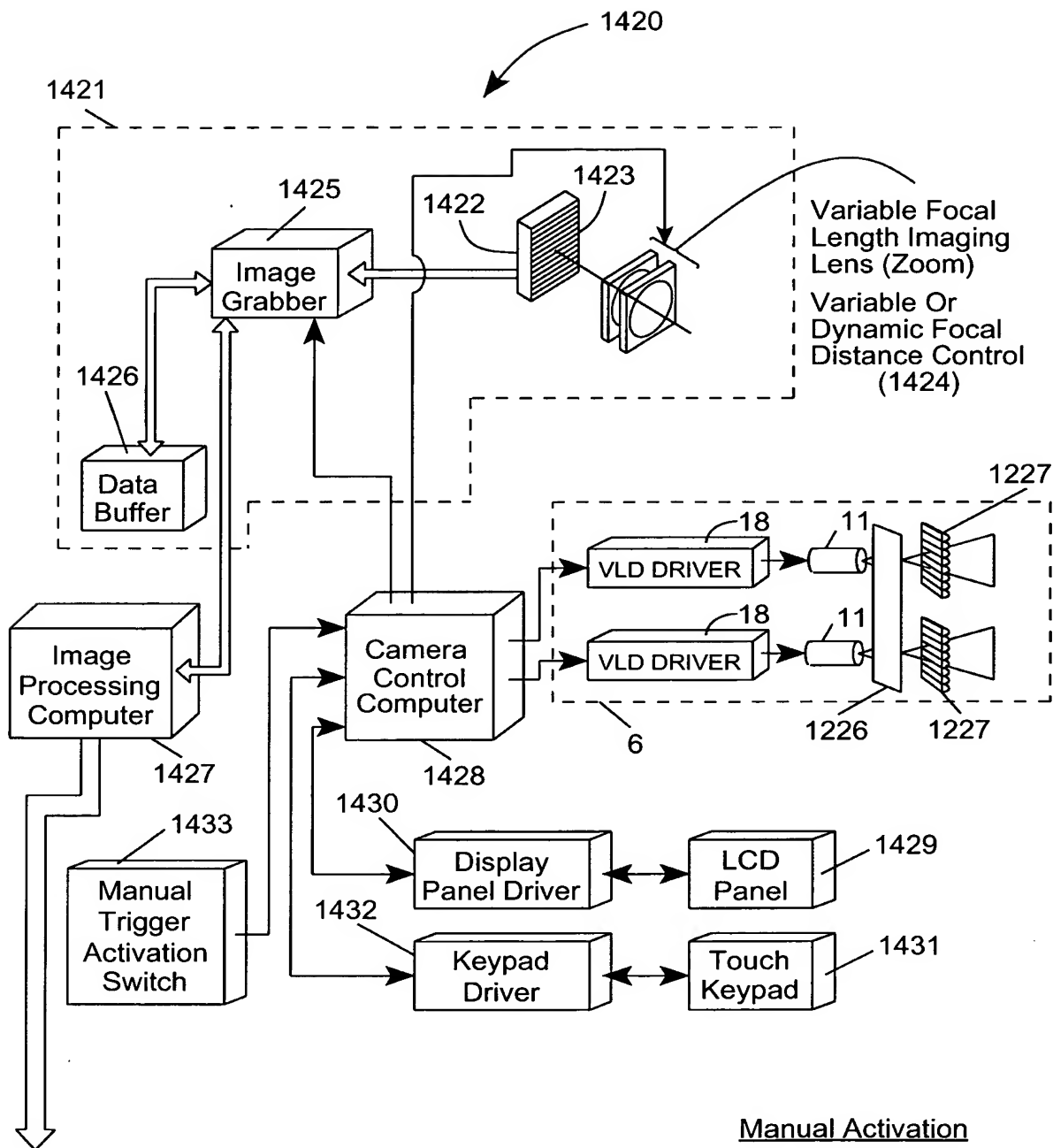


FIG. 40C1

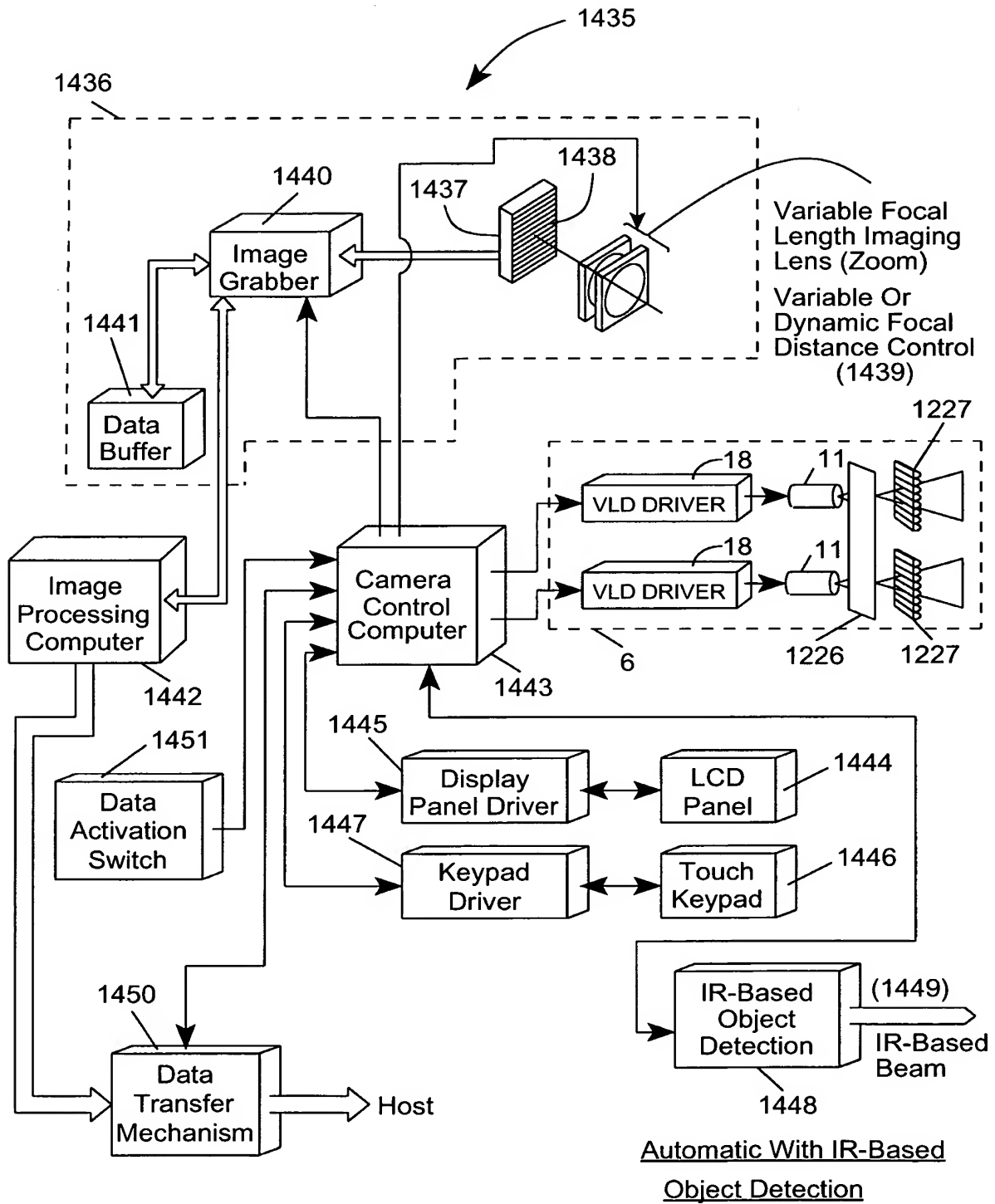


FIG. 40C2

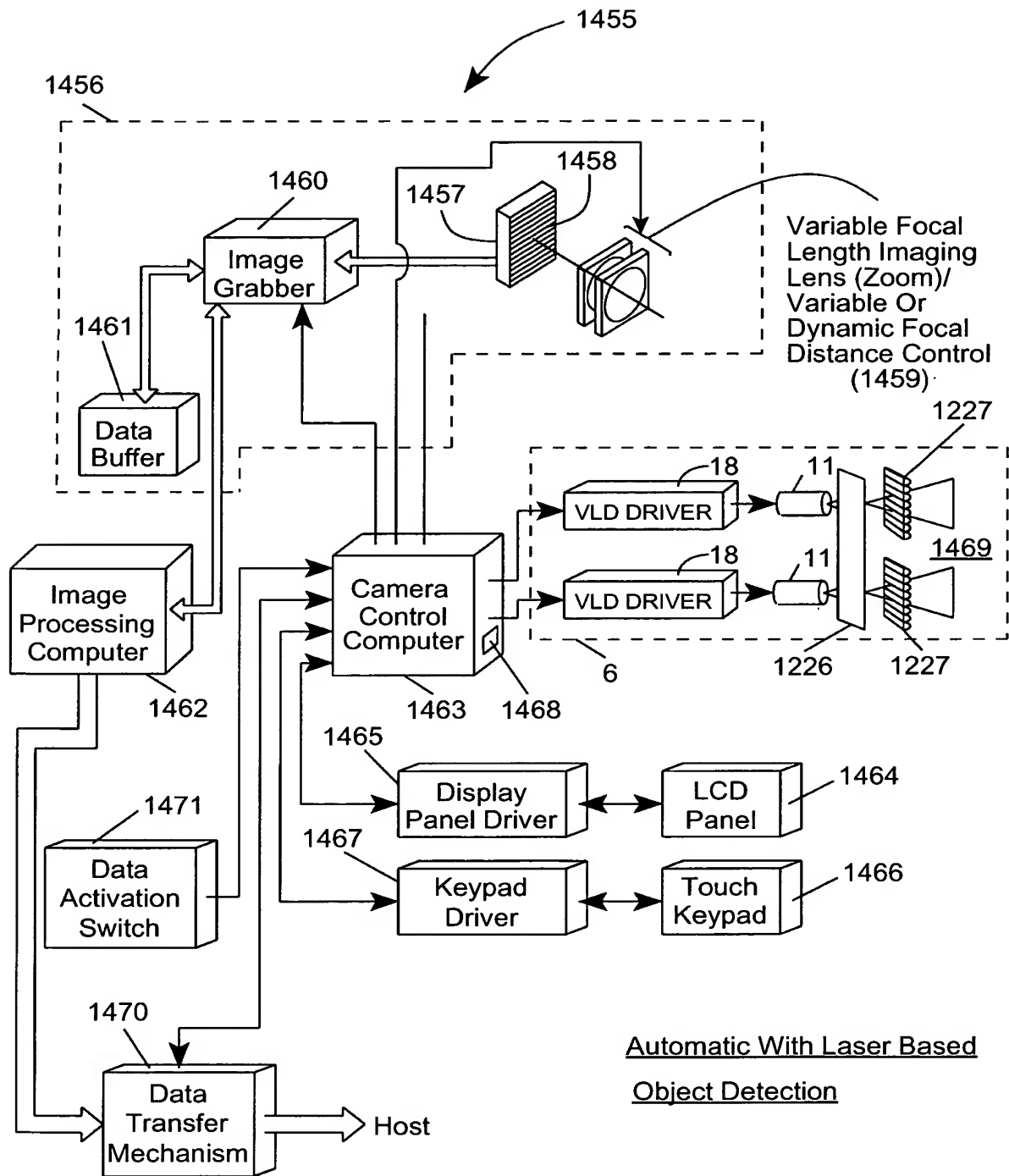


FIG. 40C3

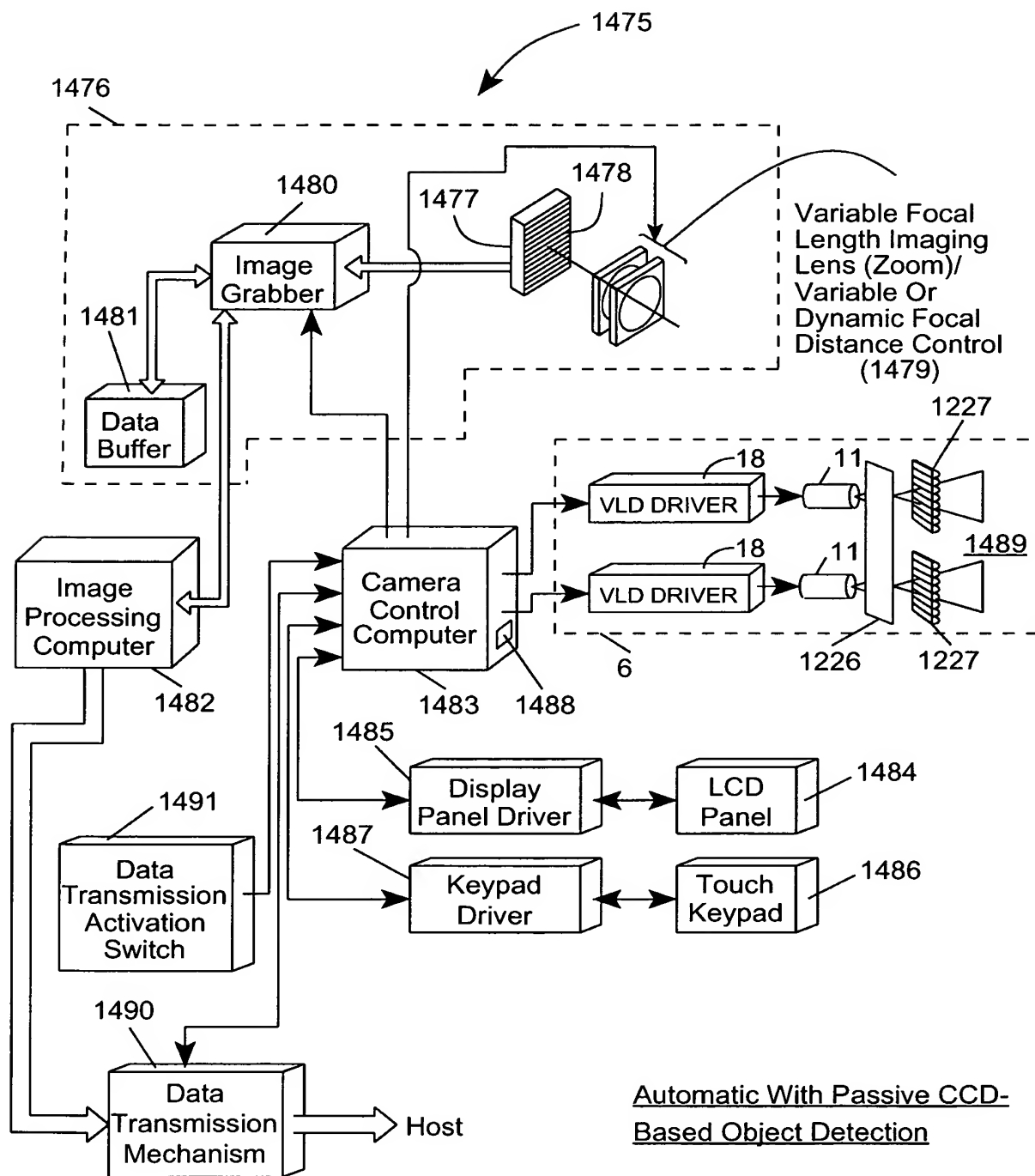


FIG. 40C4

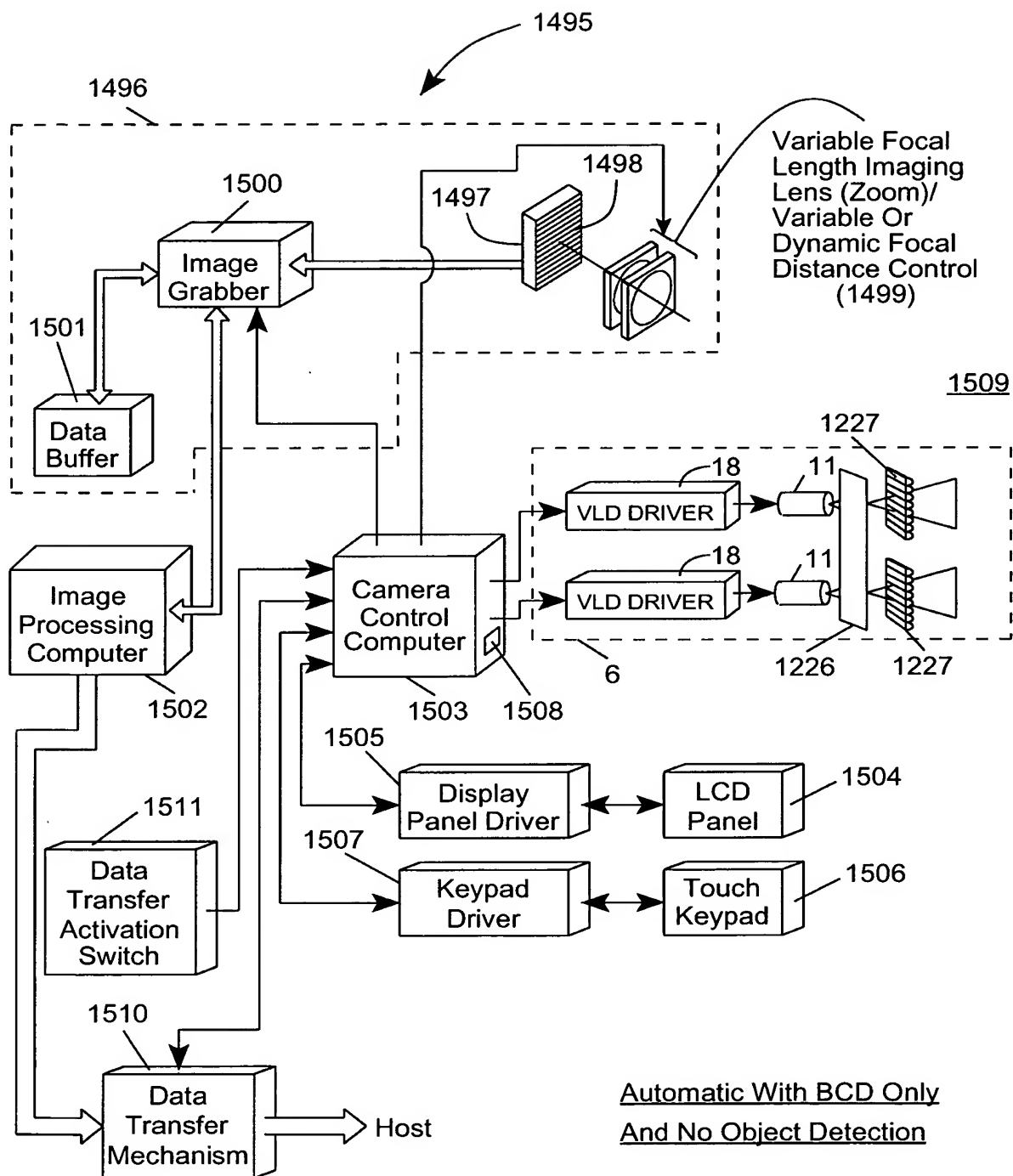


FIG. 40C5

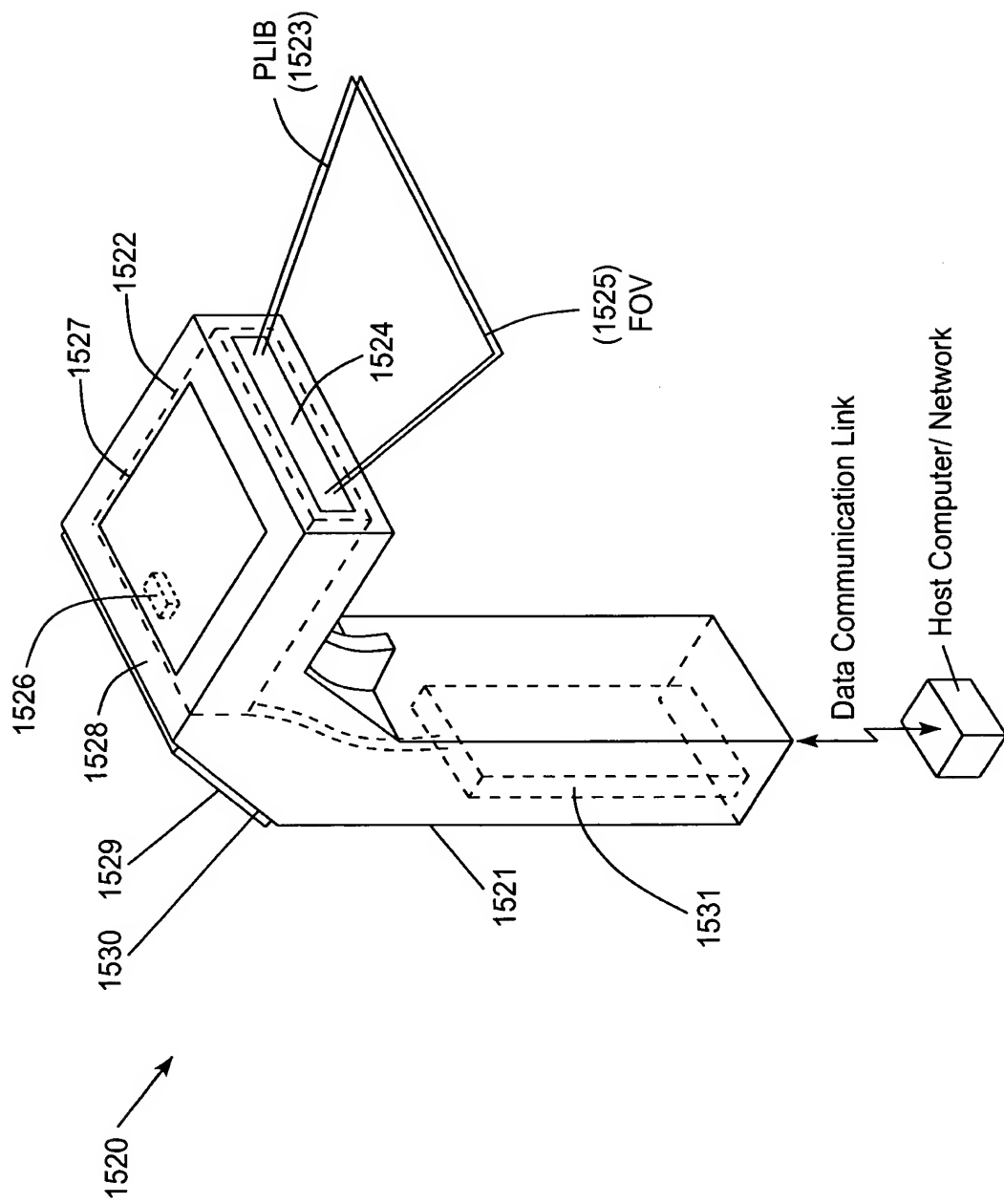


FIG. 41A

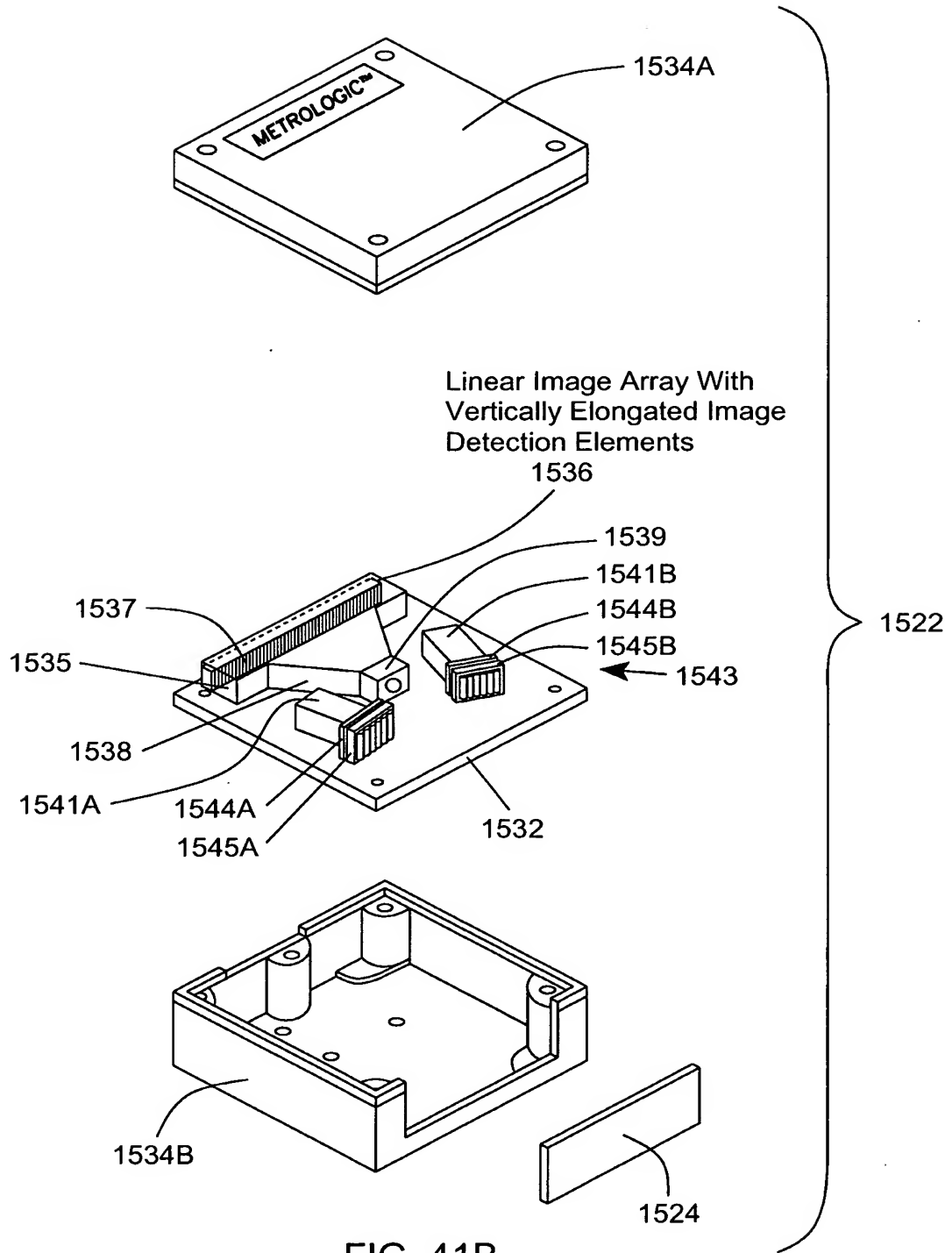


FIG. 41B

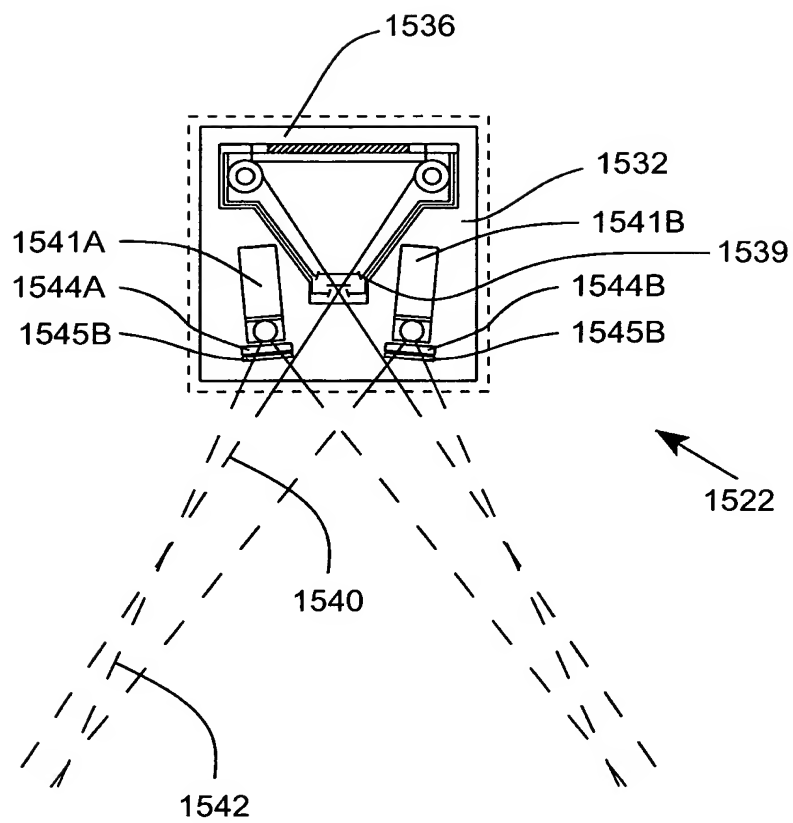


FIG. 41C

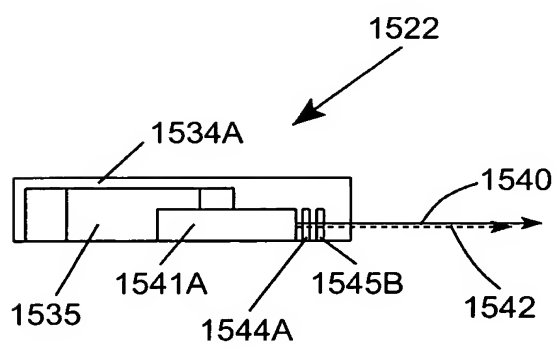
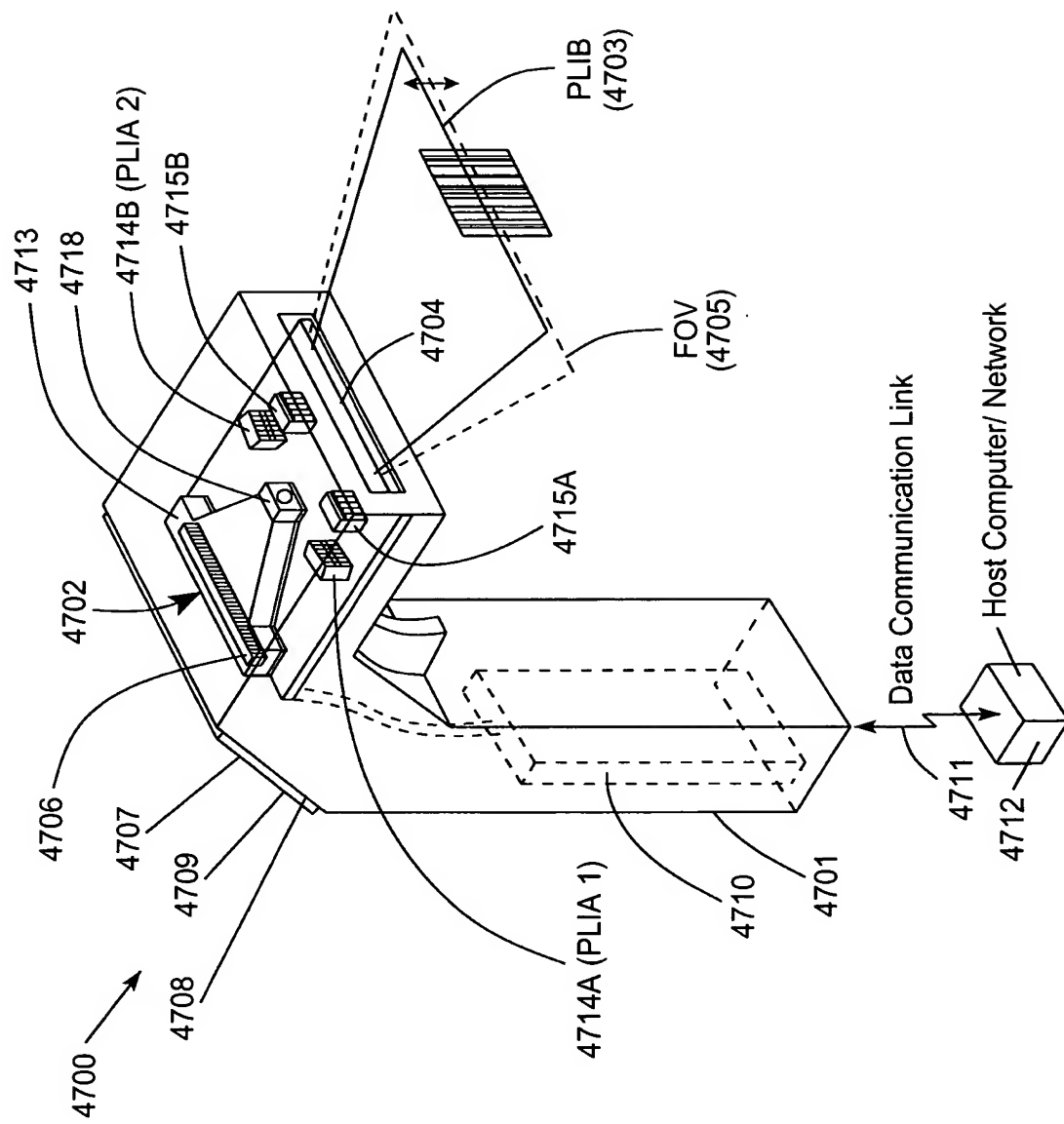


FIG. 41D



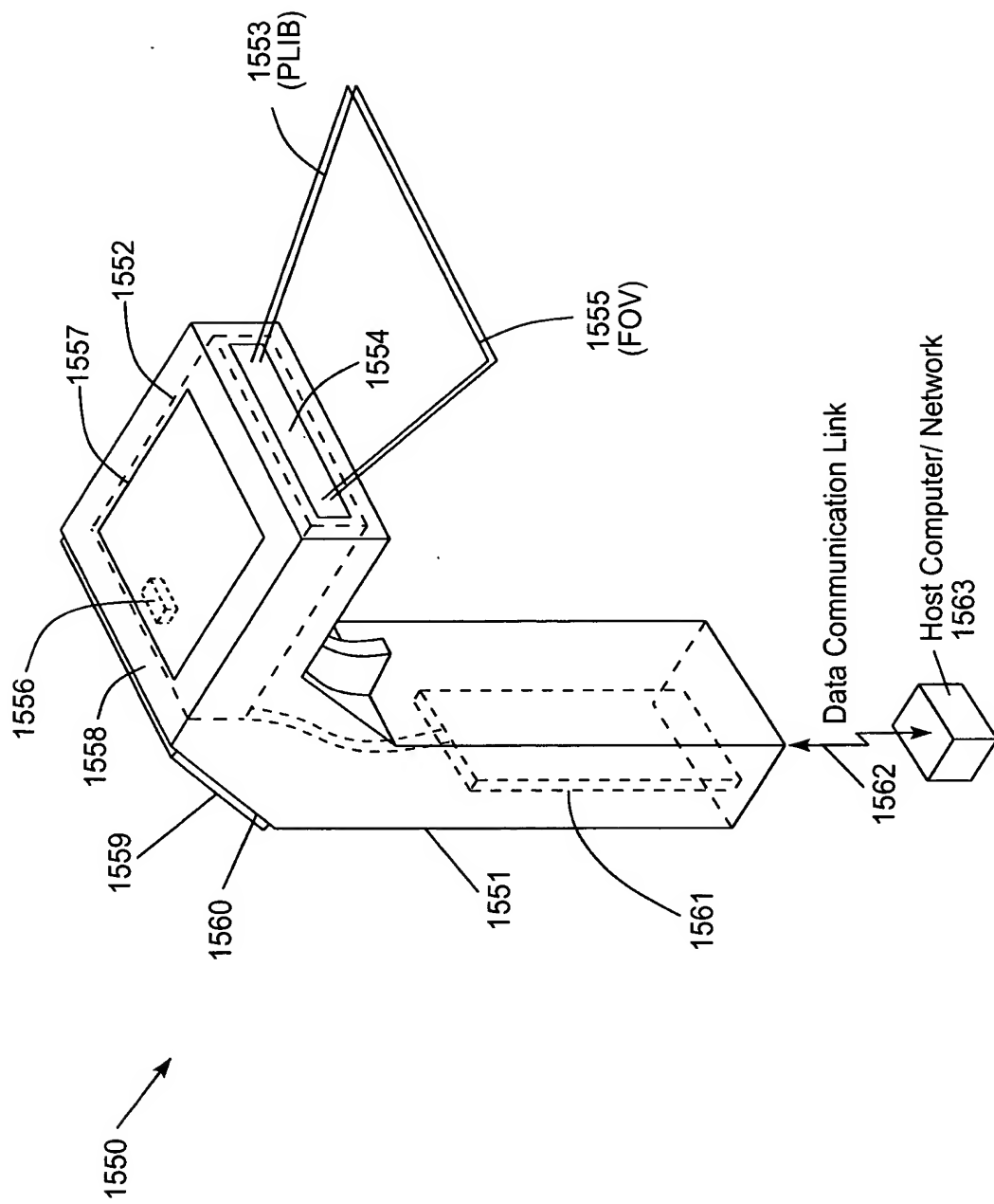


FIG. 42A

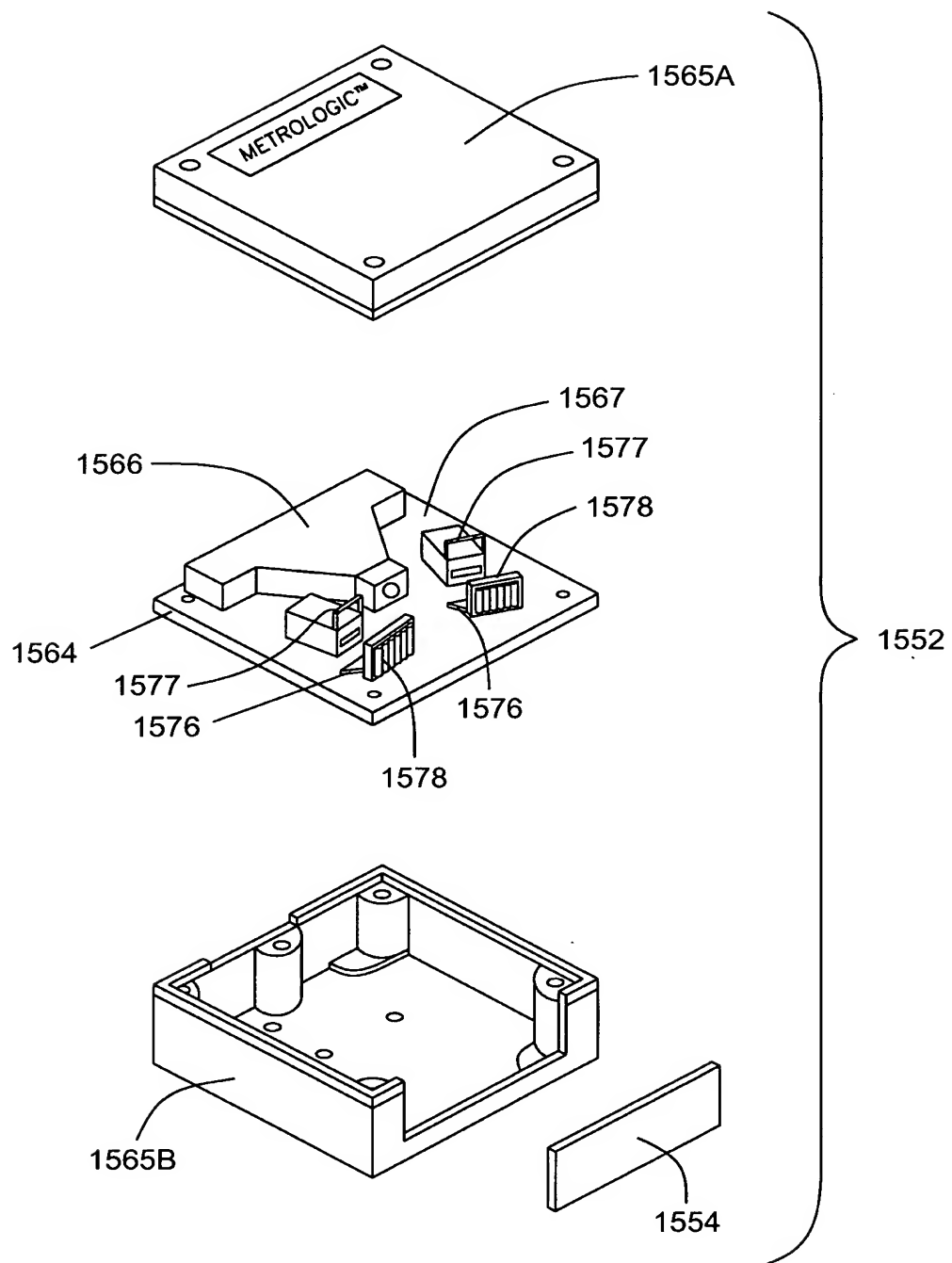


FIG. 42B

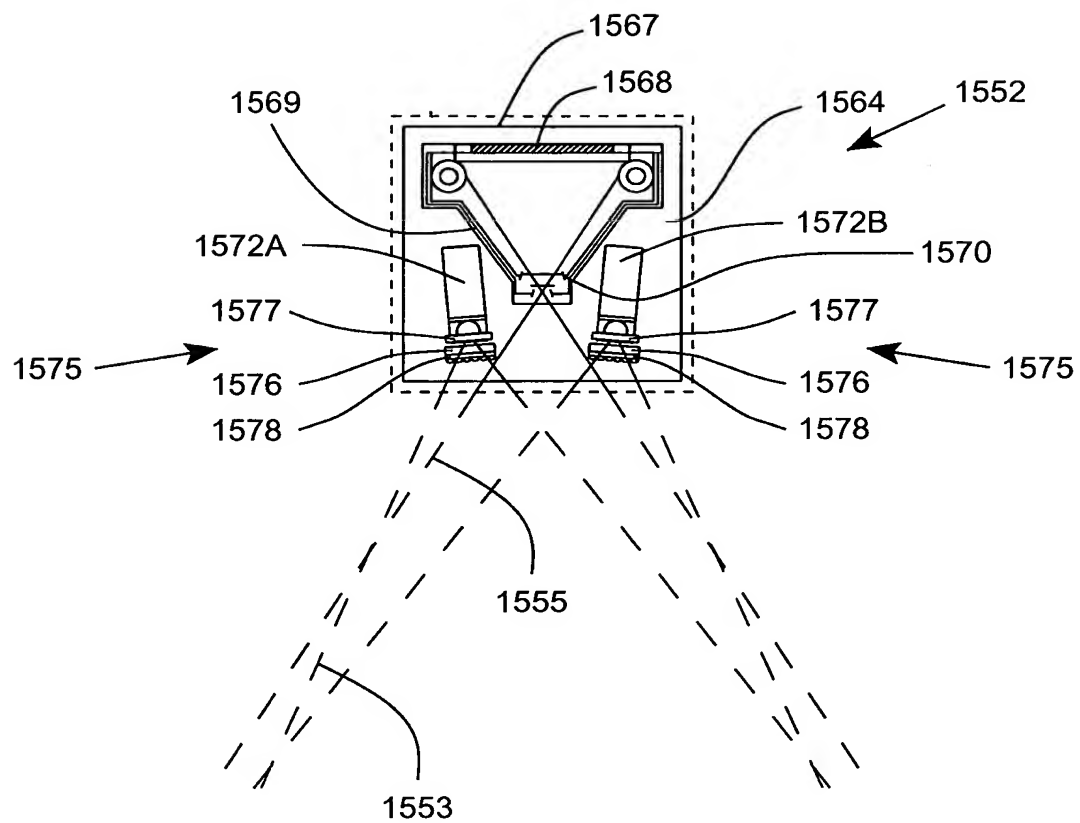


FIG. 42C

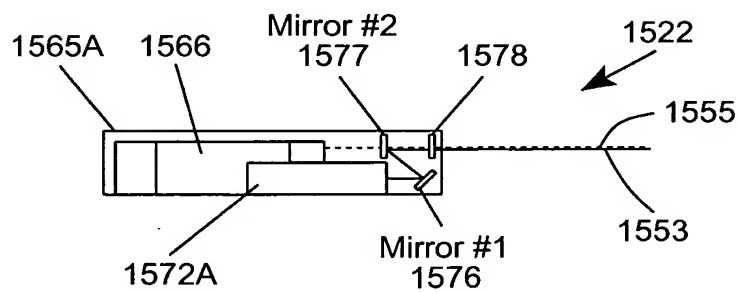


FIG. 42D

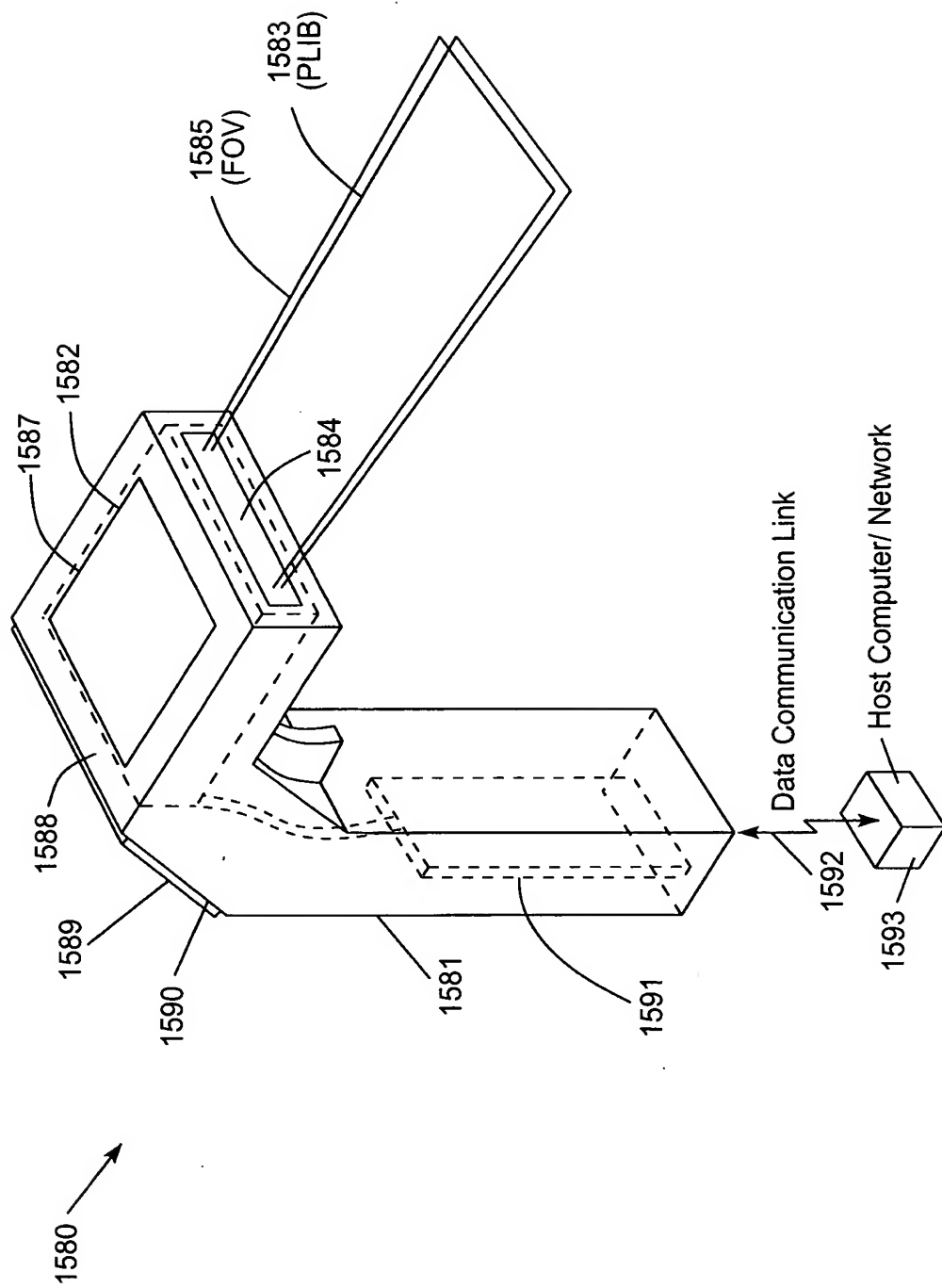


FIG. 43A

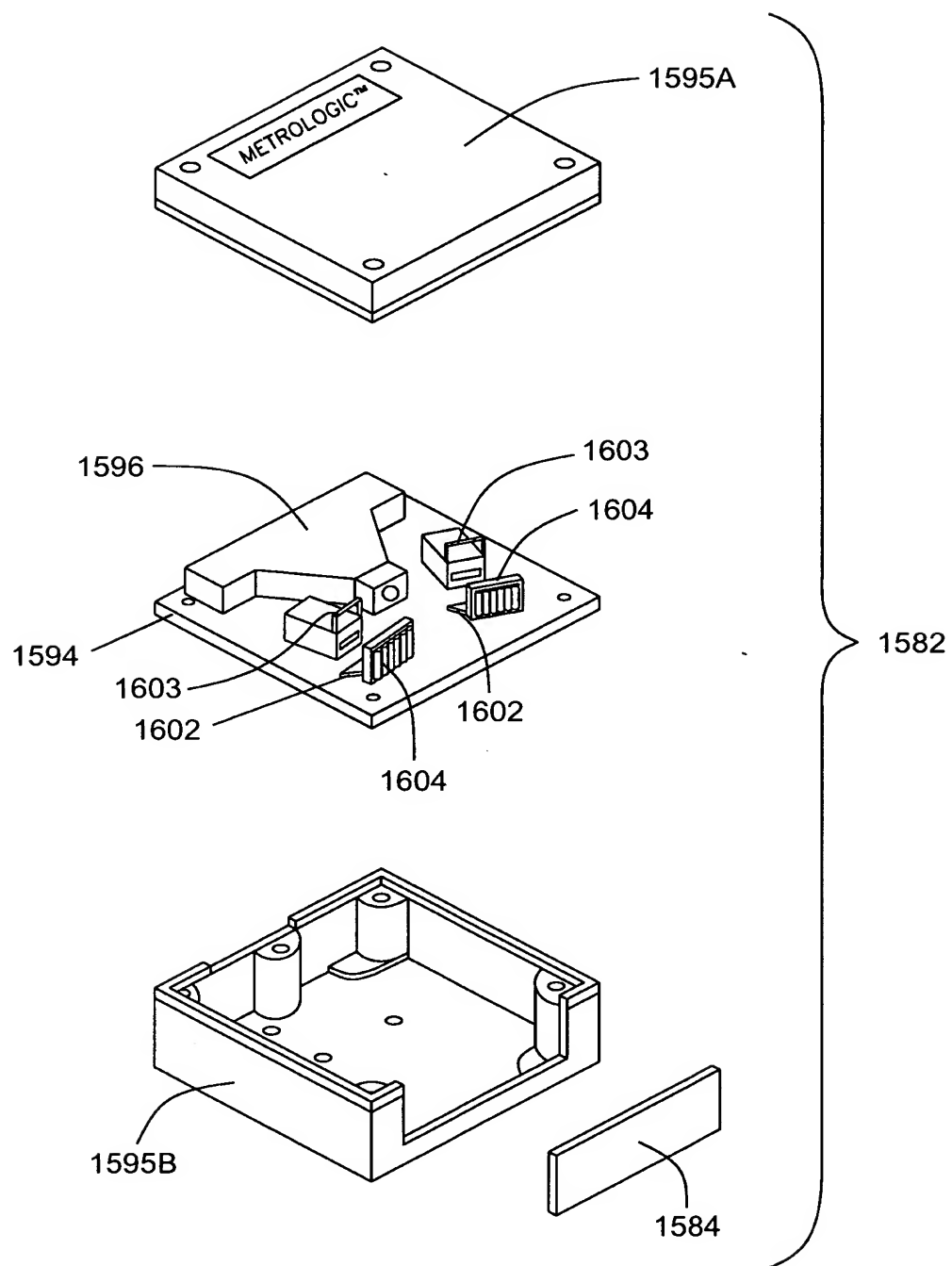


FIG. 43B

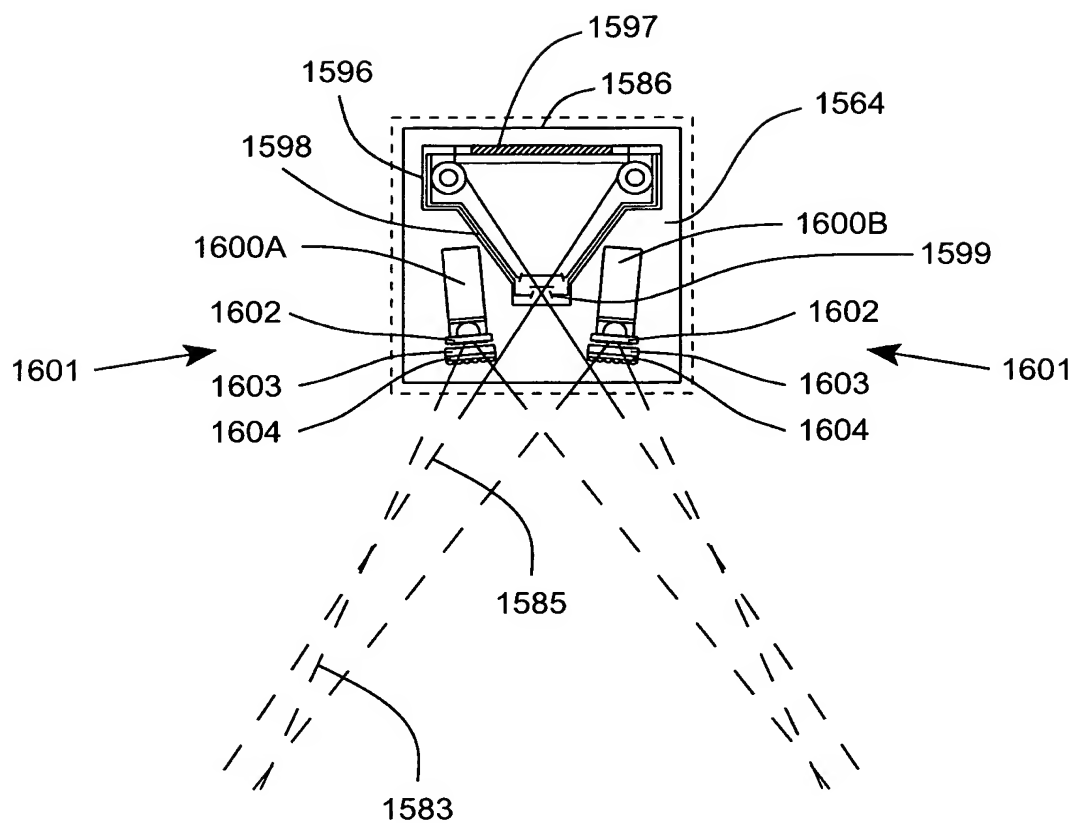


FIG. 43C

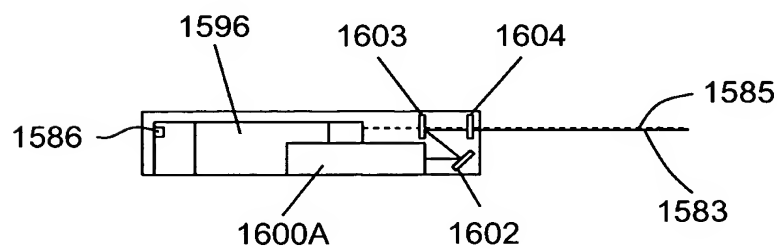


FIG. 43D

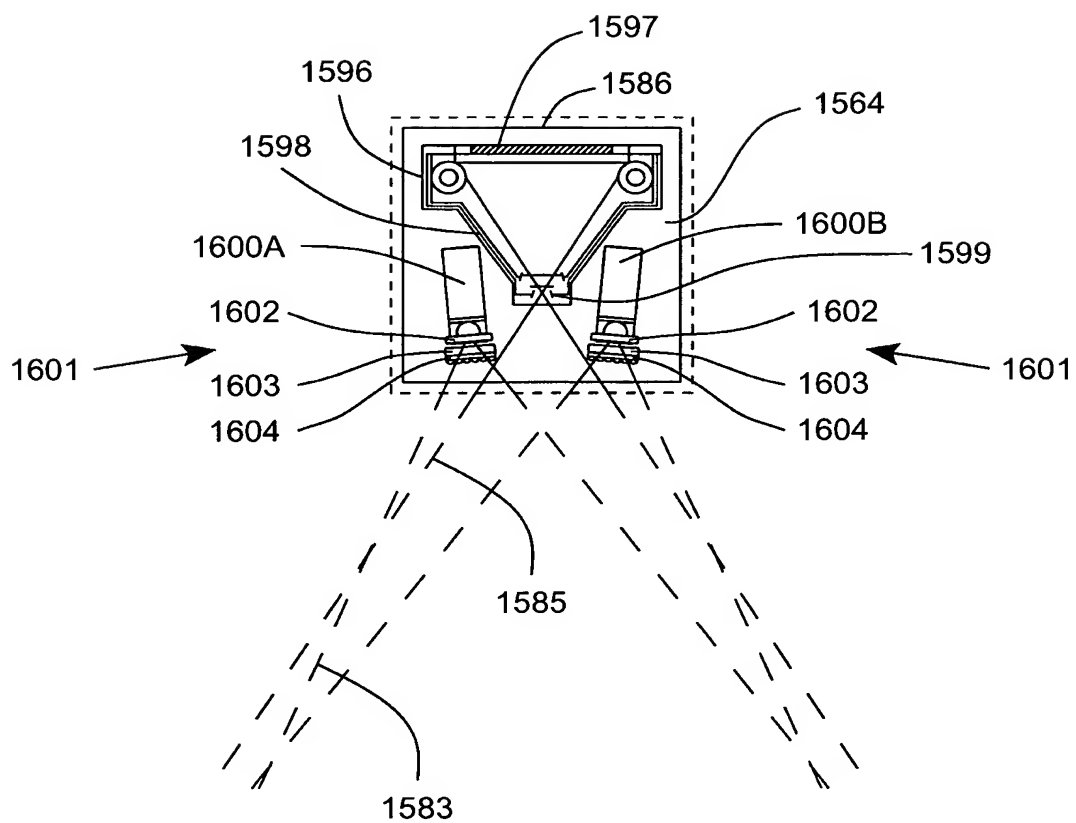


FIG. 43C

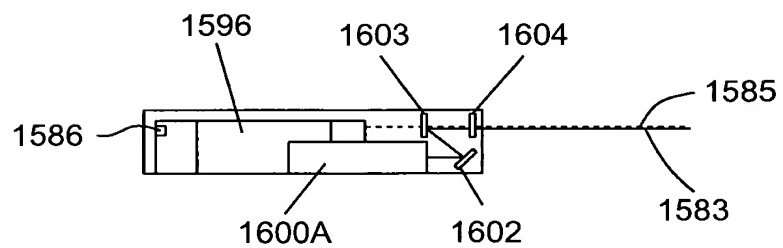


FIG. 43D

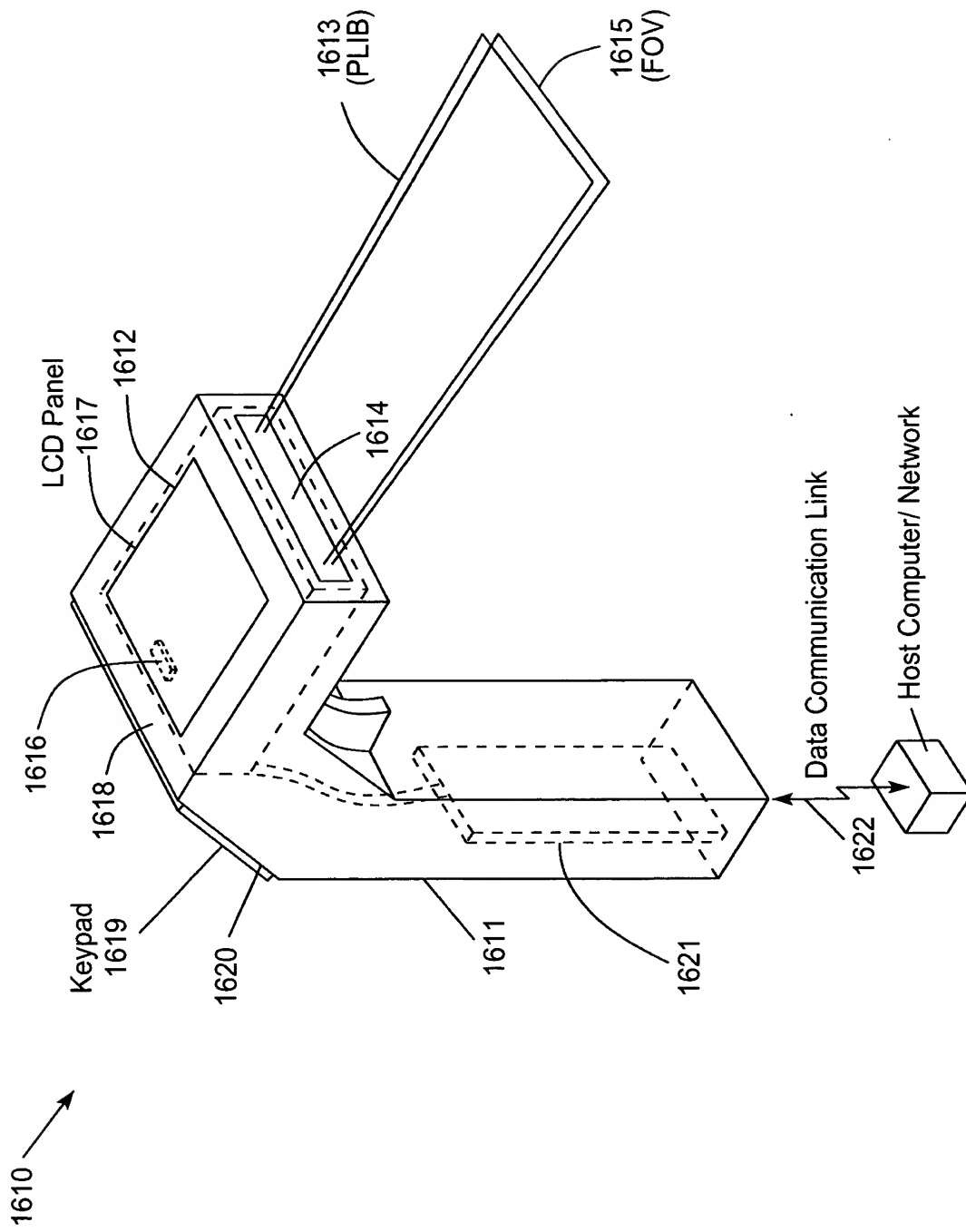


FIG. 44A

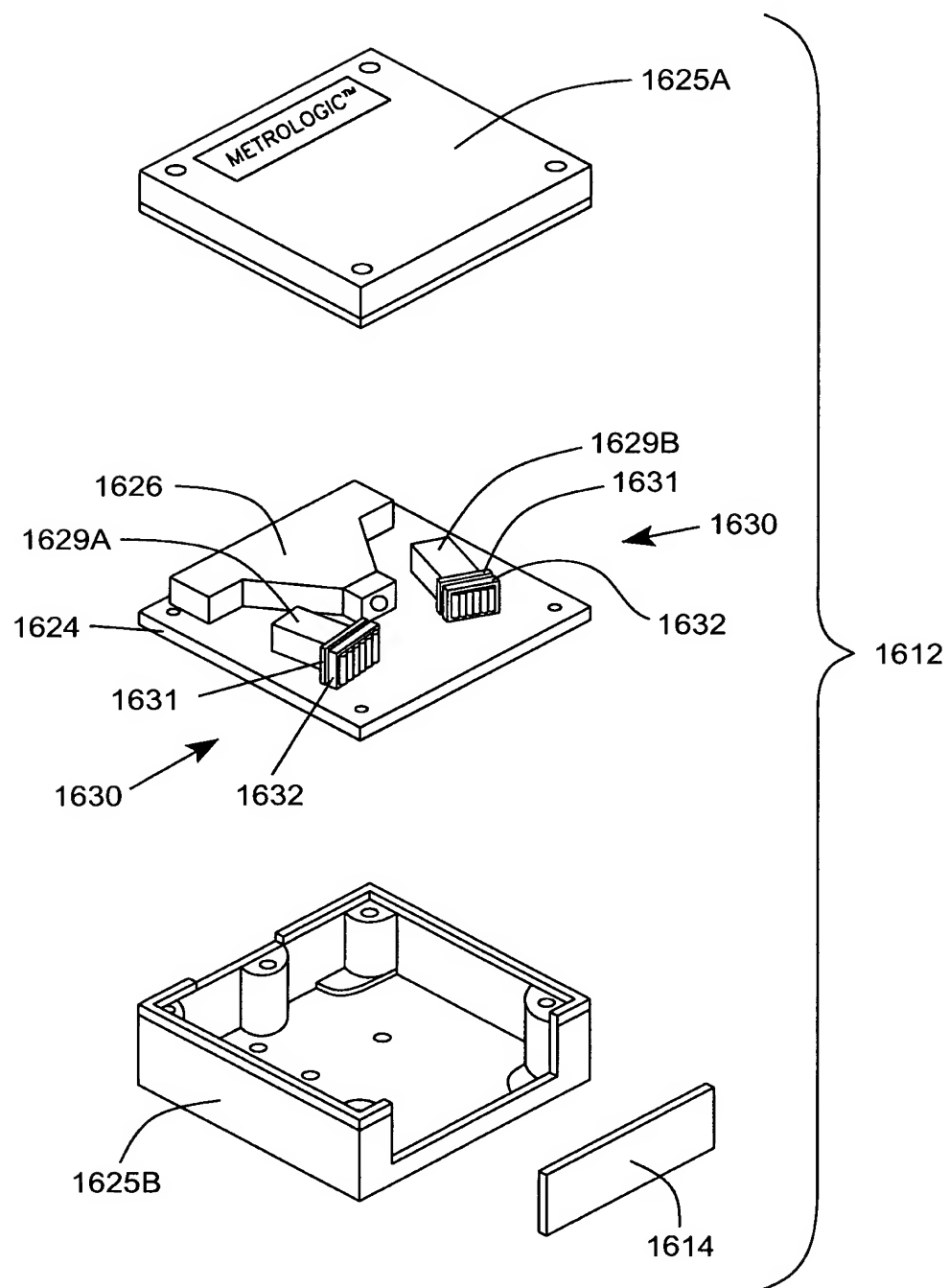


FIG. 44B

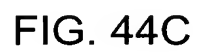


FIG. 44C

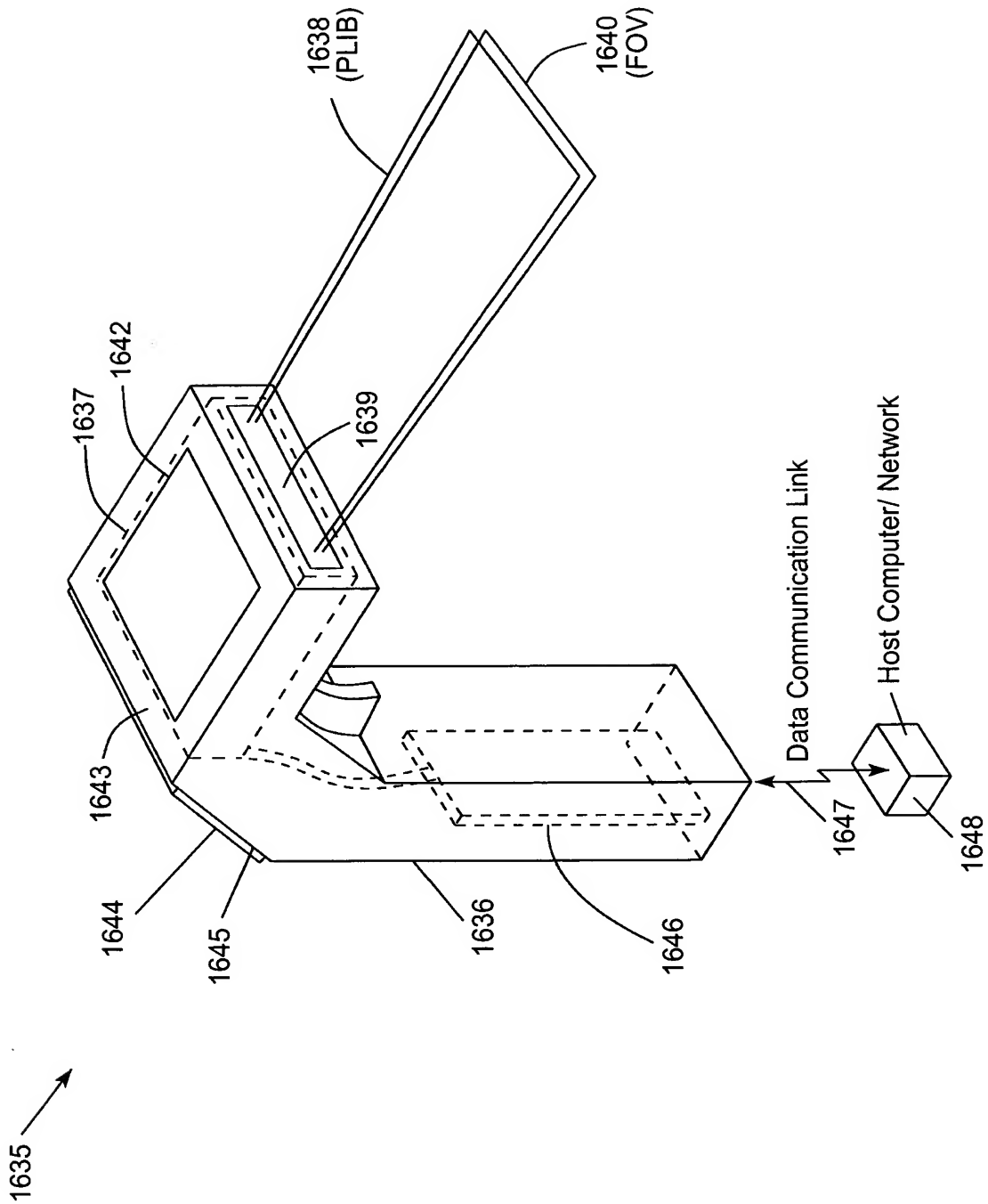


FIG. 45A

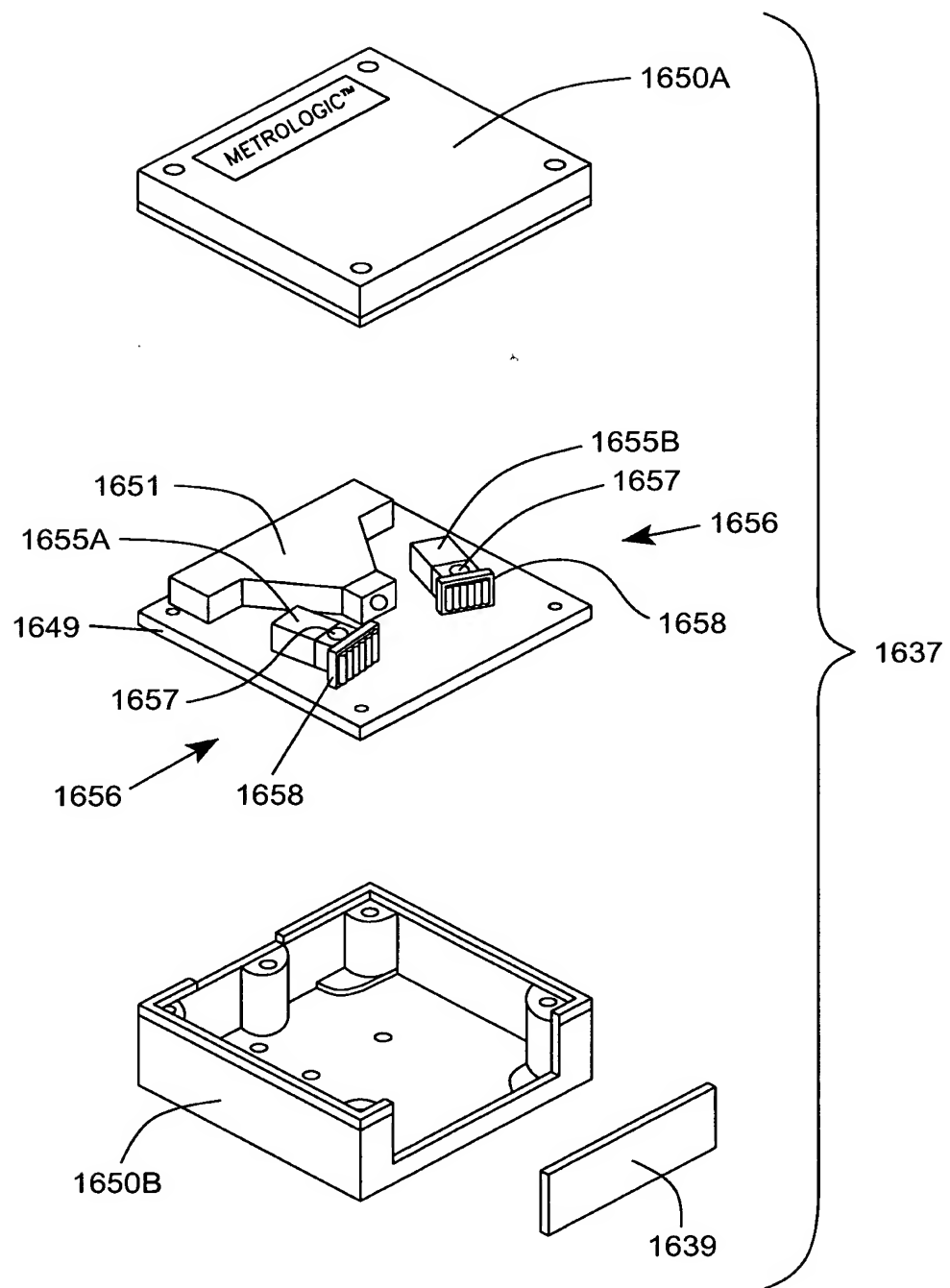


FIG. 45B

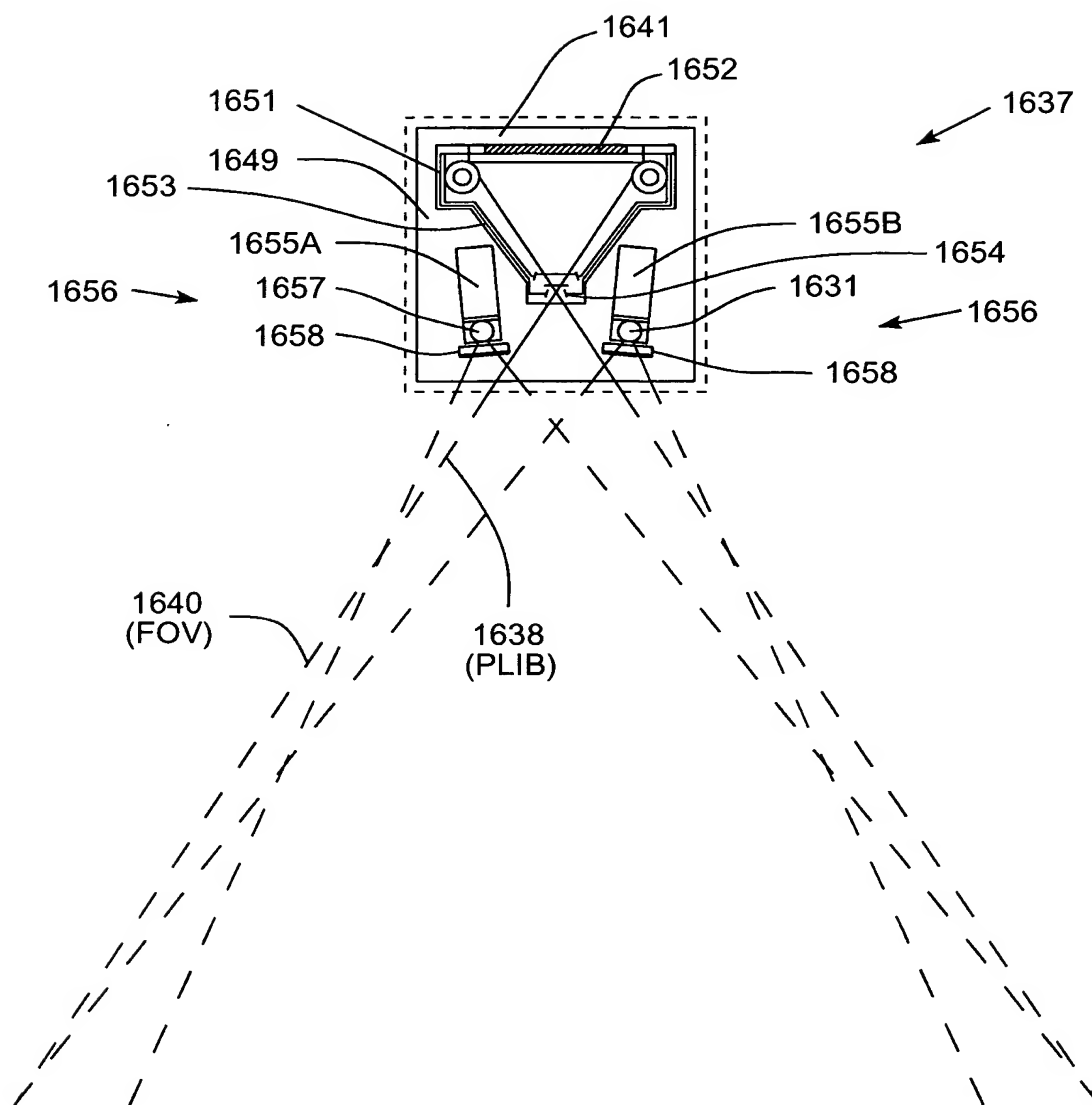


FIG. 45C

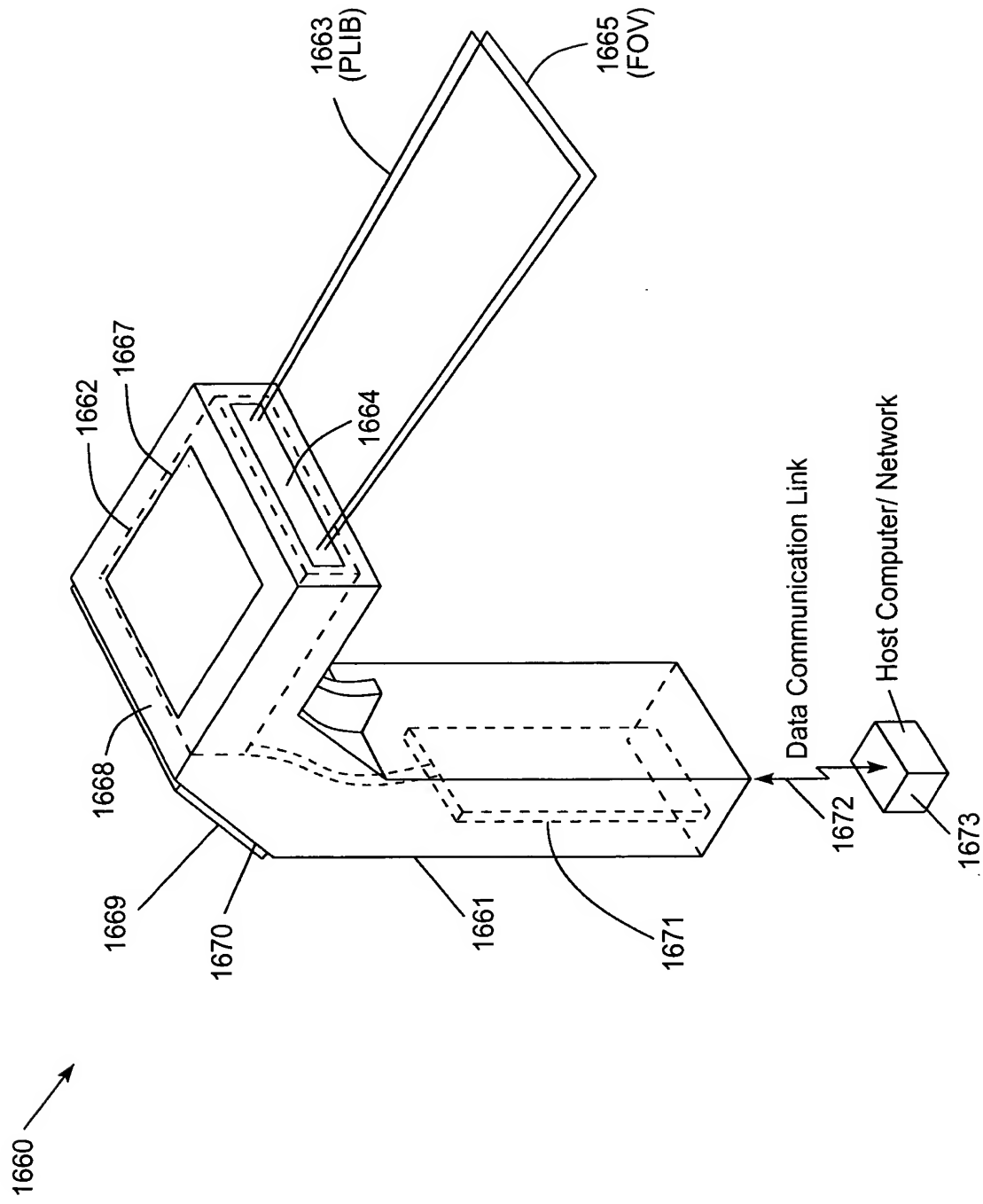


FIG. 46A

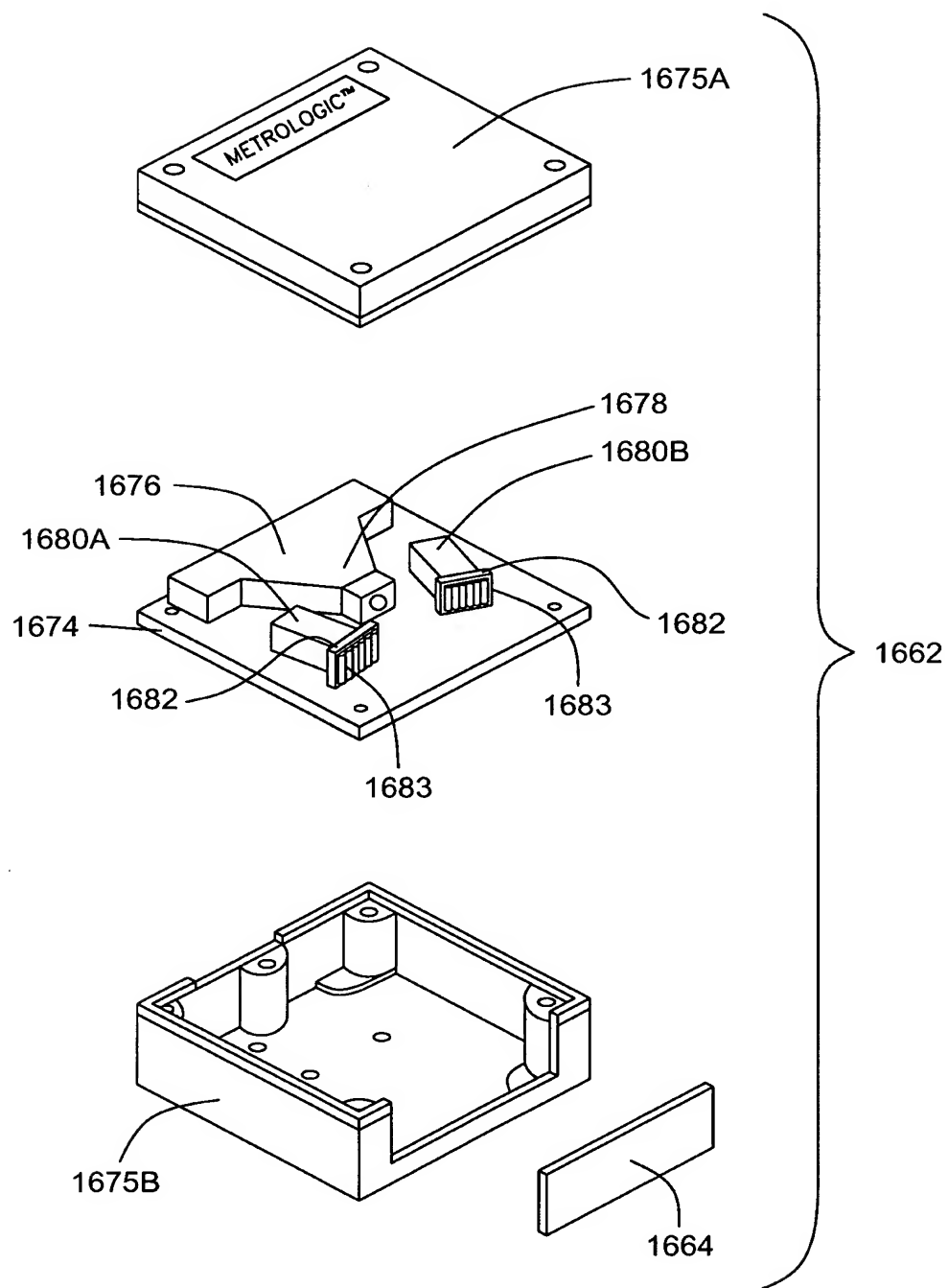


FIG. 46B

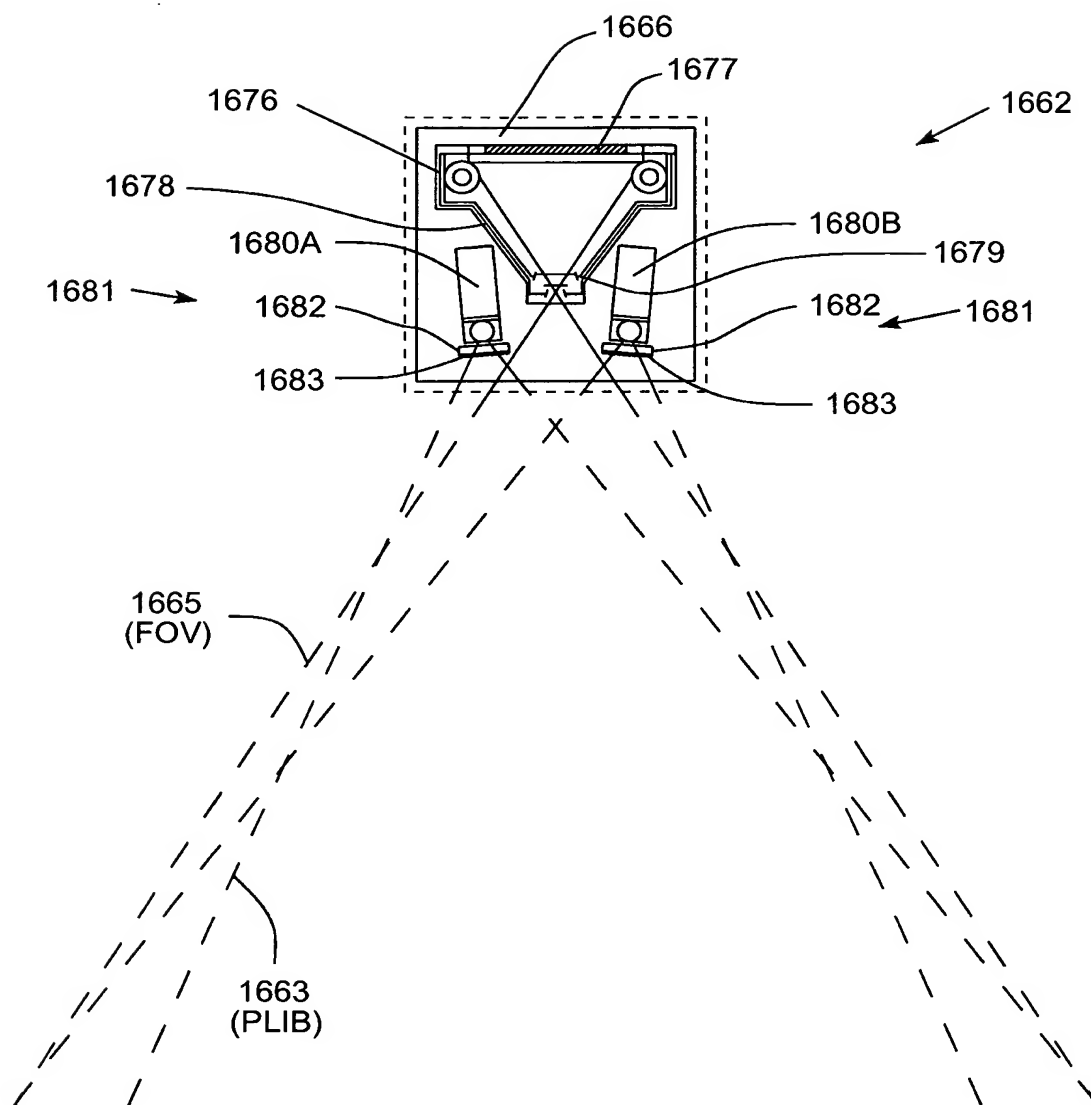
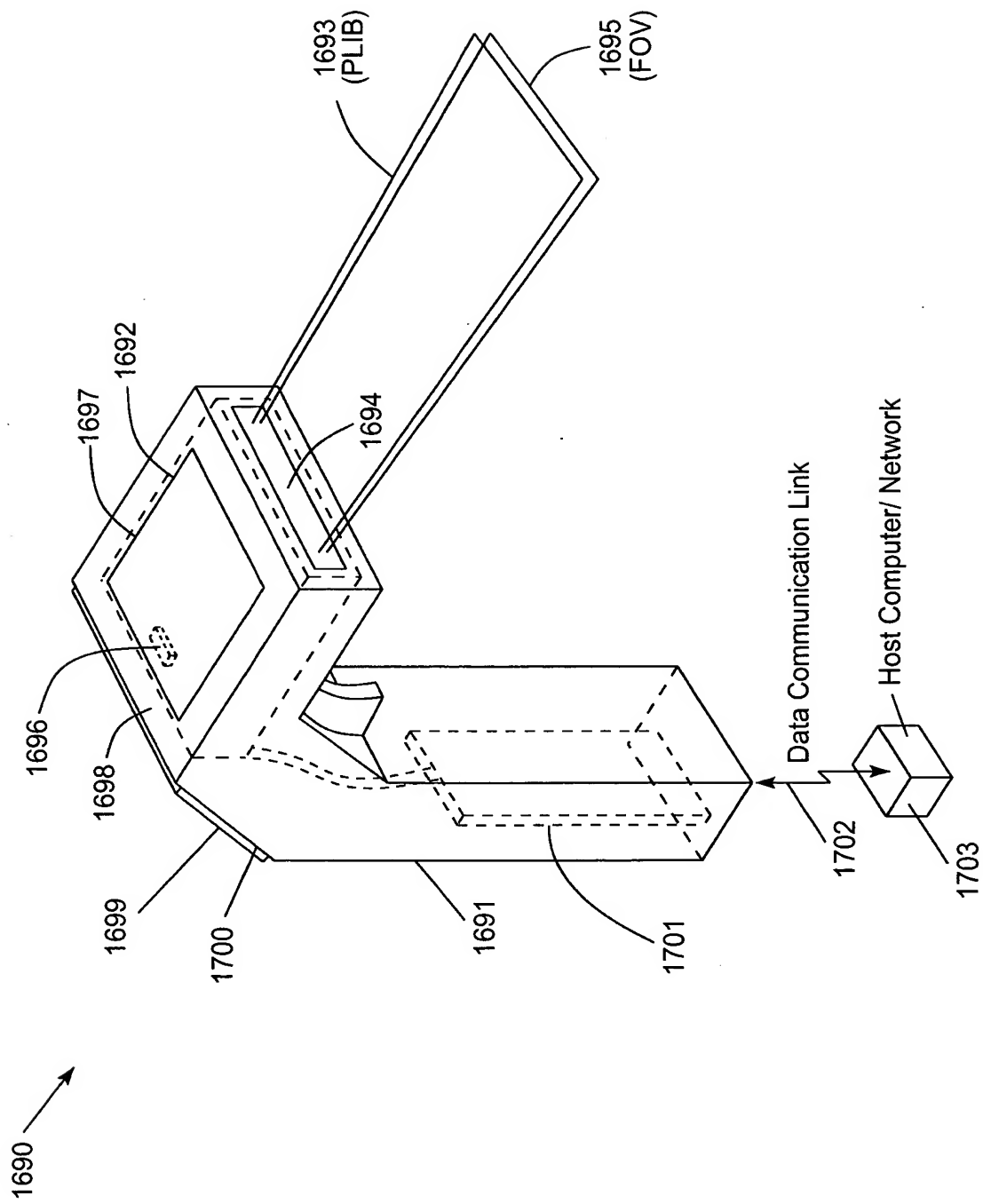


FIG. 46C



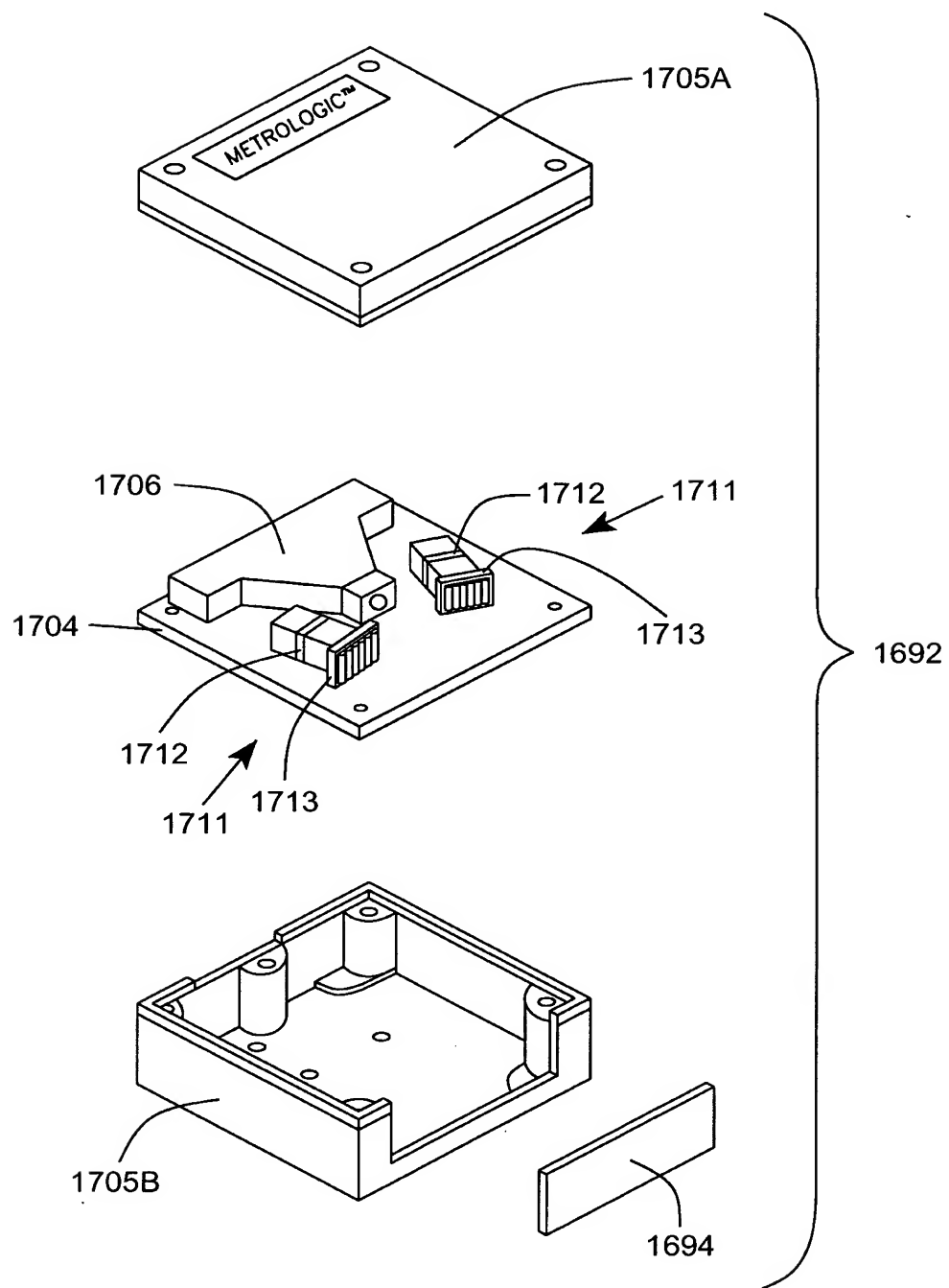


FIG. 47B

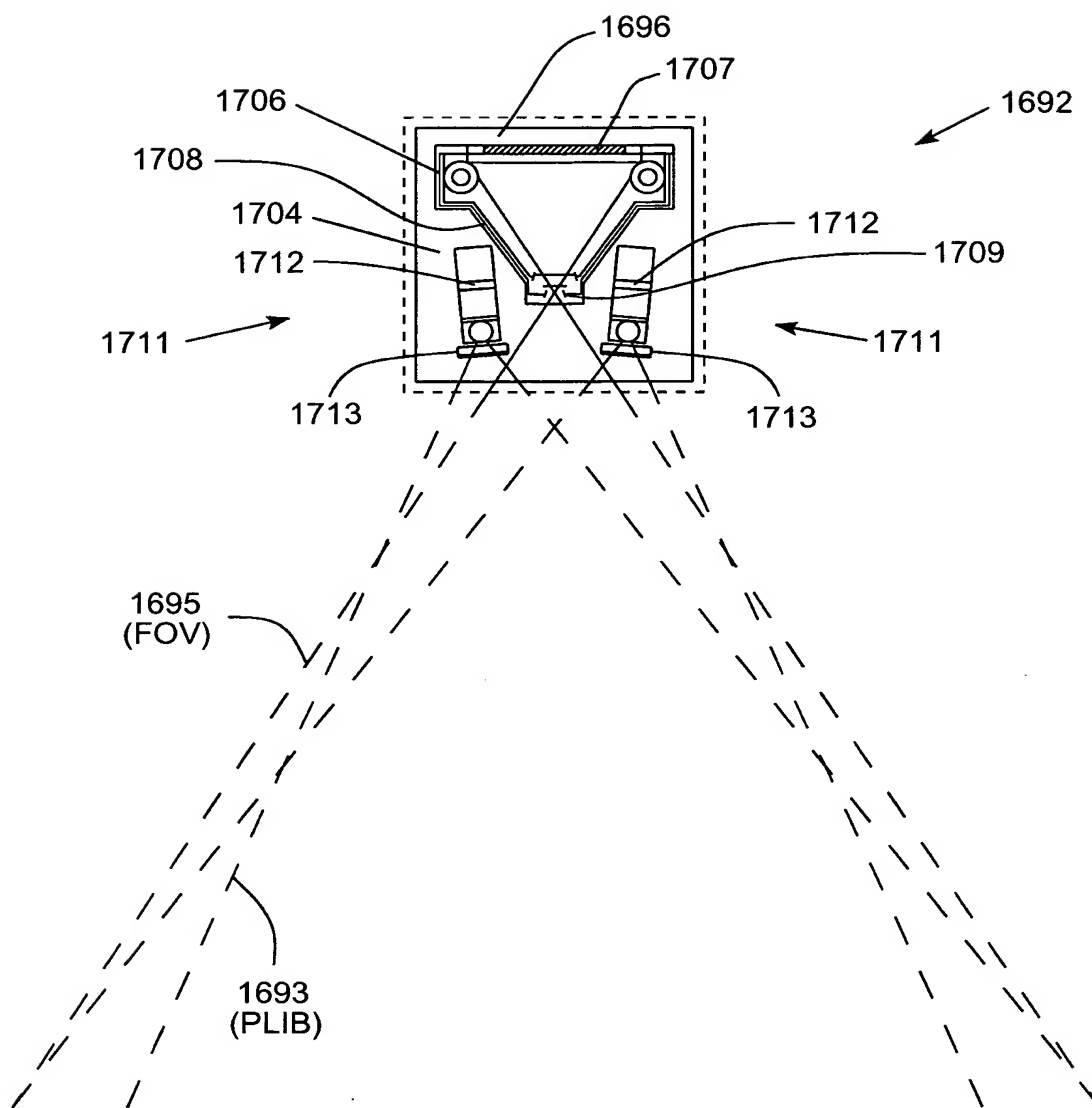


FIG. 47C

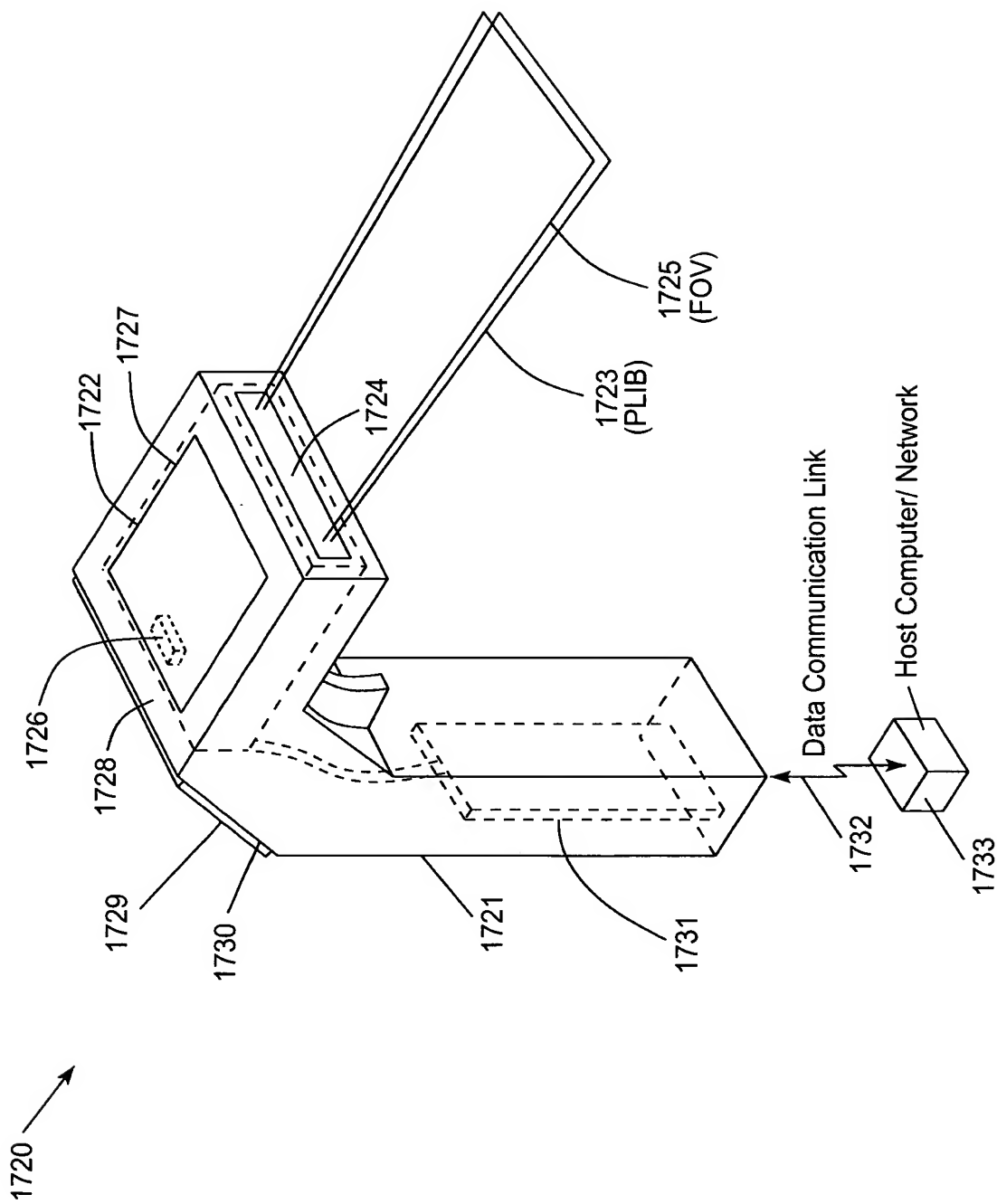


FIG. 48A

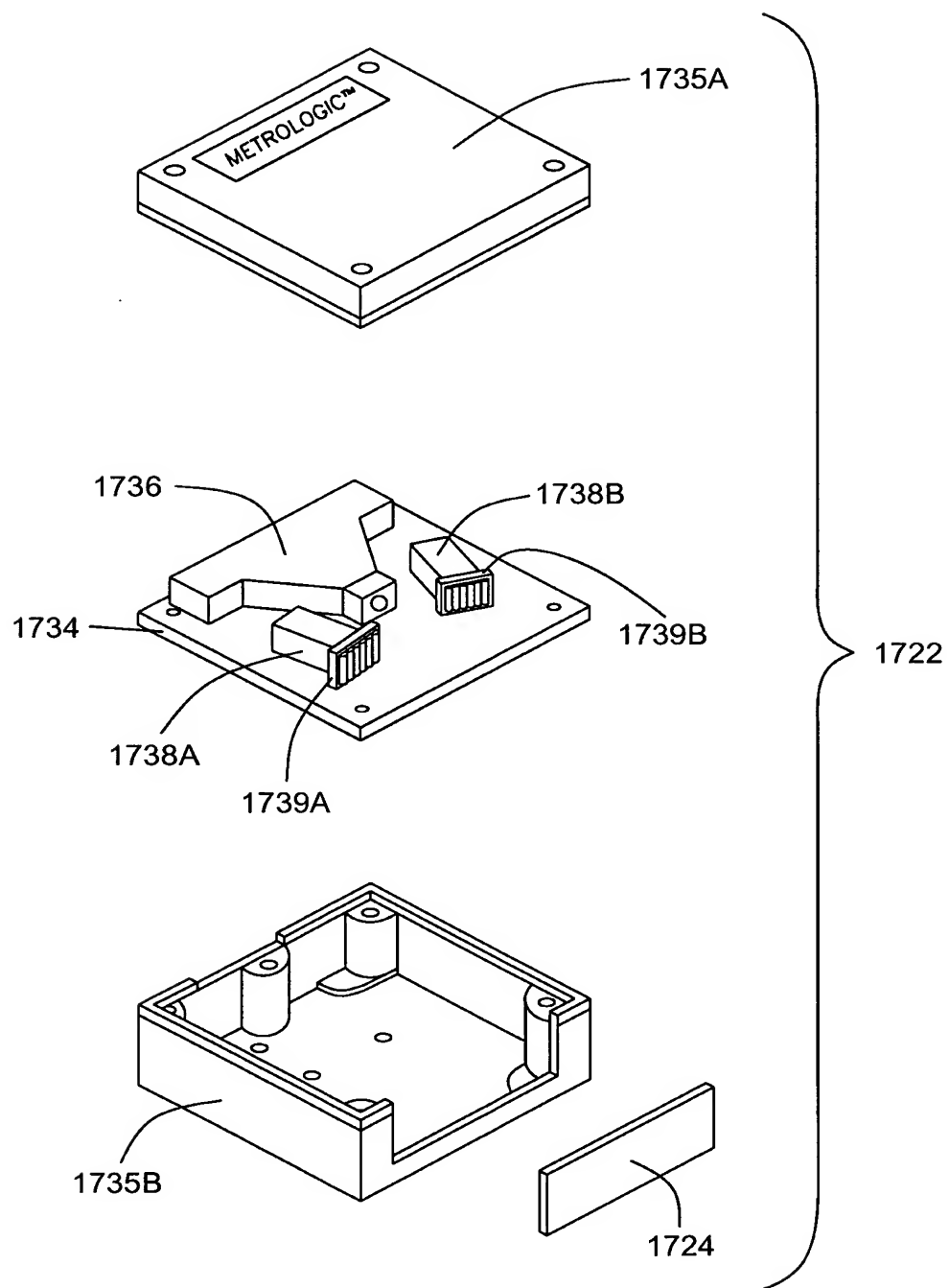


FIG. 48B

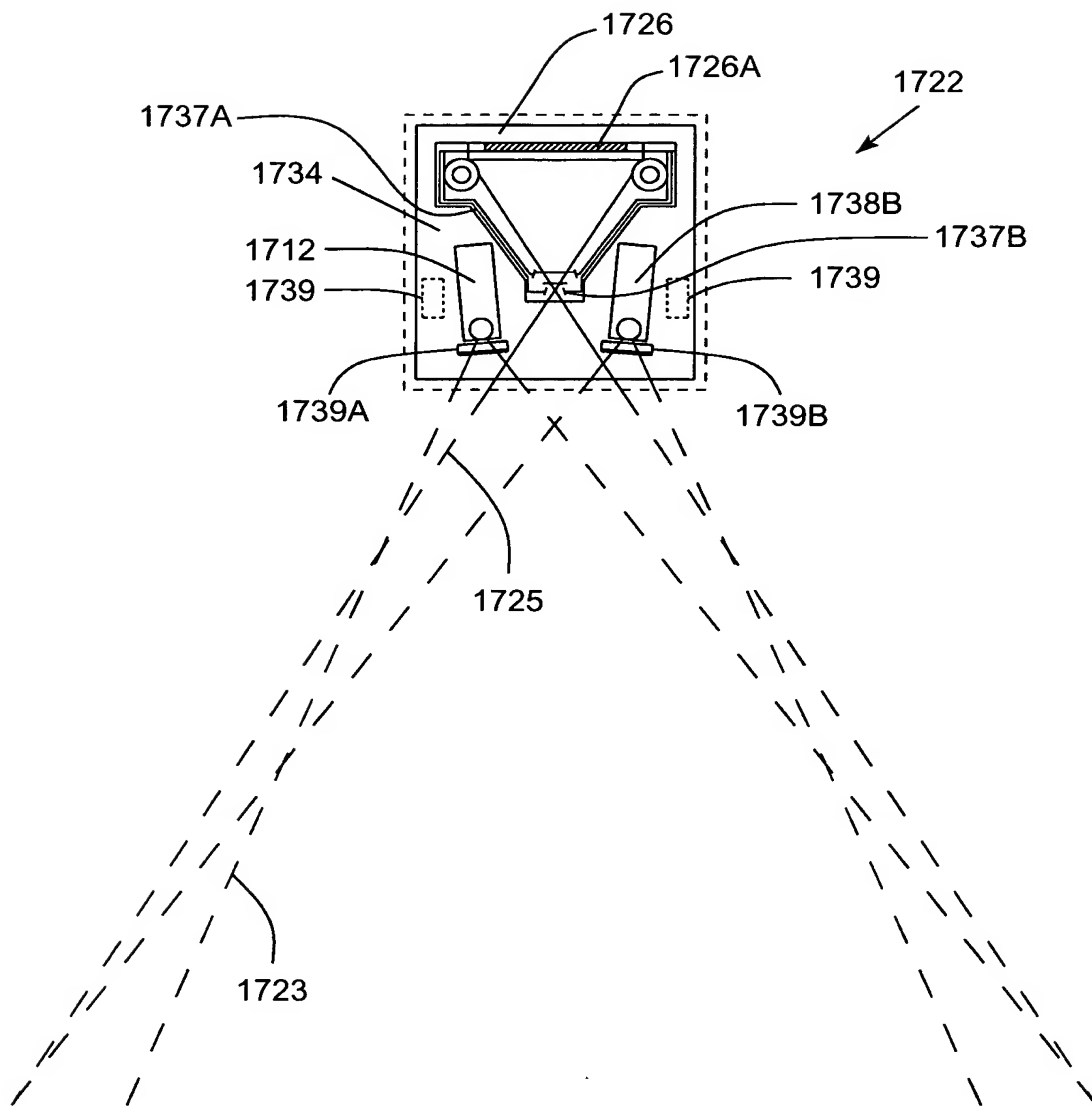


FIG. 48C

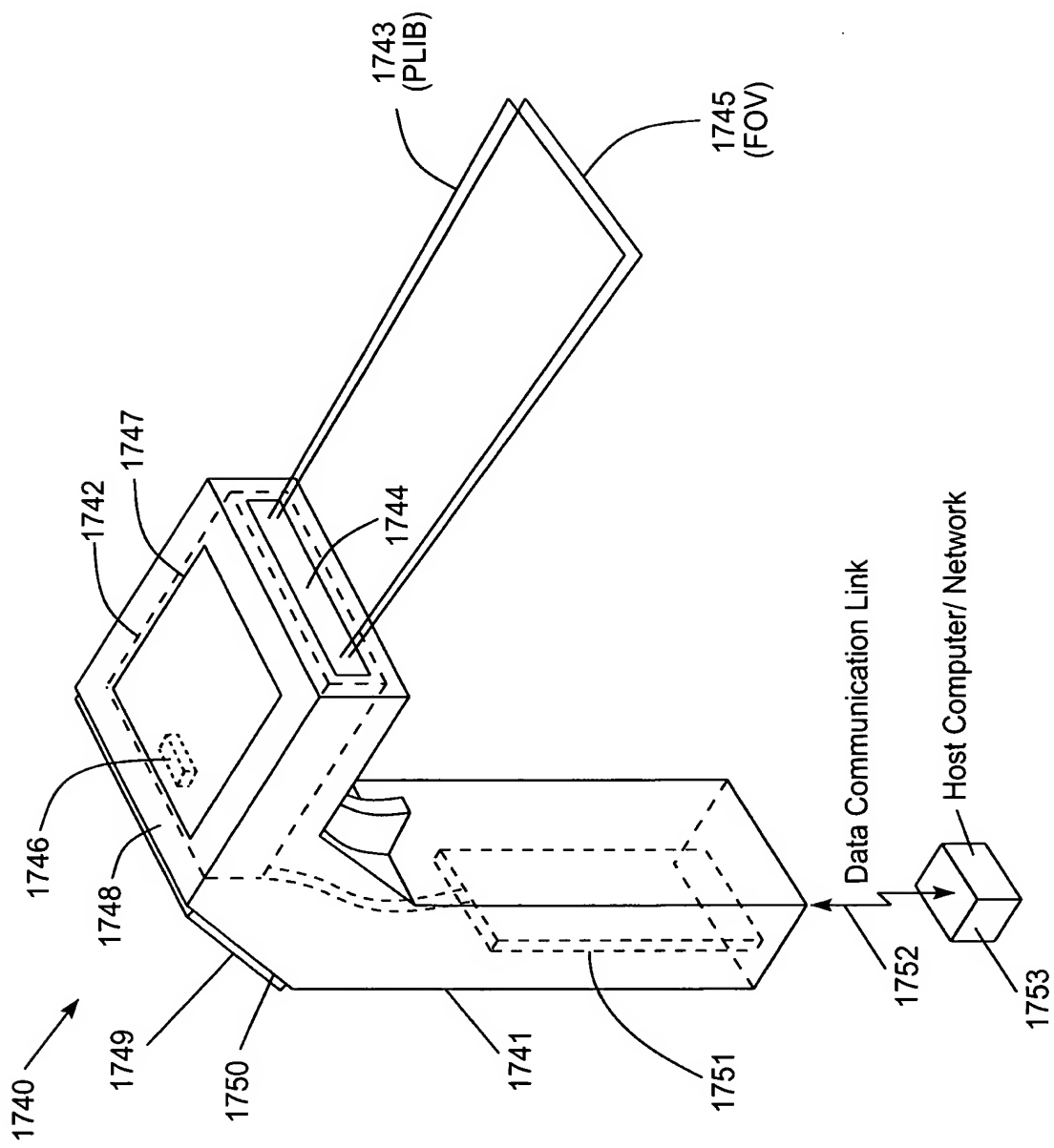


FIG. 49A

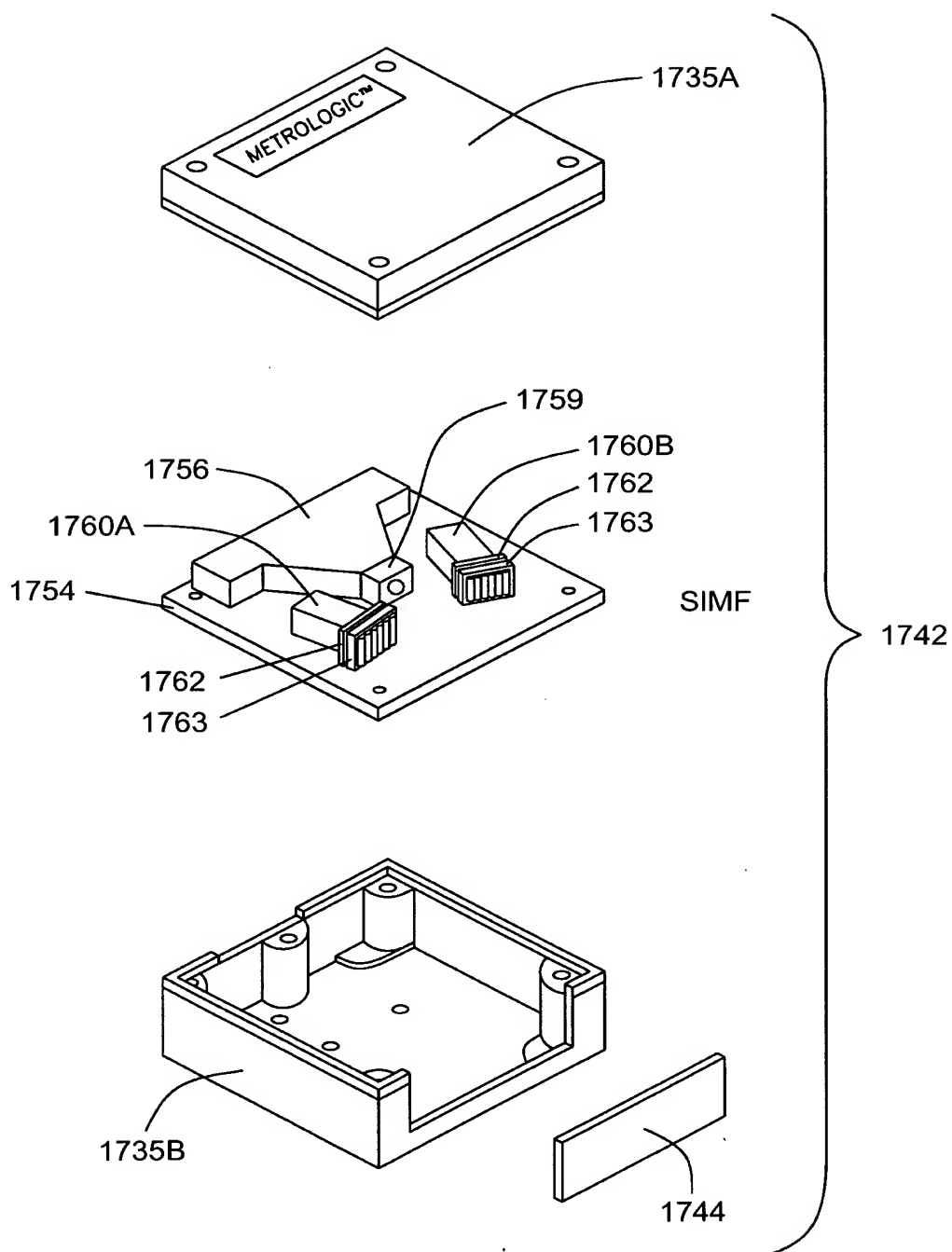


FIG. 49B

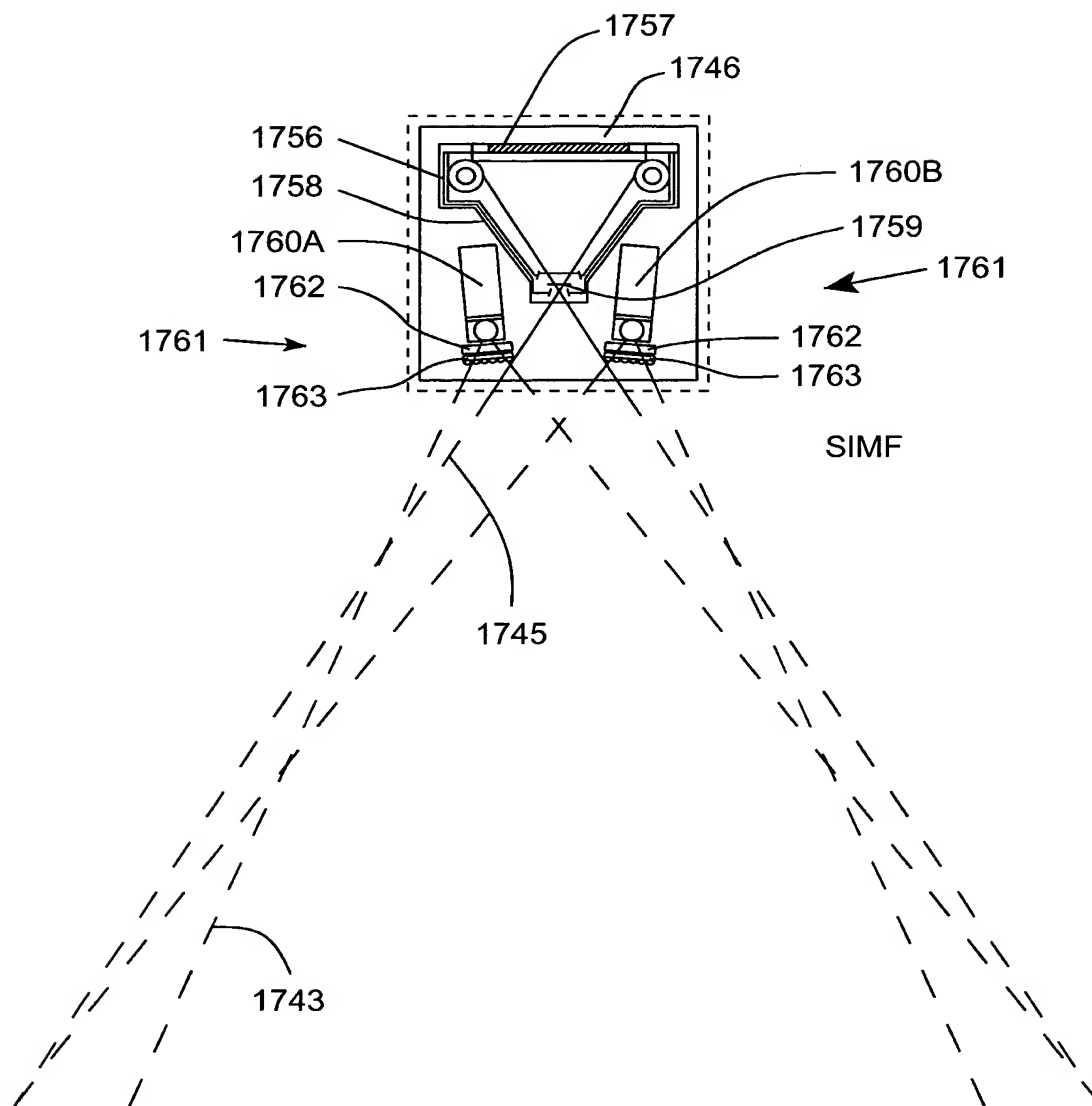


FIG. 49C

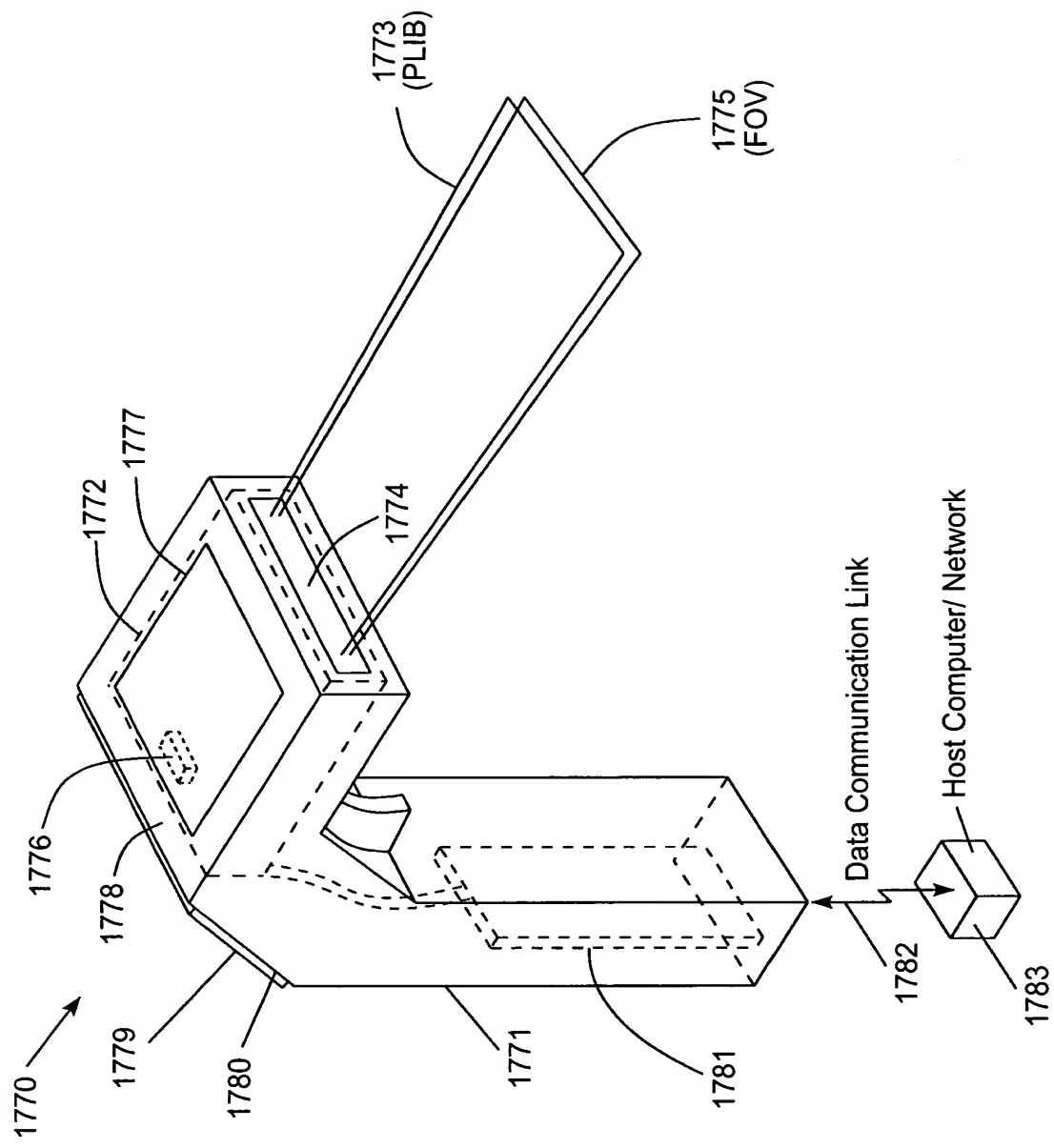


FIG. 50A

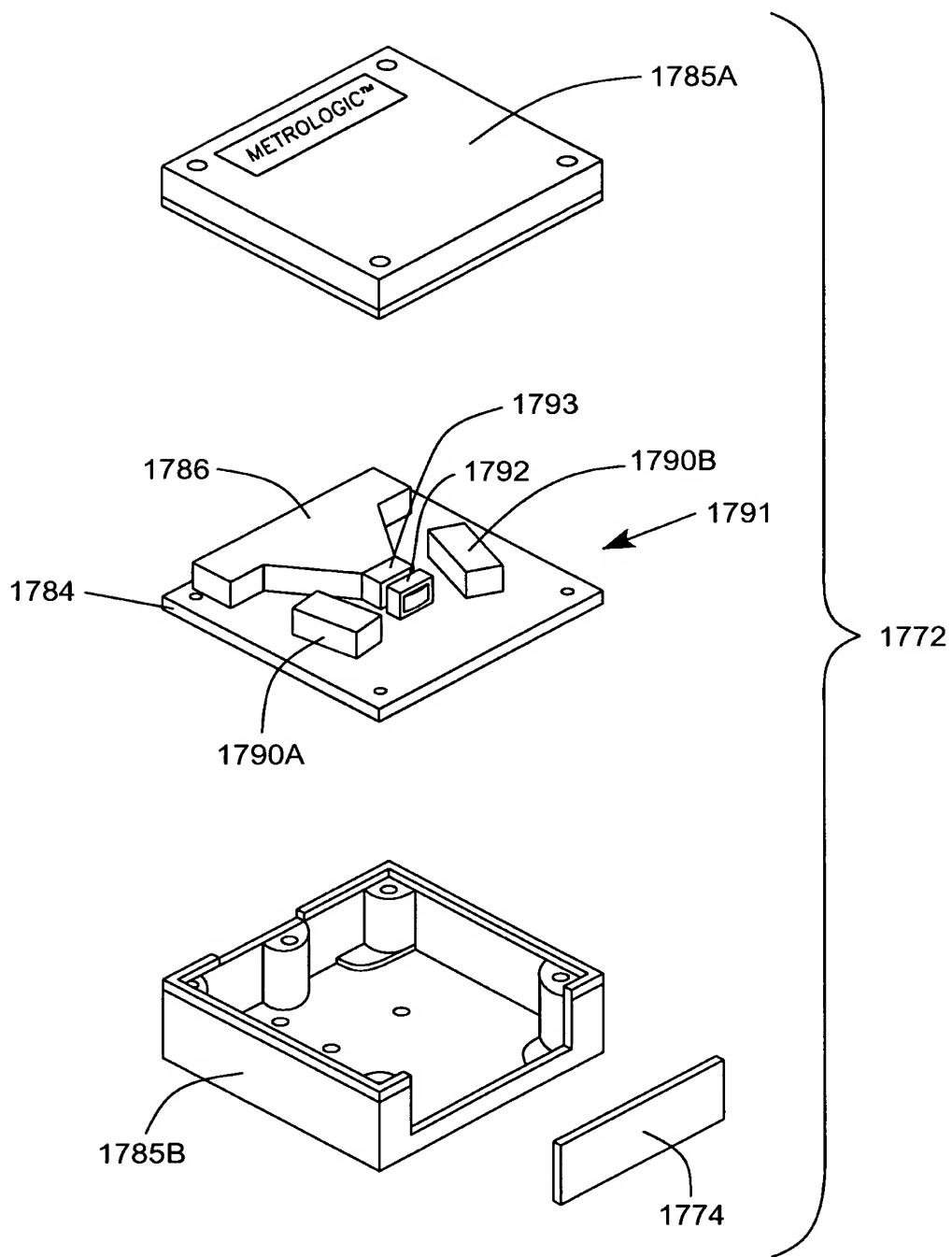


FIG. 50B

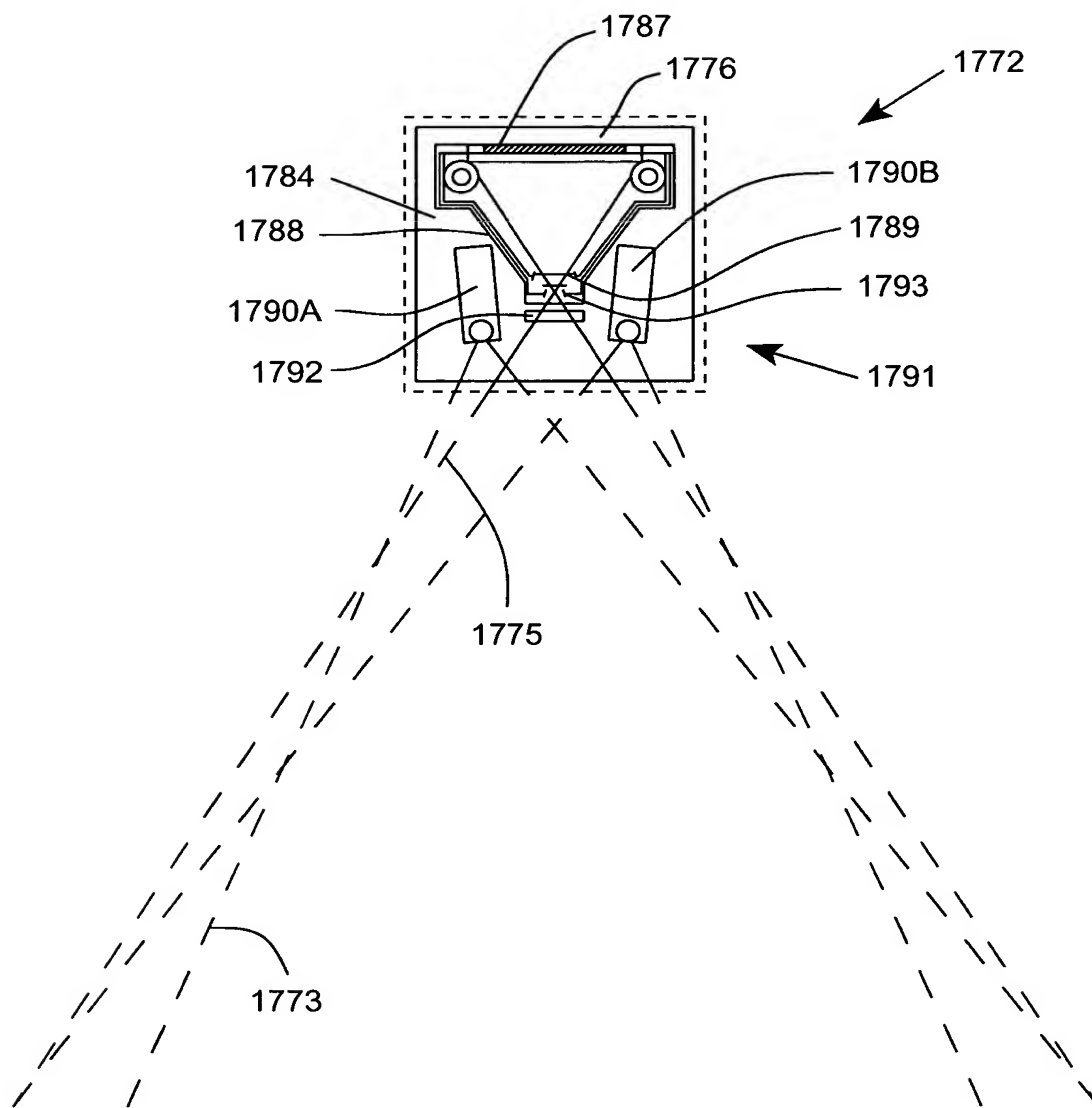


FIG. 50C

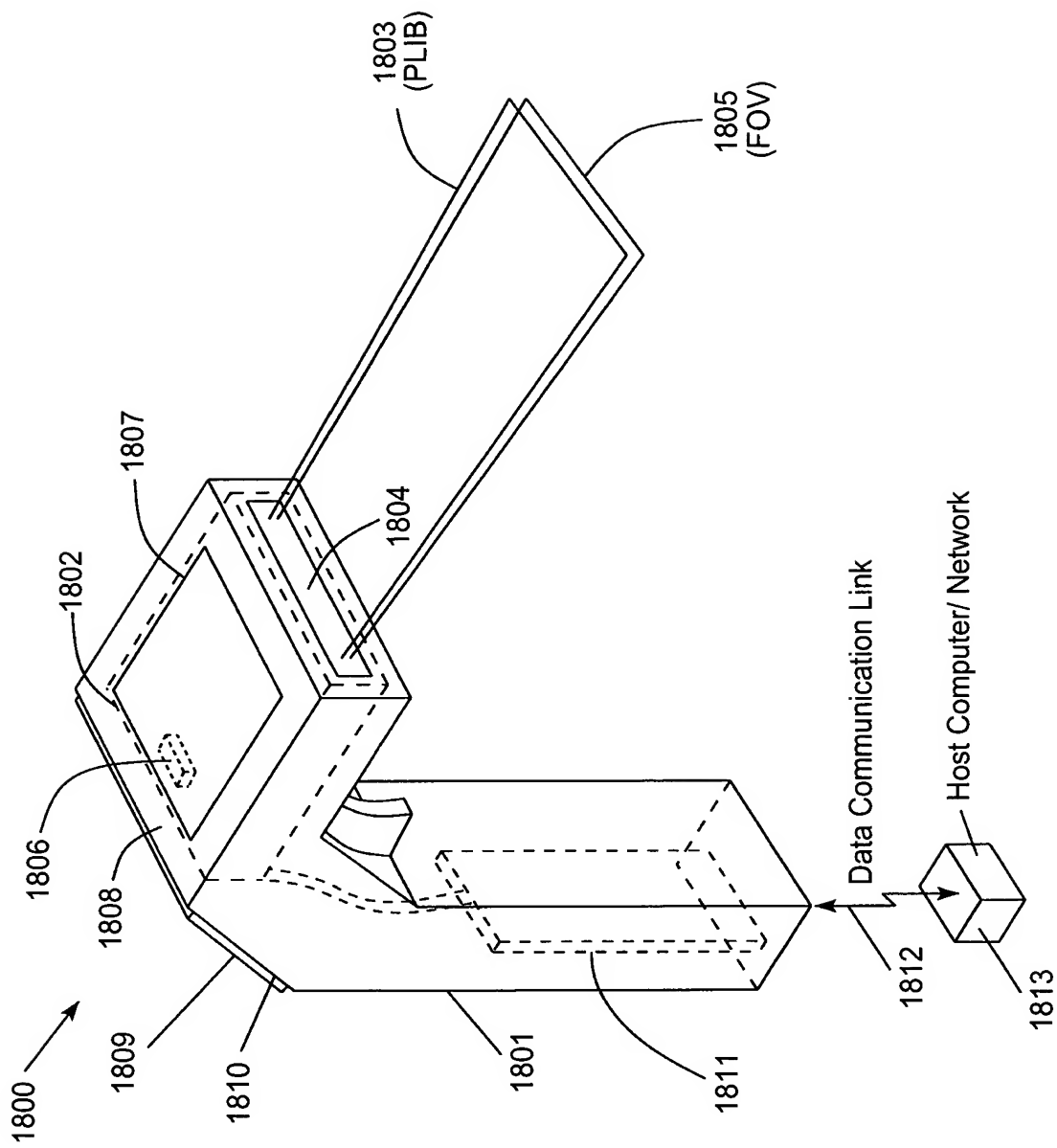


FIG. 51A

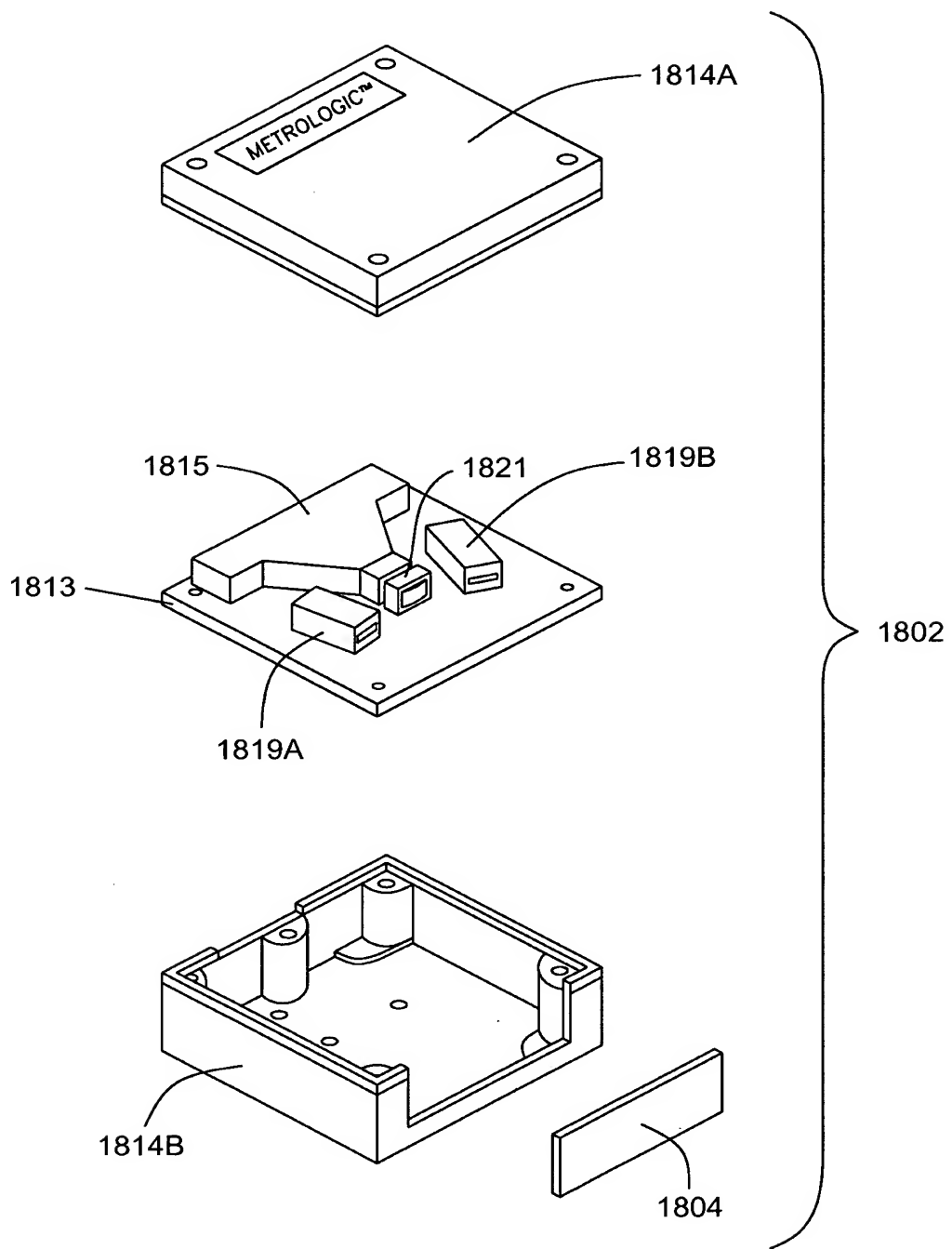


FIG. 51B

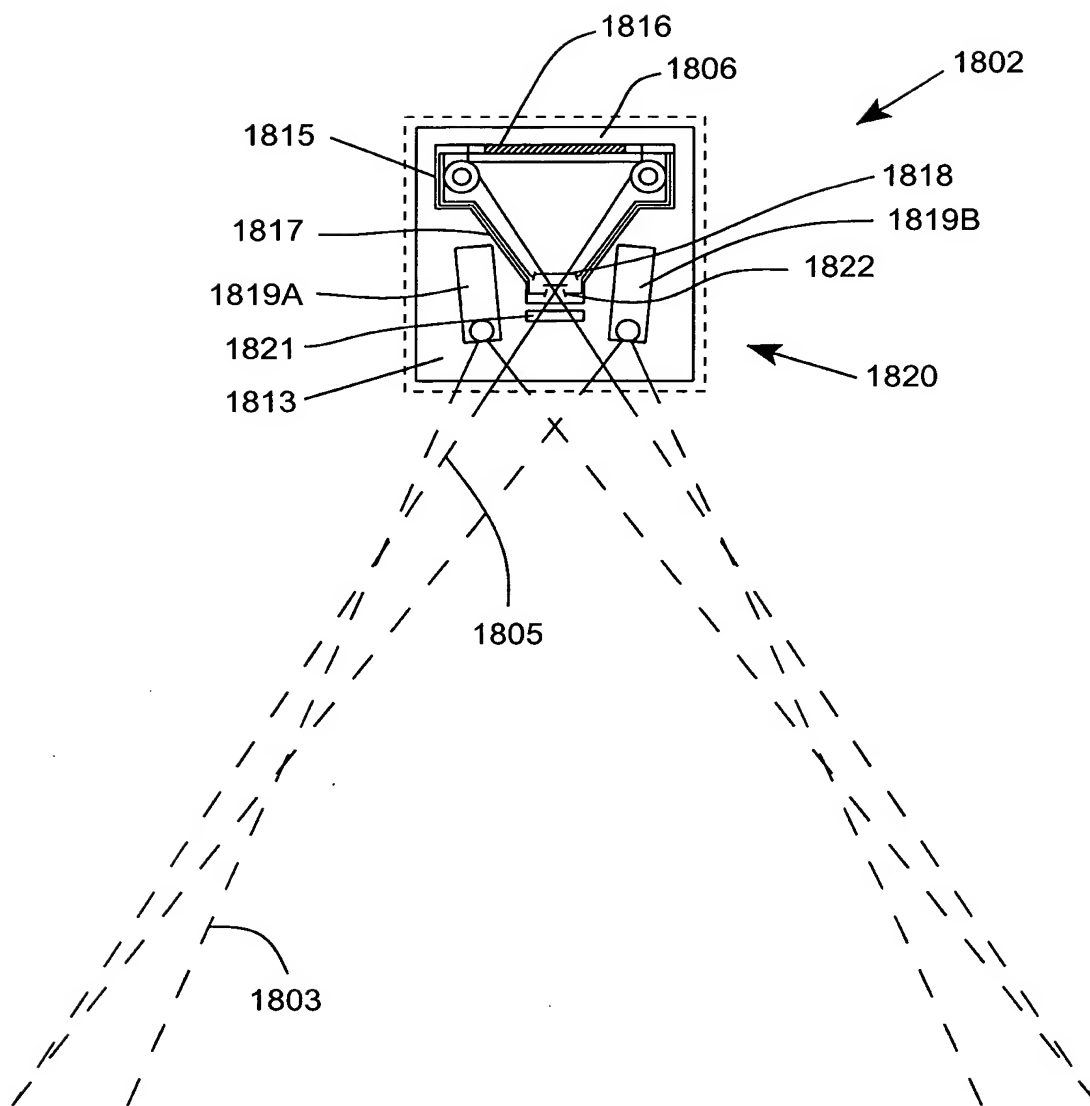


FIG. 51C

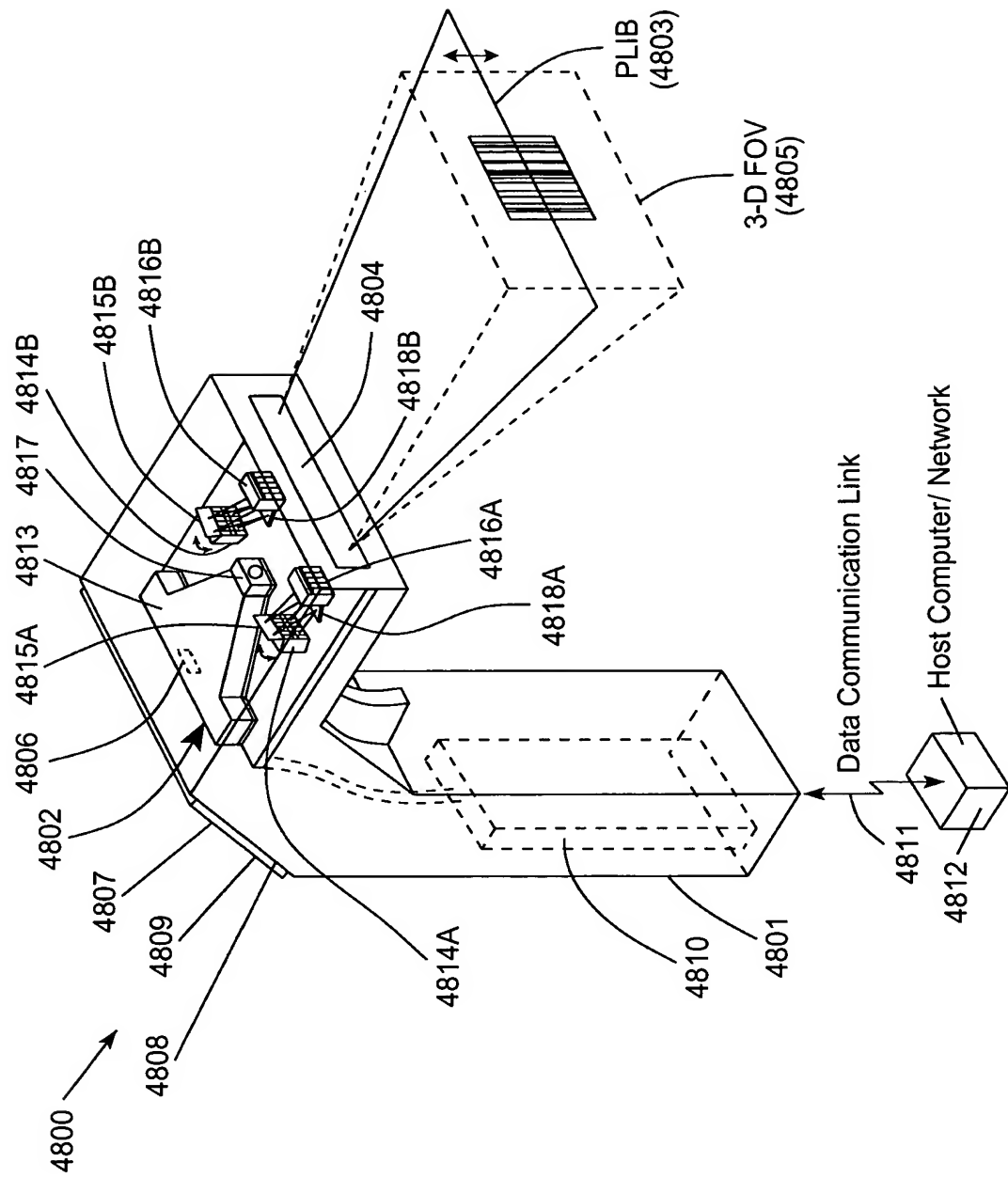


FIG. 52

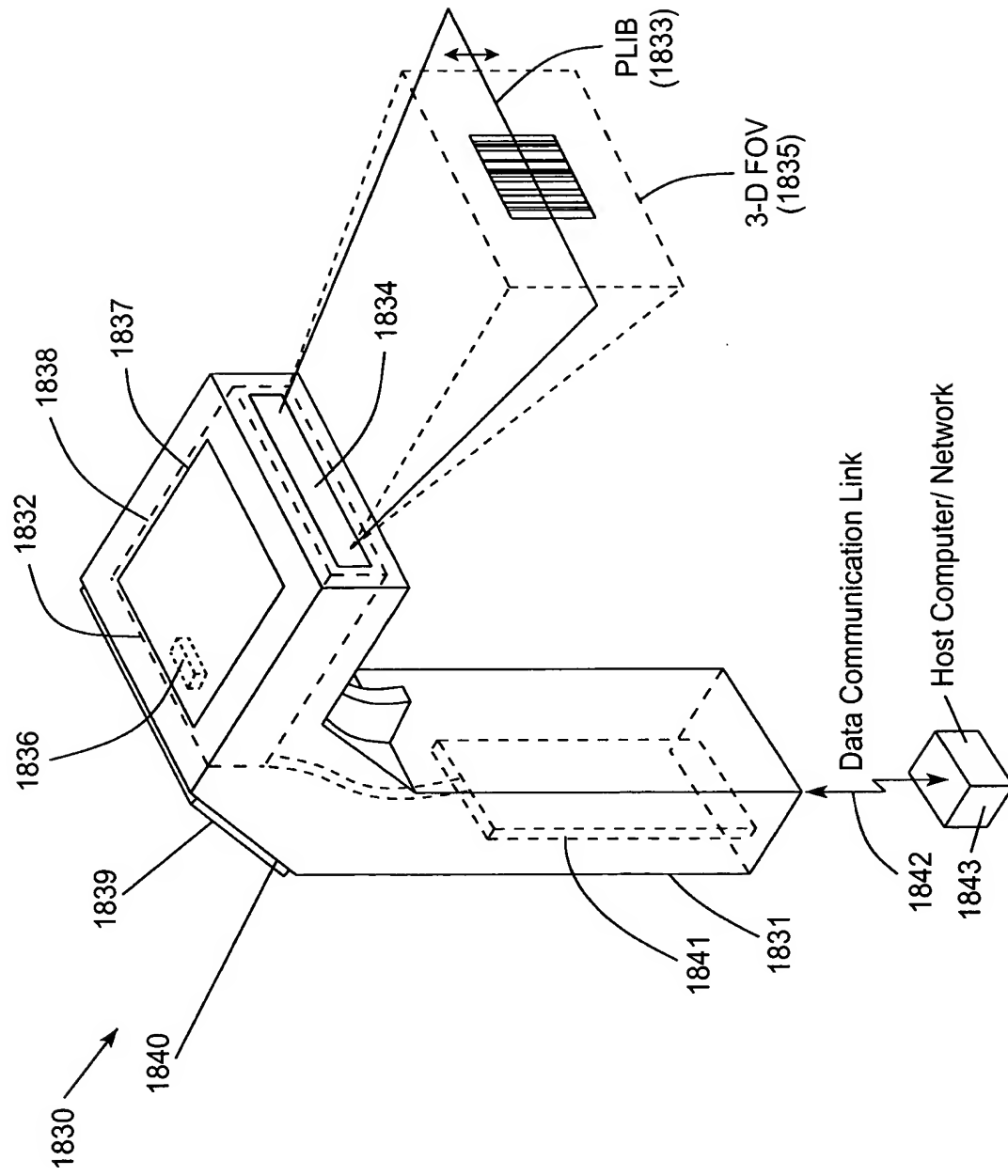


FIG. 52A

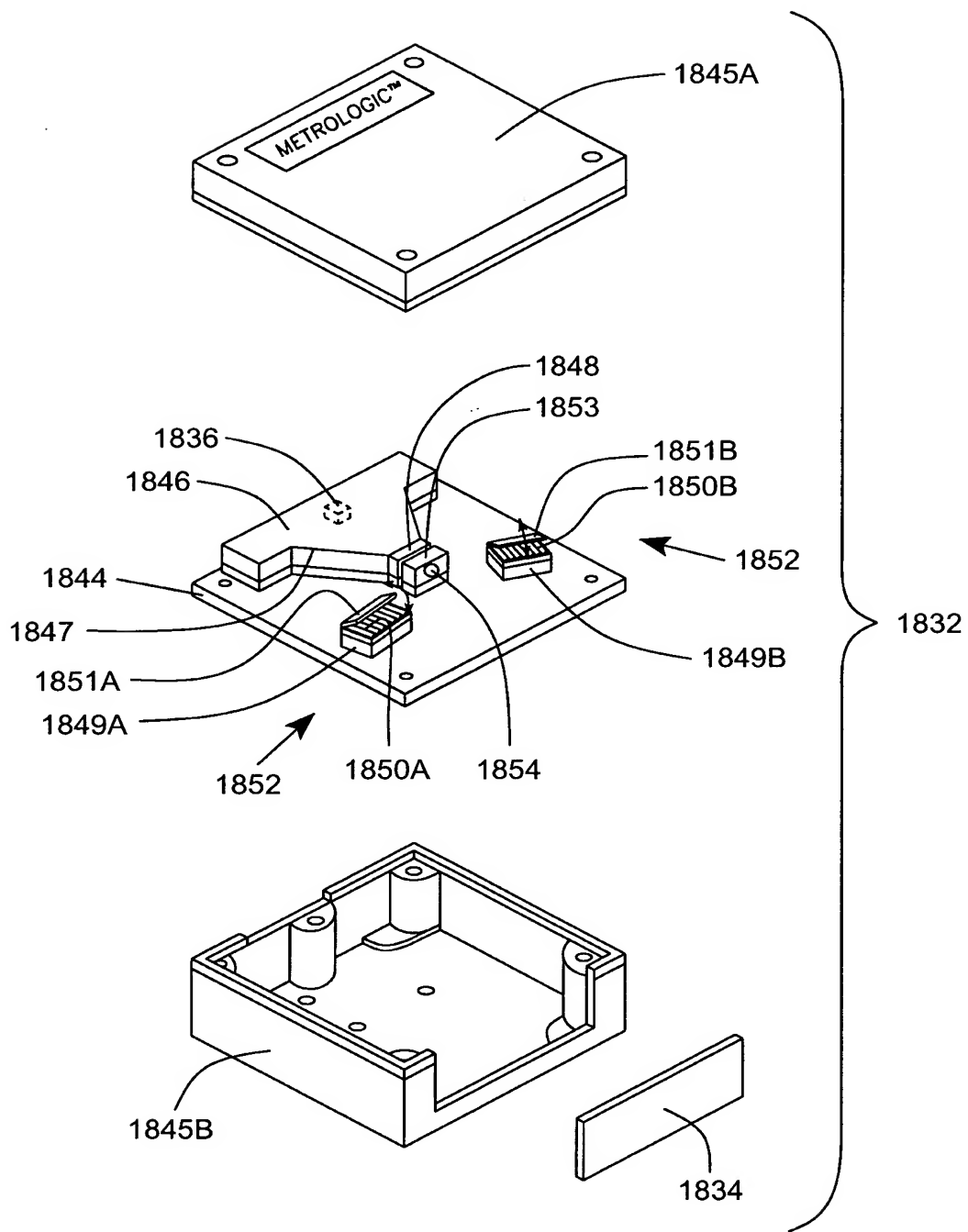


Fig. 113A-3B

FIG. 52B

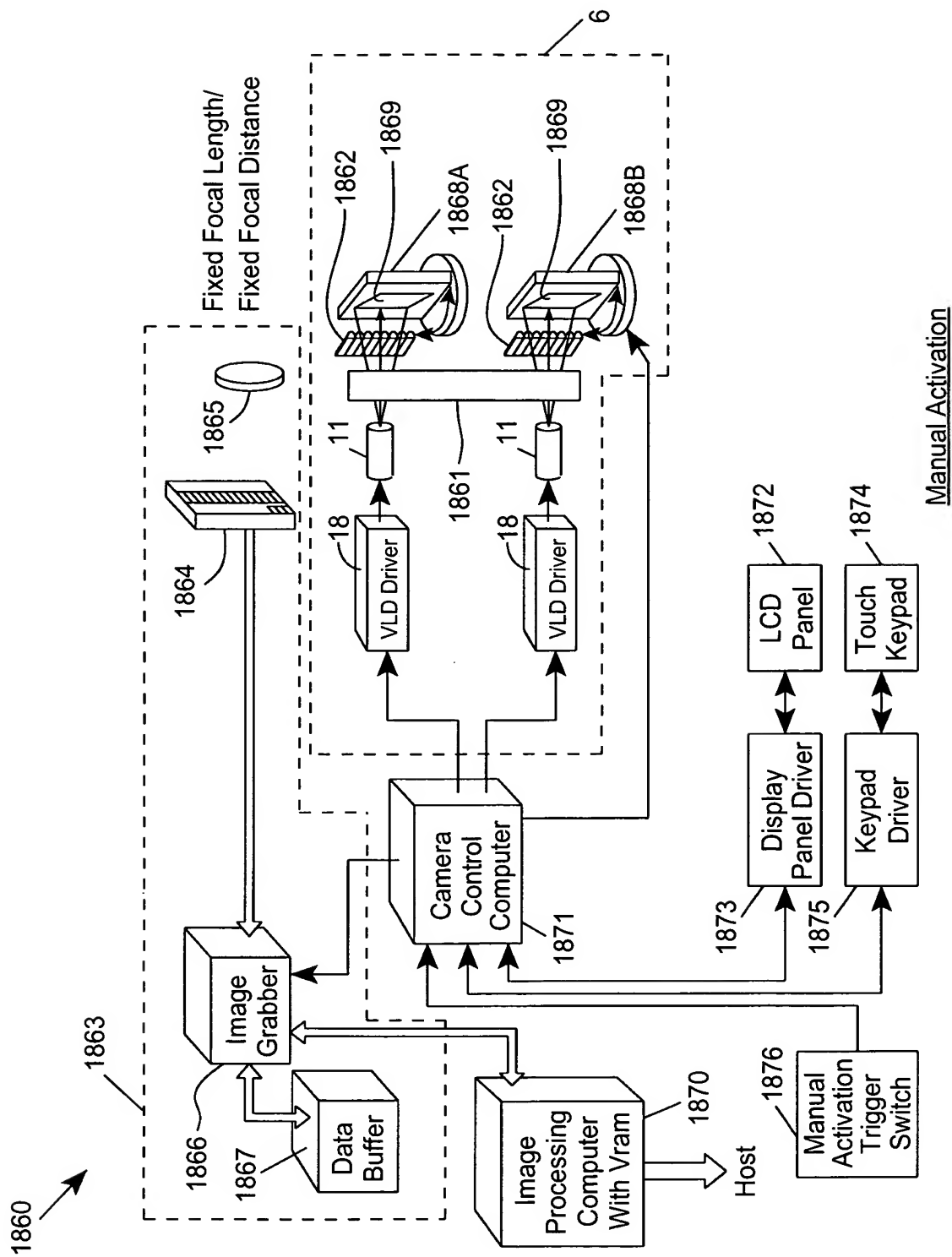


FIG. 53A1

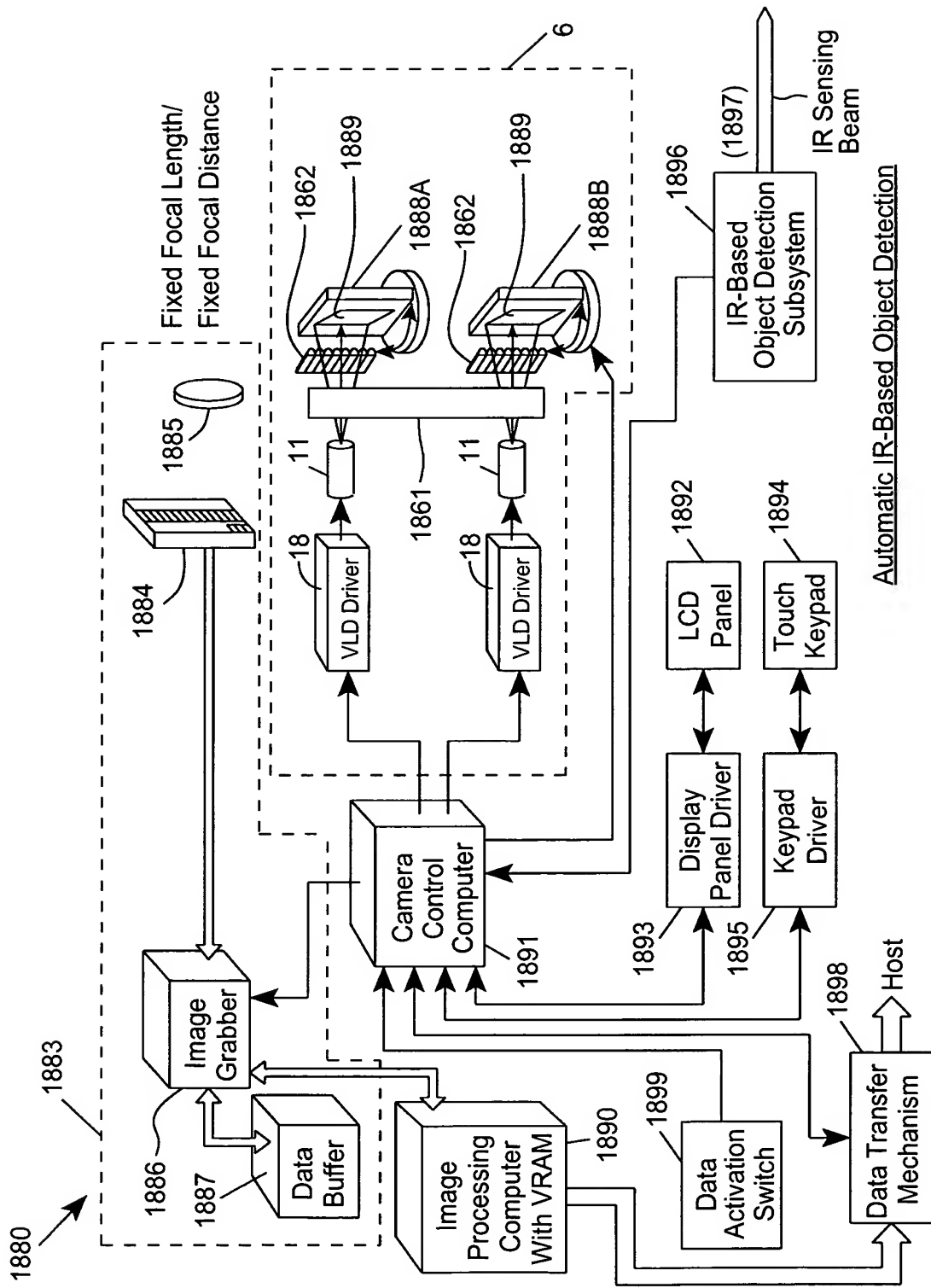


FIG. 53A2

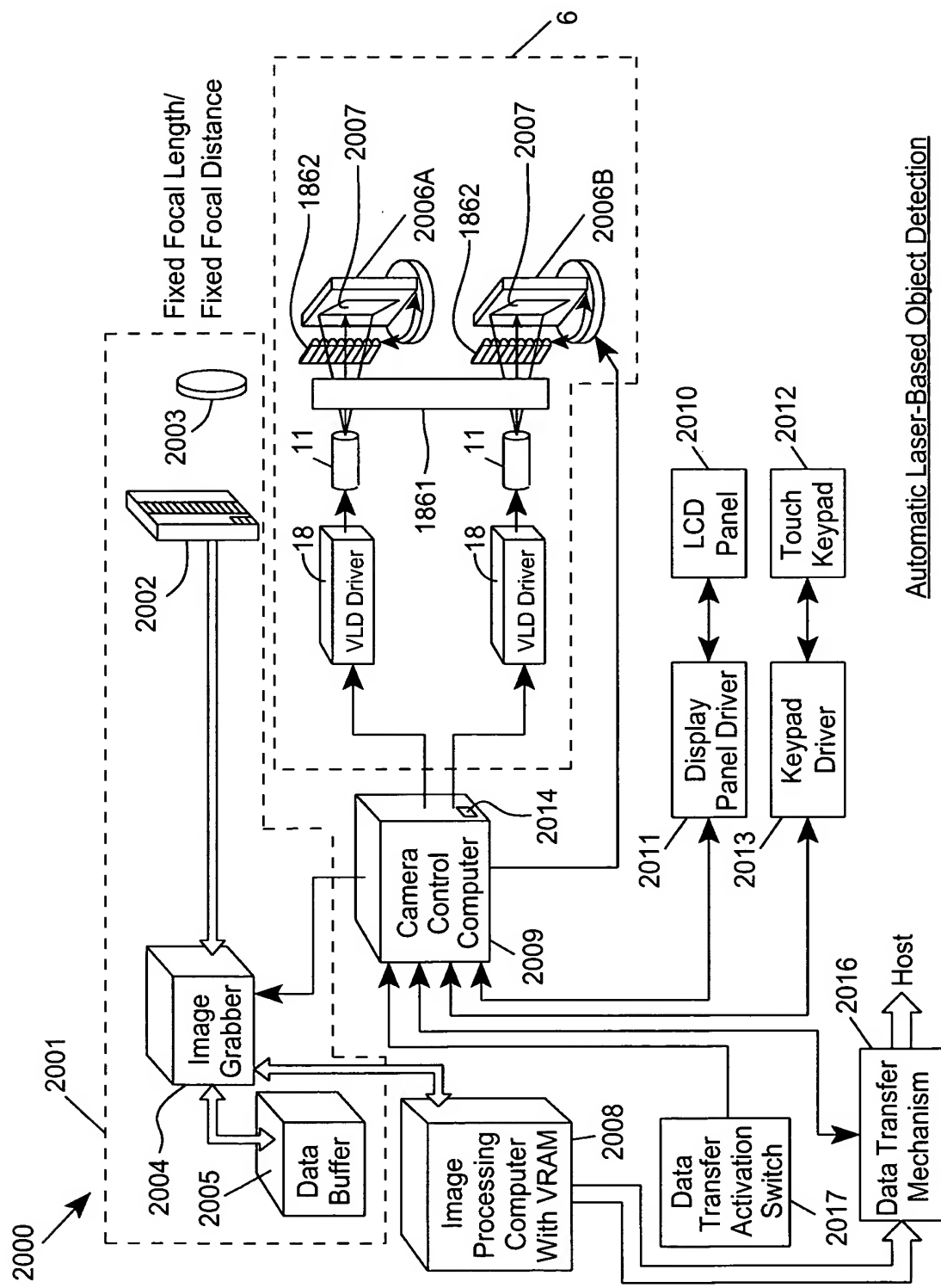


FIG. 53A3

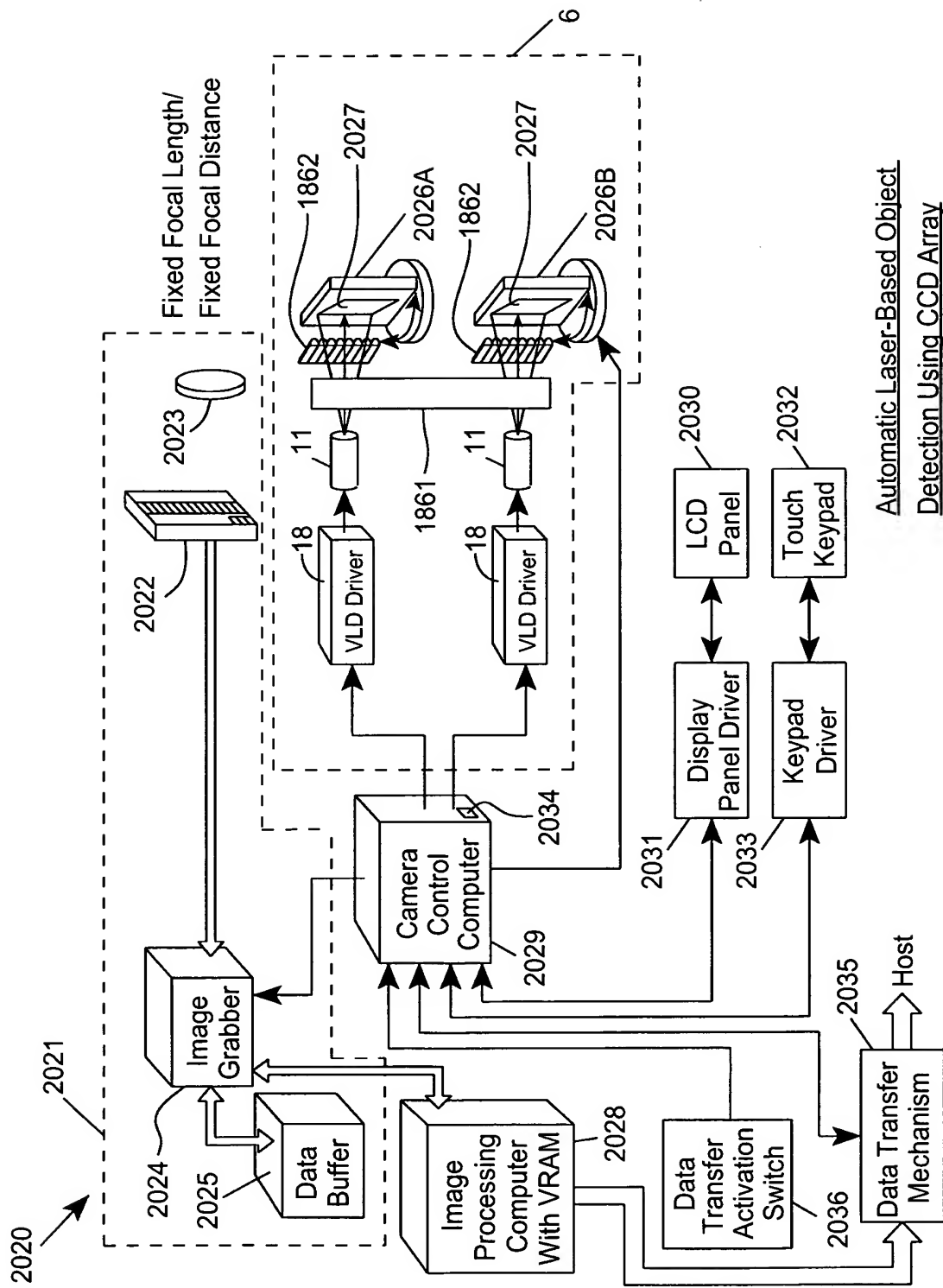
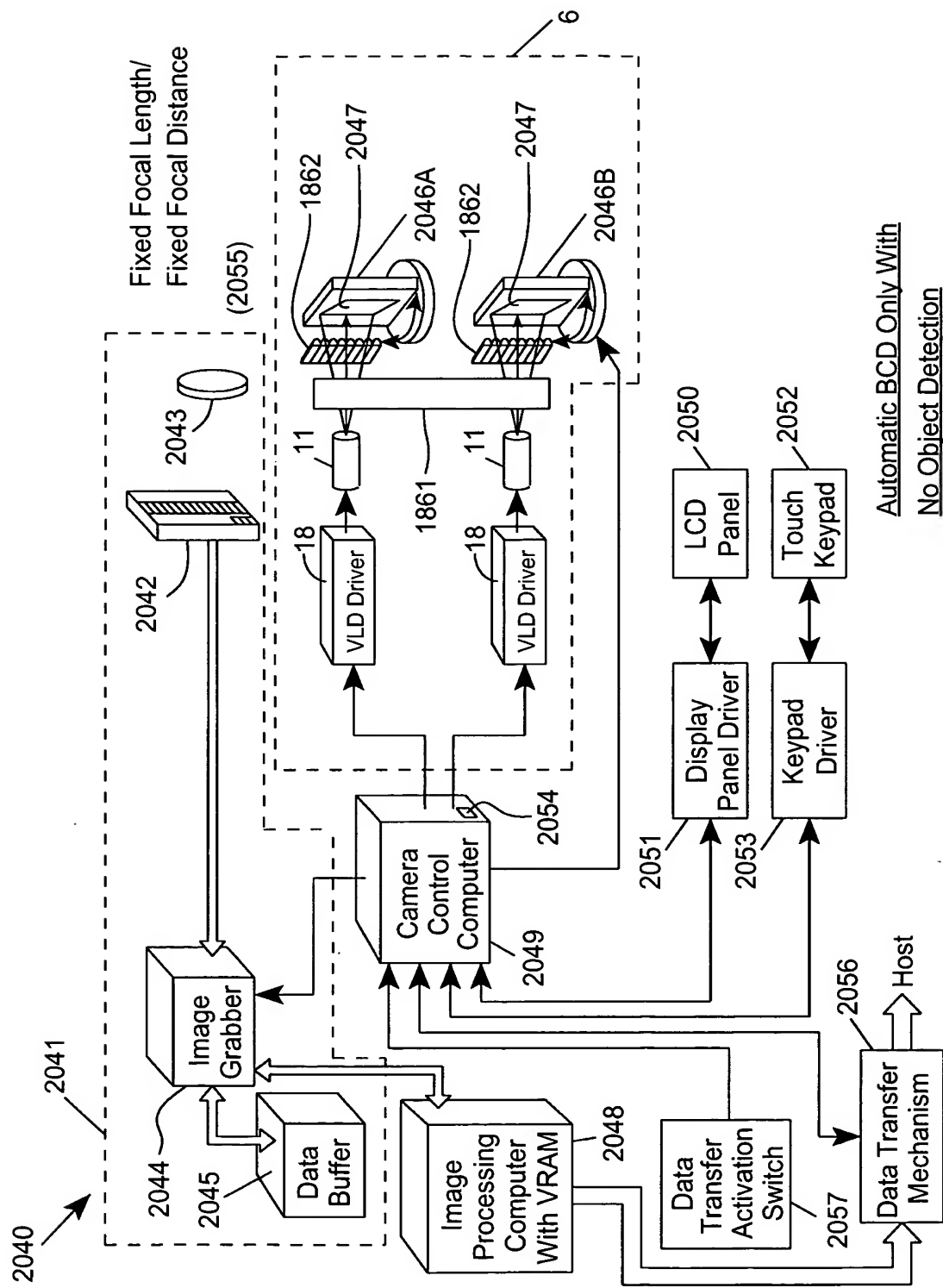


FIG. 53A4



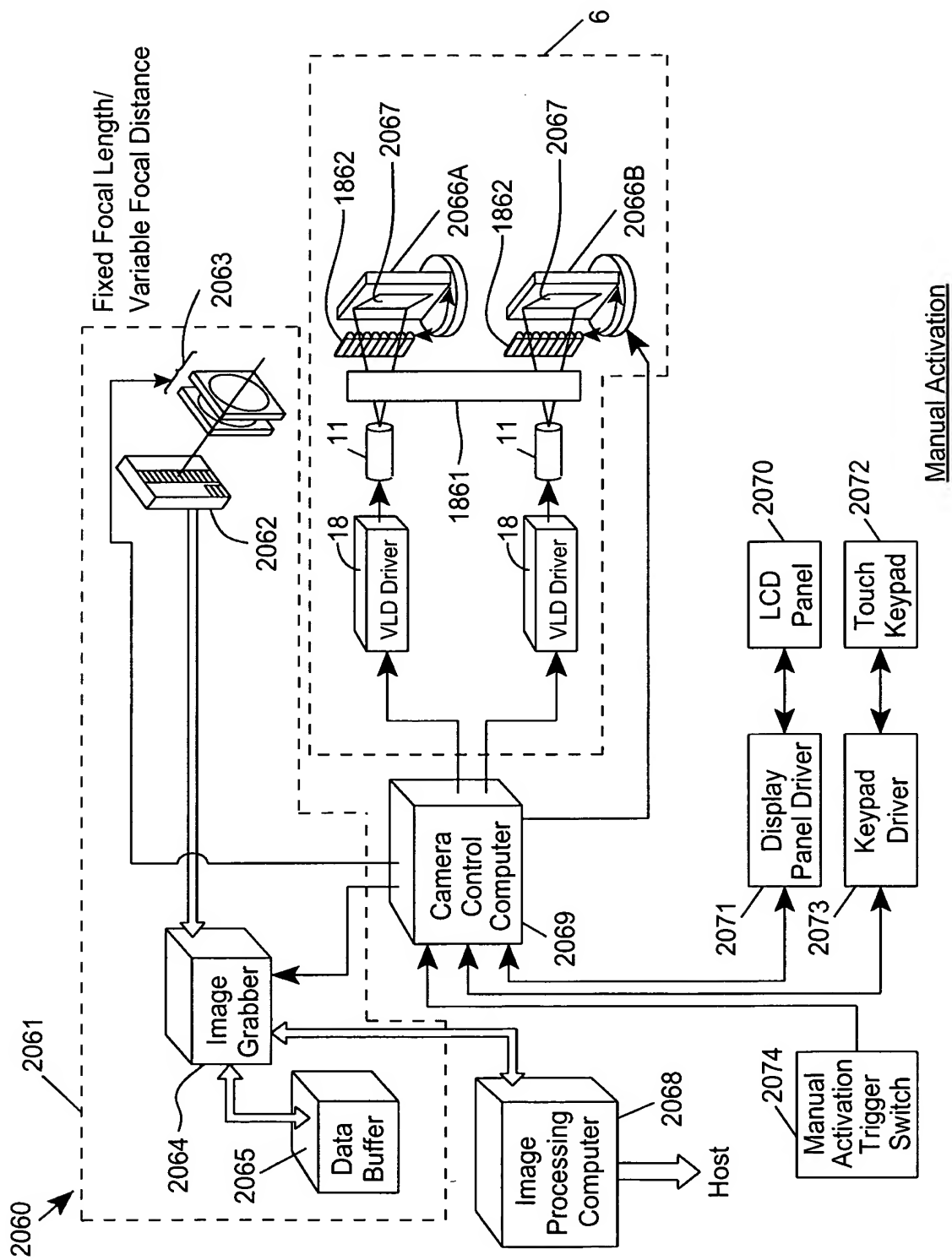


FIG. 53B1

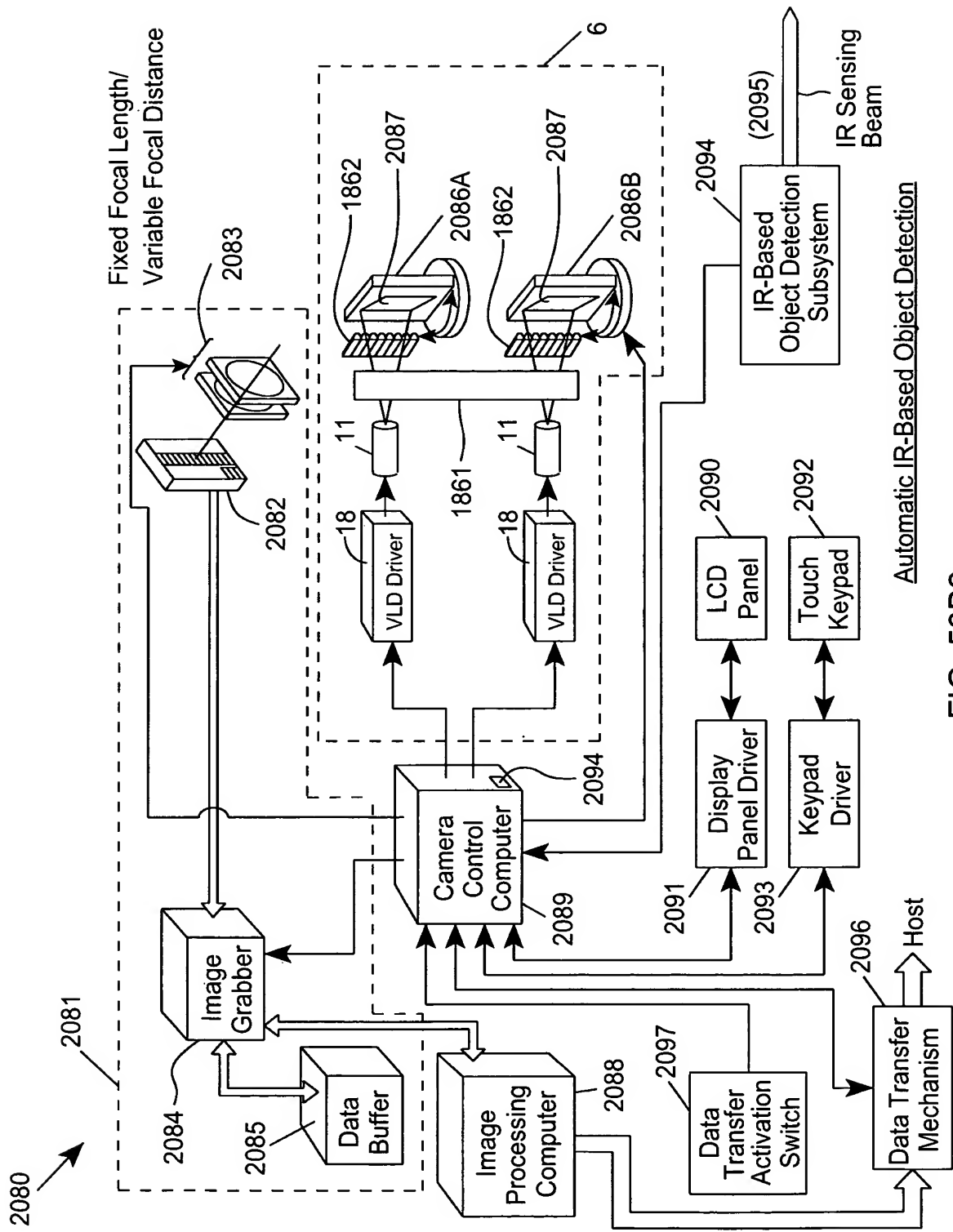


FIG. 53B2

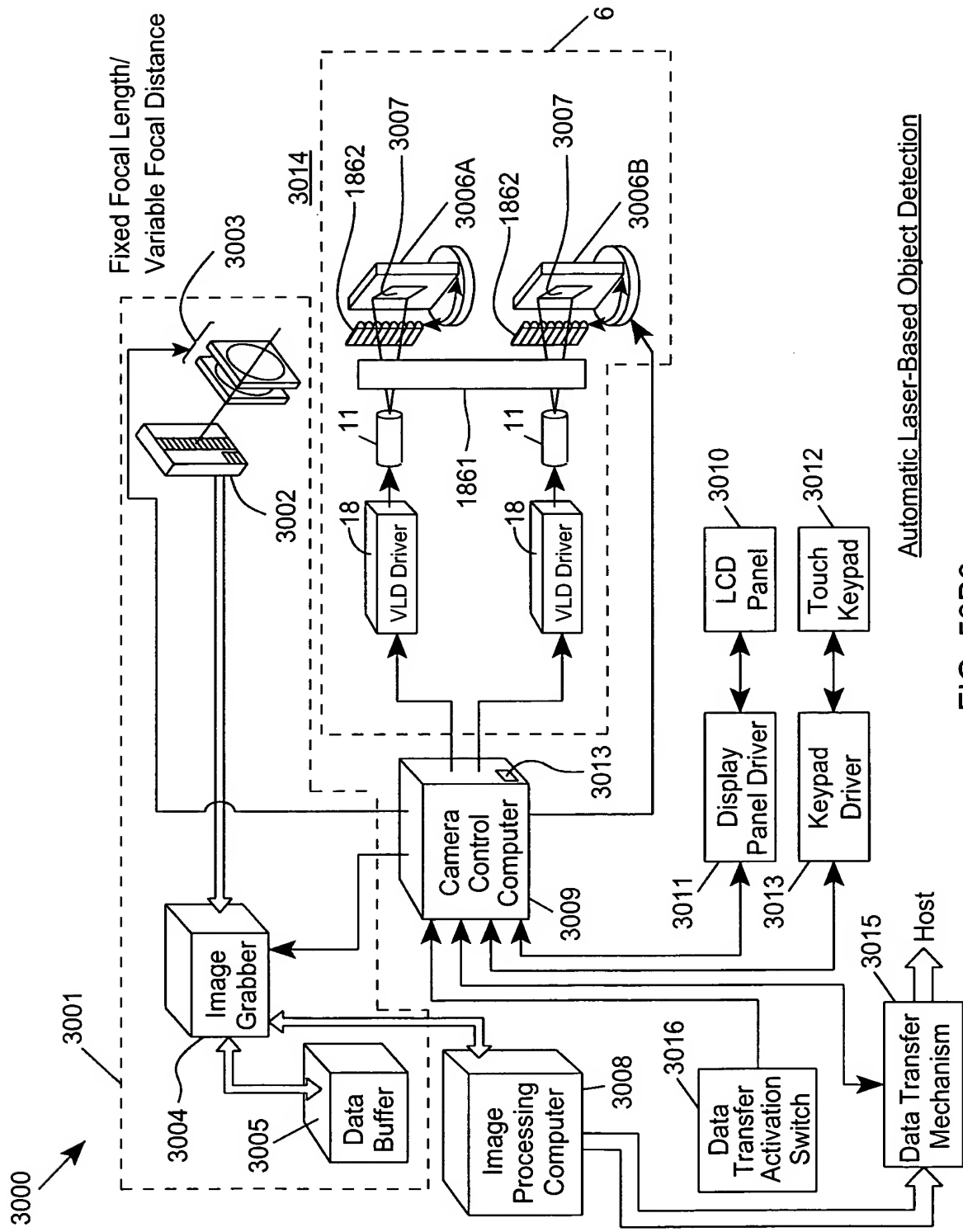


FIG. 53B3

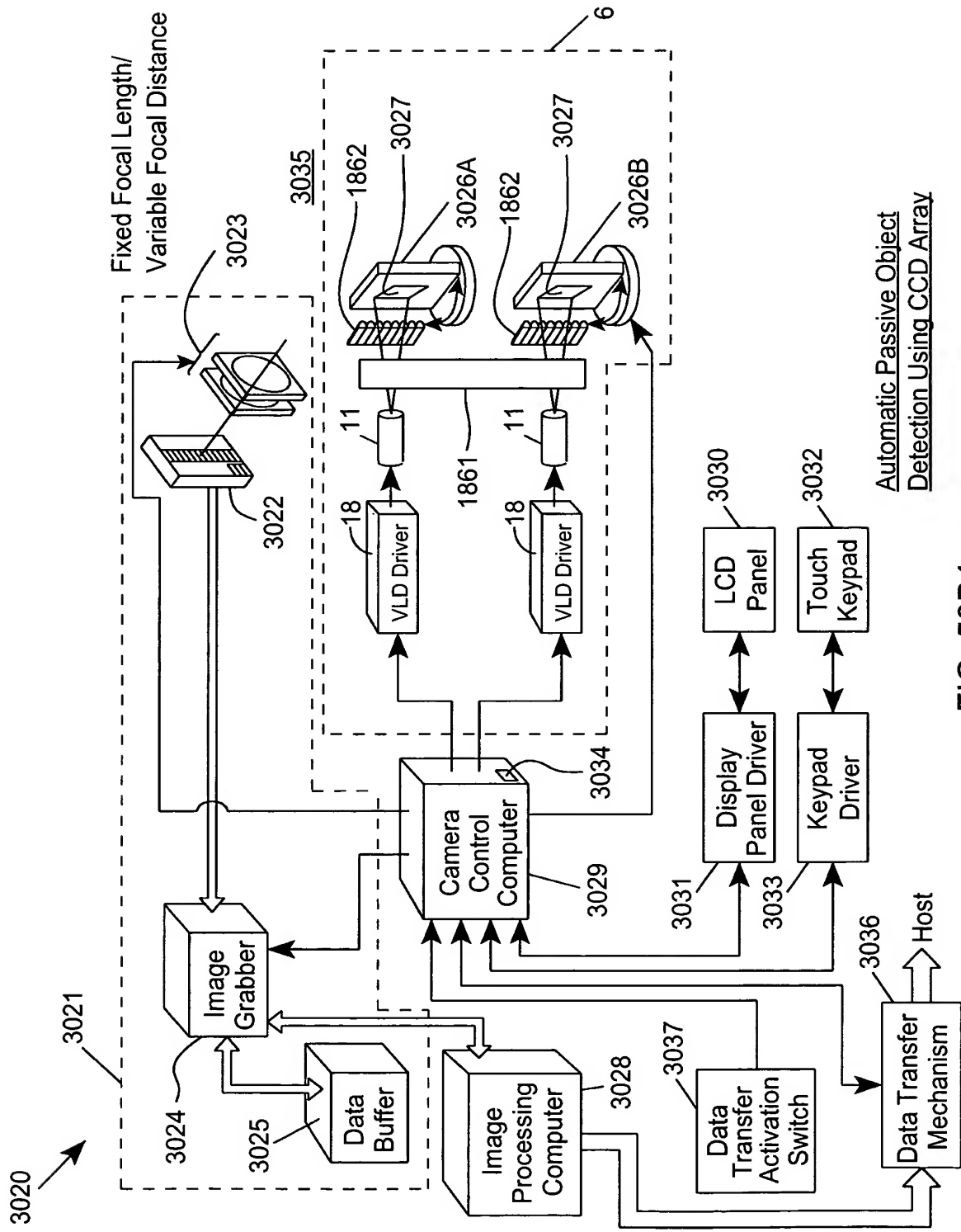
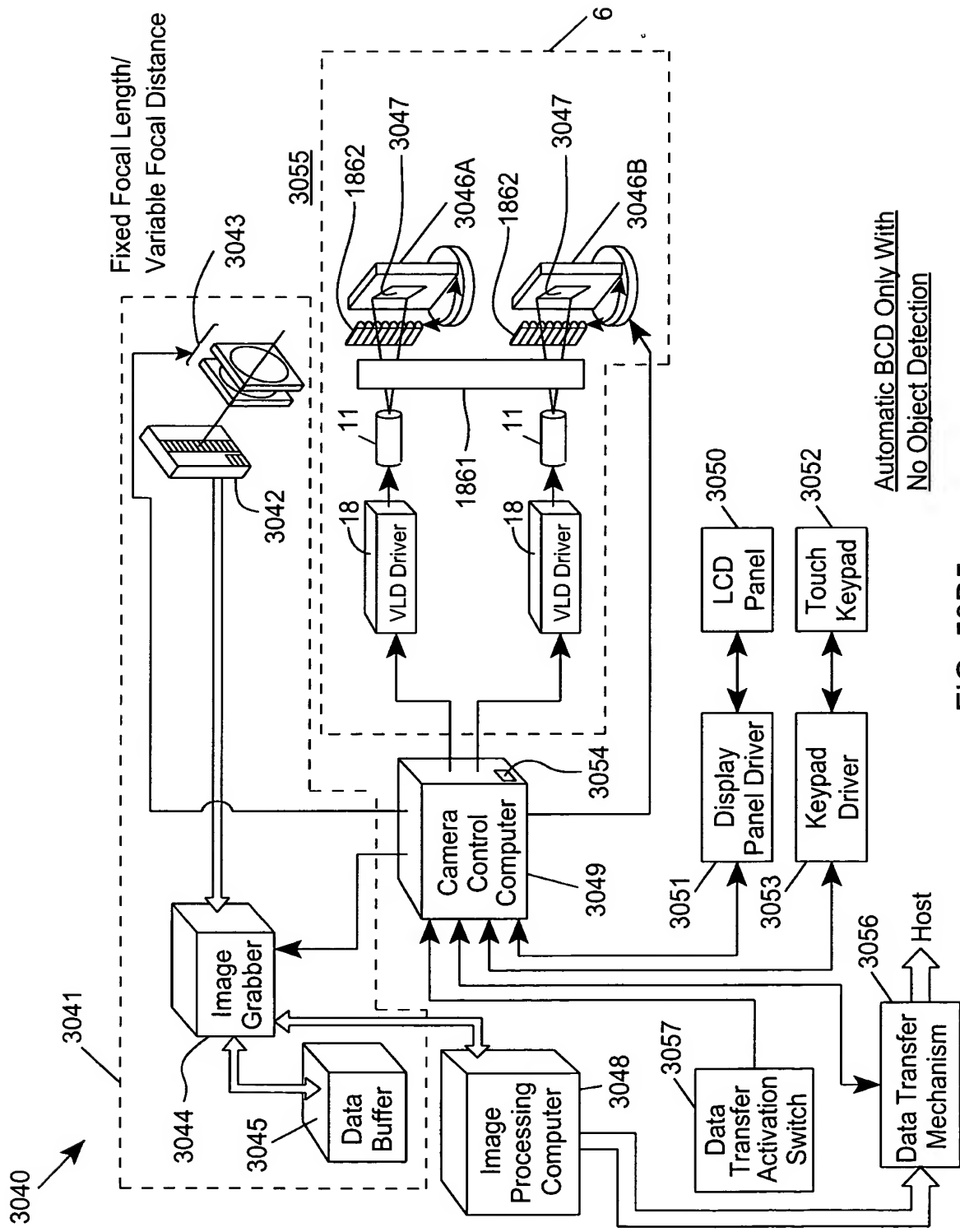


FIG. 53B4



Automatic BCD Only With
No Object Detection

FIG. 53B5

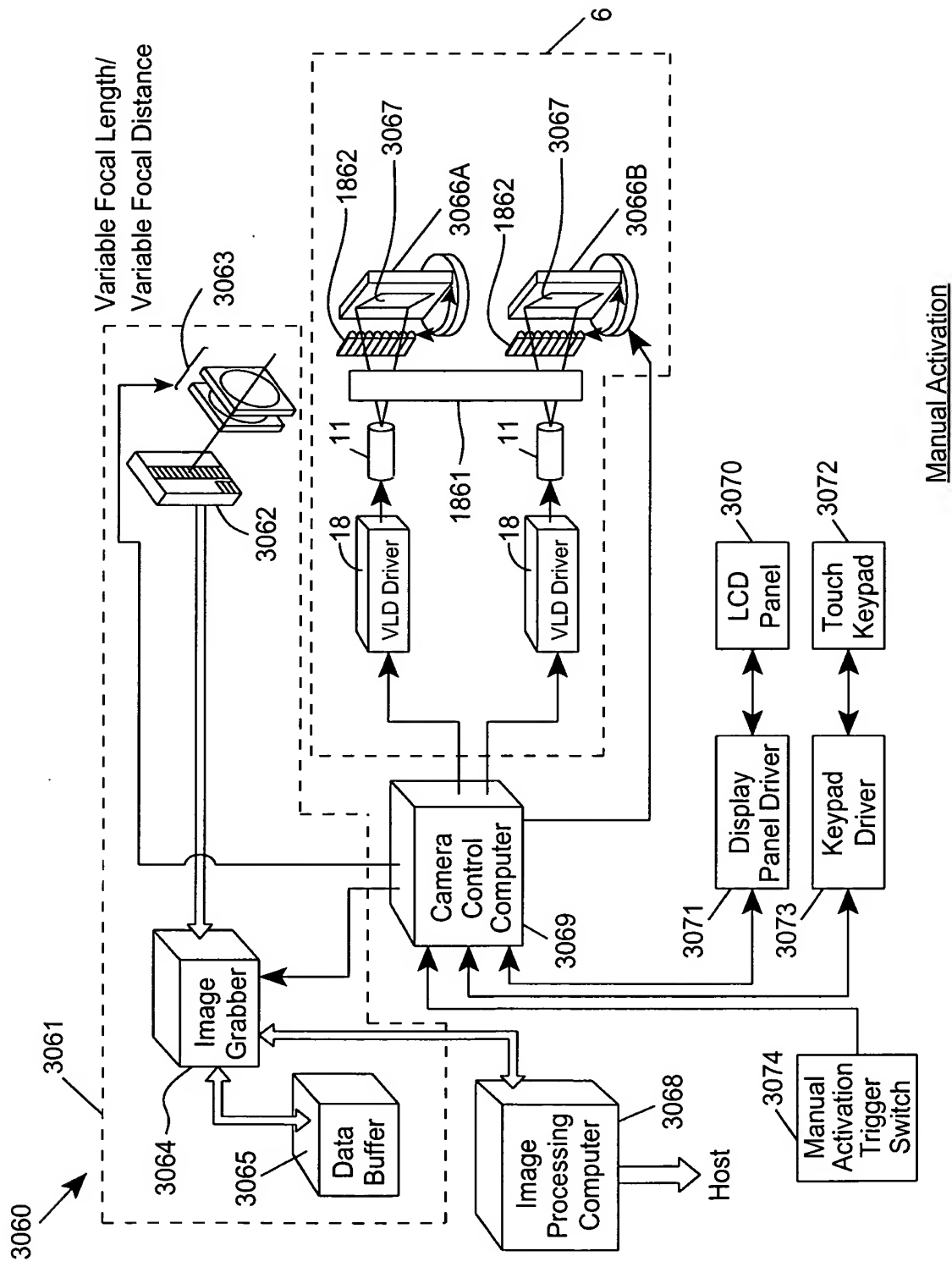


FIG. 53C1

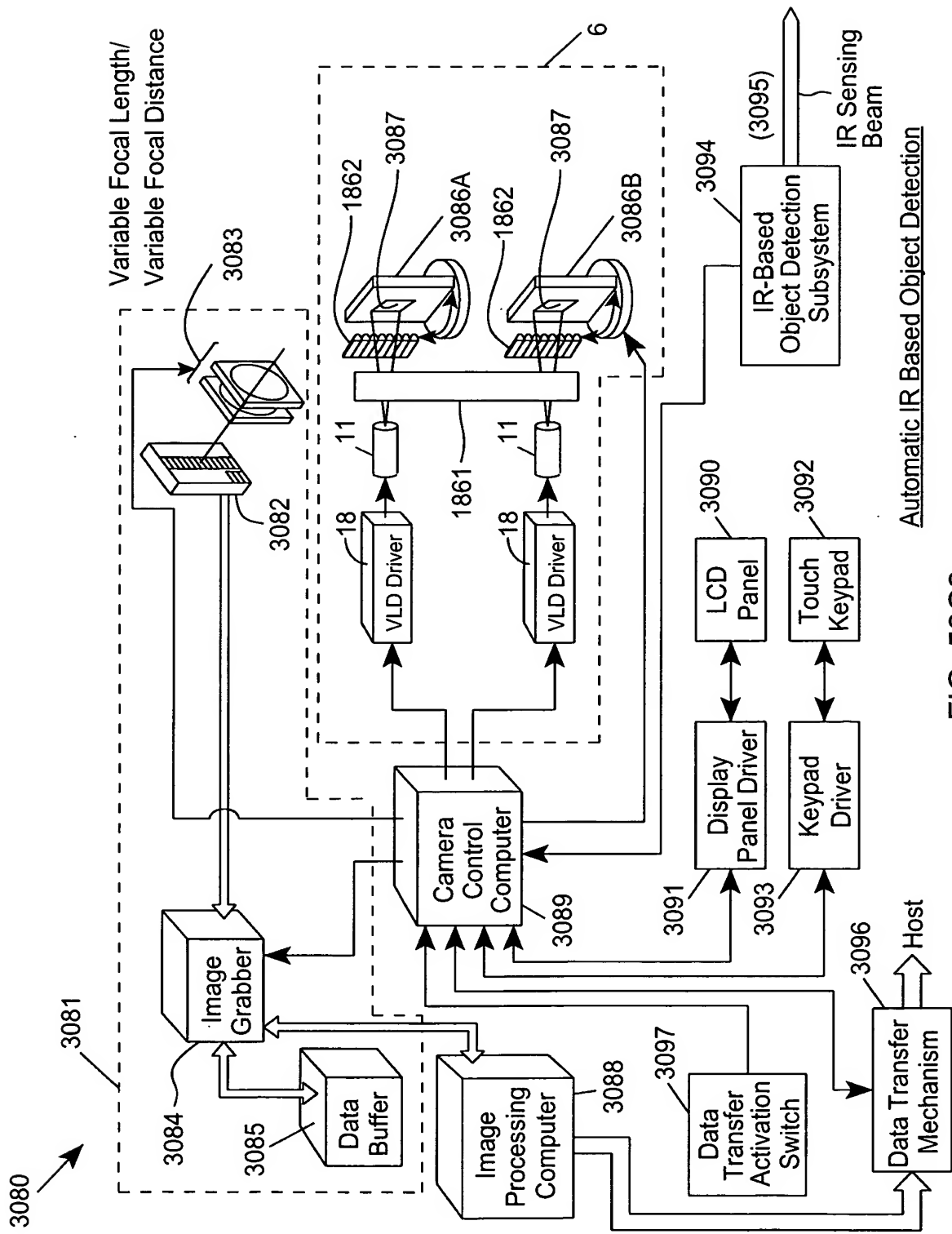


FIG. 53C2

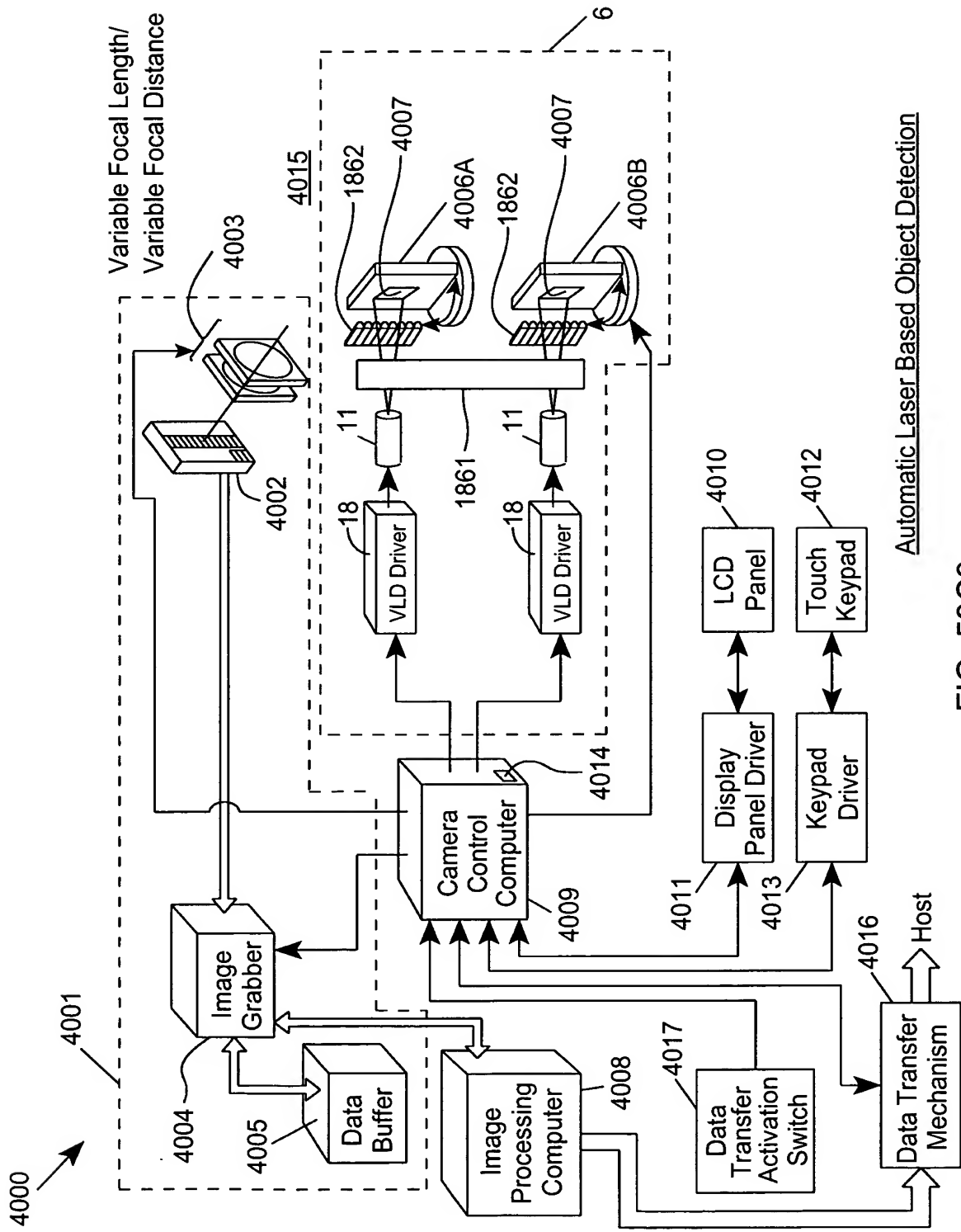


FIG. 53C3

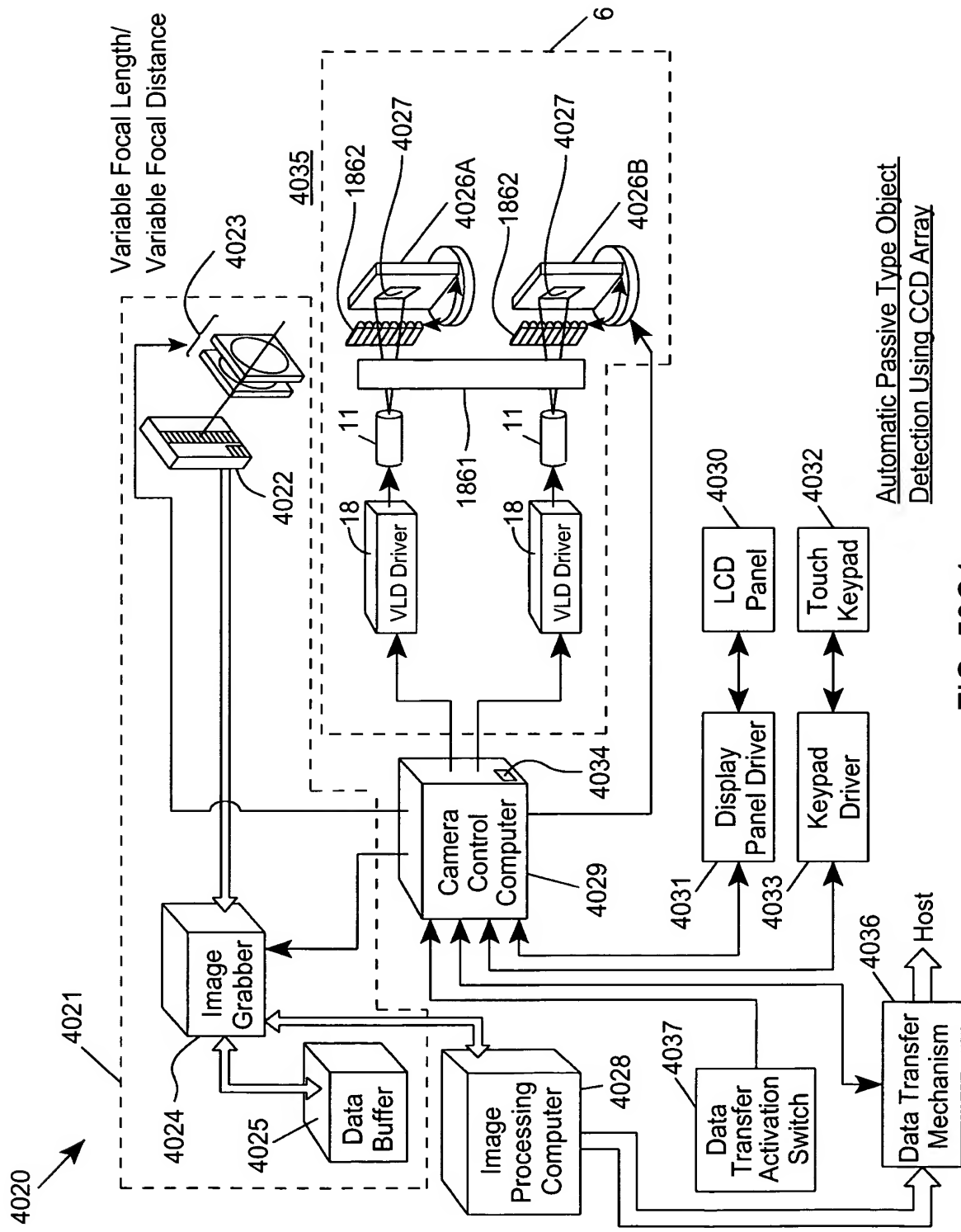
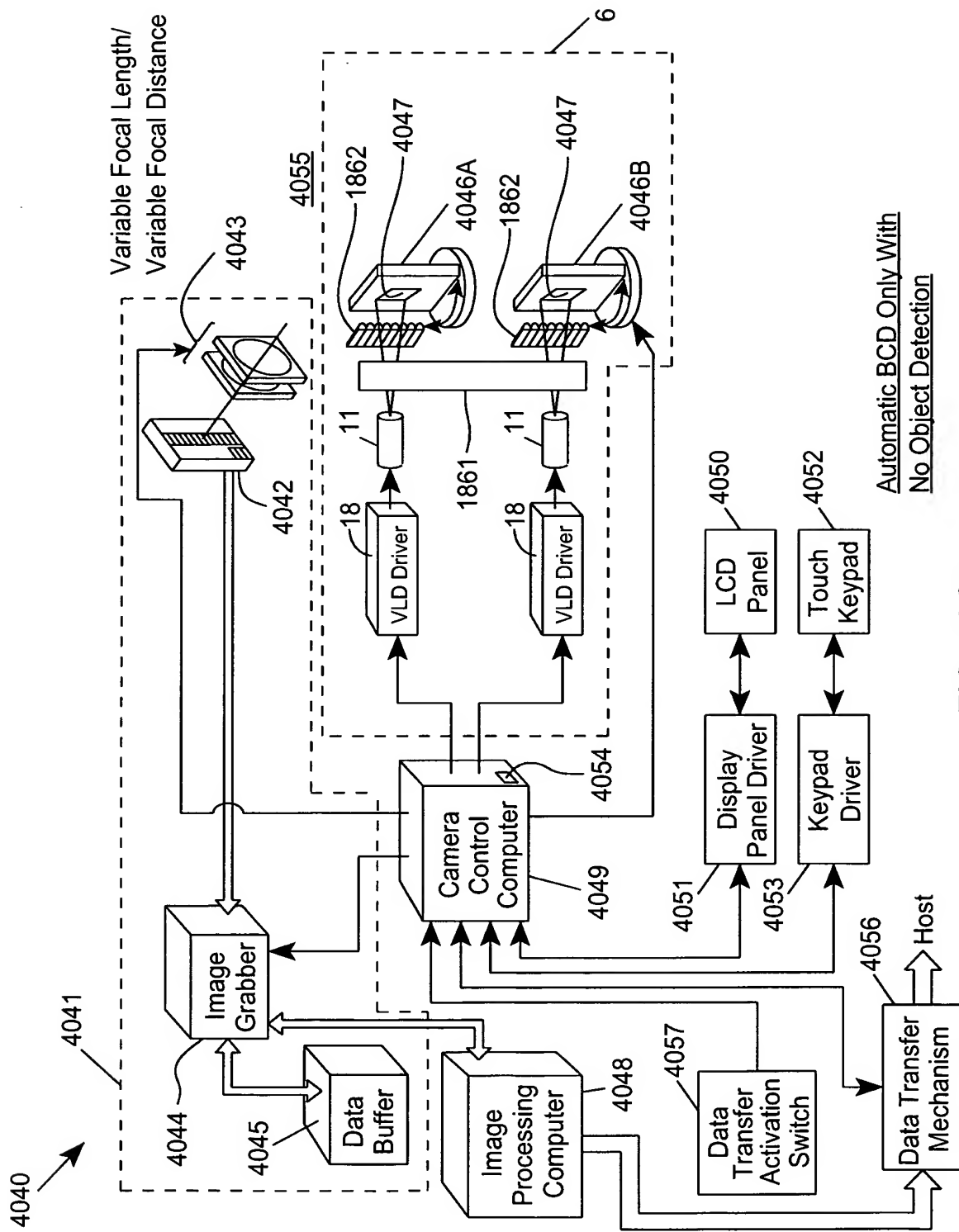


FIG. 53C4



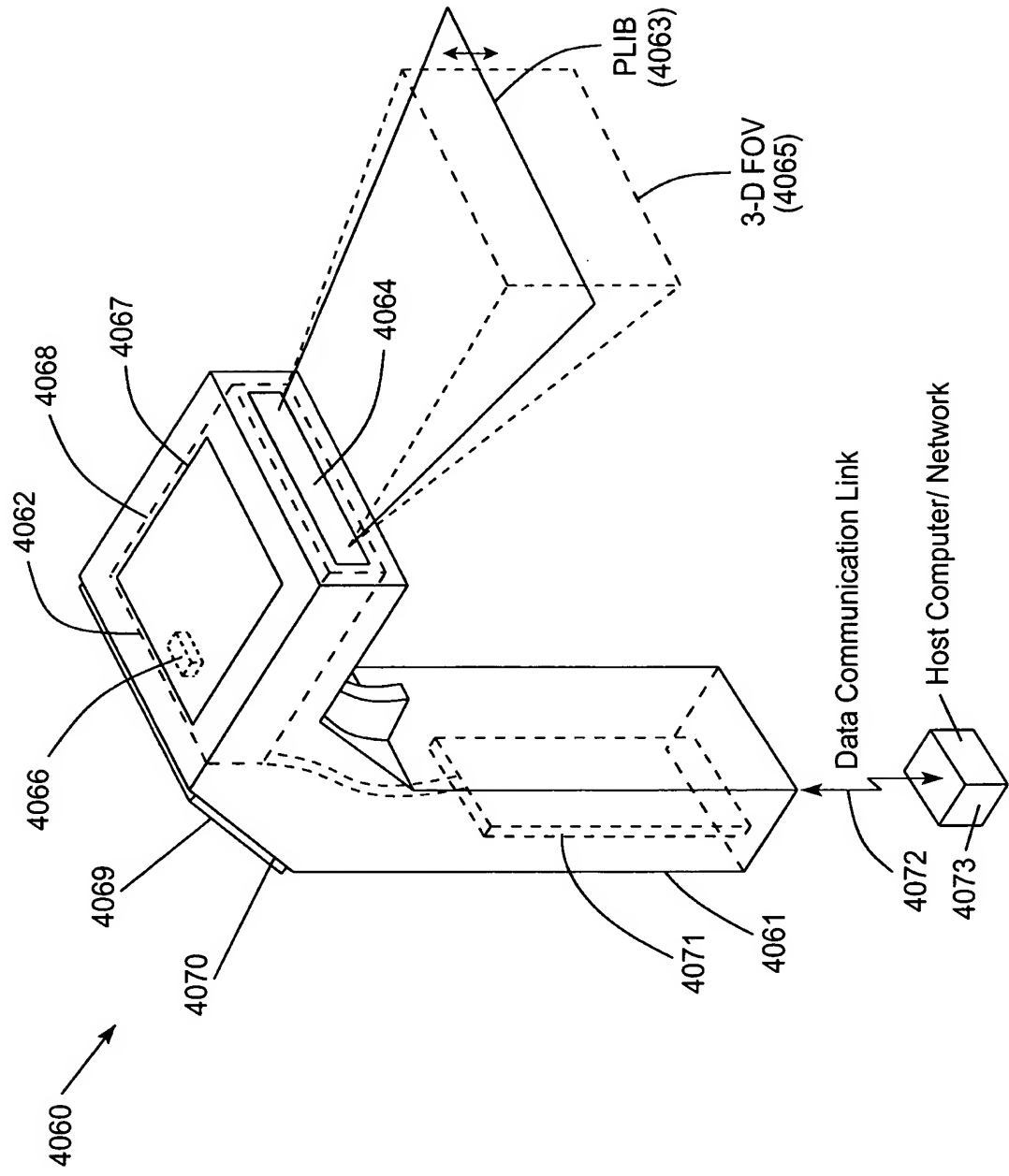
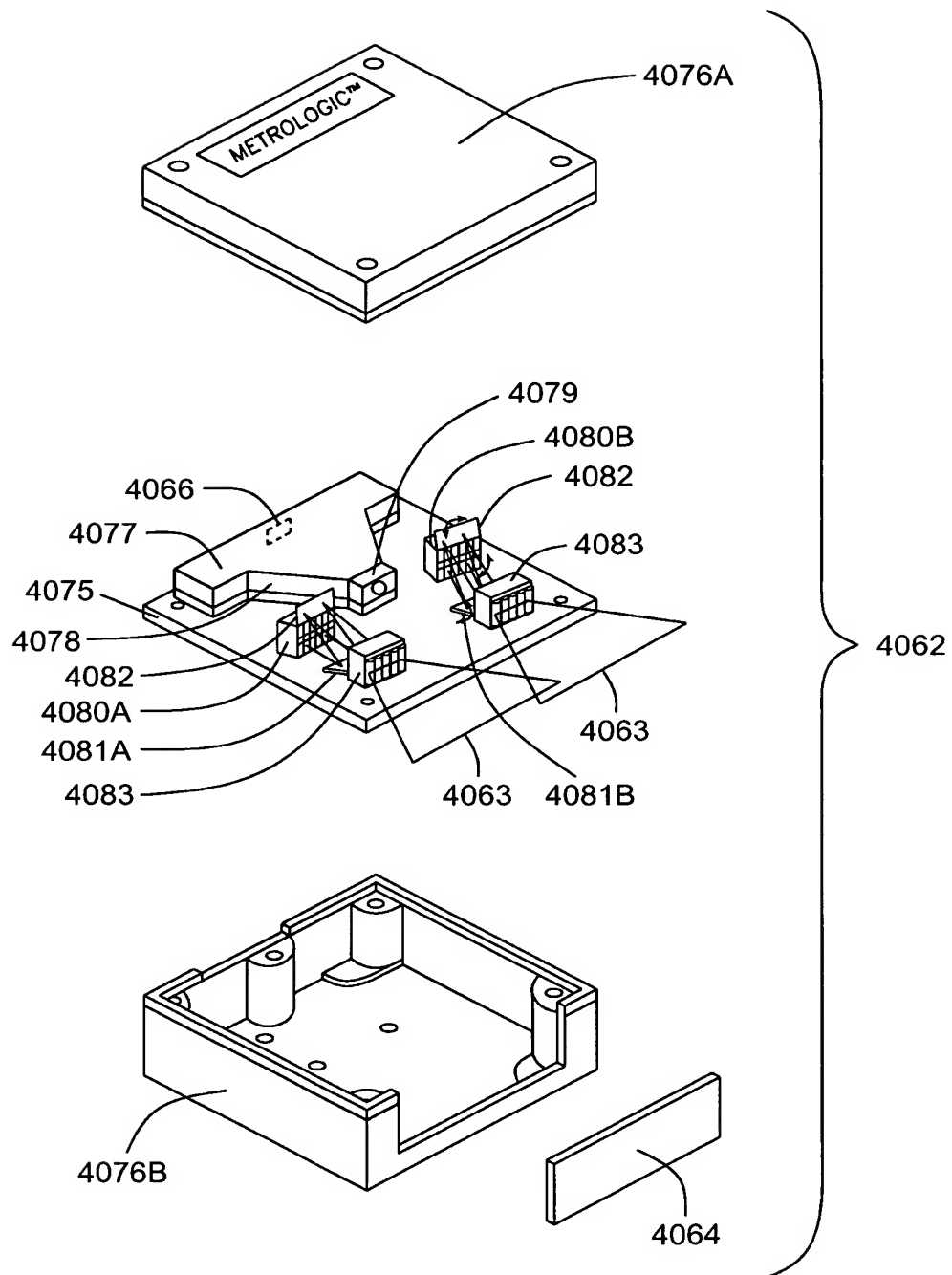


FIG. 54A



(Dual Mirrors)
Fig. 115A-5D

FIG. 54B

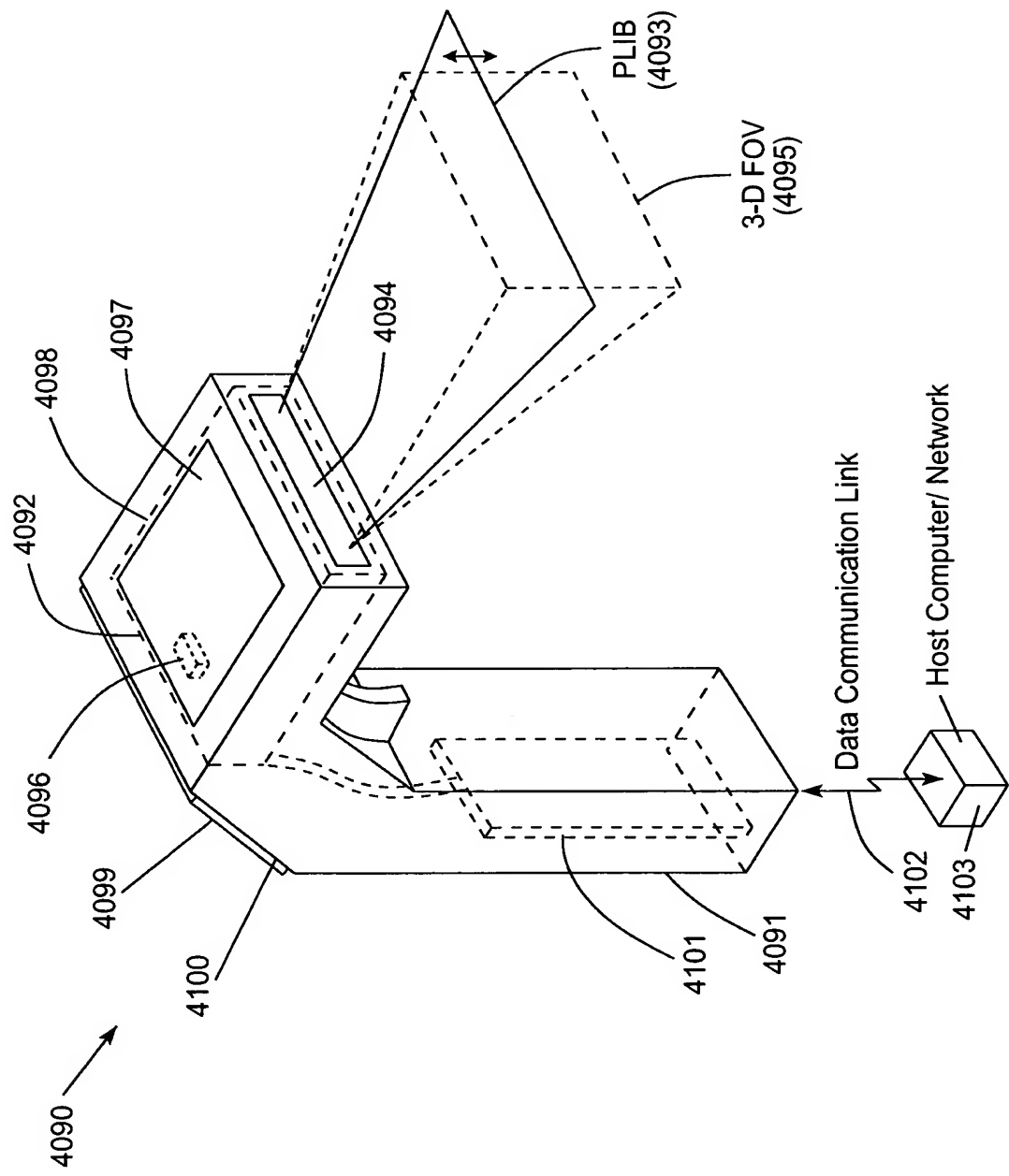
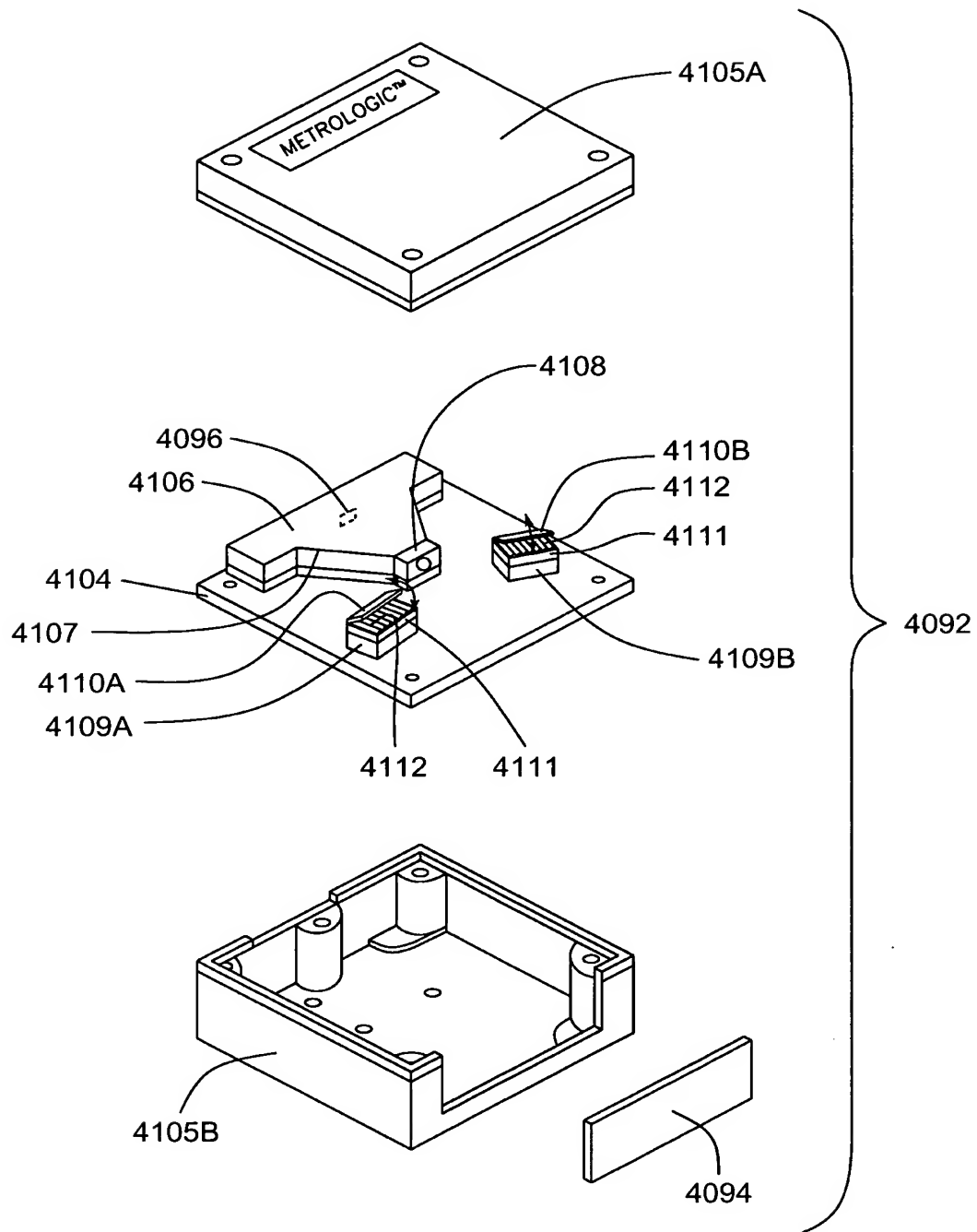


FIG. 55A



Bragg Cell
Fig. 116A-6B

FIG. 55B

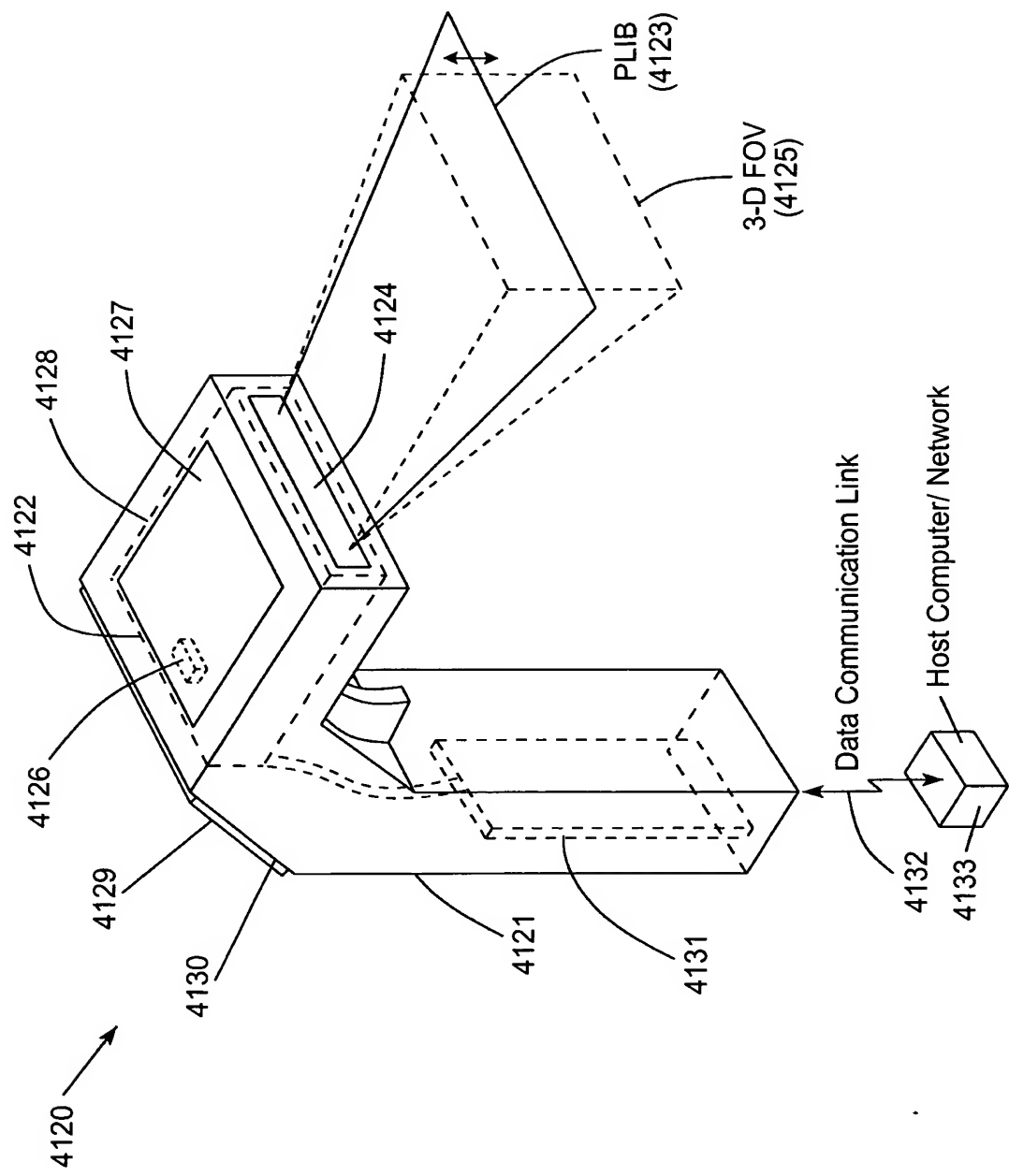
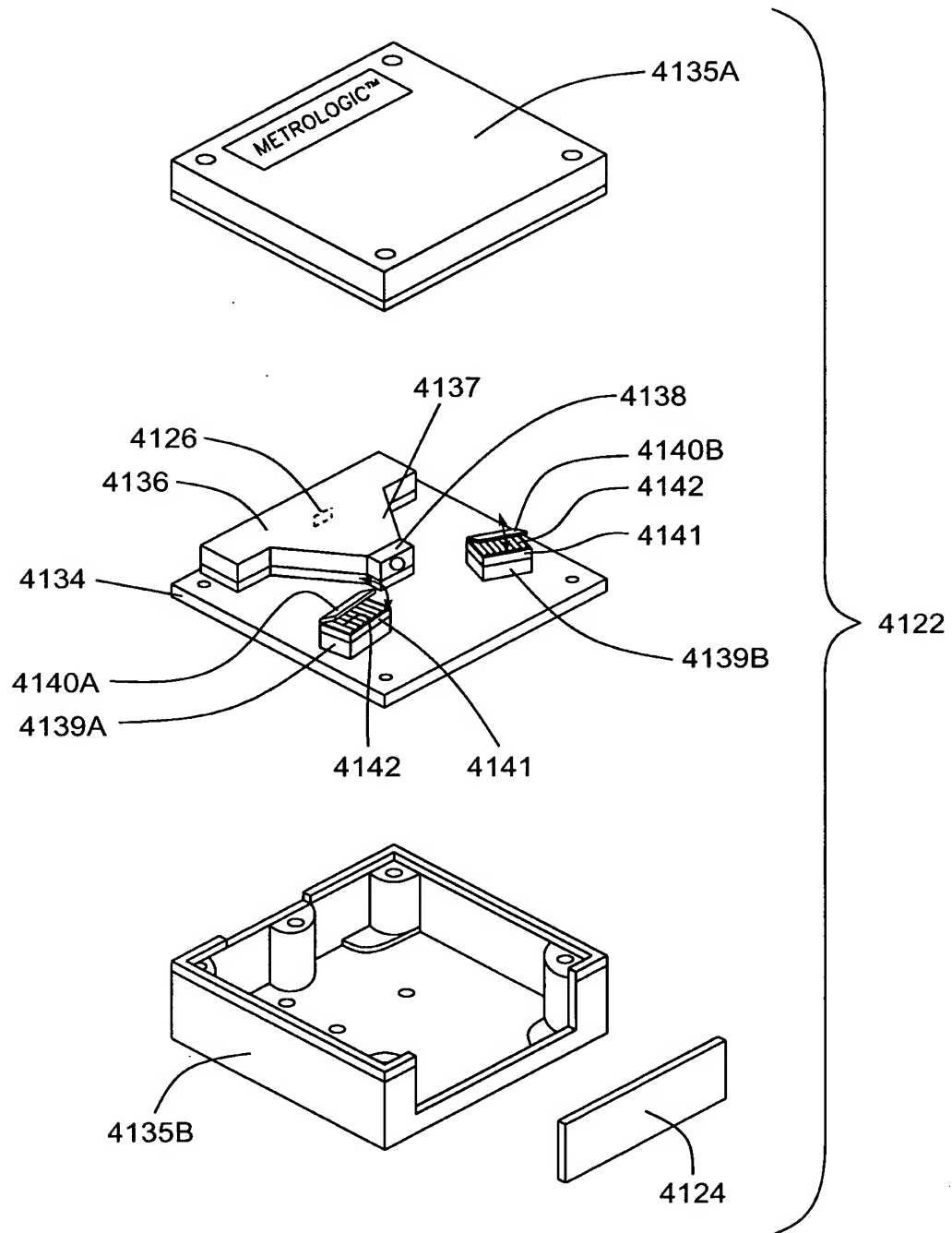


FIG. 56A



DM
 Fig. 117A-7B

FIG. 56B

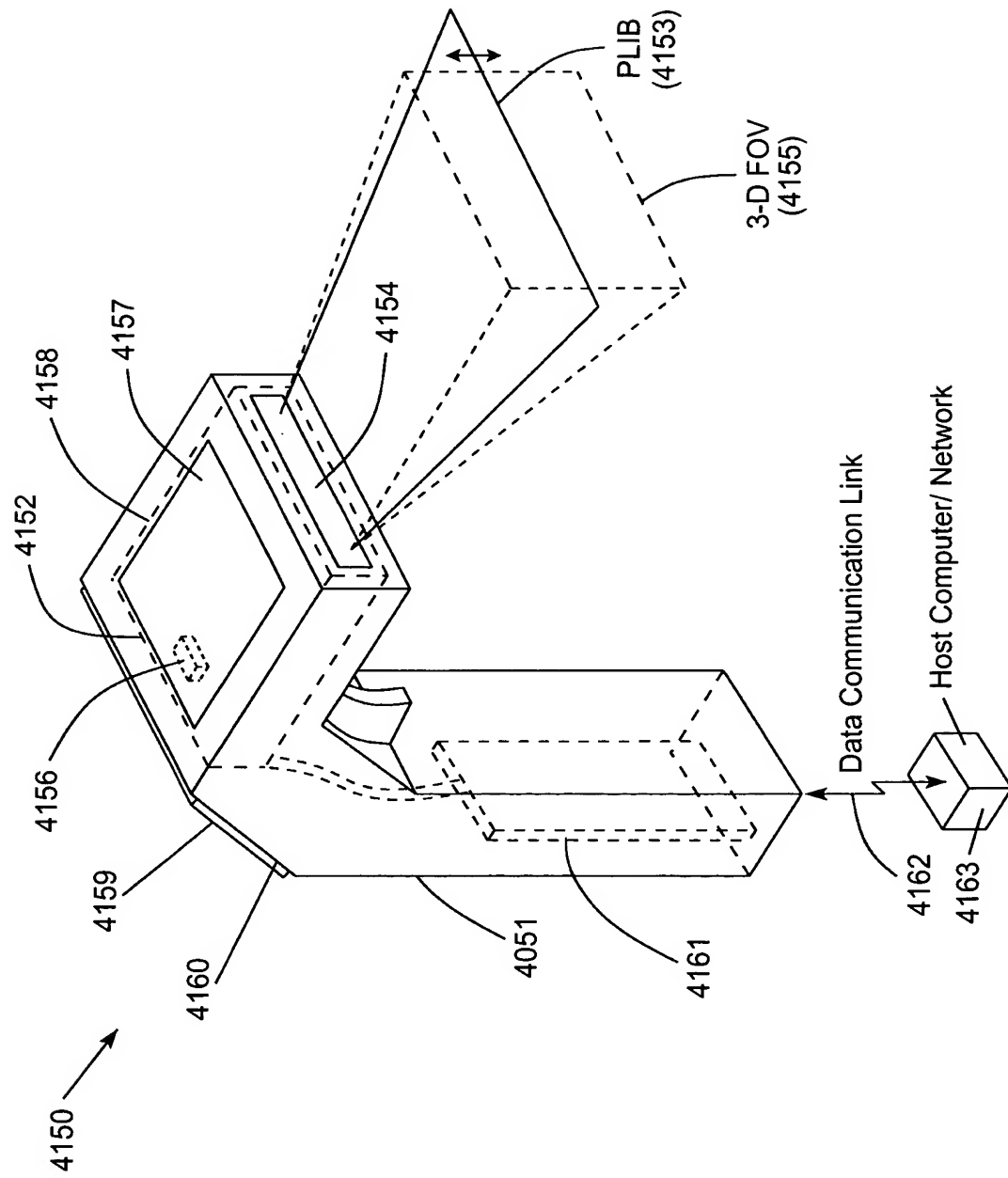


FIG. 57A

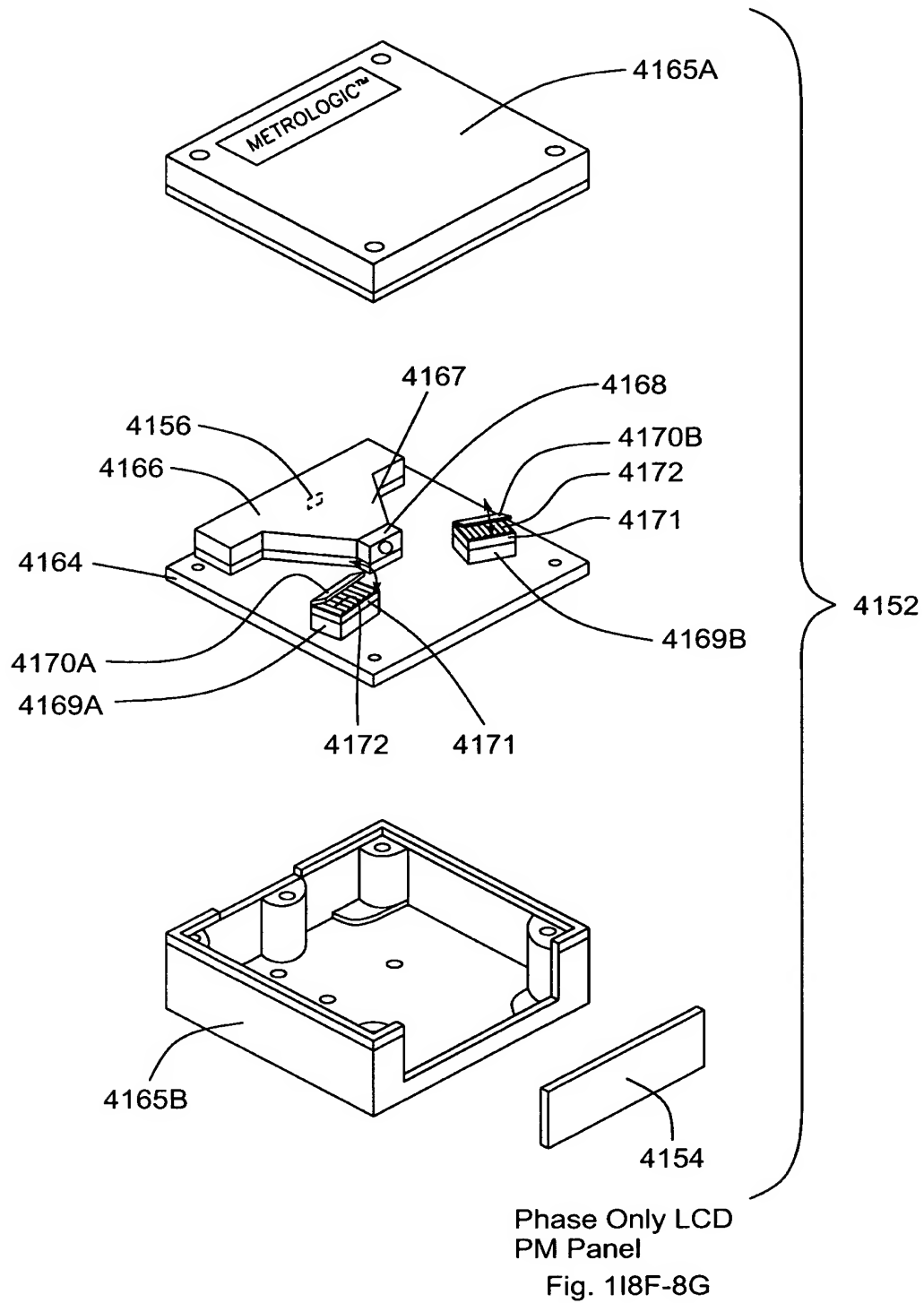


FIG. 57B

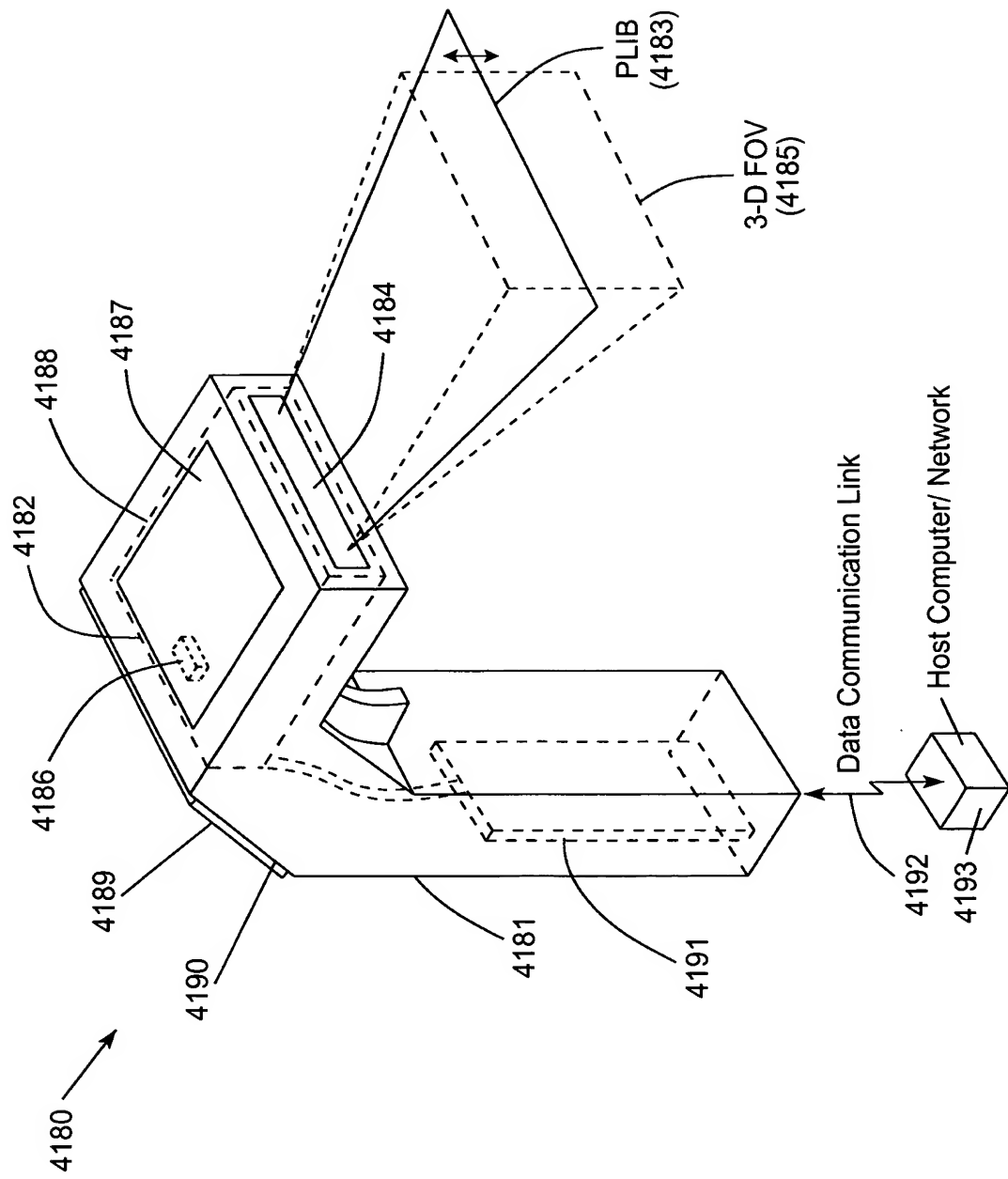
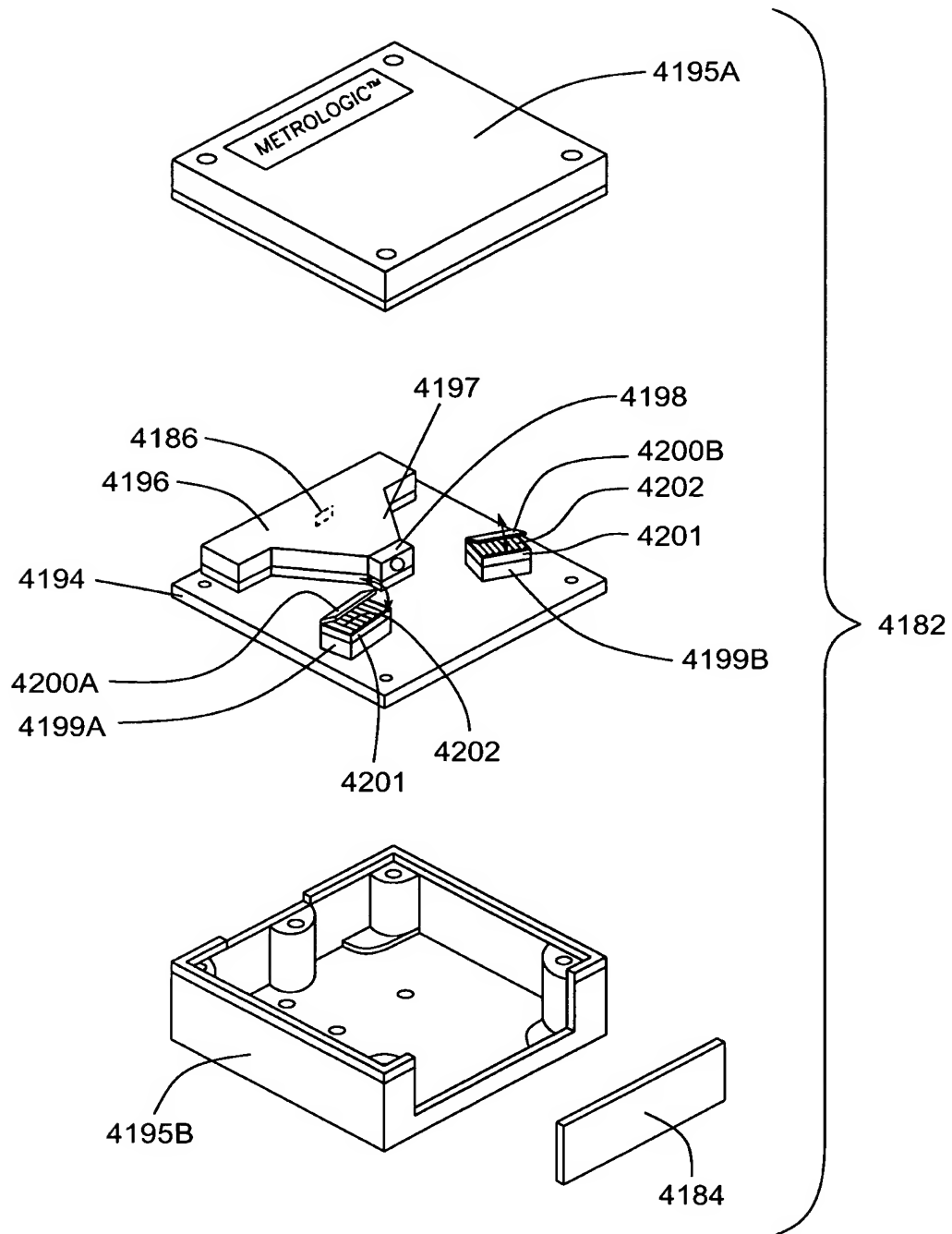


FIG. 58A



HS Optical Shutter
Fig. 1114A-14B

FIG. 58B

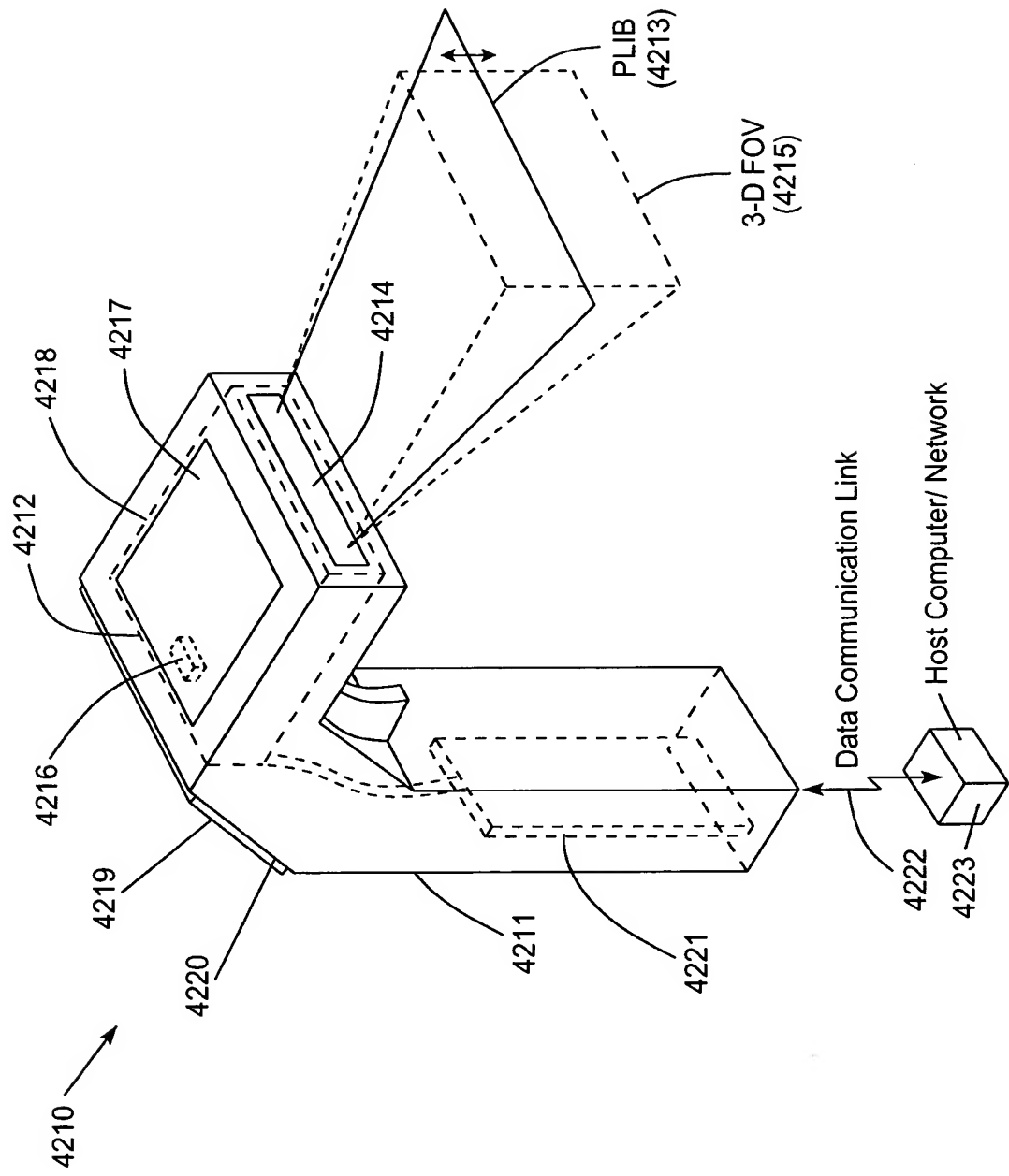
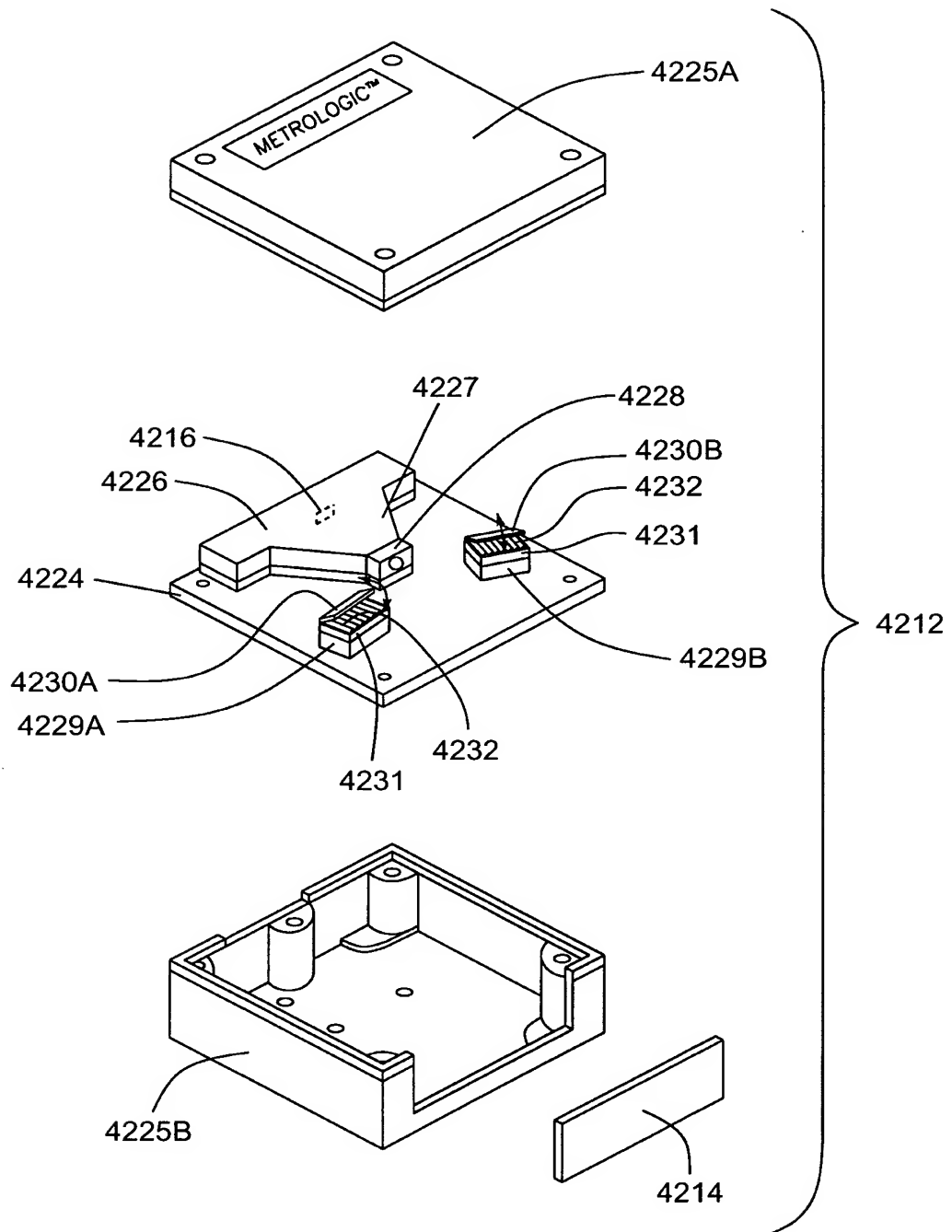


FIG. 59A



MLLD

Fig. 1115A-15B

FIG. 59B

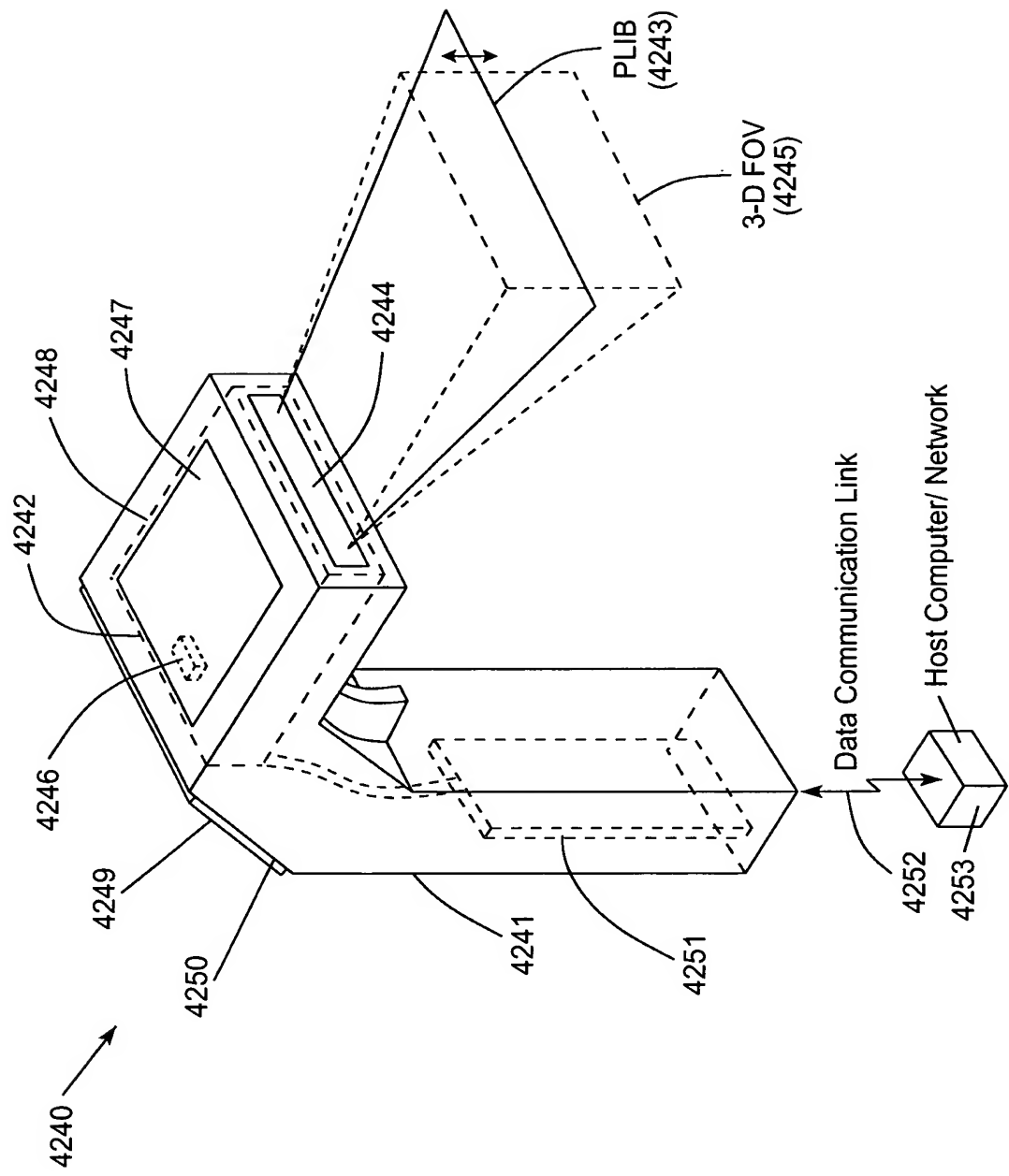
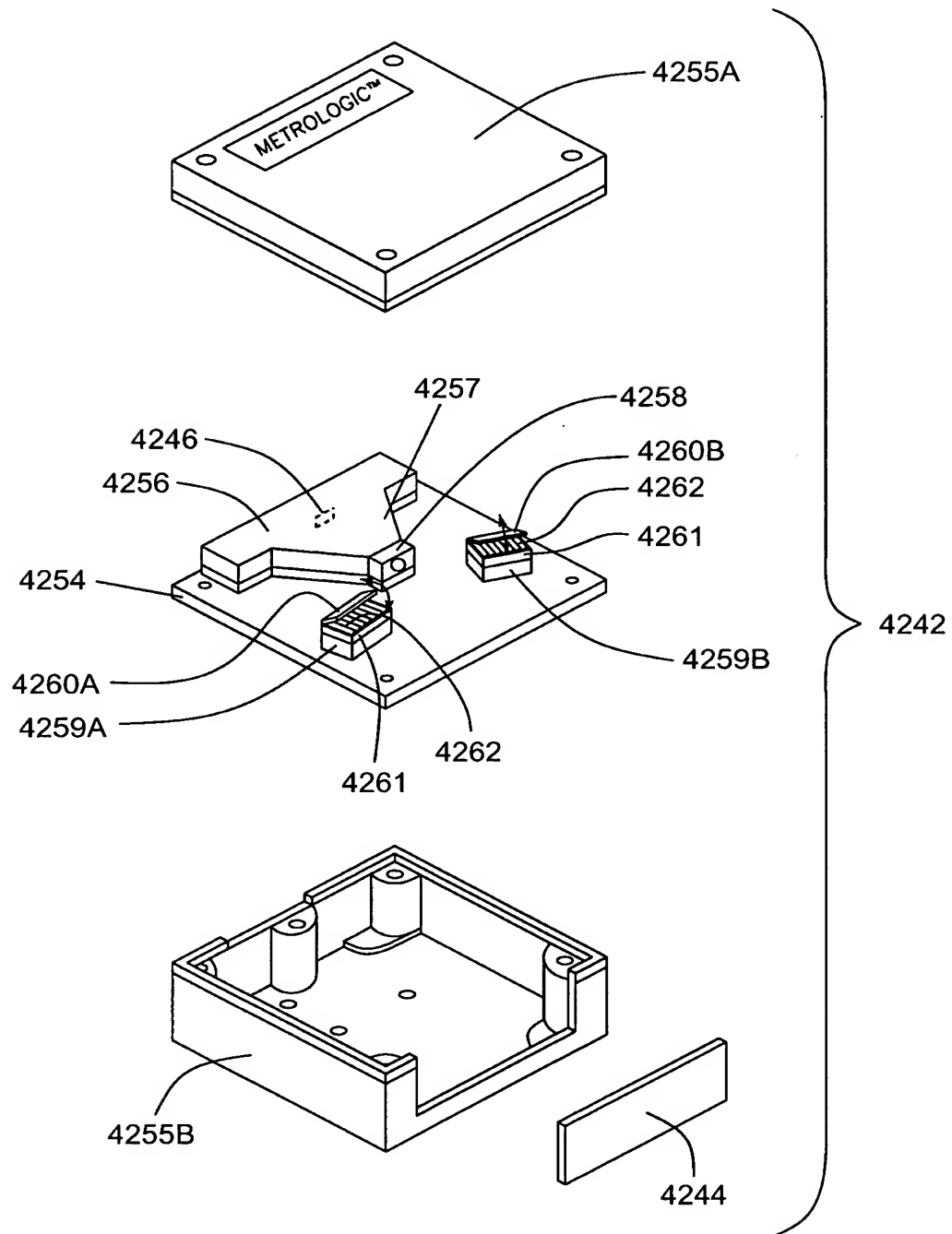


FIG. 60A



Etalon (Temp. Phase Mod.)
Fig. 1117A-17B

FIG. 60B

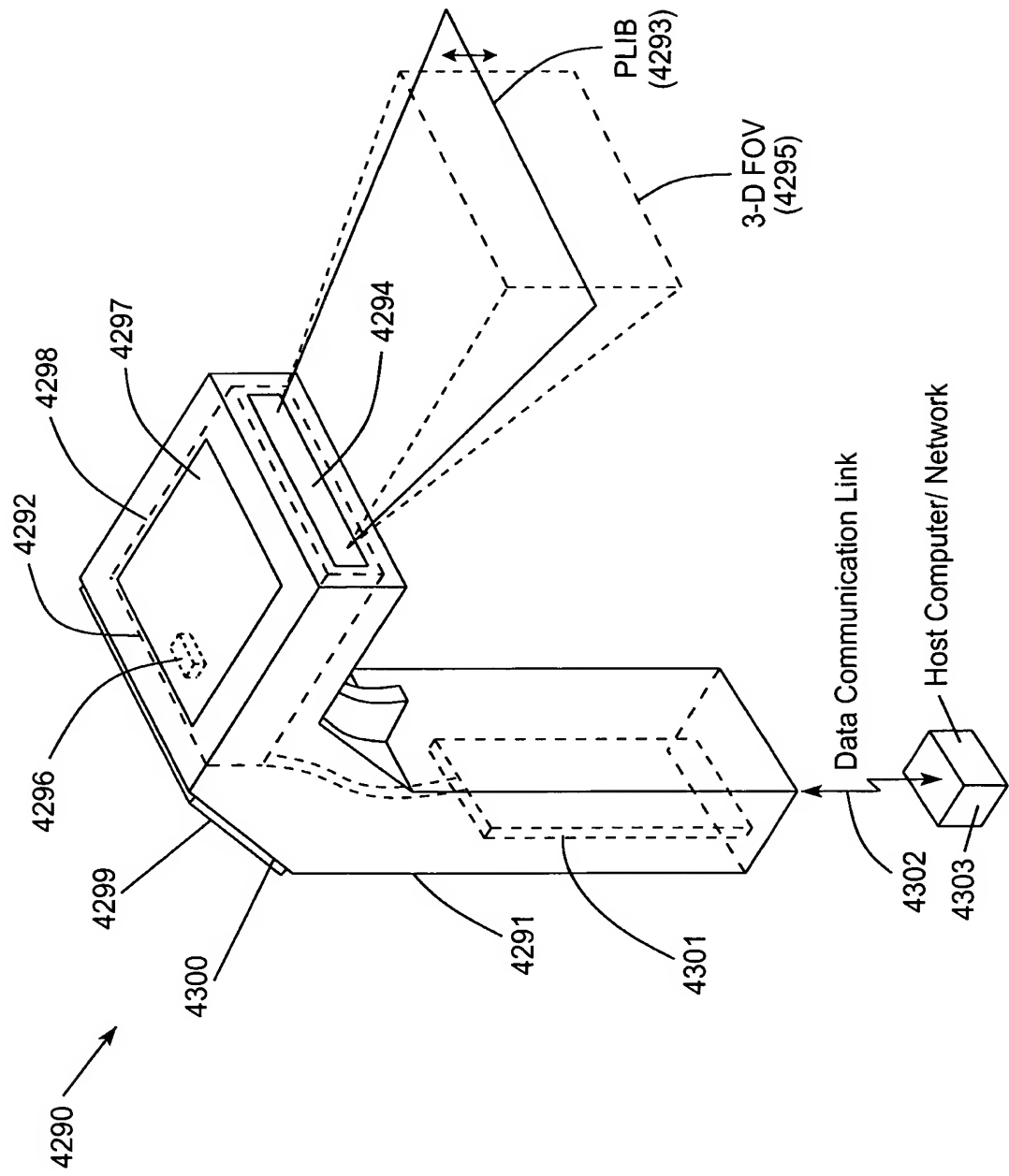
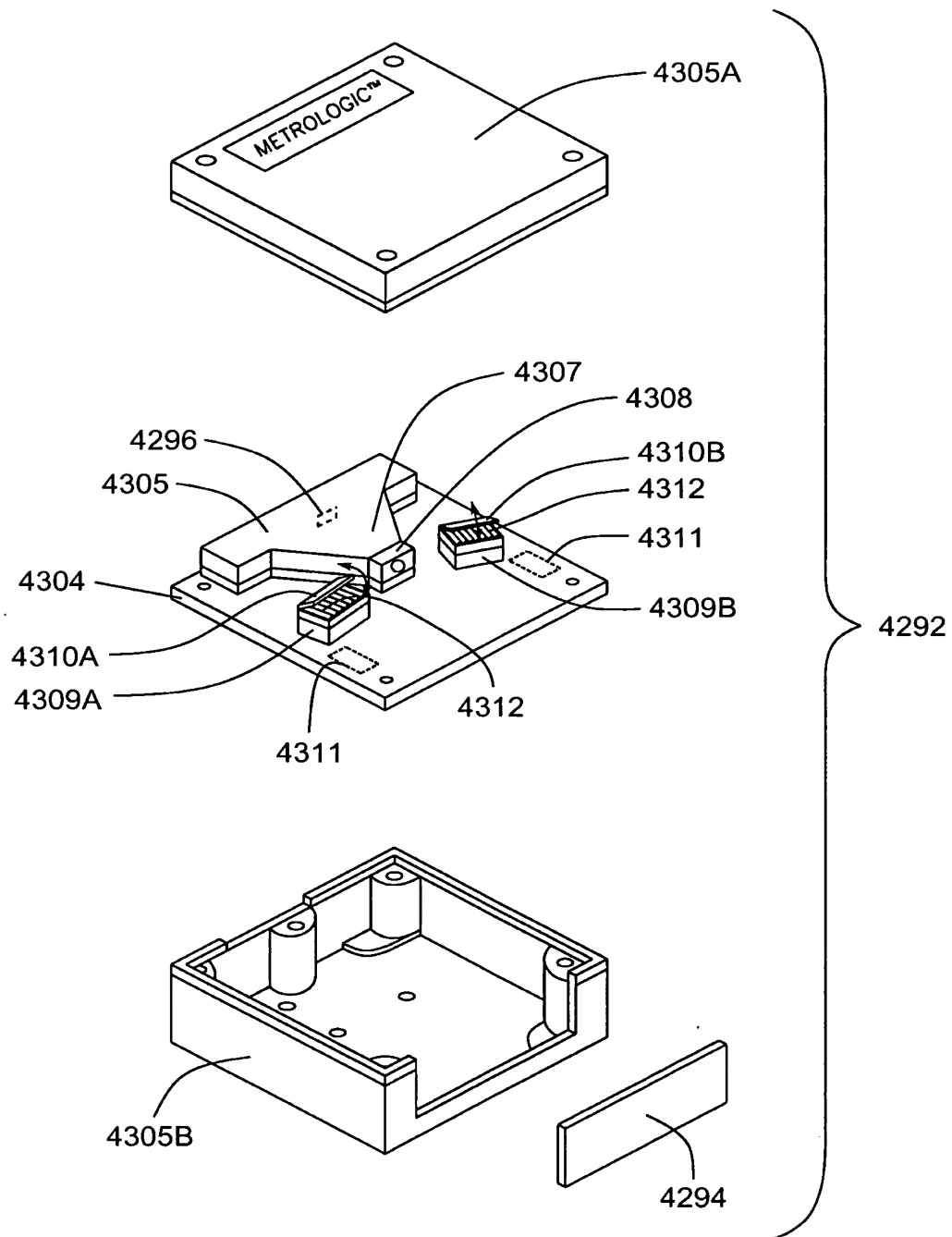


FIG. 61A



Mode Hopping
 Fig. 1119A-19B

FIG. 61B

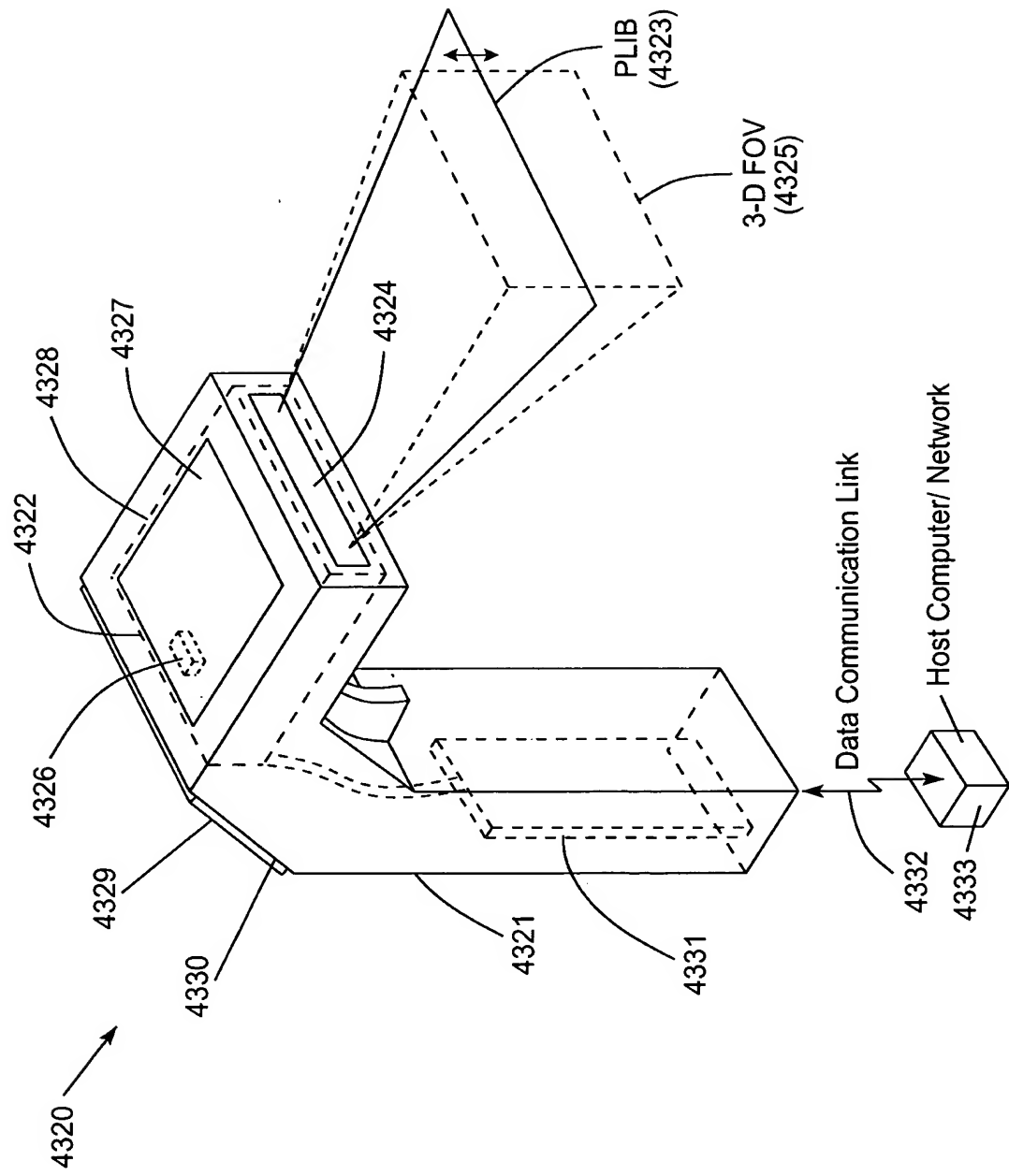
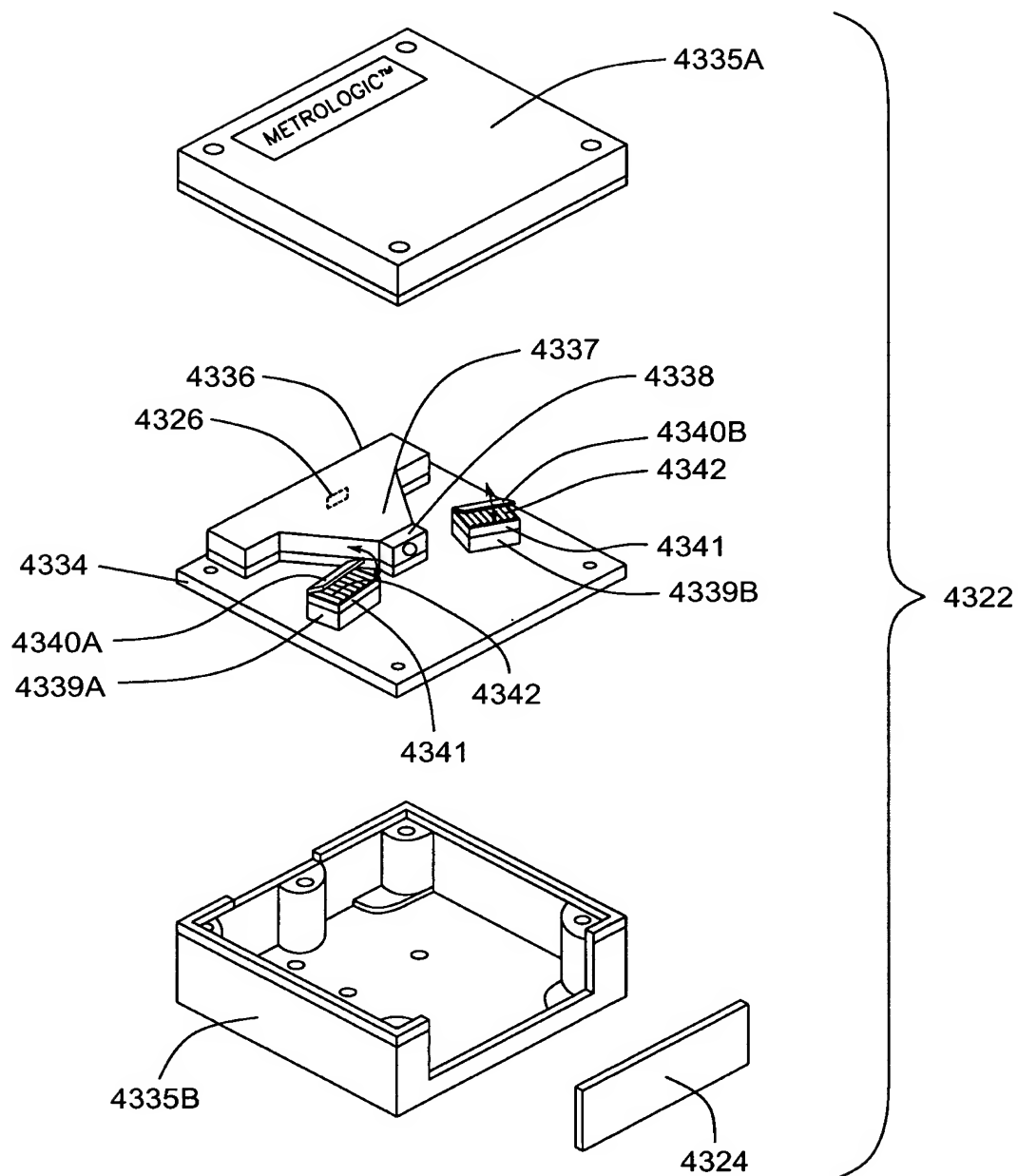


FIG. 62A



Micro-oscillating
 Spatial Intensity
 Modulation Panels
 Fig. 1I21A-21D

FIG. 62B

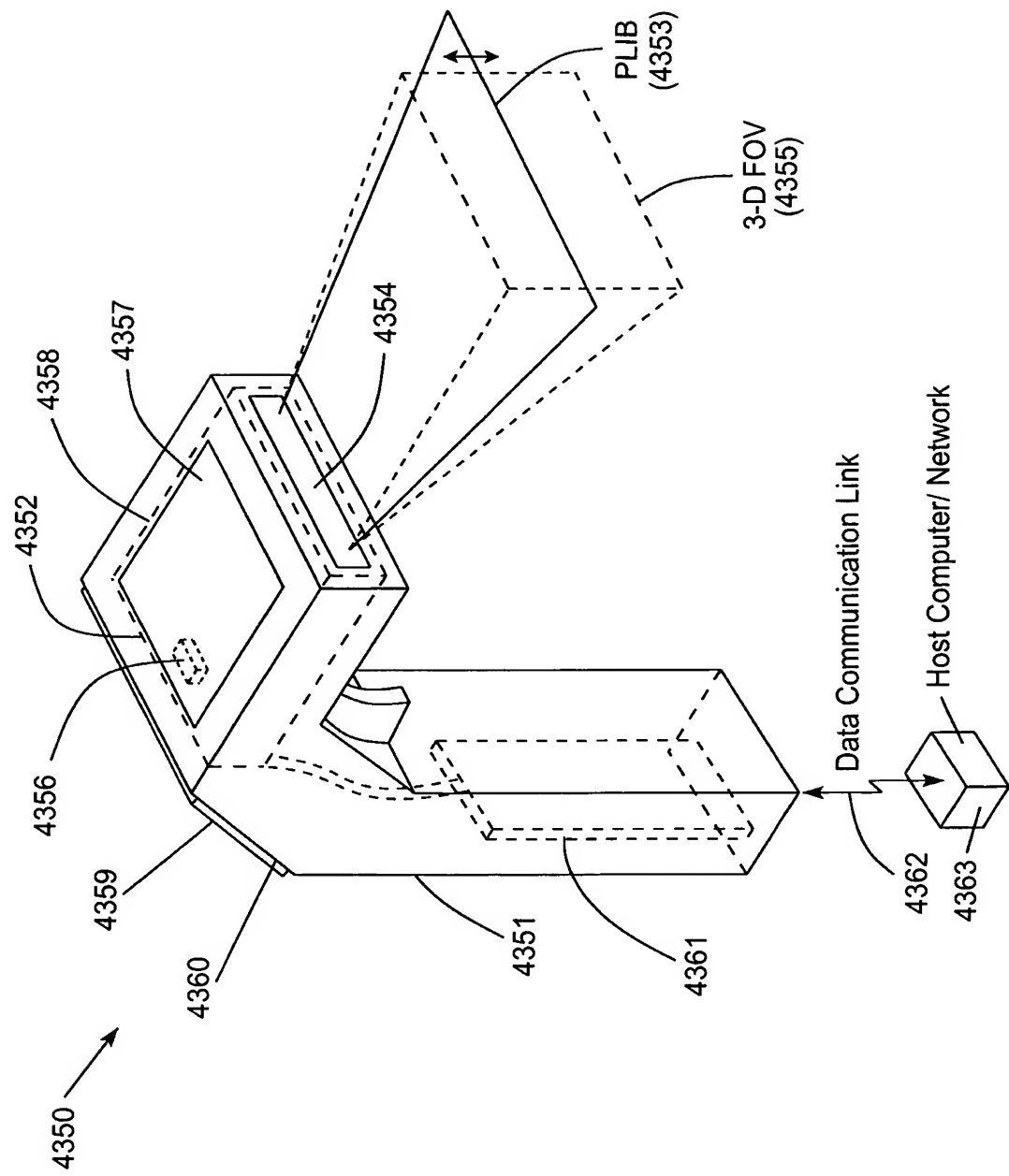
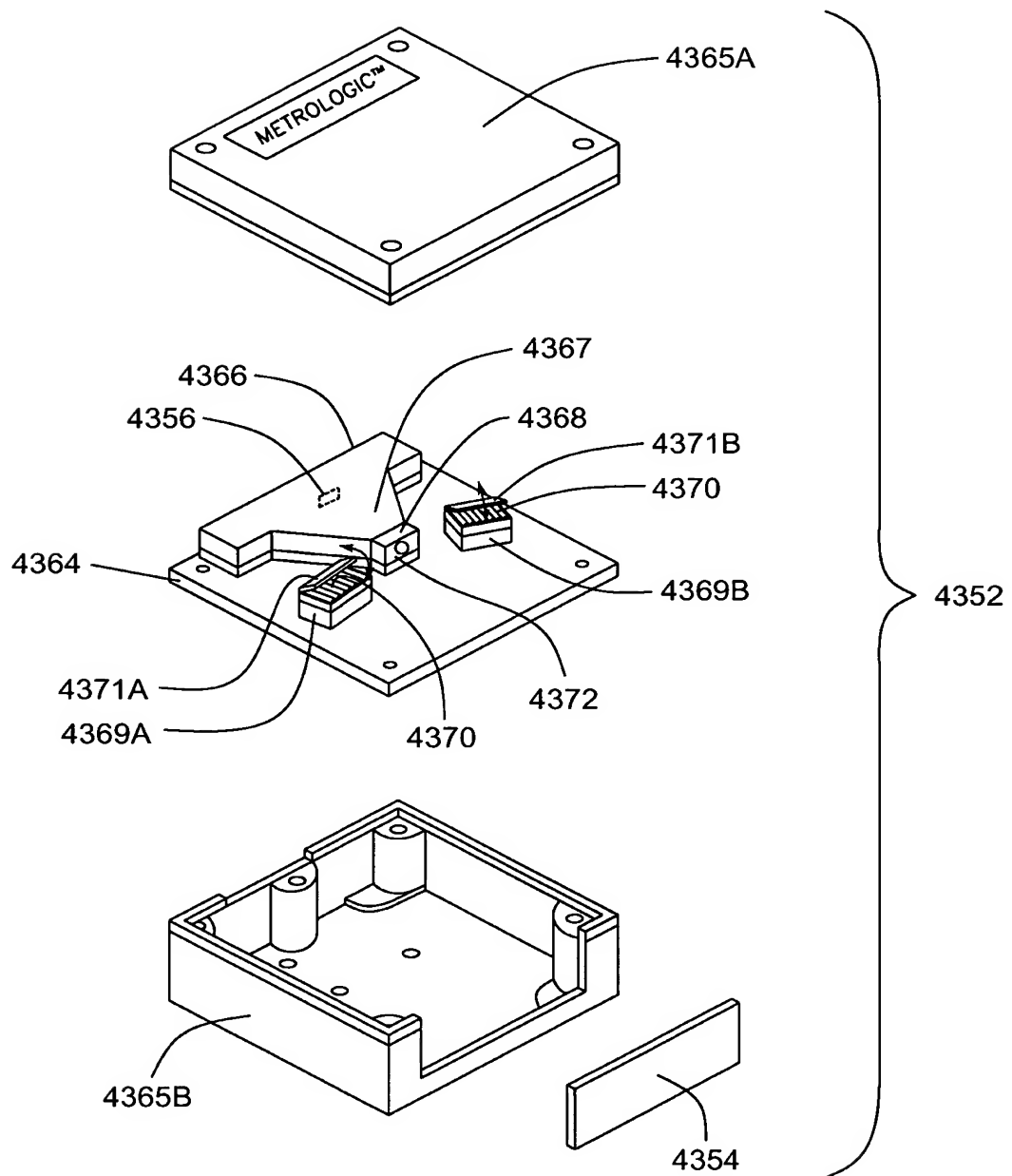


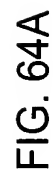
FIG. 63A

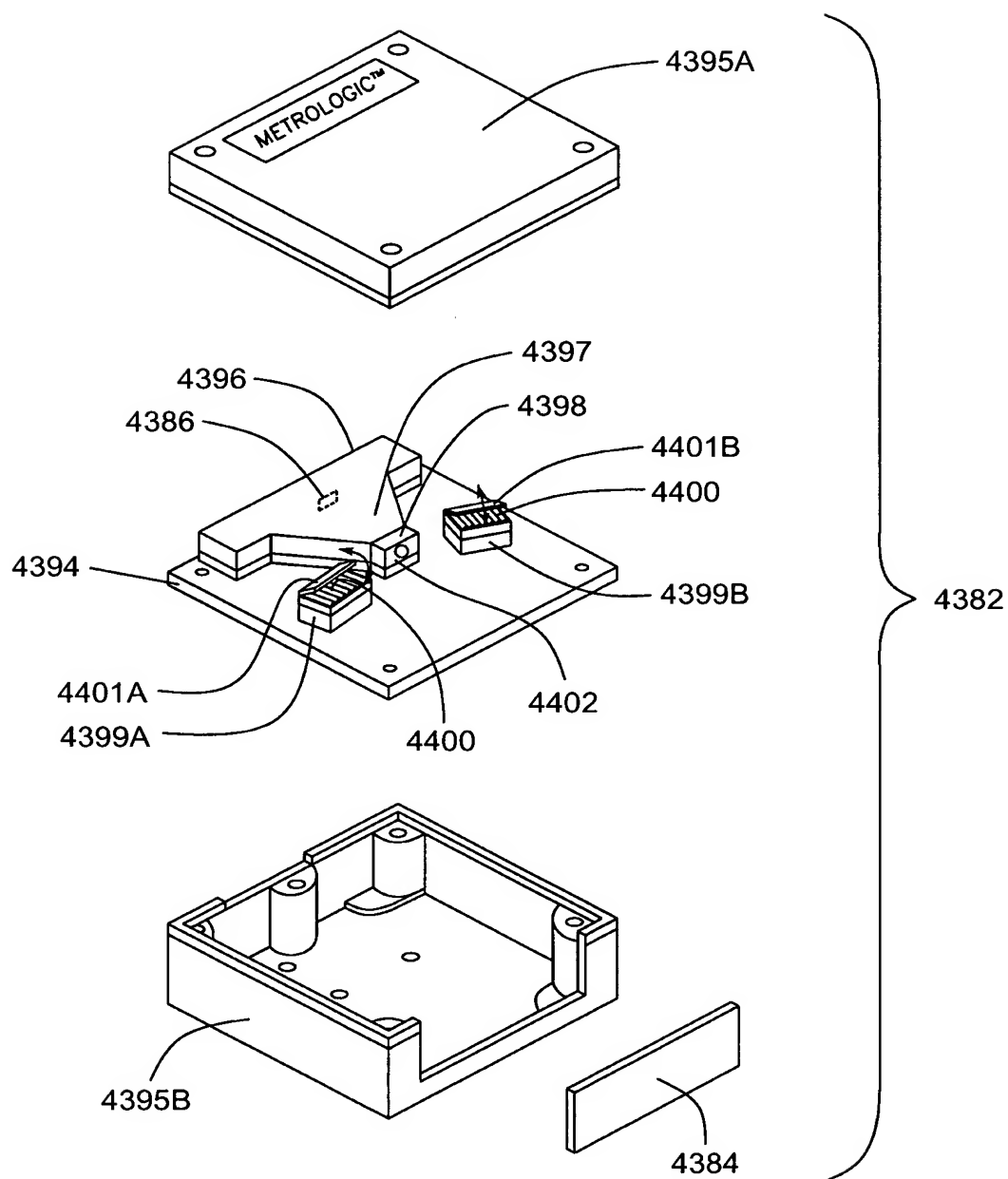


EO or Mechanically
Rotating Iris

Fig. 1123A-23B

FIG. 63B





E-optical Shutter
 Before IFD Lens
 Fig. 1124A

FIG. 64B

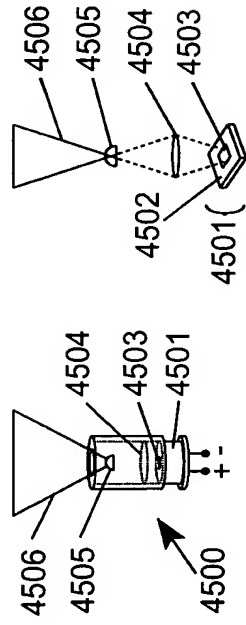


FIG. 65A

FIG. 65B

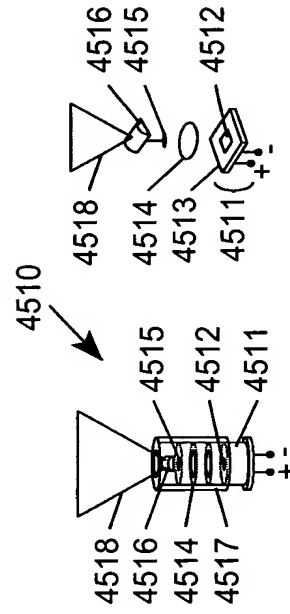


FIG. 66A

FIG. 66B

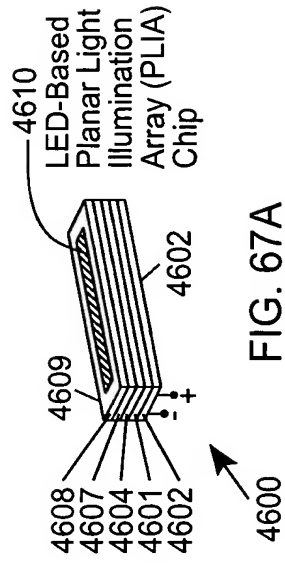


FIG. 67A

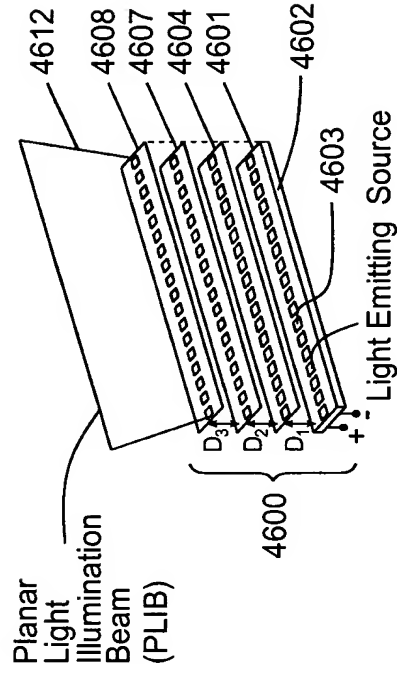


FIG. 67B

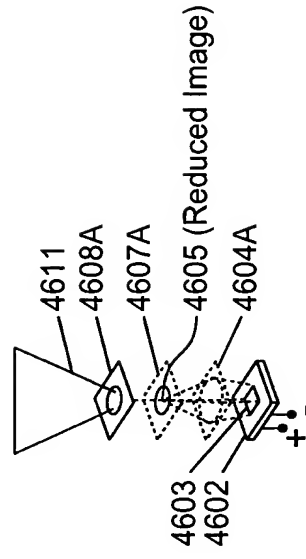


FIG. 67C

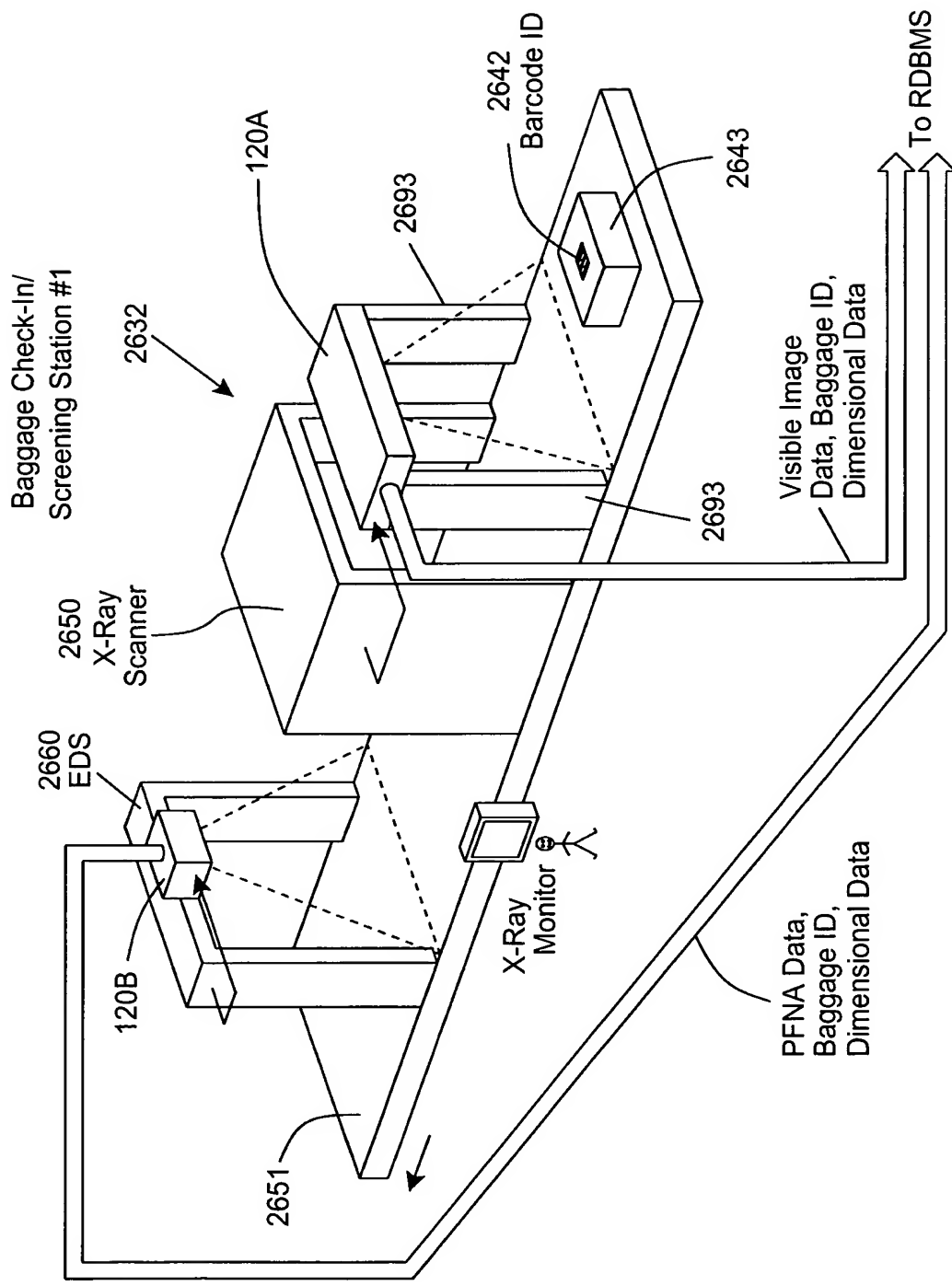
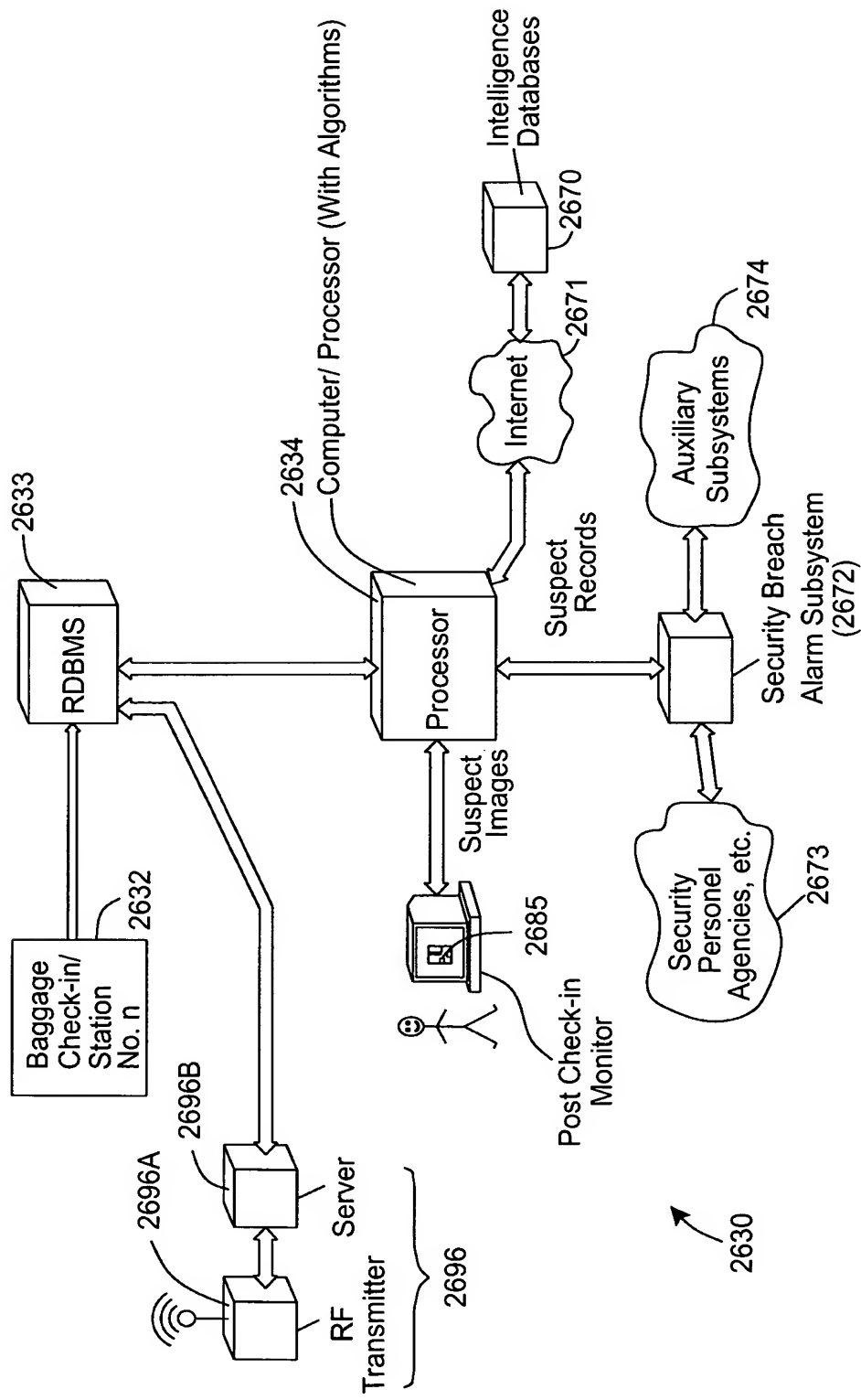


FIG. 68-1



"Airport Security System"

FIG. 68-2

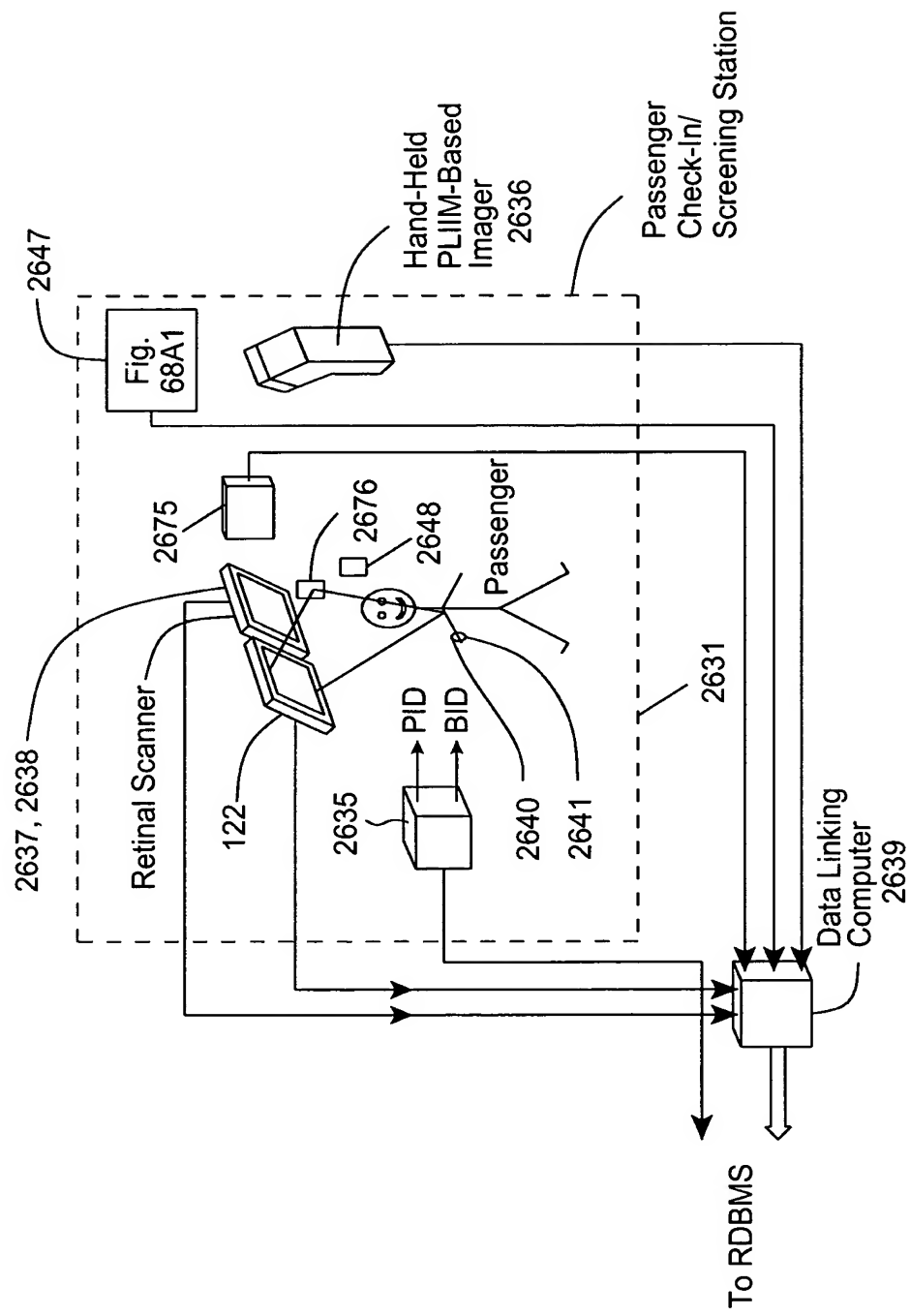


FIG. 68-3

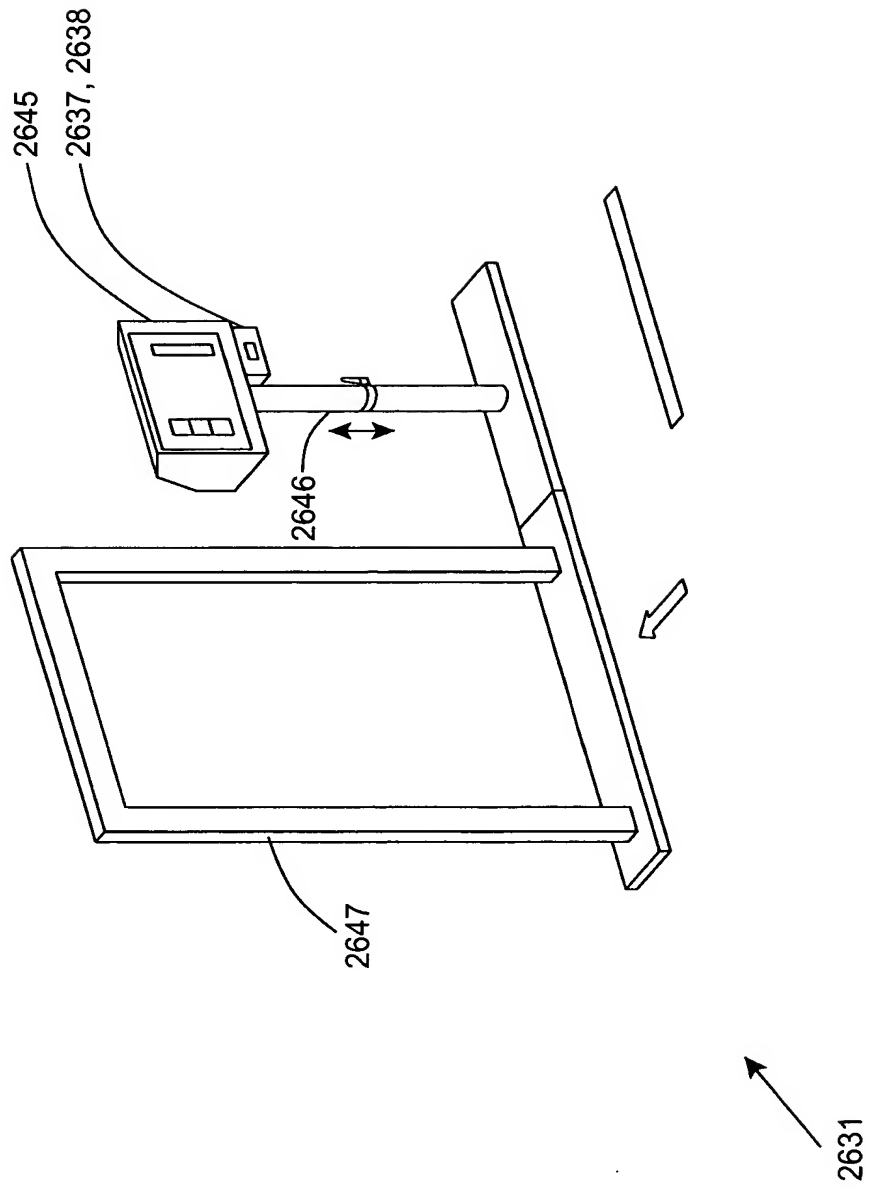


FIG. 68A

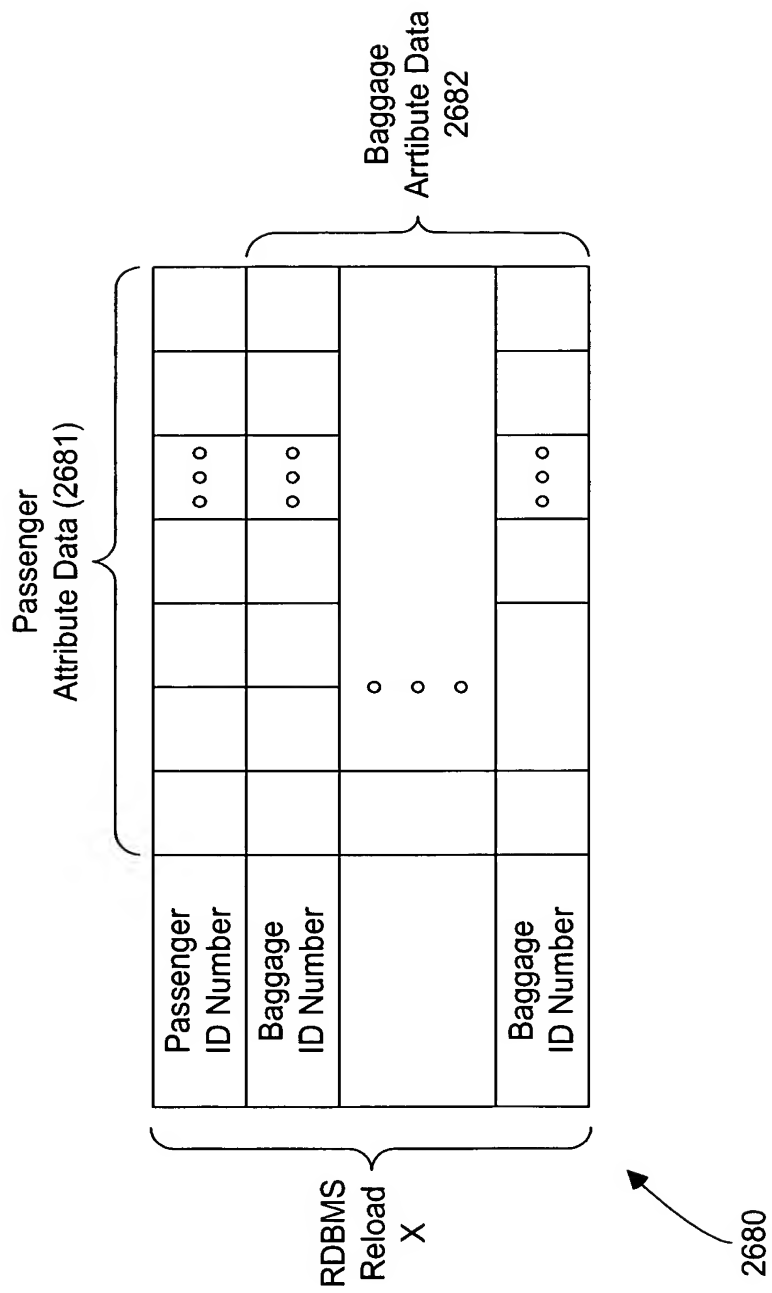


FIG. 68B

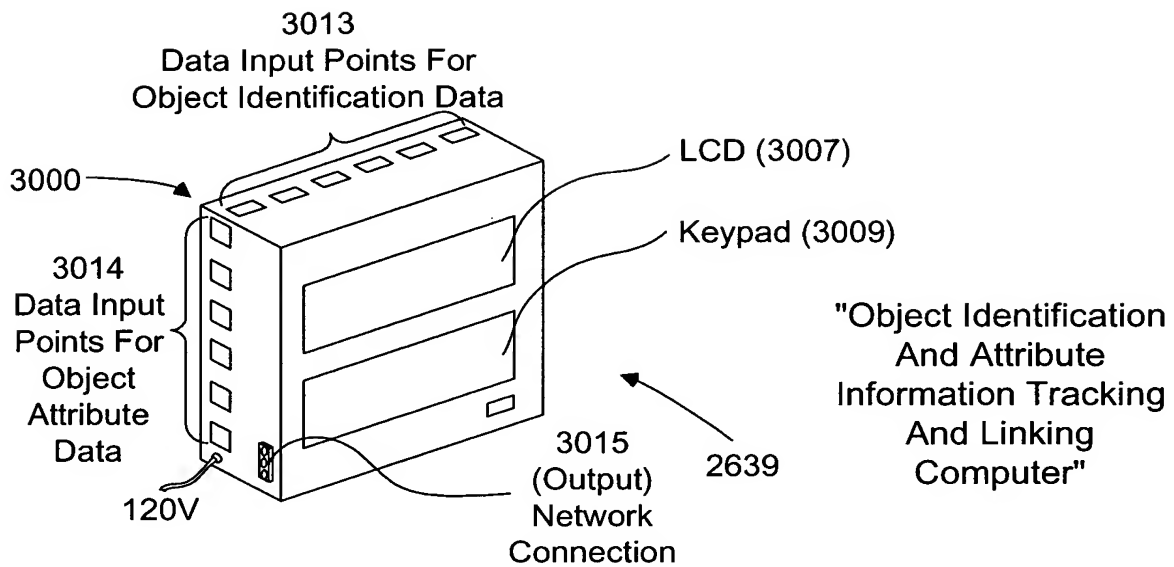


FIG. 68C1

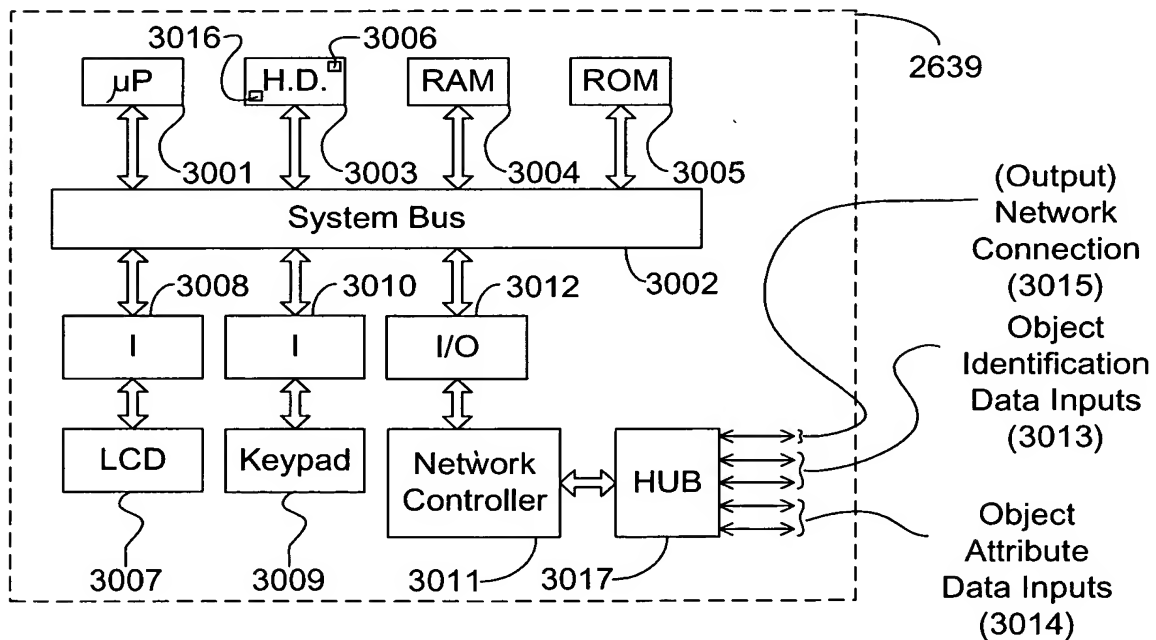


FIG. 68C2

Object Identification And Attribute Information Tracking And Linking Computer System

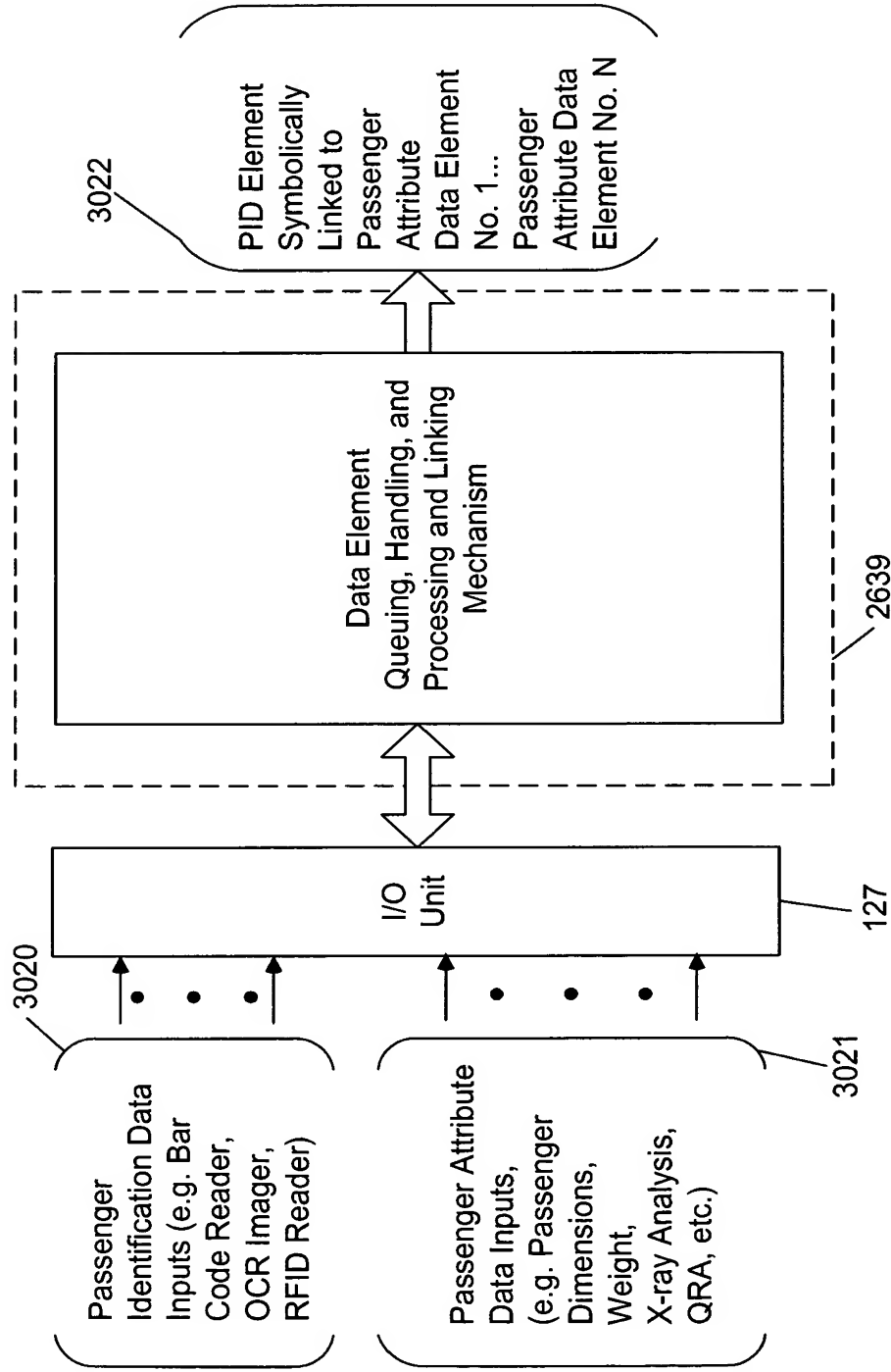


FIG. 68C3

Data Element Queuing, Handling, And Processing Subsystem Employed In The Object Identification And Attribute Acquisition System Of The Present Invention. (131)

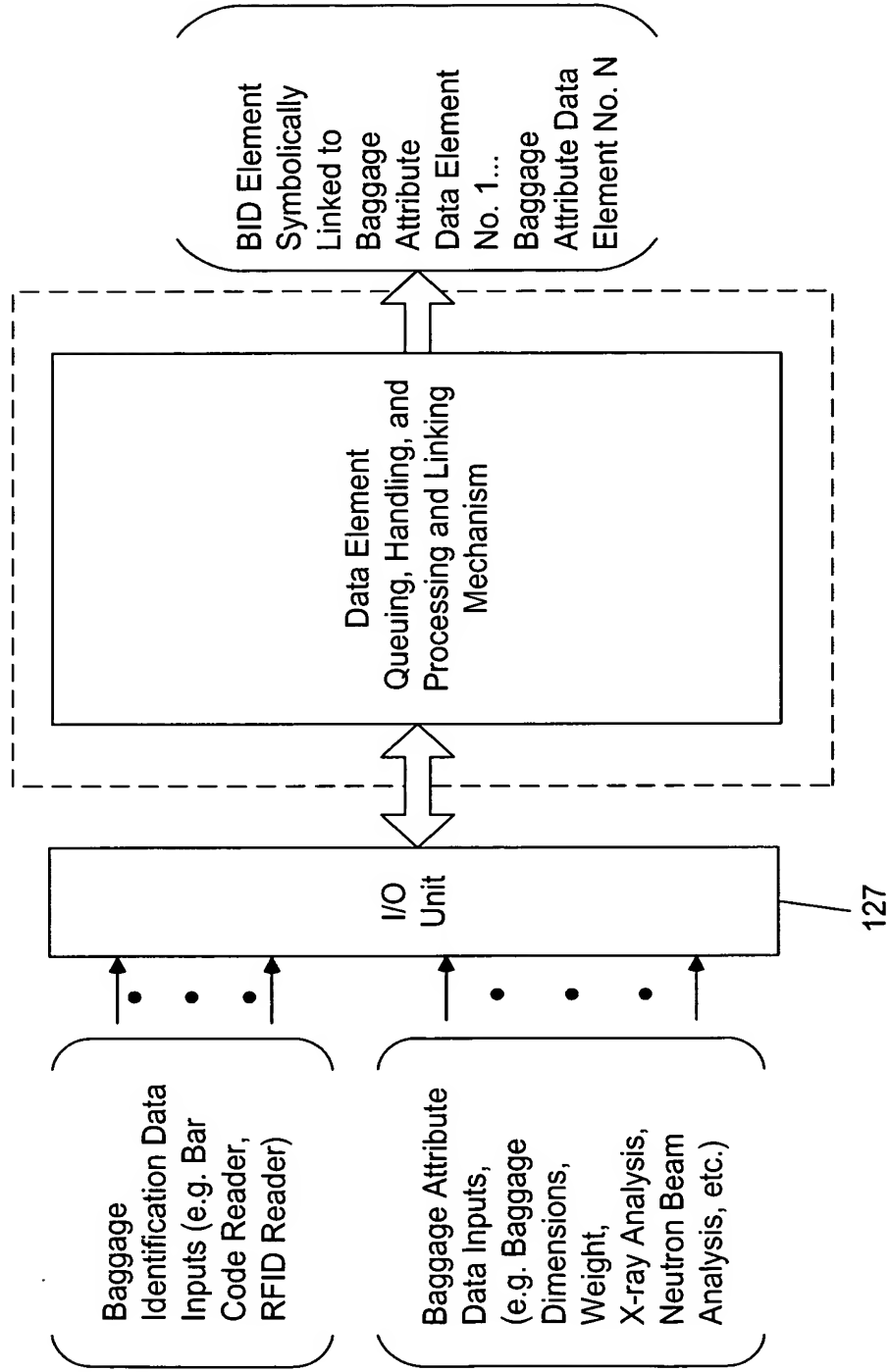


FIG. 68C4

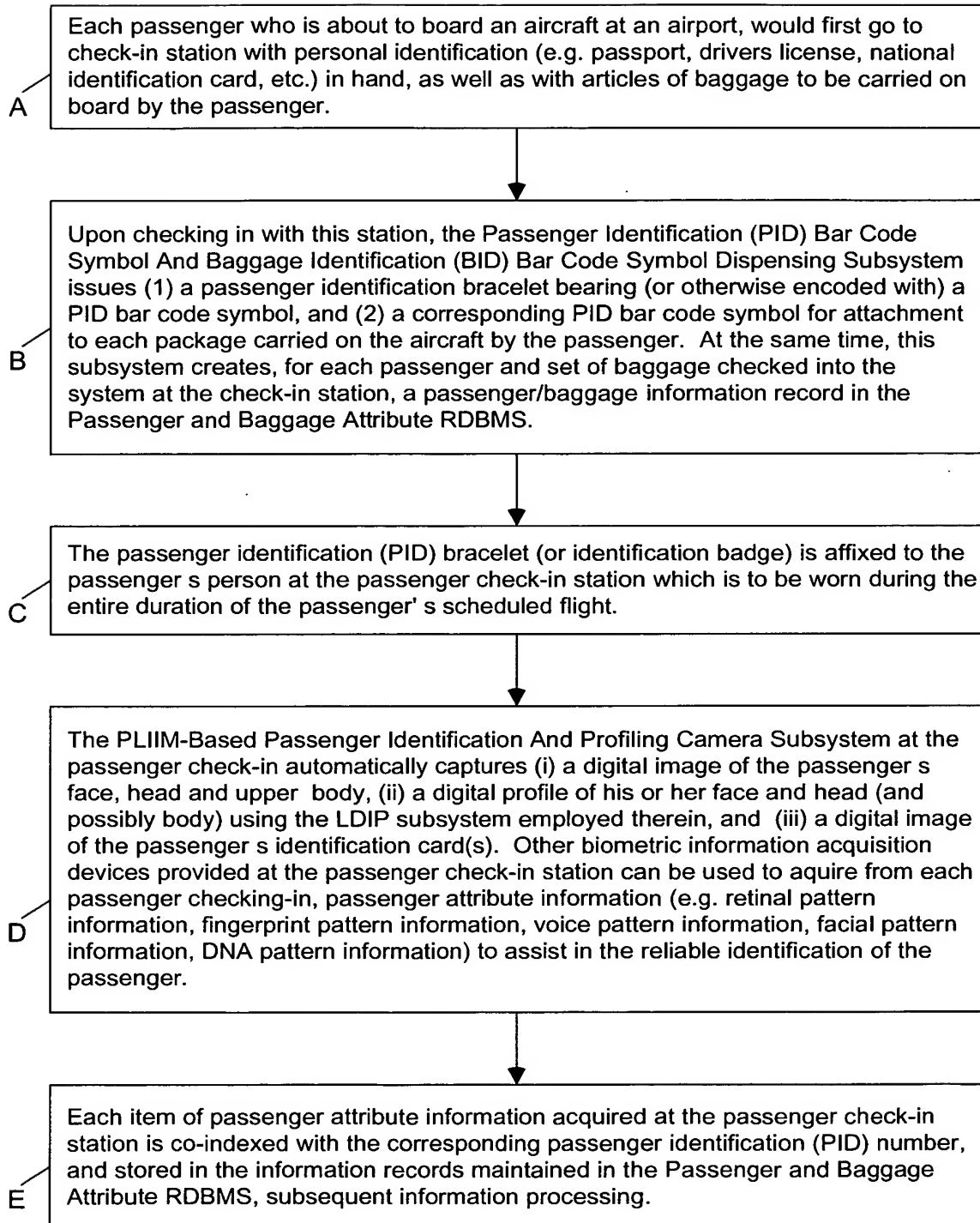


FIG. 68D1

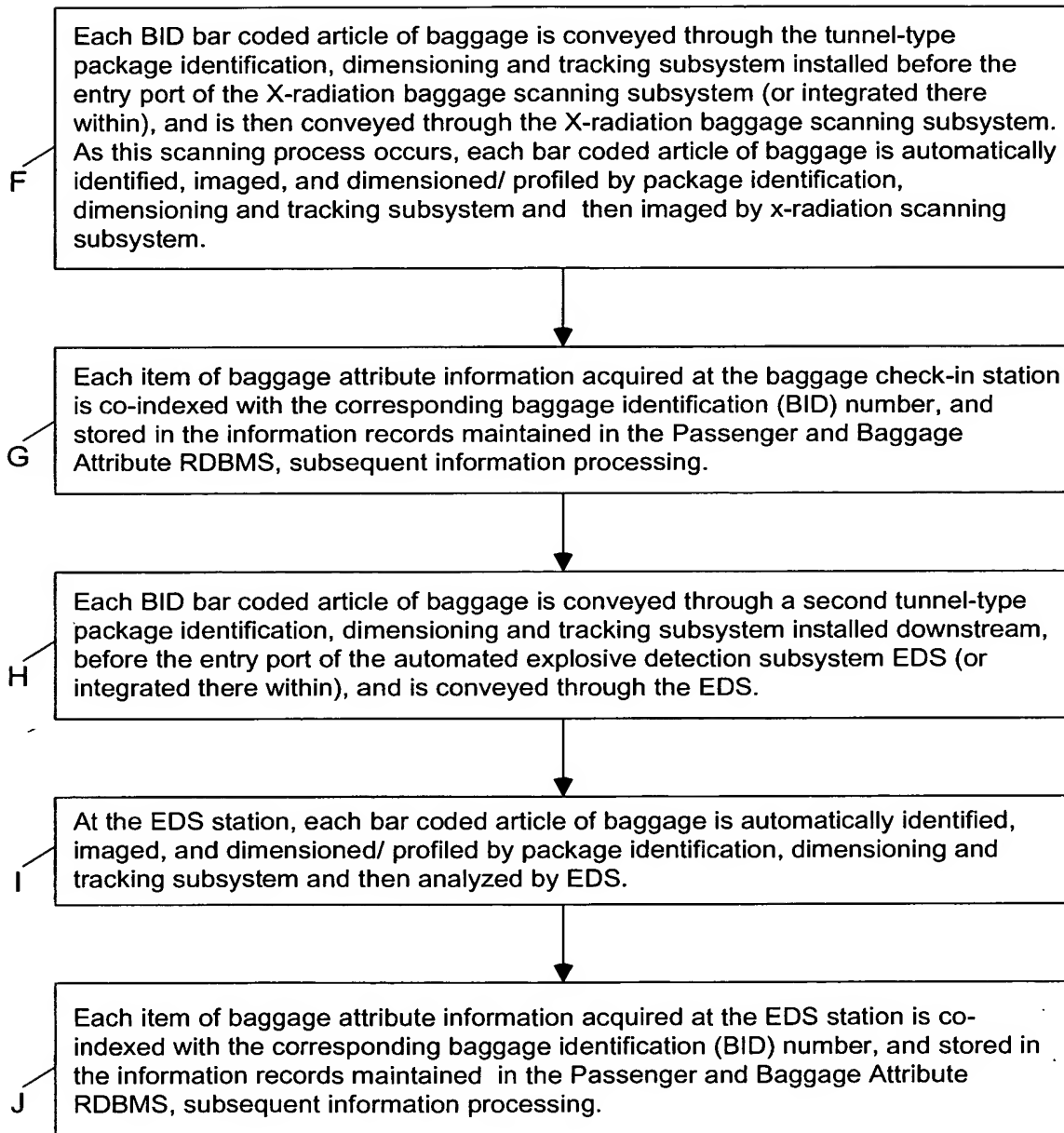


FIG. 68D2

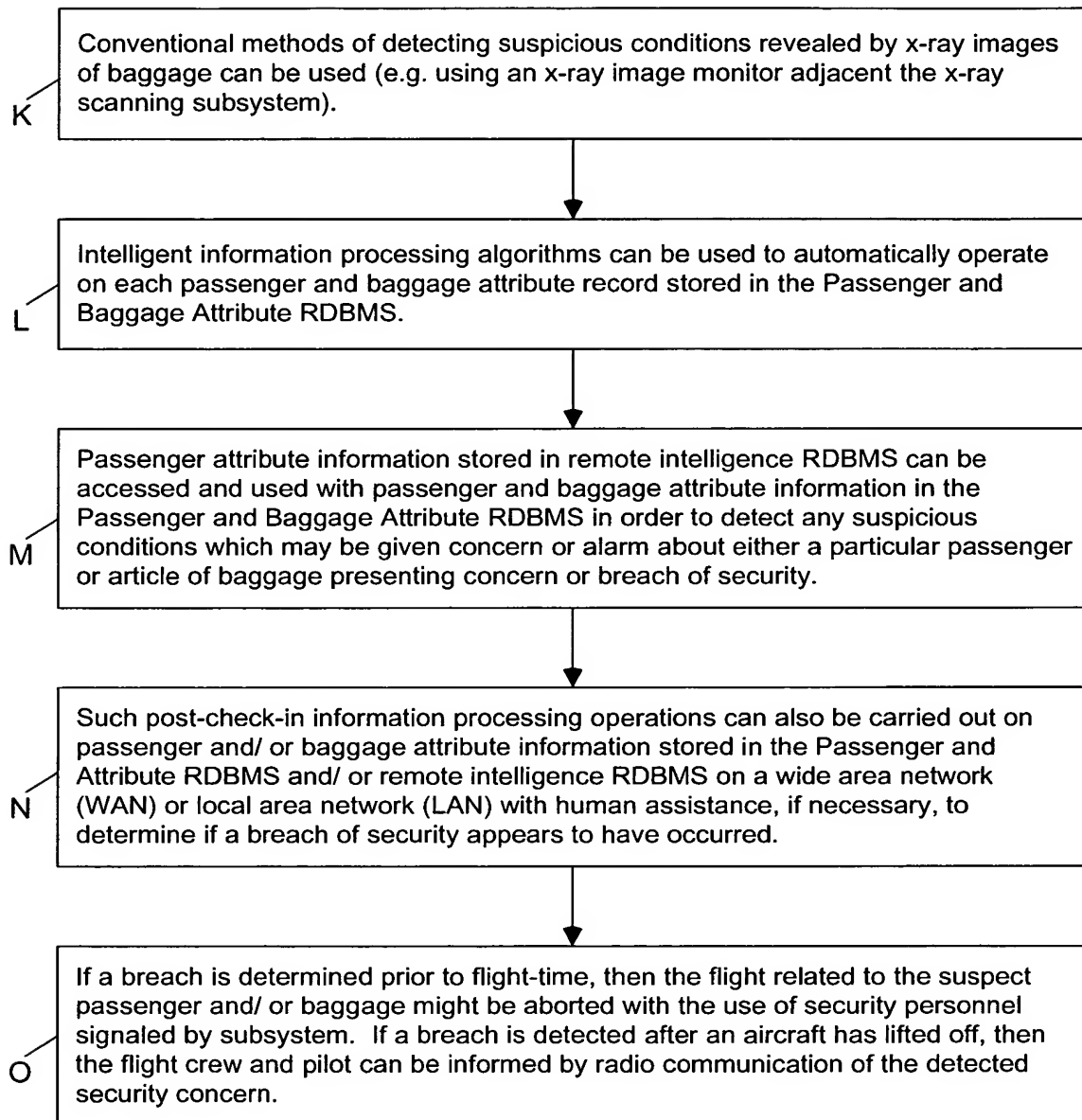


FIG. 68D3

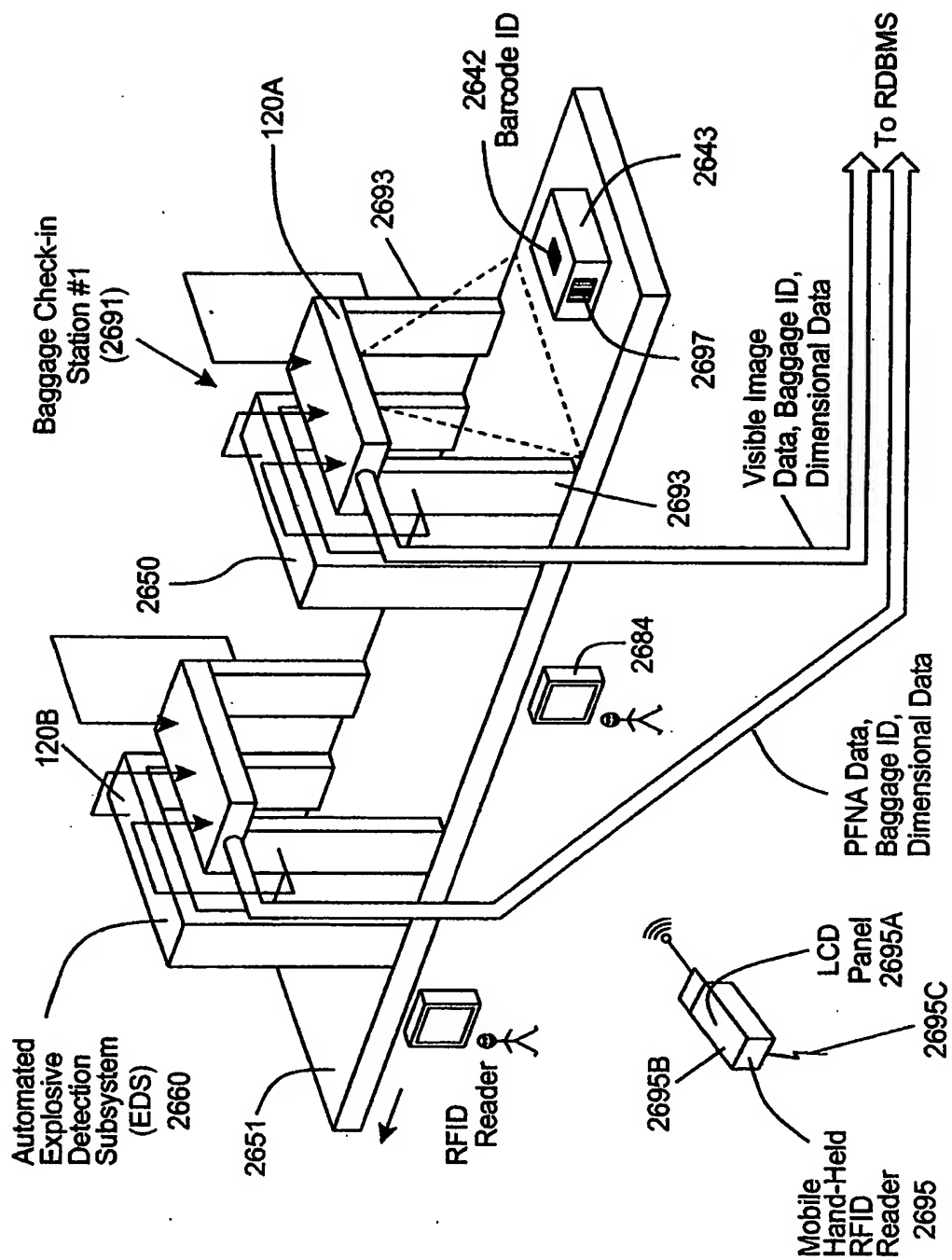


FIG. 69A1

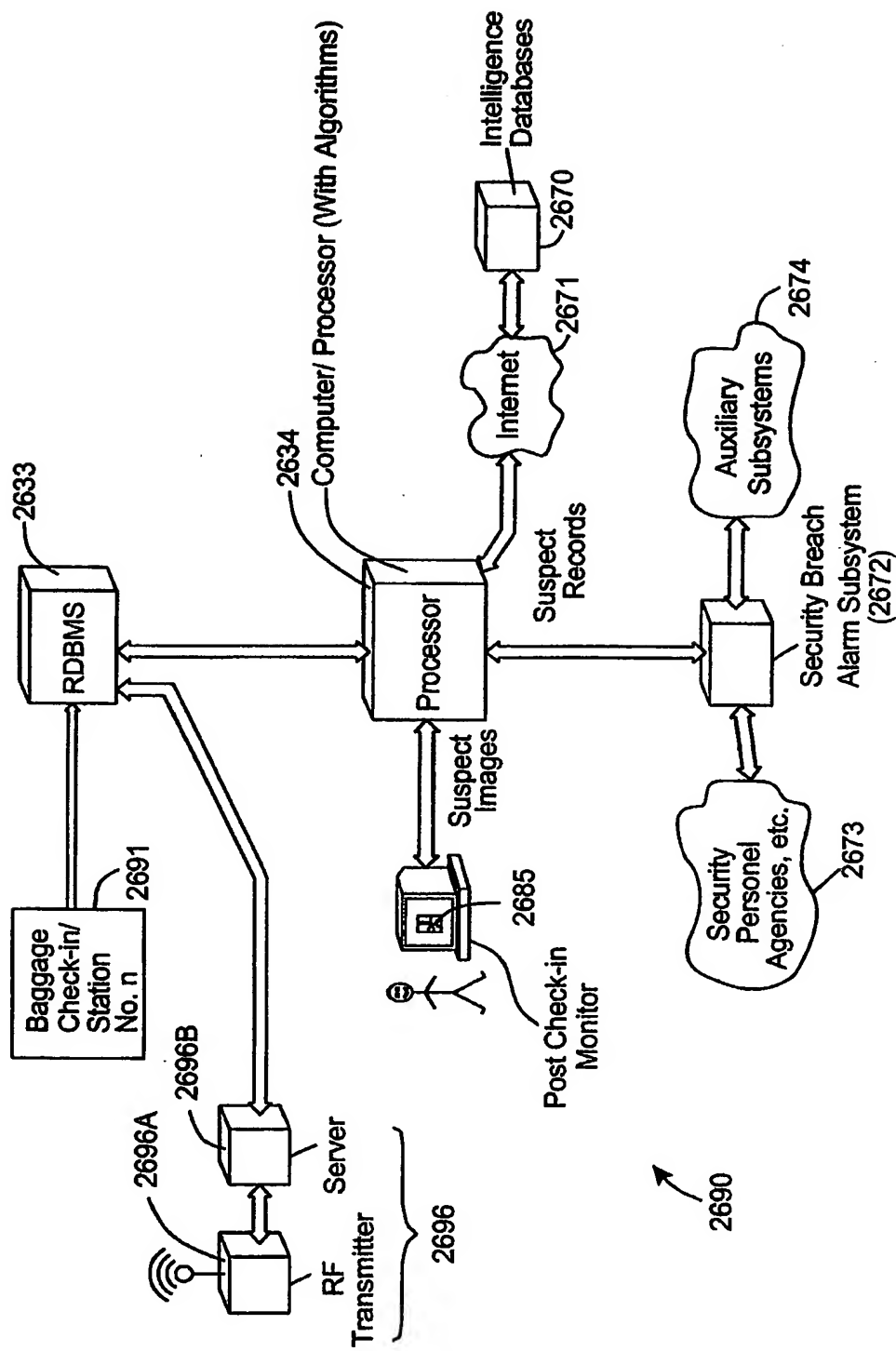


FIG. 69A2

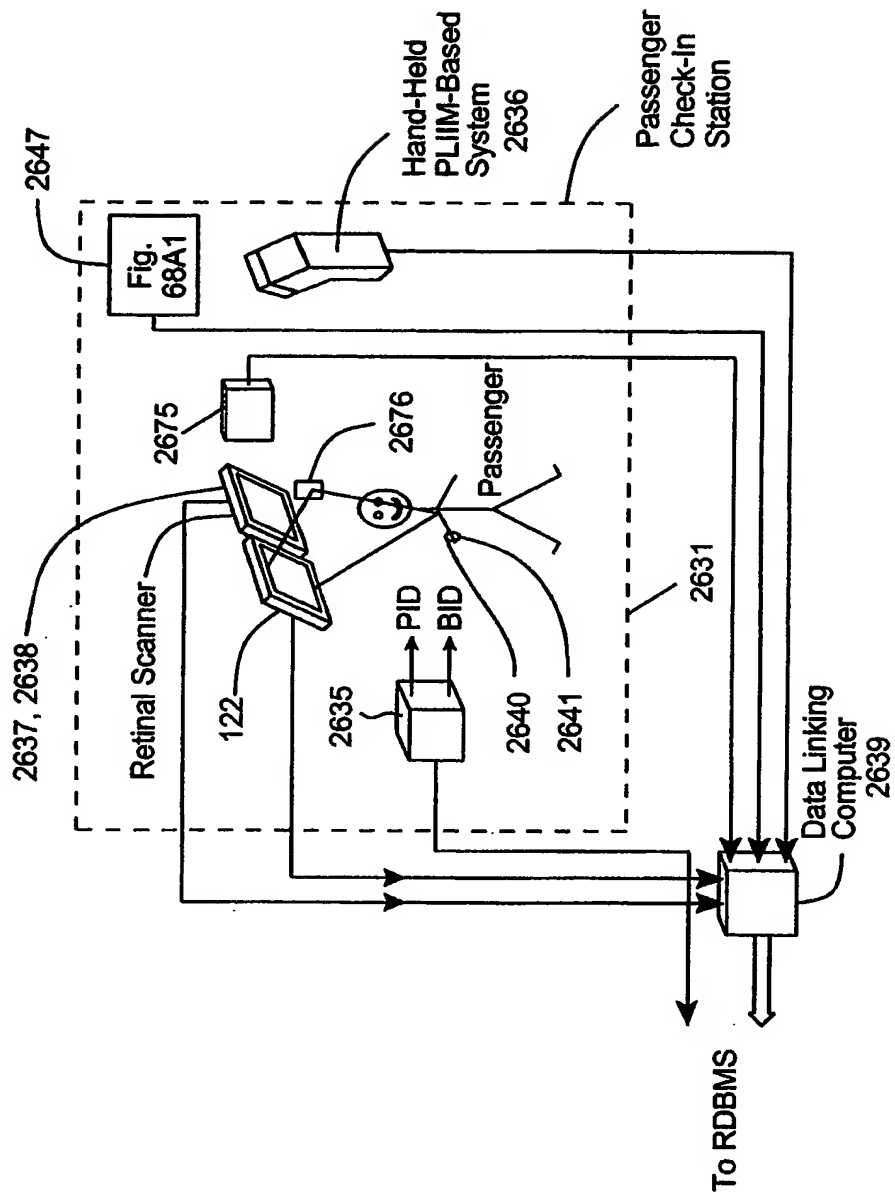


FIG. 69A3

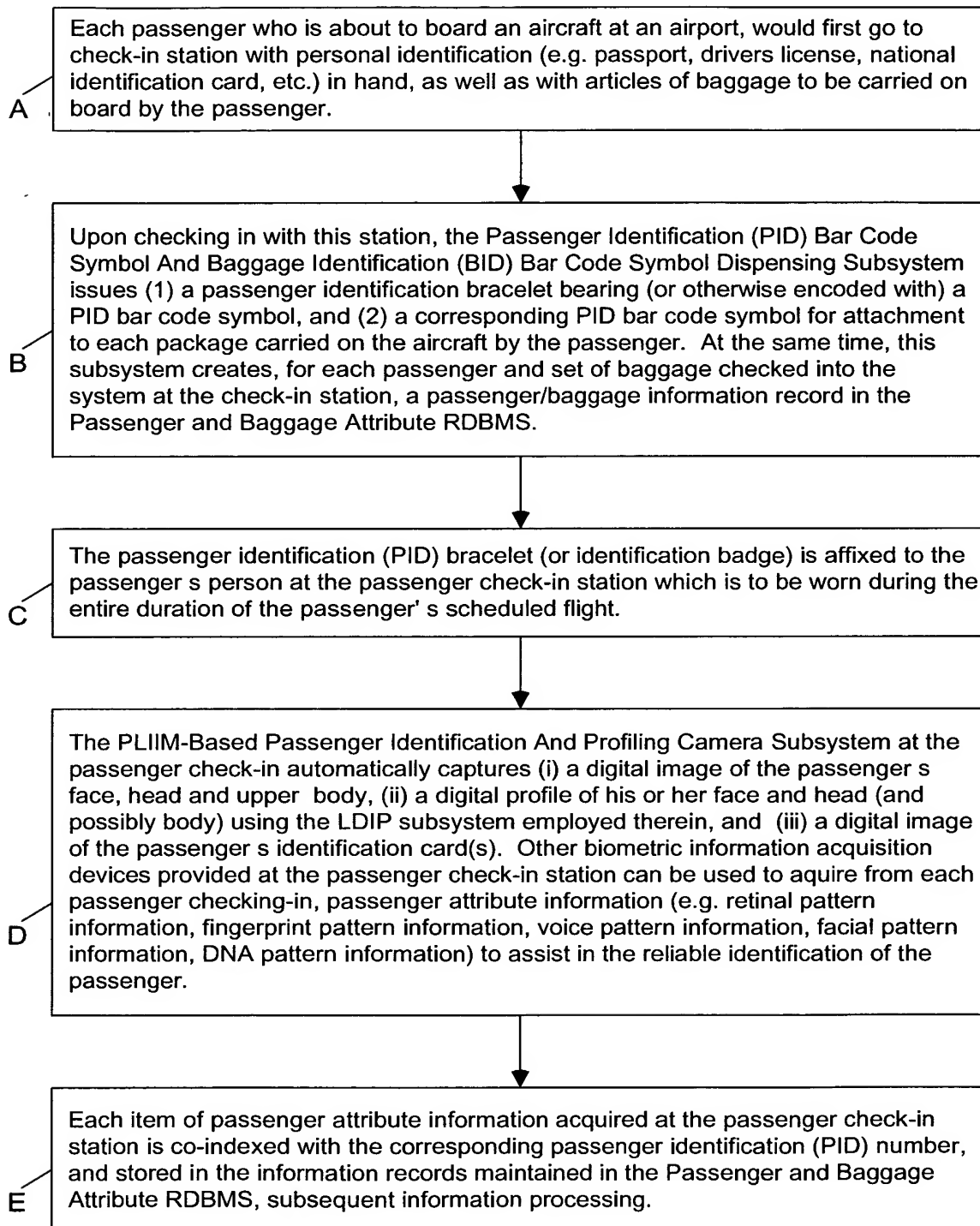


FIG. 69B1

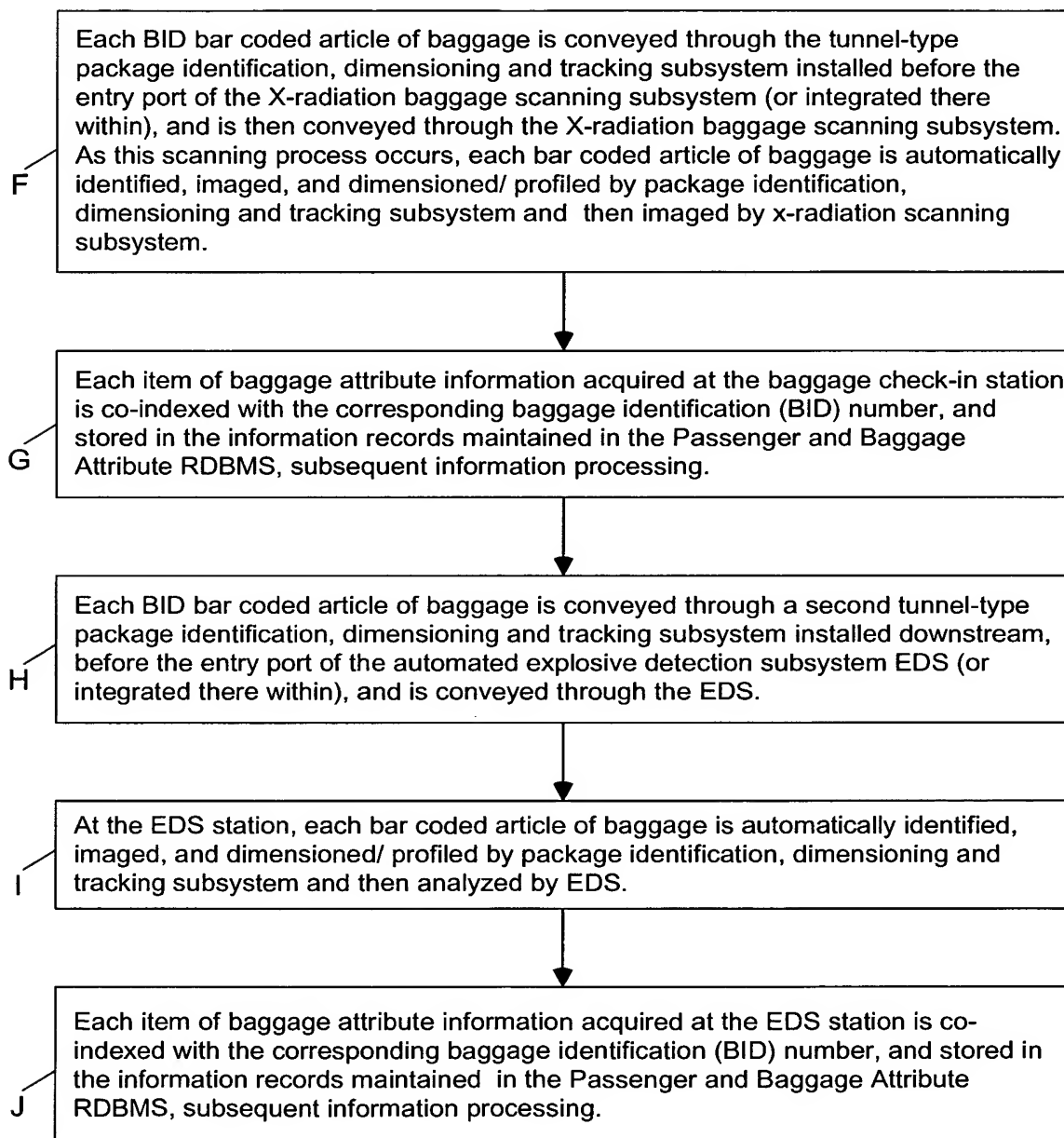


FIG. 69B2

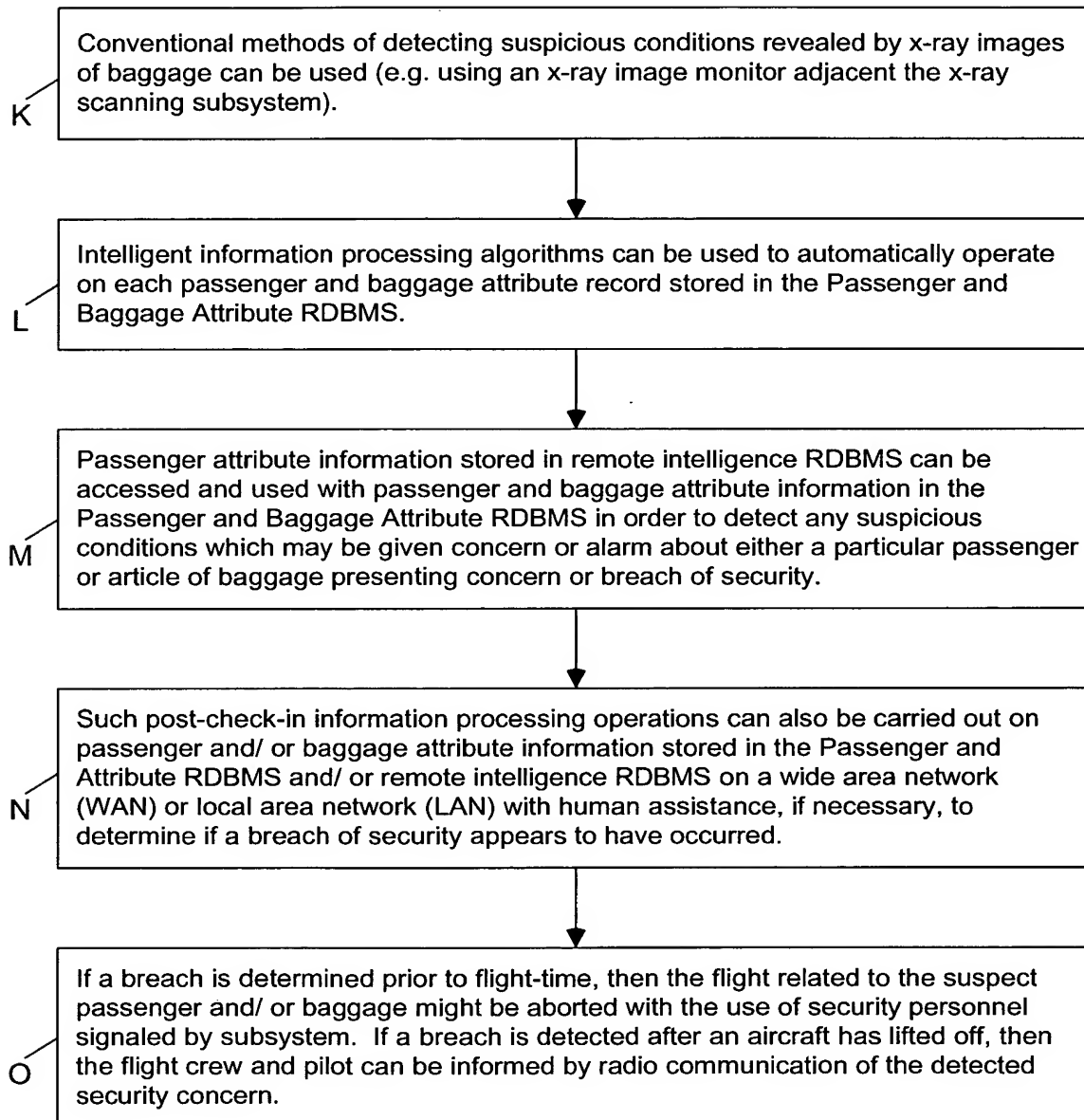


FIG. 69B3

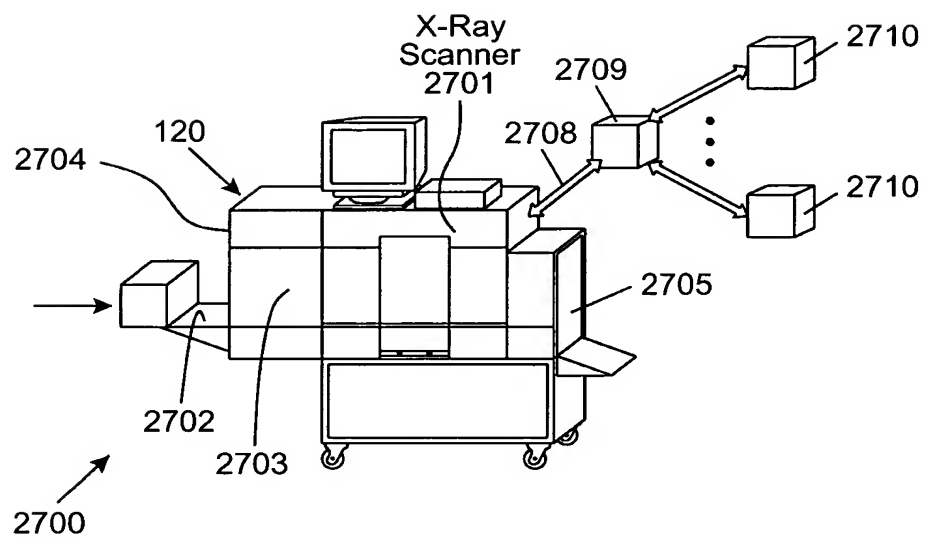


FIG. 70A

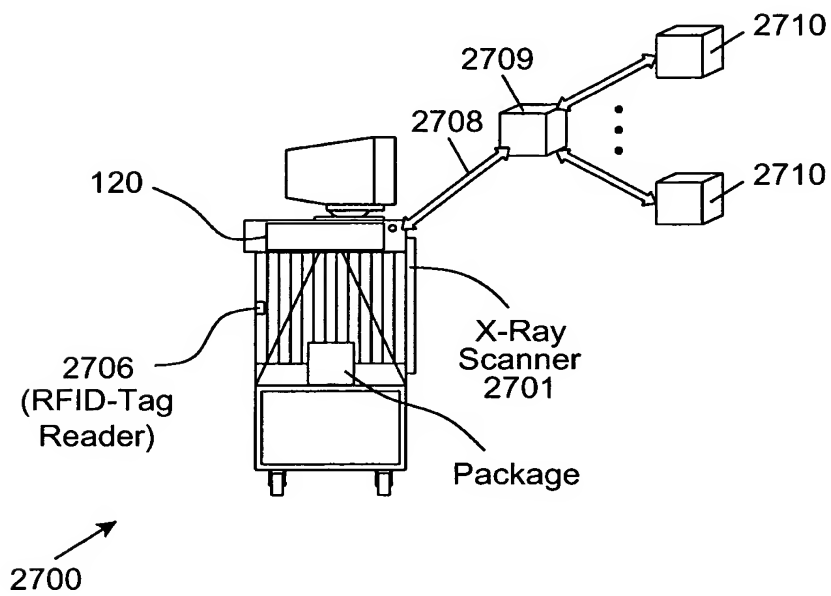


FIG. 70B

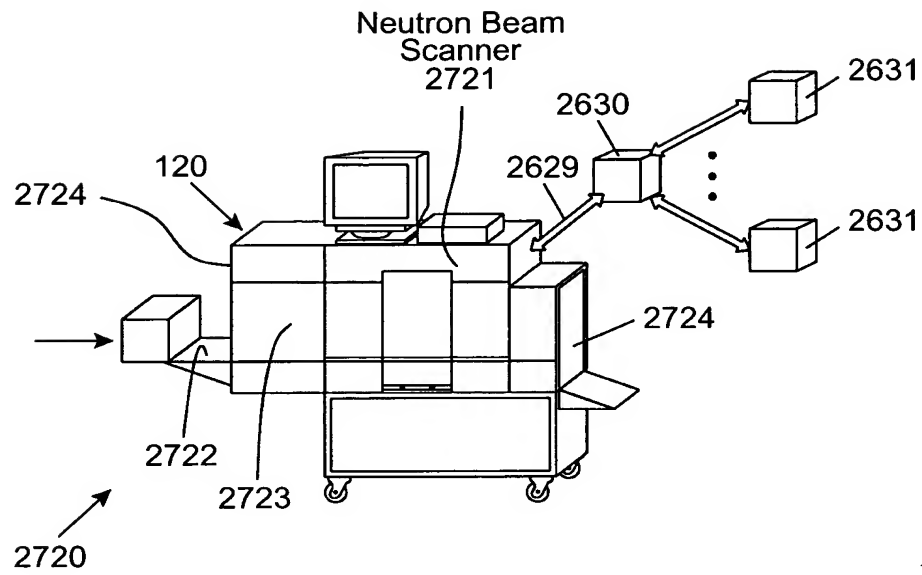


FIG. 71A

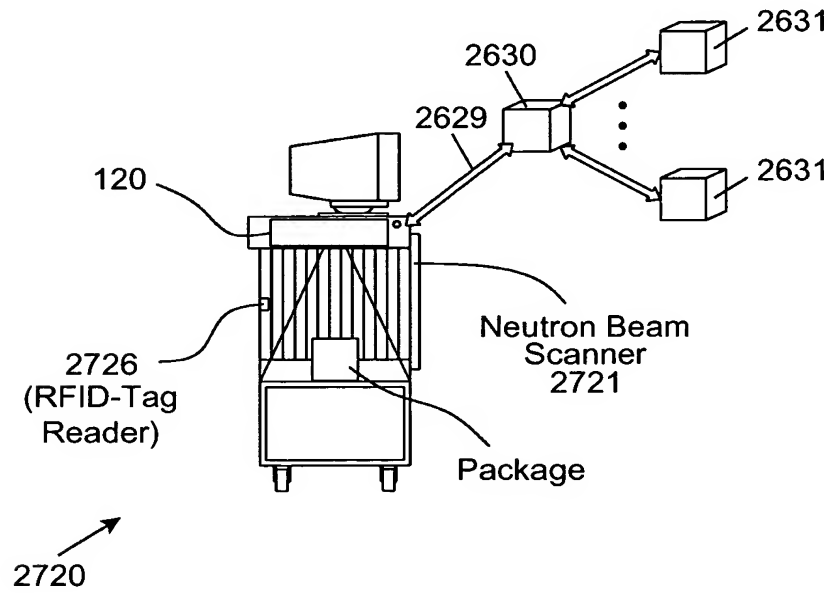


FIG. 71B

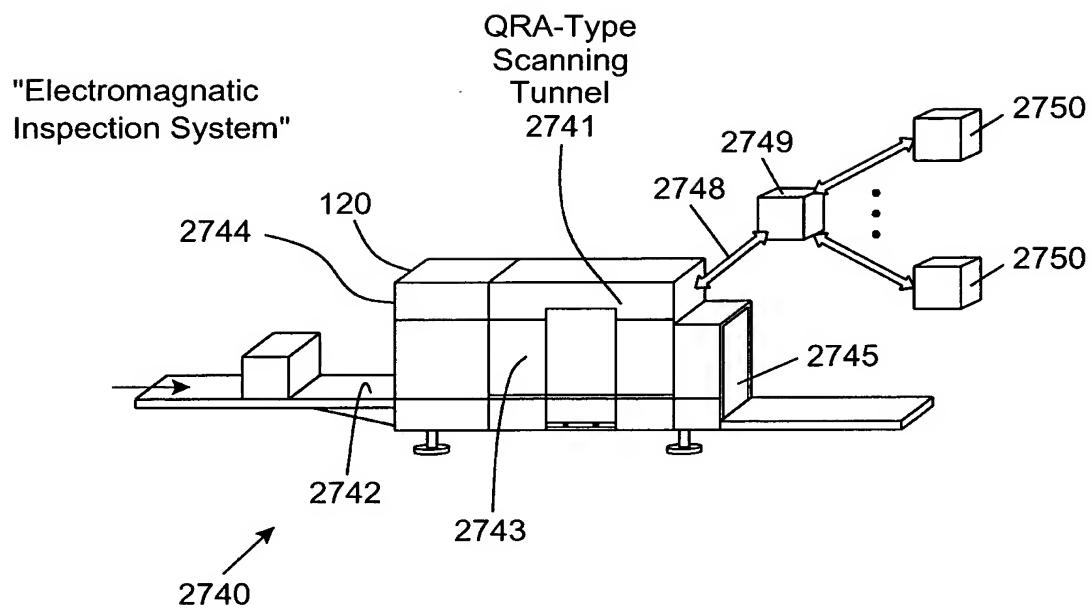


FIG. 72A

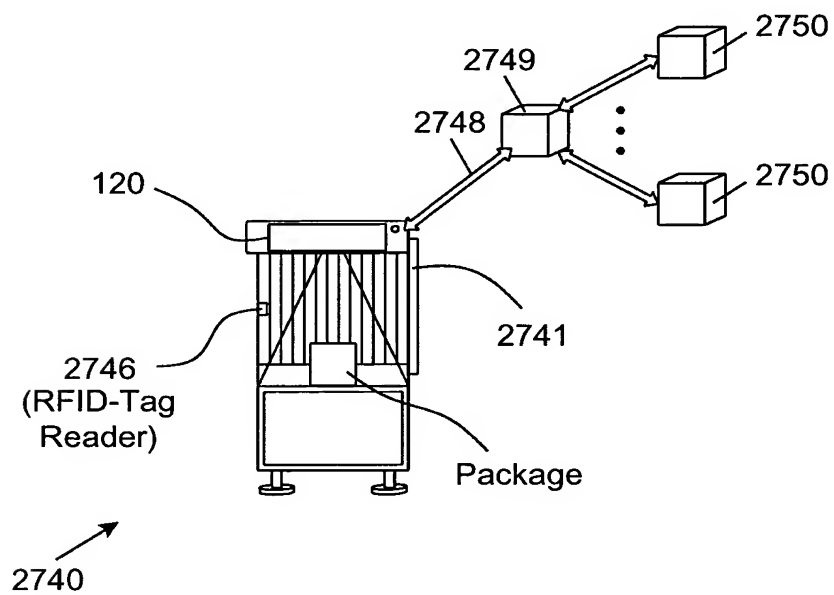


FIG. 72B

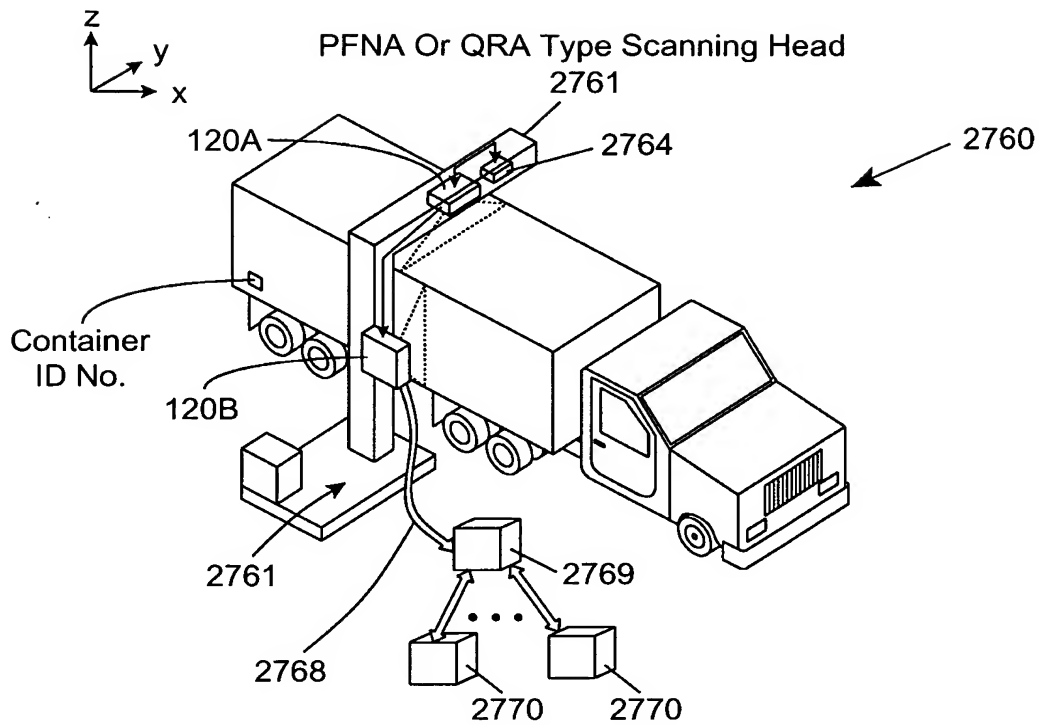


FIG. 73

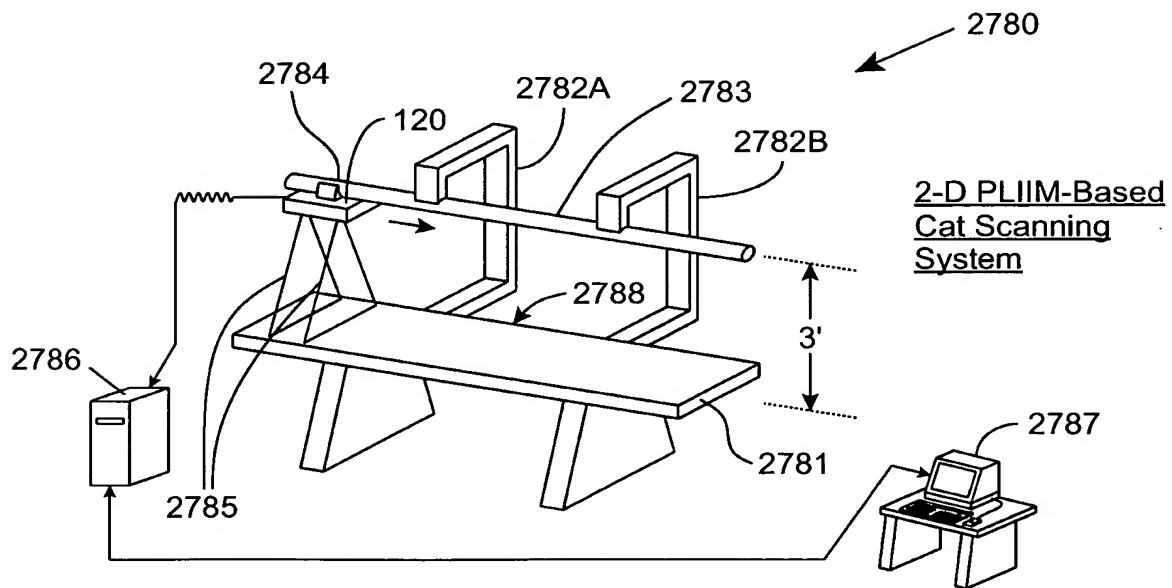


FIG. 74

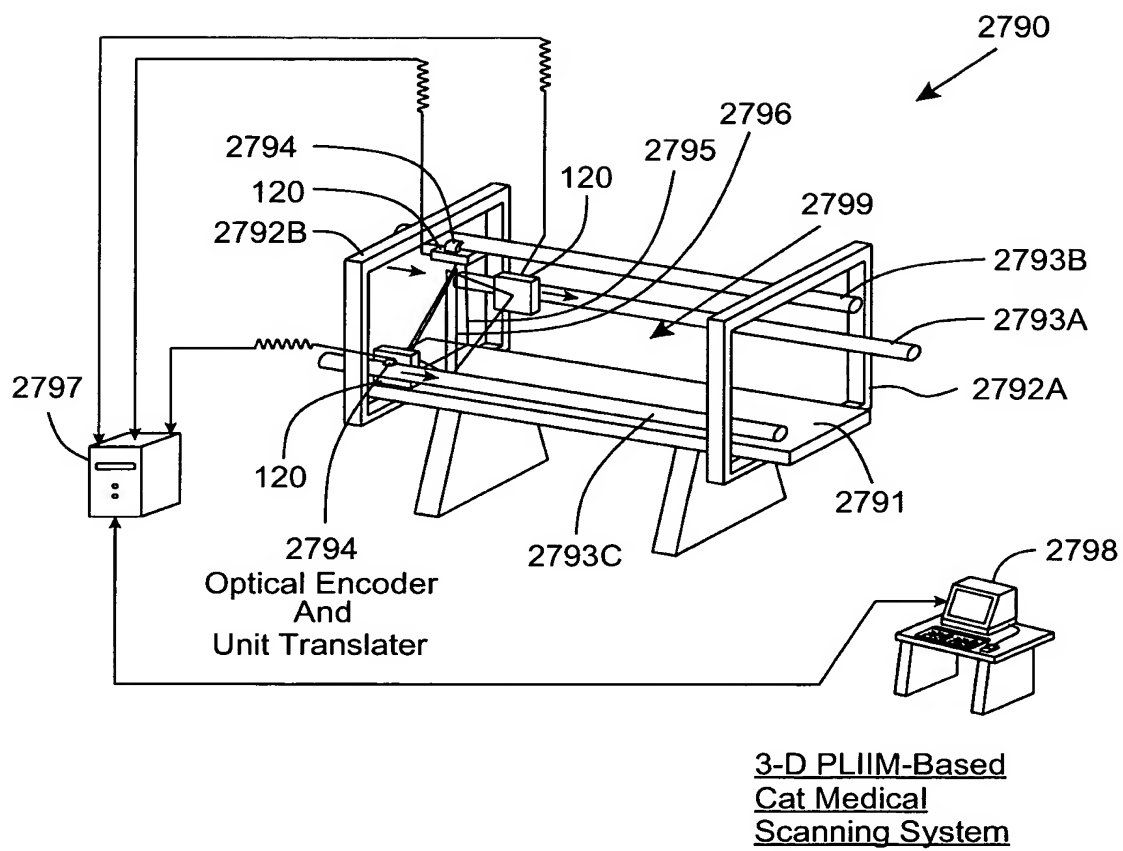


FIG. 75

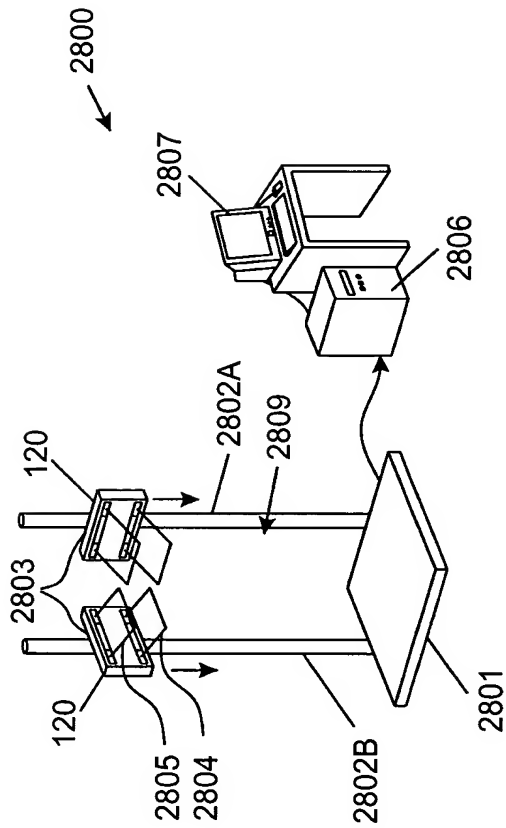


FIG. 76

"3-D Hand-Supportable
Mobile Digitizer"
2810

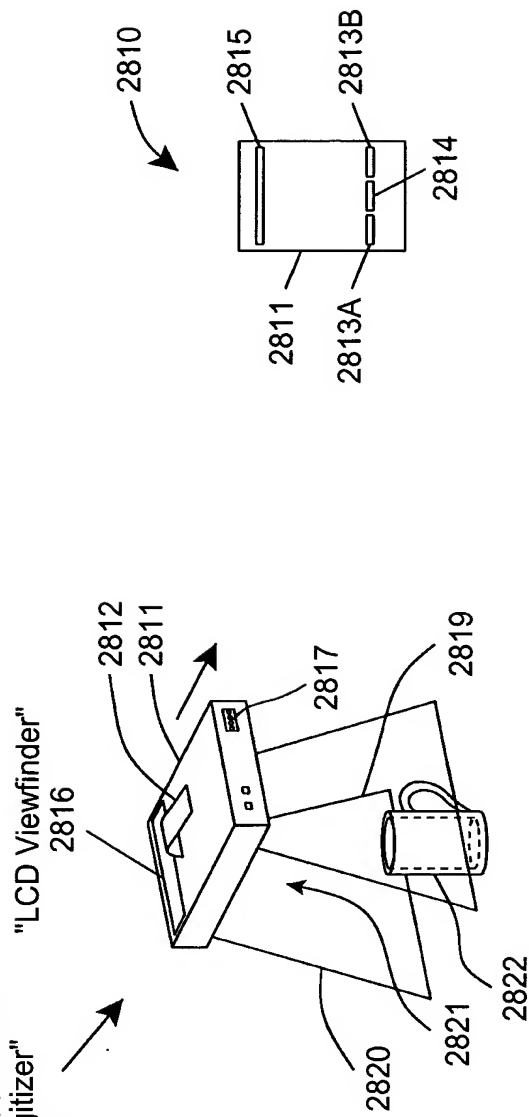


FIG. 77A

FIG. 77B

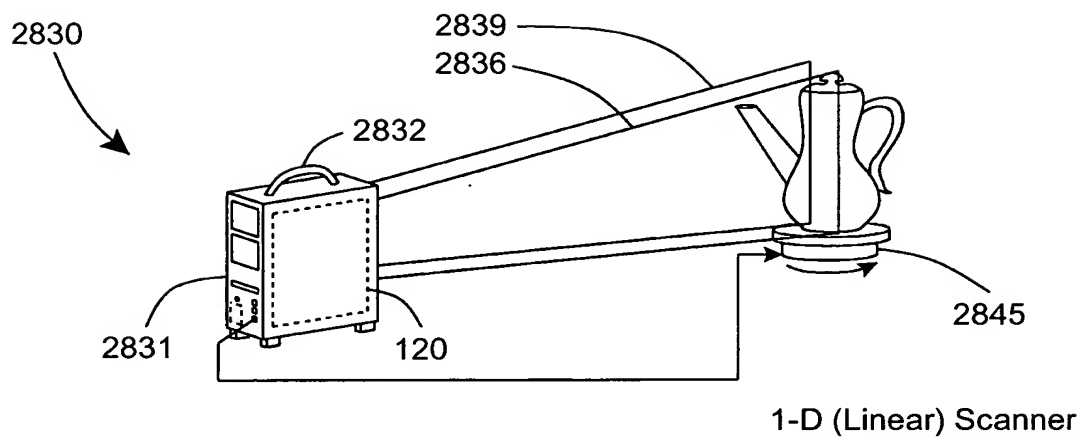


FIG. 78A

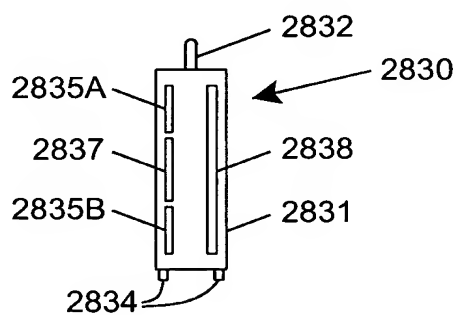


FIG. 78B

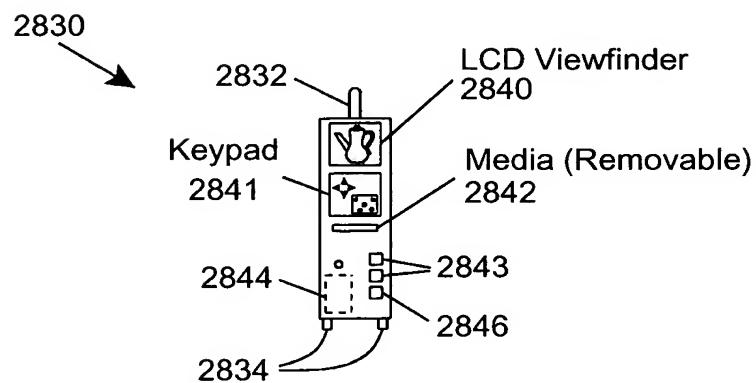


FIG. 78C

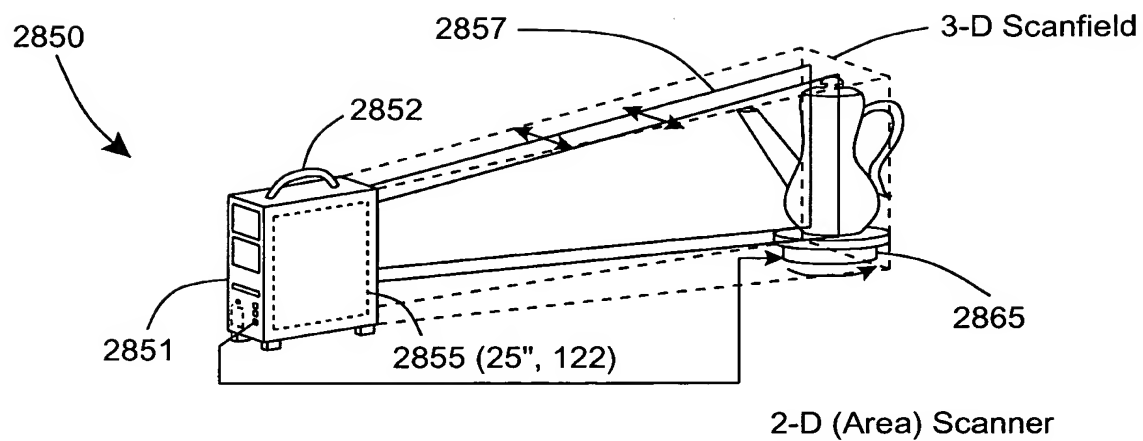


FIG. 79A

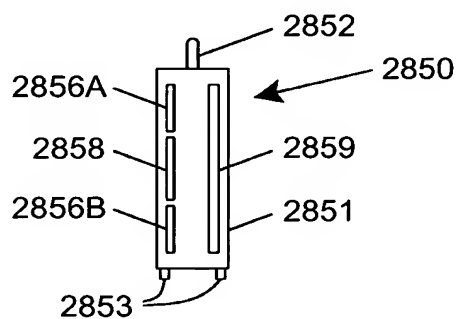


FIG. 79B

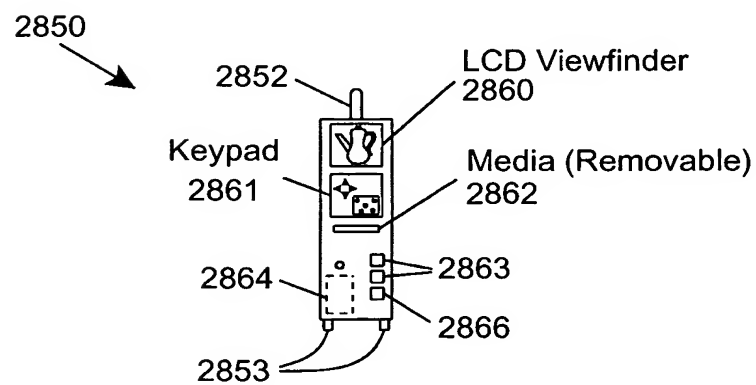


FIG. 79C

Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI)

System Of Present Invention

* Employing Overhead Profiling
And Imaging During
License Plate Image Capture

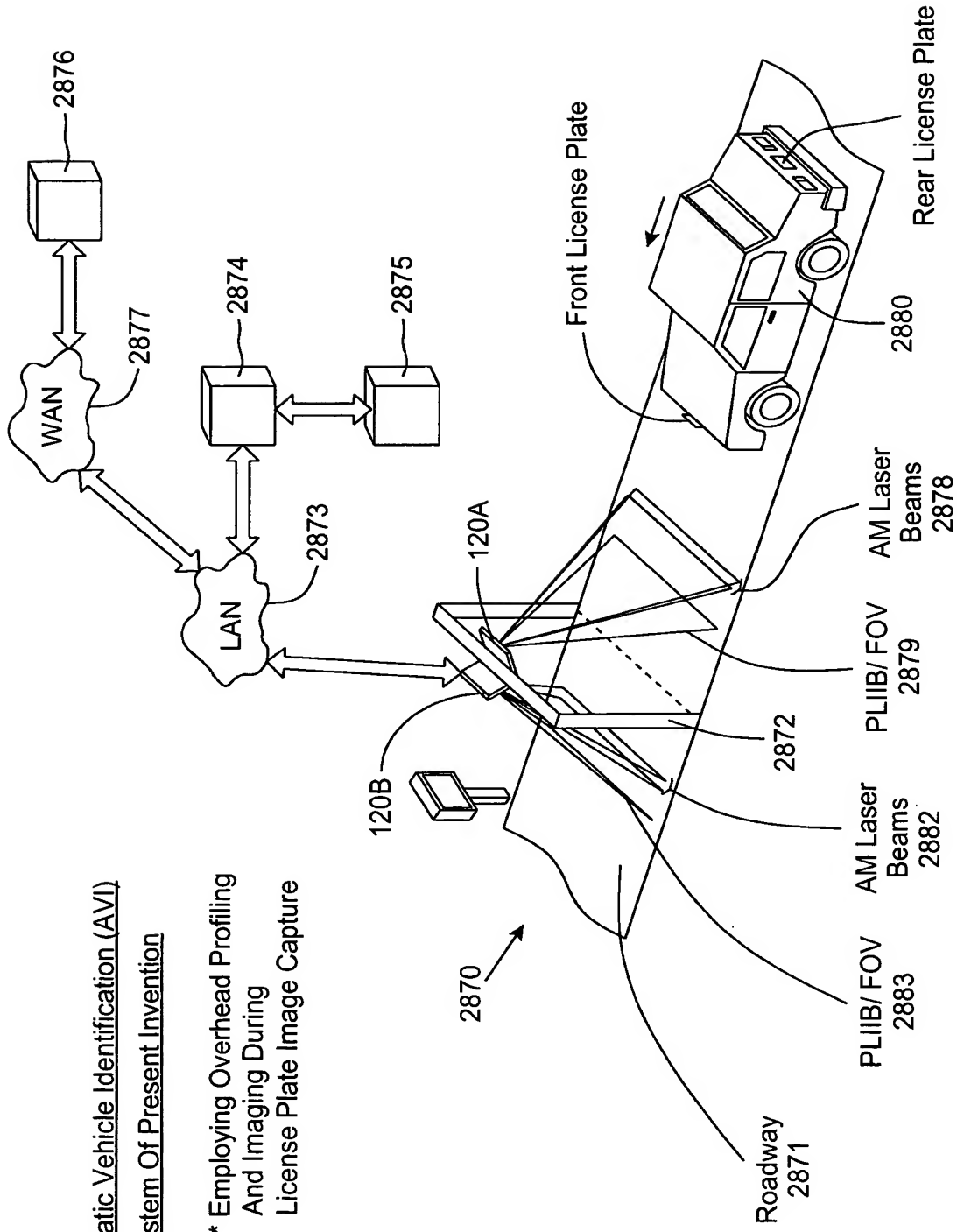


FIG. 80

Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI)

System Of Present Invention

* Employing Overhead Profiling
And Imaging Techniques During
License Plate Image Capture

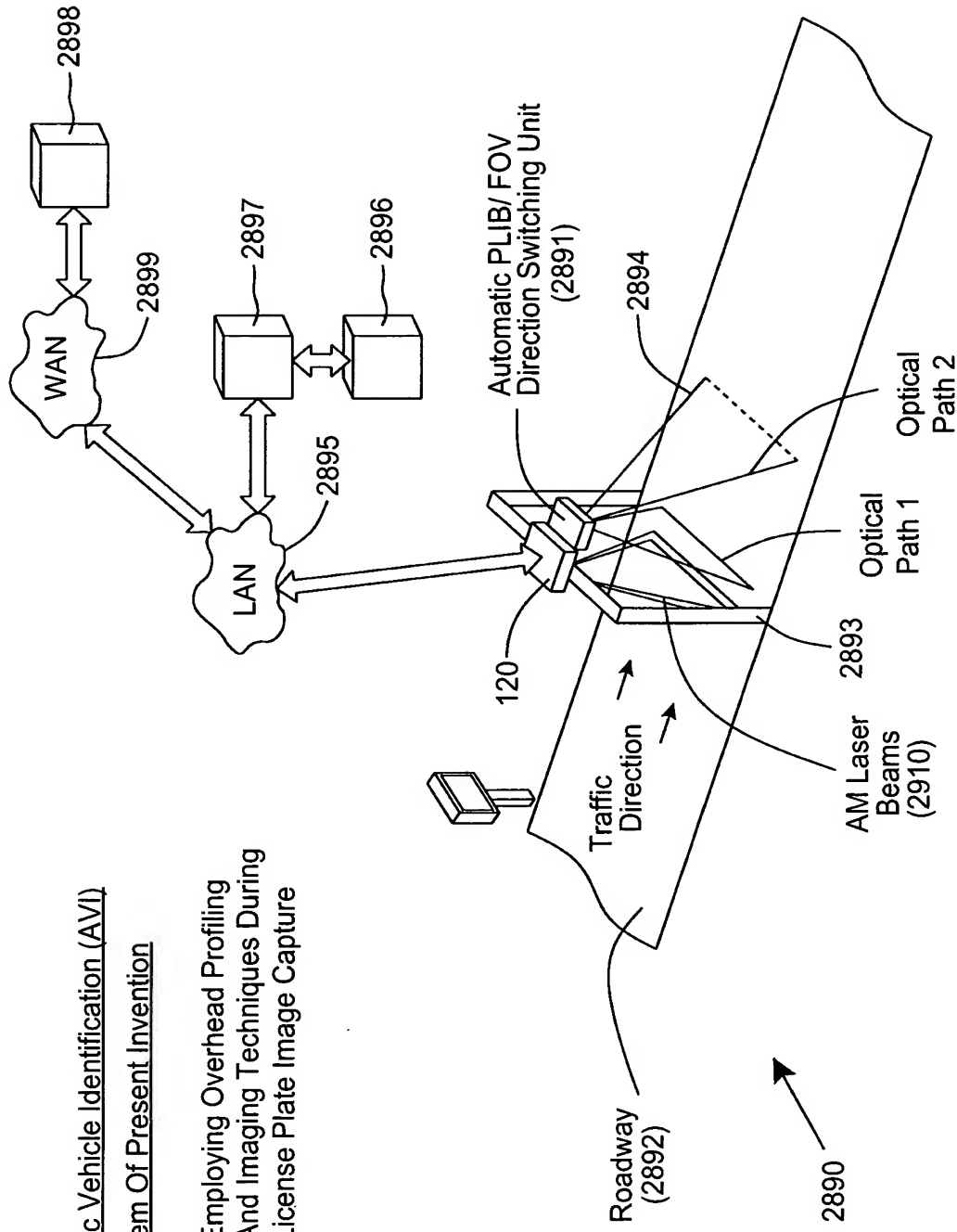


FIG. 81A

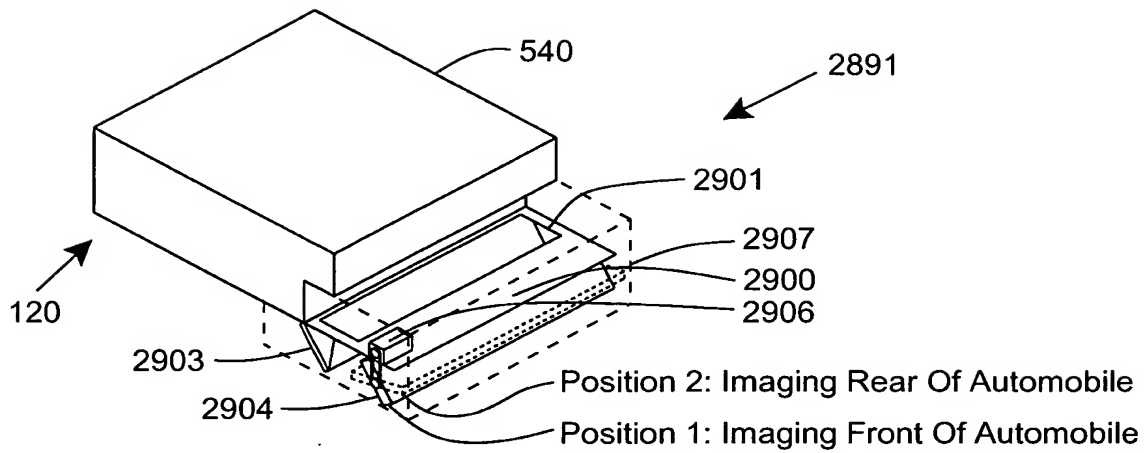


FIG. 81B

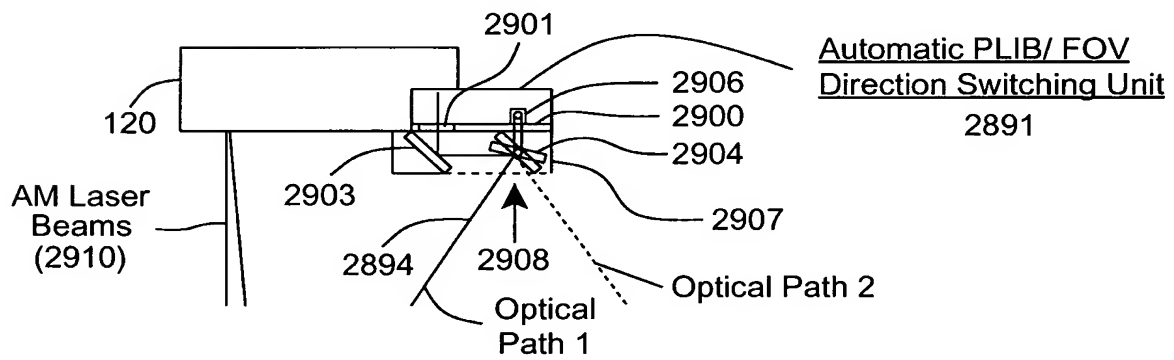


FIG. 81C

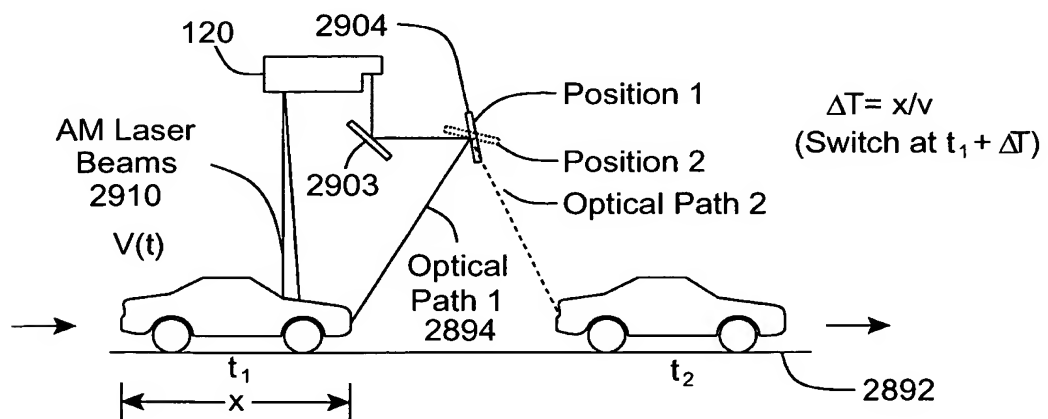
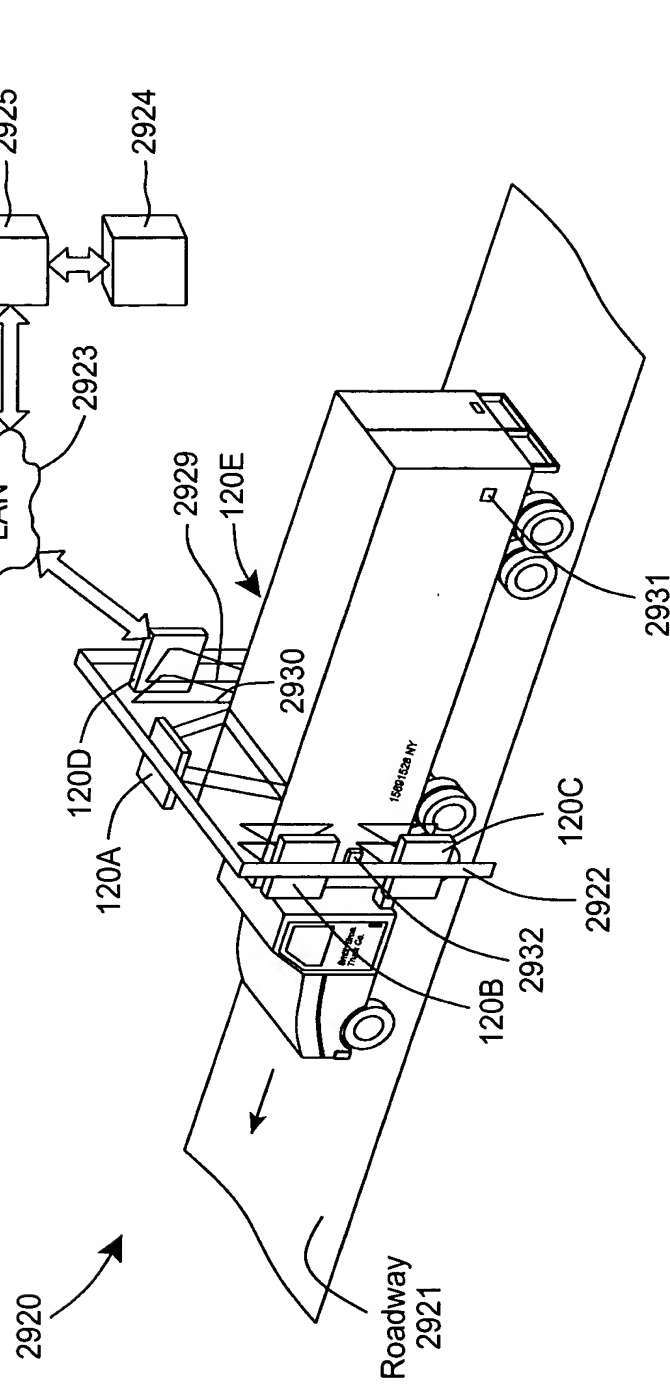


FIG. 81D

Automatic Vehicle Classification (AVC)
System Of Present Invention



* Employing Overhead And Lateral
 Profiling And Imaging Techniques

FIG. 82

Automatic Vehicle Identification
And Classification (AVIC) System
Of The Present Invention

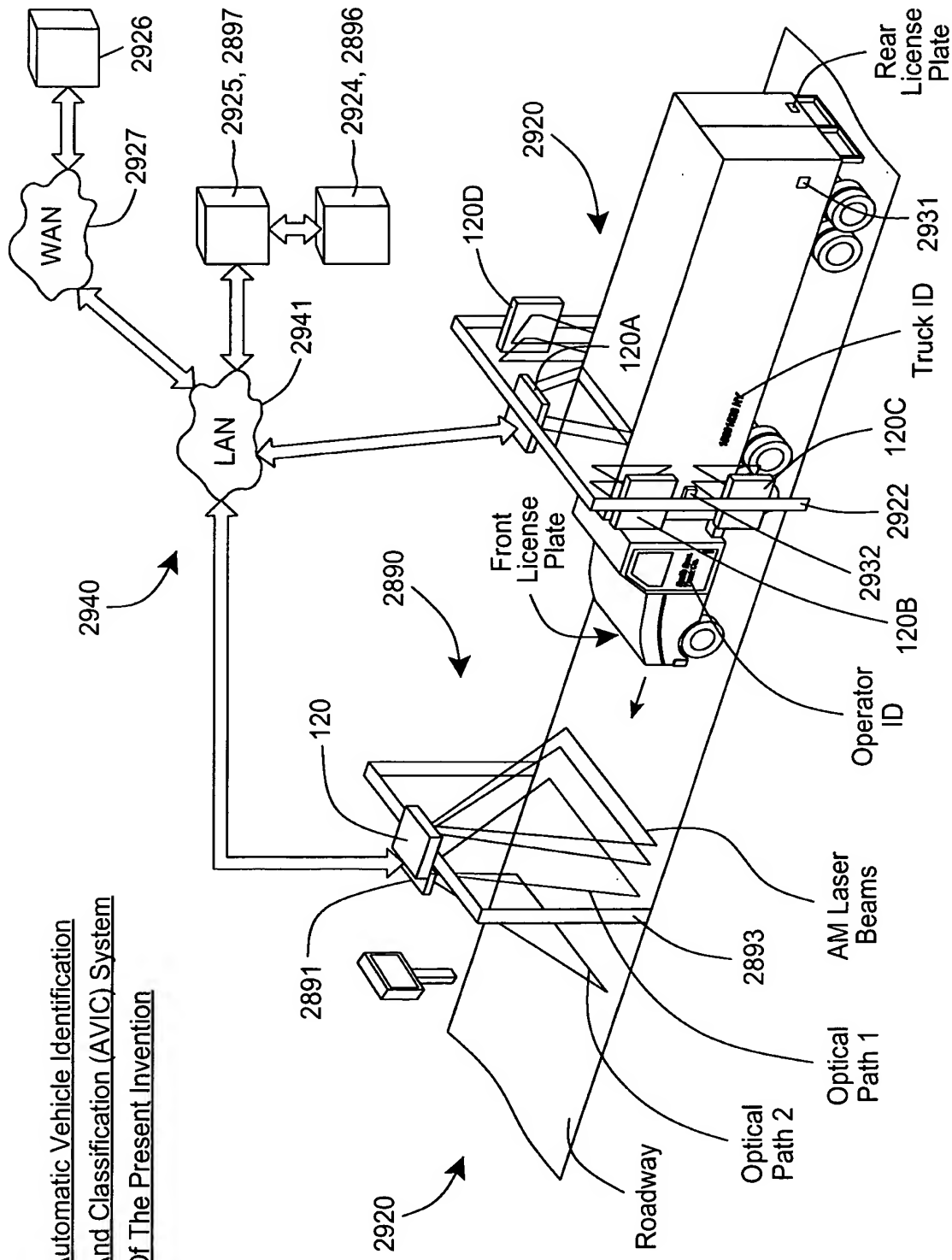


FIG. 83

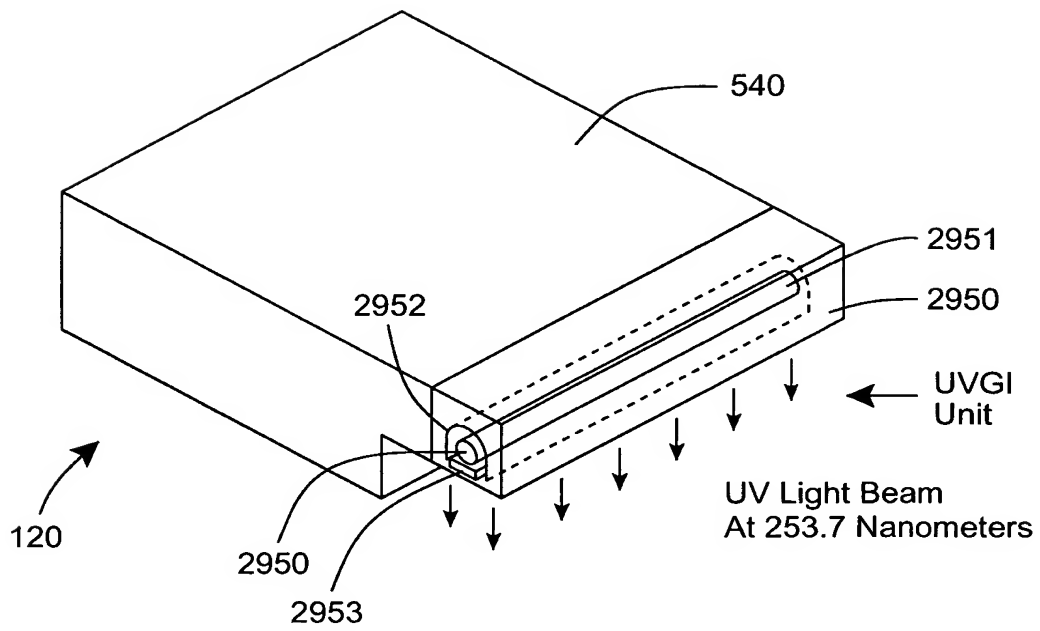


FIG. 84A

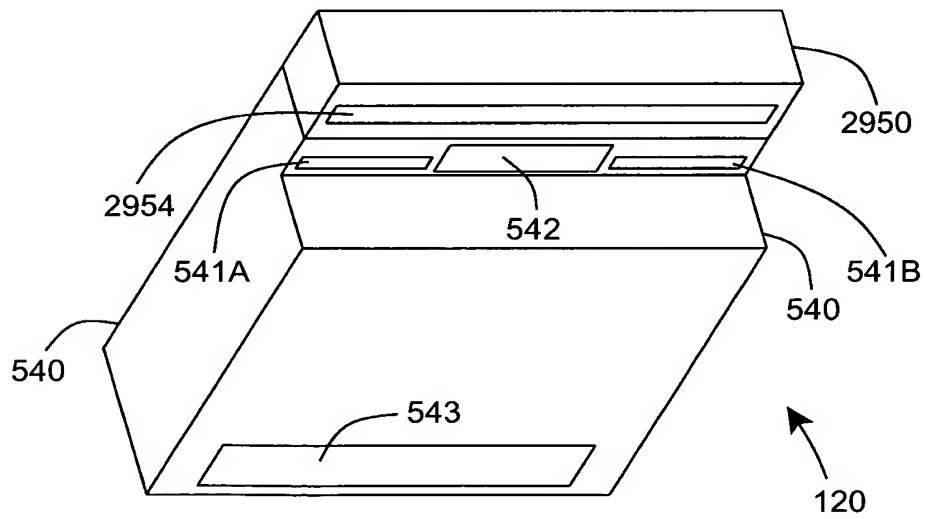


FIG. 84B